Supplement for: Carbon cycling in mature and regrowth forests globally: a macroecological synthesis based on the global Forest Carbon (ForC) database

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55 Appendix S1. Duplicates and Conflicting Records within ForC

36 Status of duplicates and conflicting records within ForC

- For Cv3.0 contains potential duplicates that have arisen from importing intermediary data sets with overlap
- 38 in data. In particular, the recent imports of SRDB and GROA resulted in the introduction of numerous
- potential duplicates. SRDB and ForC were developed independently (but with different foci), resulting in
- ⁴⁰ numerous duplicates. The GROA database incorporated ForC data. For records retaining the same site
- names, GROA duplicates were not imported into ForC (although they were checked against corresponding
- ⁴² For Crecords, and differences reconciled). There were, however, some records entered into GROA
- independently of ForC, resulting in mismatched names.
- 44 Prior to the merging of the three databases (ForC v2.0, SRDB, and GROA), there were potential duplicates
- 45 within the ForC and SRDB portions, the latter an artifact of how data were recorded in SRDB and imported
- 46 into ForC. GROA has no known duplicates, with several steps having been taken to ensure independence of
- the records within the database.

48 Detecting and reconciling duplicate sites

- 49 To the extent possible, we used automated scripts in R to detect duplicate records. Potential duplicates were
- $_{50}$ defined as geographically proximate records for stands of **similar age** with the same variable measured in
- the same year (if known). In cases where site name, plot name, and stand age matched, duplicate status
- could be automatically detected and reconciled (see below). In cases where site and plot names or reported
- age differed, our script detected potential duplicate sites that were **geographically proximate**. When all
- 54 such potential duplicate sites were within GROA, they were assumed independent.
- 55 Suspected duplicates require manual review and merging of records, and this process has not been completed
- 56 for all records. To handle potential duplicates at sites that have yet to be reviewed, we implemented the
- 57 following procedure. In cases where a single location generally an established research site where multiple
- 58 investigators have worked contained multiple plots in nested or unknown relation to one another, we
- 59 grouped multiple sites into a "supersite" (e.g., Harvard Forest, Barro Colorado Island, Pasoh Forest Reserve),
- 60 and duplicates within a supersite were handled in the same way as records with matching site and plot
- on names. (VALENTINE, IS THIS ACCURATE?) For suspected duplicate groups that were not flagged
- 62 as supersites and had not yet been reviewed, we retained only one potential duplicate record, assigning
- ₆₃ precedence as follows: (1) original GROA record(s), (2) record(s) in ForC prior to SRDB and GROA import,
- 64 (3) SRDB record(s).
- Finally, https://github.com/forc-db/ERL-review/issues/34

66 Generating ForC simplified

- Detected duplicates were reconciled as follows. Replicate measurements (i.e., replicates from within a single
- study) were averaged. Records that subsumed others—i.e., the time period included that of ≥ 2 other
- records or dates were unknown and therefore conflicted with ≥ 2 other records—were removed. For each
- ₇₀ group of duplicate records—i.e., measurements of the same variable in the same plot at the same time—one
- record was assigned precedence (recorded in D.precedence field). When duplicates were exact matches, one
- was dropped. When measurement periods overlapped or were not specified, precedence was given first to

- records representing longer measurement periods (i.e., end.date start.date) and then to more recently
- published values. We manually reviewed duplicates that differed only in methodology, assigning precedence
- $_{75}$ to the record employing a more comprehensive approach (e.g., inclusion of understory, lianas, or bamboo as
- opposed to just trees) or using a favored methodology.

Table S1. Numbers of records by biome and age class

	n rec	ords
Biome	Mature	Young
Boreal climate zones		
Boreal broadleaf	3	408
Boreal conifer	614	1352
Boreal Other	53	302
Excluded climate zones		
Other broadleaf	8	128
Other conifer	30	68
Other Other	6	41
Temperate climate zones	,	
Temperate broadleaf	877	3327
Temperate conifer	784	3134
Temperate Other	211	2697
Tropical climate zones		
Tropical broadleaf	$\boldsymbol{1292}$	3467
Tropical conifer	3	13
Tropical Other	8	0

Sample sizes refer to data set after merging of duplicates, removal of stands with no age or history data, and

removal of managed and disturbed stands. For vegetation type, "Other" refers to stands that are mixed

broadleaf/ conifer or that have not been classified. Focal biomes are indicated in bold.

$_{\mbox{\tiny 81}}$ Table S2. Model parameter estimates for age trends and biome differences in $_{\mbox{\tiny 82}}$ young forests

Variable	Parameter	Estimate	SE	t_{value}
NEP	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	1.47	0.75	1.97
NEP	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-0.14	1.23	-0.11
NEP	BiomeTemperate conifer	-1.9	0.72	-2.66
NEP	BiomeBoreal conifer	0.78	1	0.78
NEP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	2.2	0.85	2.59
NEP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : BiomeBoreal\ conifer$	-1.41	0.93	-1.52
GPP	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	5.08	2.31	2.2
GPP	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	7.04	3.52	2
GPP	BiomeTemperate conifer	9.57	2.24	4.27
GPP	BiomeBoreal conifer	3.33	3.25	1.02
GPP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	0.04	2.57	0.02
GPP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeBoreal\ conifer}$	-1.93	2.86	-0.67
NPP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$	1.24	0.75	1.66
NPP	BiomeTropical broadleaf	9.66	1.77	5.47
NPP	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	4.89	1.37	3.58
NPP	BiomeTemperate conifer	4.1	1.26	3.26
NPP	BiomeBoreal conifer	1.58	1.54	1.03
ANPP	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	5.46	0.94	5.81
ANPP	BiomeTropical broadleaf	-1.25	1.53	-0.81
ANPP	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	0.98	1.14	0.86
ANPP	BiomeTemperate conifer	1.42	1	1.43
ANPP	BiomeBoreal conifer	0.48	1.41	0.34
ANPP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-3.19	1.15	-2.77
ANPP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	-4.23	1.13	-3.75
ANPP	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeBoreal\ conifer}$	-4.32	1.24	-3.48
$ANPP_{woody}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	2.96	3.89	0.76
$ANPP_{woody}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-2.34	6.94	-0.34
$ANPP_{woody}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-0.05	0.89	-0.06
$ANPP_{woody}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	0.71	1.9	0.37
$ANPP_{woody}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	-1.03	3.9	-0.26
$ANPP_{woody}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : Biome Boreal\ conifer$	-2.36	4.04	-0.59
$ANPP_{stem}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	-0.03	0.8	-0.03
$ANPP_{stem}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	2.38	1.24	1.92
$ANPP_{stem}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	2.86	0.66	4.33
$ANPP_{stem}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-0.83	0.75	-1.1
$ANPP_{stem}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	-0.37	1.64	-0.23

(continued)

Variable	Parameter	Estimate	SE	t_{value}
$ANPP_{stem}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-0.03	0.9	-0.04
$ANPP_{stem}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	2.28	0.93	2.45
$ANPP_{stem}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeBoreal\ conifer}$	0.78	1.28	0.61
$ANPP_{branch}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$	0.22	0.13	1.62
$ANPP_{branch}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	0.31	0.29	1.07
$ANPP_{branch}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-0.02	0.23	-0.08
$ANPP_{foliage}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	1.33	0.16	8.4
$ANPP_{foliage}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	0.67	0.54	1.23
$ANPP_{foliage}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-0.14	0.32	-0.43
$ANPP_{foliage}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-0.48	0.3	-1.61
$ANPP_{foliage}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	-1.52	0.38	-3.98
$ANPP_{litterfall}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	1.42	0.86	1.64
$ANPP_{litterfall}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	1.85	1.34	1.37
$ANPP_{litterfall}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-0.51	1.6	-0.32
$ANPP_{repro}$	-	-	-	-
$ANPP_{folivory}$	-	-	-	-
M_{woody}	-	-	-	-
BNPP	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	1.13	0.33	3.41
BNPP	BiomeTropical broadleaf	2.61	0.76	3.43
BNPP	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	0.27	0.59	0.45
BNPP	BiomeTemperate conifer	0.14	0.56	0.25
BNPP	BiomeBoreal conifer	-0.44	0.71	-0.63
$BNPP_{coarse}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	0.09	0.09	1
$BNPP_{coarse}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	0.31	0.16	1.99
$BNPP_{coarse}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	0.59	0.15	3.92
$BNPP_{coarse}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	0.09	0.18	0.5
$BNPP_{fine}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	0.64	0.26	2.45
$BNPP_{fine}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	4.47	0.61	7.33
$BNPP_{fine}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	0.19	0.41	0.45
$BNPP_{fine}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	0.44	0.39	1.13
$BNPP_{fine}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	0.51	0.53	0.97
R_{eco}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	2.93	1.4	2.09
R_{eco}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	7.55	2.28	3.31
R_{eco}	BiomeTemperate conifer	9.67	1.84	5.25
R_{eco}	BiomeBoreal conifer	4.2	2.52	1.67
R_{eco}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$: BiomeTemperate conifer	-1.77	1.75	-1.01
R_{eco}	log10(stand.age):BiomeBoreal conifer	-1.2	1.91	-0.63
R_{auto}	-	_	_	_

(continued)

Variable	Parameter	Estimate	SE	t_{value}
$R_{auto-ag}$	-	-	-	-
R_{root}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	1.52	0.47	3.25
R_{root}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	6.03	0.85	7.1
R_{root}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	1.22	0.8	1.53
R_{root}	BiomeTemperate conifer	1.37	0.74	1.84
R_{root}	BiomeBoreal conifer	-0.94	0.97	-0.97
R_{soil}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	0.13	0.33	0.39
R_{soil}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	12.85	0.93	13.75
R_{soil}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	9.05	0.64	14.21
R_{soil}	BiomeTemperate conifer	8.02	0.59	13.59
R_{soil}	BiomeBoreal conifer	4.63	0.97	4.77
$R_{het-soil}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	0	1.08	0
$R_{het-soil}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	5.78	1.3	4.46
$R_{het-soil}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	2.95	1.3	2.26
$R_{het-soil}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	3.61	0.91	3.96
$R_{het-soil}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	1.1	1.53	0.72
$R_{het-soil}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : Biome Temperate\ broadleaf$	1.16	1.38	0.84
$R_{het-soil}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : Biome Temperate\ conifer$	0.58	1.25	0.47
$R_{het-soil}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$:BiomeBoreal conifer	1.23	1.4	0.88
B_{tot}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	48.29	7.6	6.35
B_{tot}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	-2.61	19.13	-0.14
B_{tot}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-8.9	29.5	-0.3
B_{tot}	BiomeTemperate conifer	25.03	21.87	1.14
B_{tot}	BiomeBoreal conifer	-201.94	46.45	-4.35
B_{tot}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : Biome Temperate\ broadleaf$	20.13	17.79	1.13
B_{tot}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	-7.41	14.36	-0.52
B_{tot}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$:BiomeBoreal conifer	93.94	25.33	3.71
B_{ag}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	59.63	1.75	34.05
B_{ag}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	-18.86	3.34	-5.64
B_{ag}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-40.11	6.06	-6.62
B_{ag}	BiomeTemperate conifer	-59.09	6.42	-9.21
B_{ag}	BiomeBoreal conifer	-59.99	14.04	-4.27
B_{ag}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-1.21	4.06	-0.3
B_{ag}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	6.68	4.31	1.55
B_{ag}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeBoreal\ conifer}$	-1.96	8.1	-0.24
$B_{ag-wood}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	43.04	19.12	2.25
$B_{ag-wood}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	-9.96	31.58	-0.32
$B_{ag-wood}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-49.19	40.47	-1.22

Variable	Parameter	Estimate	SE	t_{value}
$B_{ag-wood}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-180.05	30.71	-5.86
$B_{ag-wood}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	-89.11	62.5	-1.43
$B_{ag-wood}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	37.51	32.42	1.16
$B_{ag-wood}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	131.73	27.05	4.87
$B_{ag-wood}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$:BiomeBoreal conifer	29.8	39.34	0.76
$B_{foliage}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	2.42	0.34	7.23
$B_{foliage}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	1.45	0.81	1.79
$B_{foliage}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	0.93	0.77	1.22
$B_{foliage}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-4.39	1.16	-3.77
$B_{foliage}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	-2.1	2.04	-1.03
$B_{foliage}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-1.69	0.51	-3.31
$B_{foliage}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$:BiomeTemperate conifer	3.79	0.77	4.94
$B_{foliage}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$:BiomeBoreal conifer	0.12	1.12	0.11
B_{root}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	10.2	0.84	12.14
B_{root}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	-1.33	1.97	-0.67
B_{root}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-6.25	1.92	-3.25
B_{root}	BiomeTemperate conifer	-9.16	1.71	-5.35
B_{root}	BiomeBoreal conifer	-11.07	4.13	-2.68
B_{root}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	1.78	1.44	1.24
B_{root}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$:BiomeTemperate conifer	1.13	1.34	0.84
B_{root}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$:BiomeBoreal conifer	2.86	2.42	1.18
$B_{root-coarse}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	10.11	5.24	1.93
$B_{root-coarse}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	-5.28	8.87	-0.6
$B_{root-coarse}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	-1.63	7.2	-0.23
$B_{root-coarse}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	-39.7	7.55	-5.25
$B_{root-coarse}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	-35.49	18.92	-1.88
$B_{root-coarse}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-0.25	6.92	-0.04
$B_{root-coarse}$	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	27.6	7.04	3.92
$B_{root-coarse}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$:BiomeBoreal conifer	15.11	10.75	1.41
$B_{root-fine}$	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	-0.06	0.2	-0.28
$B_{root-fine}$	BiomeTropical broadleaf	2.72	2.41	1.13
$B_{root-fine}$	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	2.64	1.19	2.21
$B_{root-fine}$	BiomeTemperate conifer	2.67	1.2	2.22
$B_{root-fine}$	BiomeBoreal conifer	11.92	2.92	4.08
DW_{tot}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	2.9	0.95	3.04
DW_{tot}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	1.69	2.78	0.61
DW_{tot}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	16.83	7.58	2.22
DW_{tot}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-1.07	3.31	-0.32

(continued)

Variable	Parameter	Estimate	SE	t_{value}
$DW_{standing}$	-	-	-	-
DW_{down}	$\log 10 ({ m stand.age})$	2.87	1.71	1.68
DW_{down}	BiomeTropical broadleaf	4.27	3.57	1.2
DW_{down}	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	15.17	11.89	1.28
DW_{down}	BiomeTemperate conifer	45.34	6.68	6.79
DW_{down}	BiomeBoreal conifer	45.2	10.93	4.14
DW_{down}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-9.03	7.67	-1.18
DW_{down}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	-13.9	3.45	-4.03
DW_{down}	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeBoreal\ conifer}$	-22.38	6.99	-3.2
OL	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age})$	0.51	0.76	0.67
OL	BiomeTropical broadleaf	3.42	2.34	1.46
OL	BiomeTemperate broadleaf	13.85	3.39	4.08
OL	BiomeTemperate conifer	0.87	2.93	0.3
OL	BiomeBoreal conifer	35.84	5.89	6.09
OL	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~broadleaf}$	-2.58	2.04	-1.26
OL	$\log 10 ({\rm stand.age}) : {\rm BiomeTemperate~conifer}$	6.28	1.59	3.96
OL	log10(stand.age):BiomeBoreal conifer	3	3.68	0.82

Figure S1. Age trends and biome differences for NEP

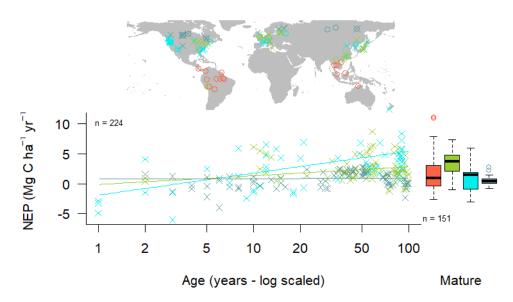


Figure S1 | Age trends and biome differences for NEP. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S2. Age trends and biome differences for GPP

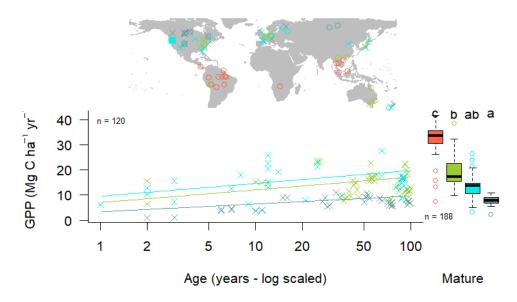


Figure S2 | Age trends and biome differences for GPP. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S3. Age trends and biome differences for NPP

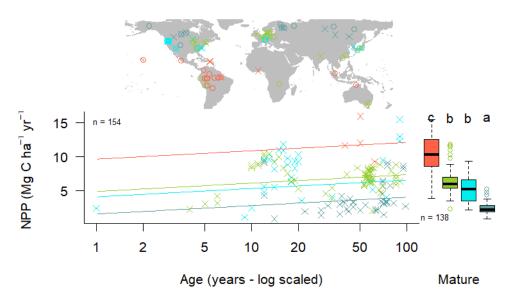


Figure S3 | Age trends and biome differences for NPP. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

$_{86}$ Figure S4. Age trends and biome differences for ANPP

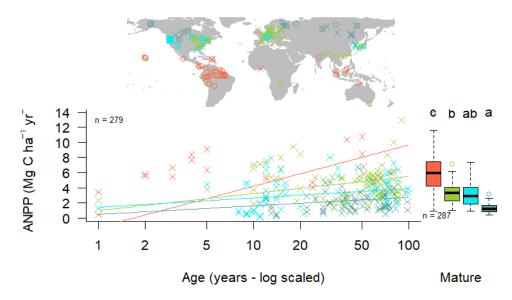


Figure S4 | Age trends and biome differences for ANPP. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S5. Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{woody}$

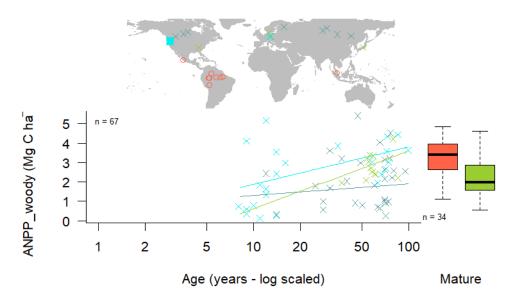


Figure S5 | Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{woody}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S6. Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{stem}$

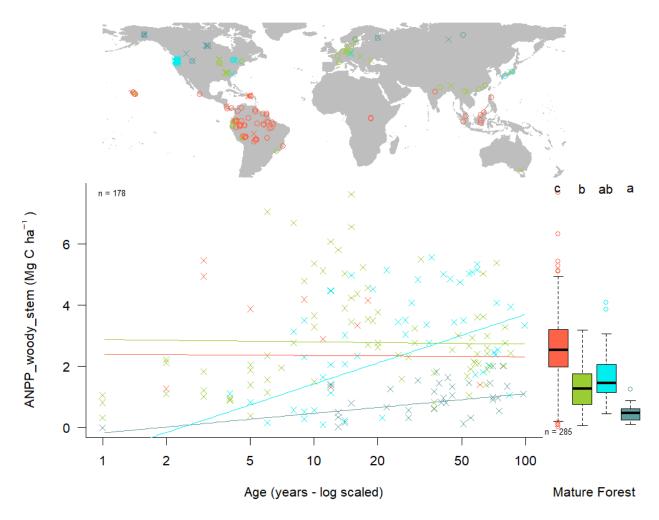


Figure S6 | Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{stem}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S7. Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{foliage}$

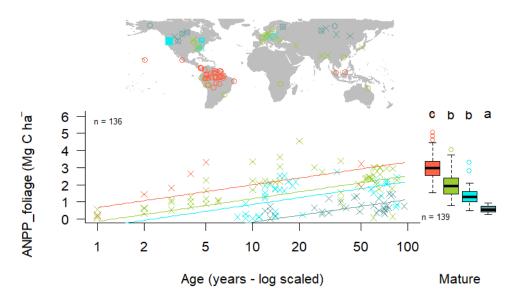


Figure S7 | Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{foliage}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifiant differences between biomes.

Figure S8. Age trends and biome differences for ANPP_{litterfall}

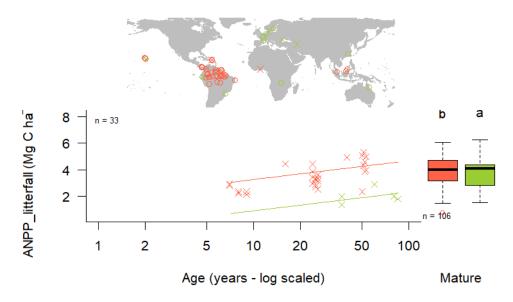


Figure S8 | Age trends and biome differences for $ANPP_{litterfall}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

$_{91}$ Figure S9. Age trends and biome differences for BNPP

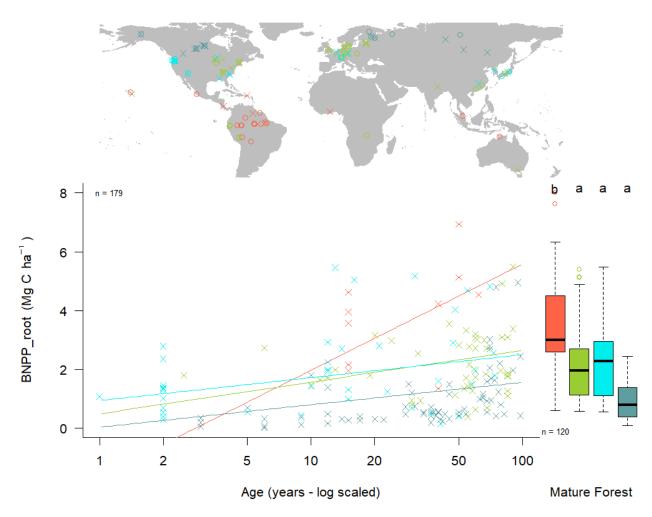


Figure S9 | Age trends and biome differences for BNPP. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S10. Age trends and biome differences for $BNPP_{coarse}$

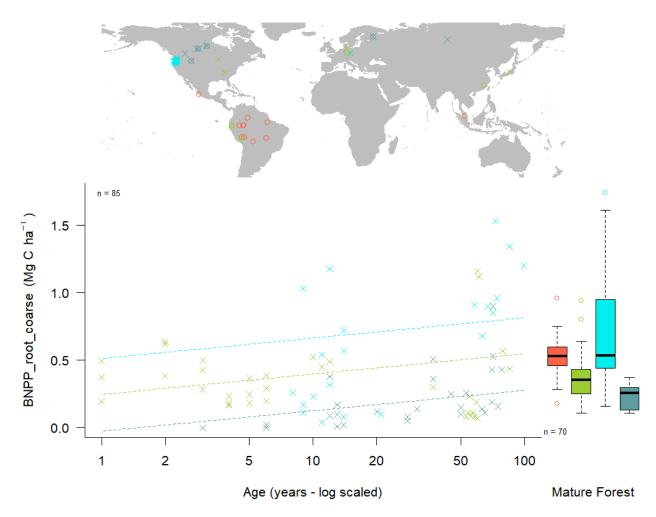


Figure S10 | Age trends and biome differences for $BNPP_{coarse}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

$_{93}$ Figure S11. Age trends and biome differences for $BNPP_{fine}$

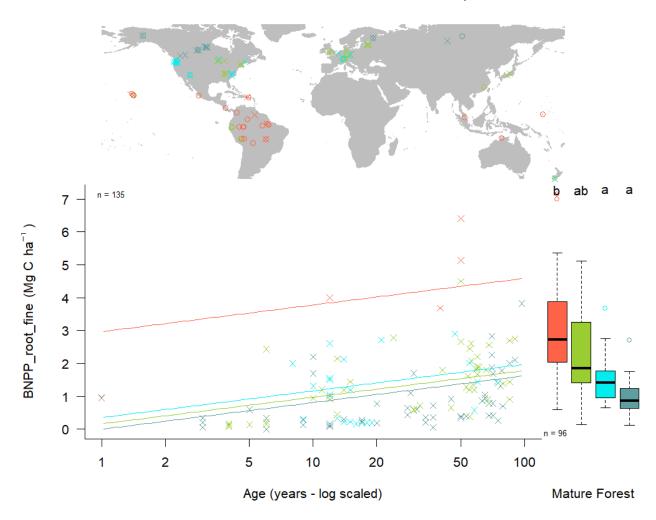


Figure S11 | Age trends and biome differences for $BNPP_{fine}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifiant differences between biomes.

₉₄ Figure S12. Age trends and biome differences for R_{eco}

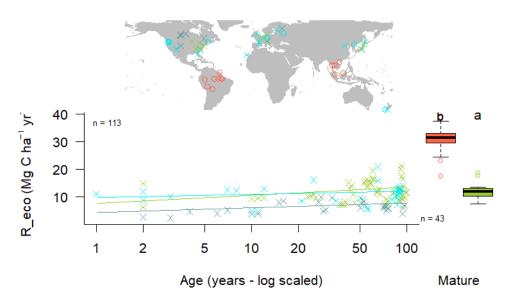


Figure S12 | Age trends and biome differences for R_{eco} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S13. Age trends and biome differences for R_{root}

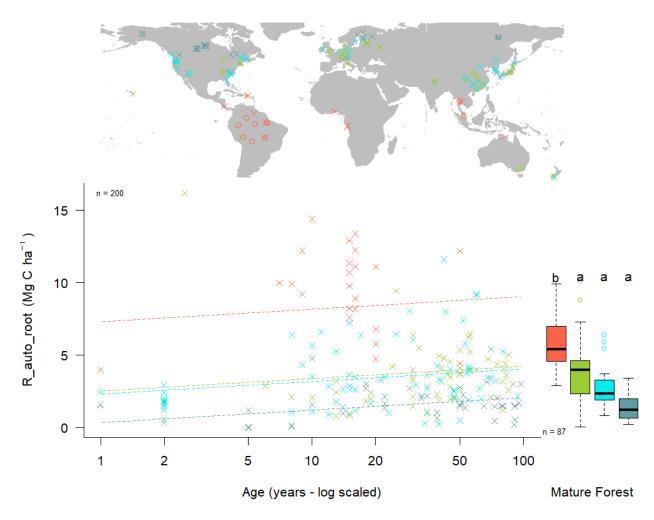


Figure S13 | Age trends and biome differences for R_{root} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S14. Age trends and biome differences for R_{soil}

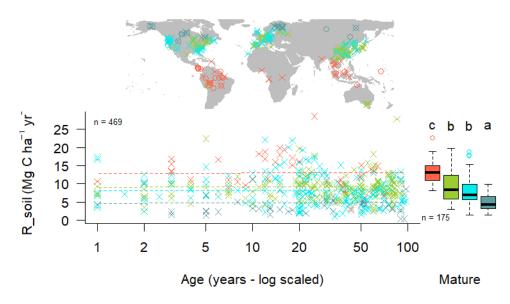


Figure S14 | Age trends and biome differences for R_{soil} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

₉₇ Figure S15. Age trends and biome differences for $R_{het-soil}$

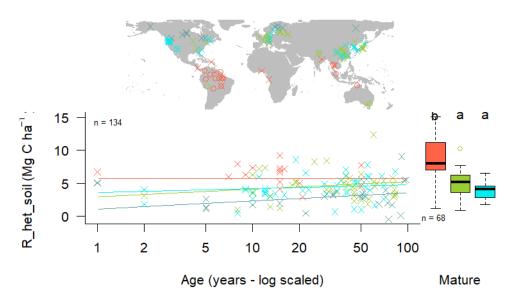


Figure S15 | Age trends and biome differences for $R_{het-soil}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S16. Age trends and biome differences for B_{tot}

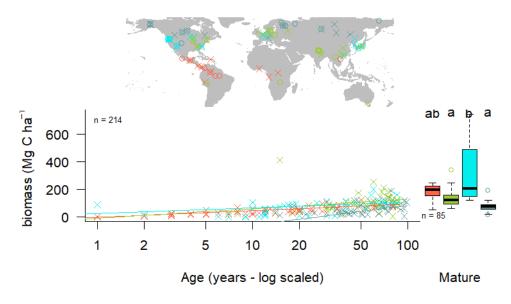


Figure S16 | Age trends and biome differences for B_{tot} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifiant differences between biomes.

Figure S17. Age trends and biome differences for B_{ag}

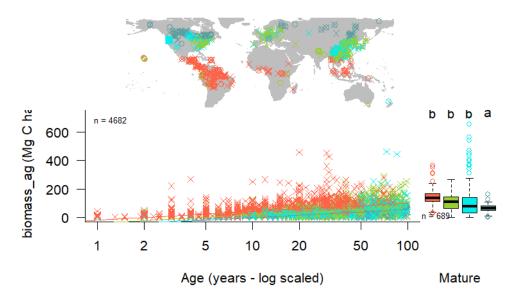


Figure S17 | Age trends and biome differences for B_{ag} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes

Figure S18. Age trends and biome differences for $B_{ag-wood}$

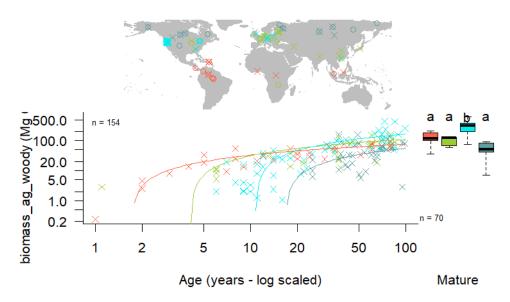


Figure S18 | Age trends and biome differences for $B_{ag-wood}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S19. Age trends and biome differences for $B_{foliage}$

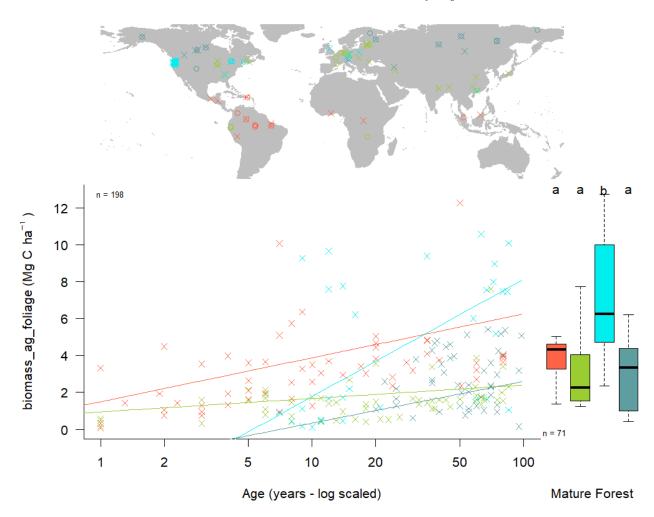


Figure S19 | Age trends and biome differences for $B_{foliage}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S20. Age trends and biome differences for B_{root}

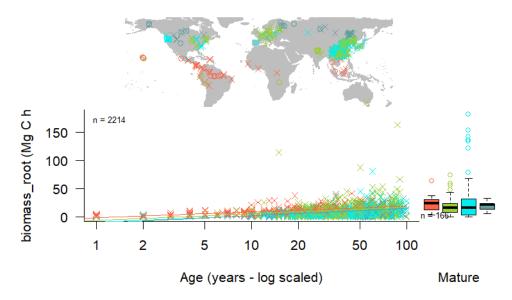


Figure S20 | Age trends and biome differences for B_{root} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S21. Age trends and biome differences for $B_{root-coarse}$

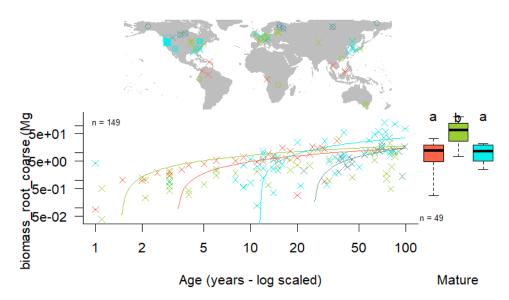


Figure S21 | Age trends and biome differences for $B_{root-coarse}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S22. Age trends and biome differences for $B_{root-fine}$

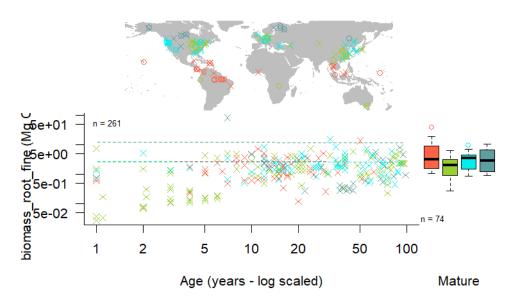


Figure S22 | Age trends and biome differences for $B_{root-fine}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S23. Age trends and biome differences for DW_{tot}

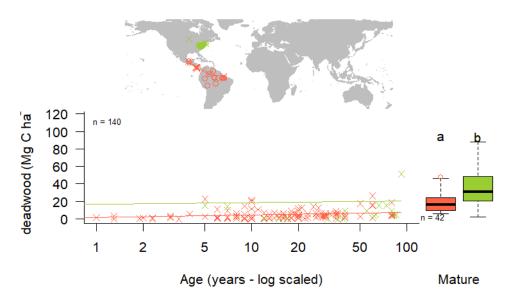


Figure S23 | Age trends and biome differences for DW_{tot} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S24. Age trends and biome differences for $DW_{standing}$

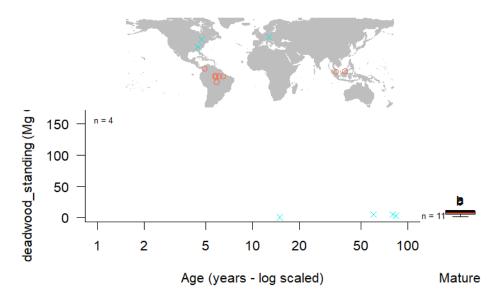


Figure S24 | Age trends and biome differences for $DW_{standing}$. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S25. Age trends and biome differences for DW_{down}

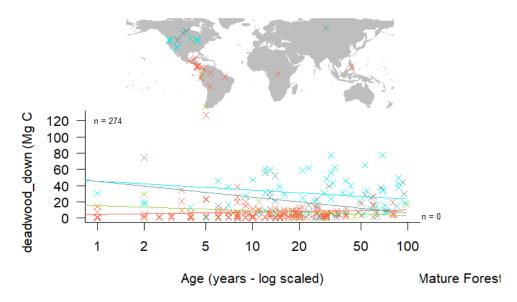


Figure S25 | Age trends and biome differences for DW_{down} . Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.

Figure S26. Age trends and biome differences for OL

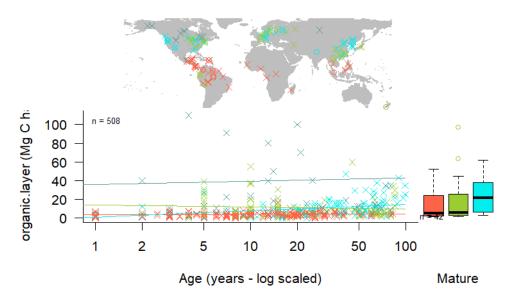


Figure S26 | Age trends and biome differences for OL. Map shows data sources (x and o indicate young and mature stands, respectively). Left plot shows age trends in forests up to 100 years old, as characterized by a linear mixed effects model with fixed effects of age and biome. Solid lines indicate significant effect of age, non-pareallel lines indicate a significant age x biome interaction. Boxplot illustrates distribution across mature forests, with different letters indicating signifant differences between biomes.