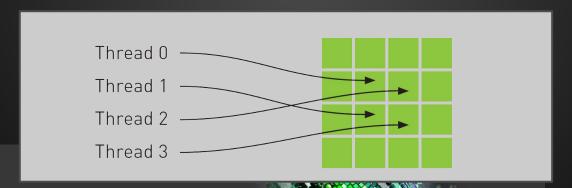


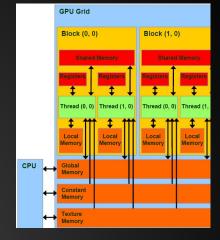
CUDA Texture Memory

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Texture Memory

- texture
- Read-only
- memoria utilizada en OpenGL/DirectX rendering Pipeline
- Reduce el uso de la banda ancha de memoria
- Cached on-chip per SM
- Memory access pattern





Texture Memory

- Utilizando Texture memory 1D
 - Definimos 3 texturas : variables globales
 - texture<type>
 - texConstSrc -> lena

```
texture<float> texConstSrc;
```

- Utilizando Texture memory
 - cudaBindTexture
 - Definir un buffer
 - Ej : d_pic
 - Definir un nombre
 - Ej:texConstSrc

```
cudaMalloc( (void**)&d_pic,imageSize );
cudaBindTexture( NULL, texConstSrc,d_pic,imageSize );
```

- Utilizando Texture memory
- Leer en la textura
 - text1Dfetch(texture, offset)

```
unisigned char c = tex1Dfetch(texConstSrc,offset);
```

Cleanup

```
cudaUnbindTexture ( texConstSrc );
cudaFree ( d_pic );
```

Utilizando Texture memory 2D

```
texture<float,2> texConstSrc;
texture<float,2> texIn;
texture<float,2> texOut;
```

- Utilizando Texture memory 2D
 - Acceso simplificado text2D(texture,idx,idy)

texture 2D	texture 1D
<pre>c = tex2D(texIn,x,y);</pre>	<pre>c = tex1Dfetch(texIn,offset);</pre>

- Utilizando Texture memory 2D
 - cudaBindTexture2D
 - cudaCreateChannelDesc
 - Channel format Descriptor -> float

Texture Memory

- Texture 1D / Texture 2D
 - Escoger entre 1D y 2D depende del caso estudiado
 - Mismo rendimiento
 - Access pattern