OOP LAB

Lab 1 Assignment Submission

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200905044

CSE SECTION B

ROLL.NO 10

- 1) a. Write a method is Prime to accept one integer parameter and to check whether that parameter is prime or not.
- b. Using this method, generate first N prime numbers in the main method.

```
CODE:
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class PrimeNumber
{
    static boolean isPrime(int num)
    {
        if(num<0)
            return false;
        for(int i=2;i<=num/2;i++){
            if(num%i==0)
            return false;
        }
        return true;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
{
                             Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);System.out.println("Enter a
number: ");
                             int num = sc.nextInt();
                             if(isPrime(num))
                                    System.out.println(num+" is a prime number");
                             else
                                    System.out.println(num+" is not a prime number");
                             System.out.println();
                             System.out.println("Enter the limit upto which you want prime
numbers: ");
                             int limit = sc.nextInt();
                             System.out.println("Prime numbers upto "+limit+" are:");
                             for(int i=2;i <= limit;i++){}
                                    if(isPrime(i))
                                    System.out.print(i+" ");
                             }
                             System.out.println();
                      }
}
```

Sample Input/Output:

```
student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1
                                                                             File Edit View Search Terminal Help
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$ java PrimeNumber
Enter a number:
23
23 is a prime number
Enter the limit upto which you want prime numbers:
25
Prime numbers upto 25 are:
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$ java PrimeNumber
Enter a number:
25
25 is not a prime number
Enter the limit upto which you want prime numbers:
15
Prime numbers upto 15 are:
2 3 5 7 11 13
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$
```

2) Arrange the elements in ascending and descending order using Bubble sort method.

CODE:

```
import\ java.util.Scanner; public\ class\ BubbleSort \{ static\ void\ BubbleSortAscending(int\ n,\ int[]\ a)\ \{ for(int\ i=0;i< n;i++)\{ for(int\ j=0;j< (n-i-1);j++)\{ if(a[j]>a[j+1]) \{
```

```
int temp = a[j];
                             a[j] = a[j+1];
                             a[j+1] = temp;
                      }
              }
       }
System.out.println("Modified array in ascending order: ");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
              System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
       }
}
static void BubbleSortDescending(int n, int[] a){
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
              for(int j=0;j<(n-i-1);j++)
                      {
                             if(a[j] < a[j+1])
                             {
                                    int temp = a[j];
                                    a[j]=a[j\!+\!1];
                                    a[j+1] = temp;
                             }
                      }
       }
```

```
System.out.println("Modified array in descending order: ");
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
              System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
       }
       System.out.println();
}
public static void main(String[] args)
{
       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter the number of elements for 1-D array: ");
       int n = sc.nextInt();
       int[] a = new int[n];
       System.out.println("Enter the elements for 1-D array: ");
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
       {
              a[i] = sc.nextInt();
       }
       BubbleSortAscending(n,a);
       System.out.println();
       BubbleSortDescending(n,a);
}
```

}

Sample Input/Output:

```
student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1
                                                                             File Edit View Search Terminal Help
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$ java BubbleSort
Enter the number of elements for 1-D array:
Enter the elements for 1-D array:
45
12
32
56
14
49
Modified array in ascending order:
12 14 32 45 49 56
Modified array in descending order:
56 49 45 32 14 12
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$
```

```
student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1

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student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1$ java BubbleSort

Enter the number of elements for 1-D array:

5

Enter the elements for 1-D array:

-2 5 2 0 3

Modified array in ascending order:

-2 0 2 3 5

Modified array in descending order:

5 3 2 0 -2

student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1$
```

3) Find the addition of two matrices and display the resultant matrix.

CODE:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class MatrixAddition
{

    static void MatAdd(int r1, int c1, int[][] a, int r2, int c2, int[][] b)
    {
        int[][] c = new int[r1][c1];
}
```

```
for(int i=0;i<r1;i++)
       {
               for(int j=0; j < c1; j++)
               {
                      c[i][j] = a[i][j] + b[i][j];
               }
       }
       System.out.println("The resultant addition matrix is:");
       for(int i=0;i<r1;i++)
       {
               for(int j=0; j < c1; j++)
               {
                      System.out.print(c[i][j]+" ");
               }
               System.out.println();
       }
}
public static void main(String[] args)
{
       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter the number of rows for the first matrix: ");
       int r1 = sc.nextInt();
       System.out.println("Enter the number of columns for the first matrix: ");
       int c1 = sc.nextInt();
       System.out.println("Enter the number of rows for the second matrix: ");
       int r2 = sc.nextInt();
       System.out.println("Enter the number of columns for the second matrix: ");
       int c2 = sc.nextInt();
       if(r1!=r2 || c1!=c2){
               System.out.println("Matrix Addition is not possible");
```

```
return;
}
int[][] a = new int[r1][c1];
int[][] b = new int[r2][c2];
System.out.println("Enter" + r1*c1 + " elements for first matrix:");\\
for(int i=0;i<r1;i++)
{
       for(int j=0; j < c1; j++)
       {
              a[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
       }
}
System.out.println("Enter" + r2*c2 + " elements for second matrix:");\\
for(int i=0;i<r2;i++)
{
       for(int j=0; j < c2; j++)
       {
              b[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
       }
}
MatAdd(r1,c1,a,r2,c2,b);
```

}

}

```
student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1
                                                                            File Edit View Search Terminal Help
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$ java MatrixAddition
Enter the number of rows for the first matrix:
Enter the number of columns for the first matrix:
Enter the number of rows for the second matrix:
Enter the number of columns for the second matrix:
Enter 6 elements for first matrix:
1 2 3 4 5 6
Enter 6 elements for second matrix:
9 8 7 4 5 6
The resultant addition matrix is:
10 10
10 8
10 12
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$
```

```
student@dslab: ~/200905044/Week1

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$, java MatrixAddition
Enter the number of rows for the first matrix:
2
Enter the number of columns for the first matrix:
4
Enter the number of rows for the second matrix:
4
Enter the number of columns for the second matrix:
3
Matrix Addition is not possible
student@dslab:~/200905044/Week1$
```

THANK YOU!