

# Harness Karpenter : Transforming Kubernetes Clusters with Argo Workflows

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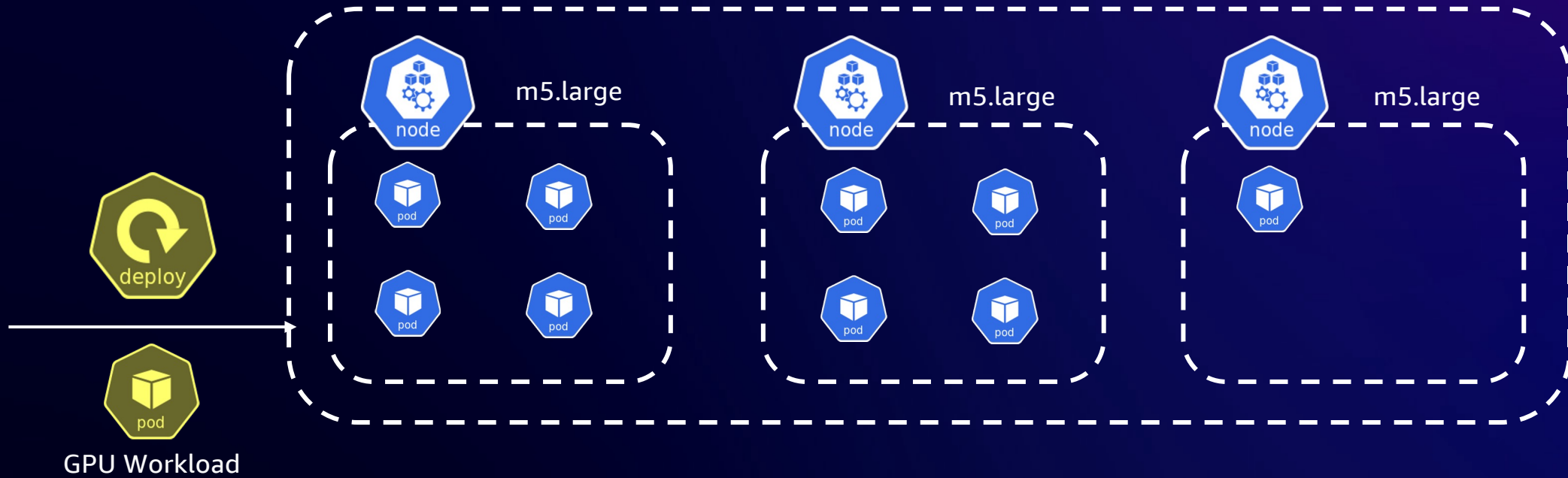
Principal Solutions Architect – Containers/Serverless  
AWS

# Cluster Autoscaler Challenges

Cluster Autoscaler

Auto Scaling group

## Compute Node Group

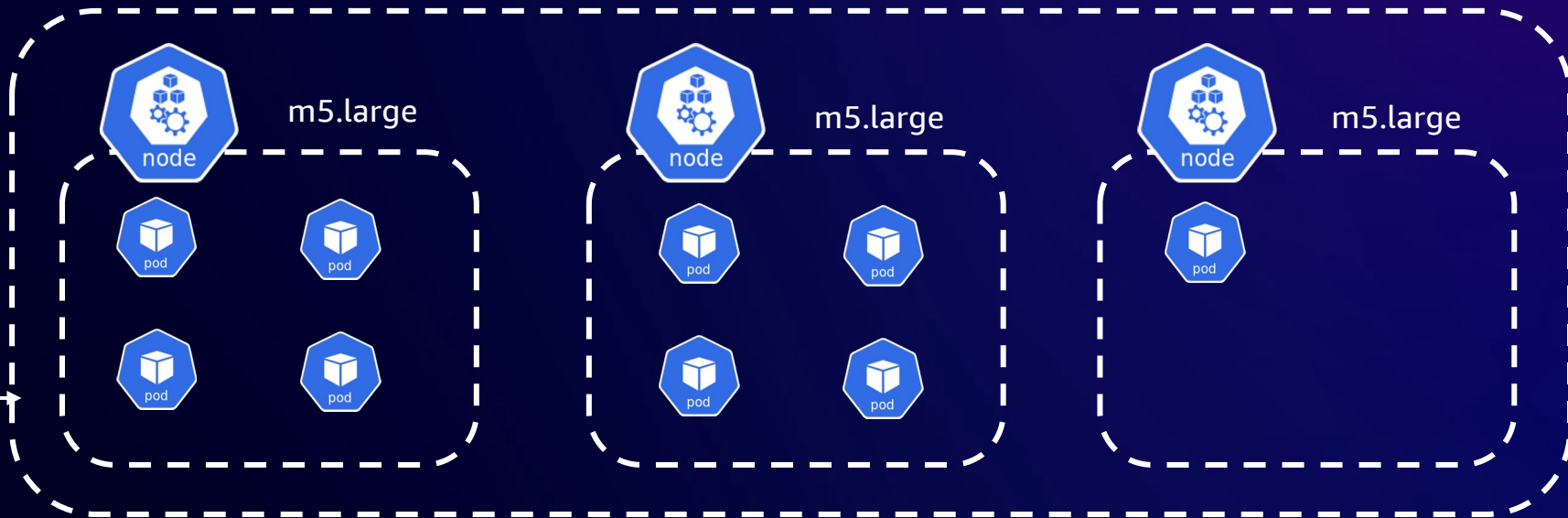


# Cluster Autoscaler Node Group

Cluster Autoscaler

Auto Scaling group

## Compute Node Group



## GPU Node Group



deploy

GPU workload

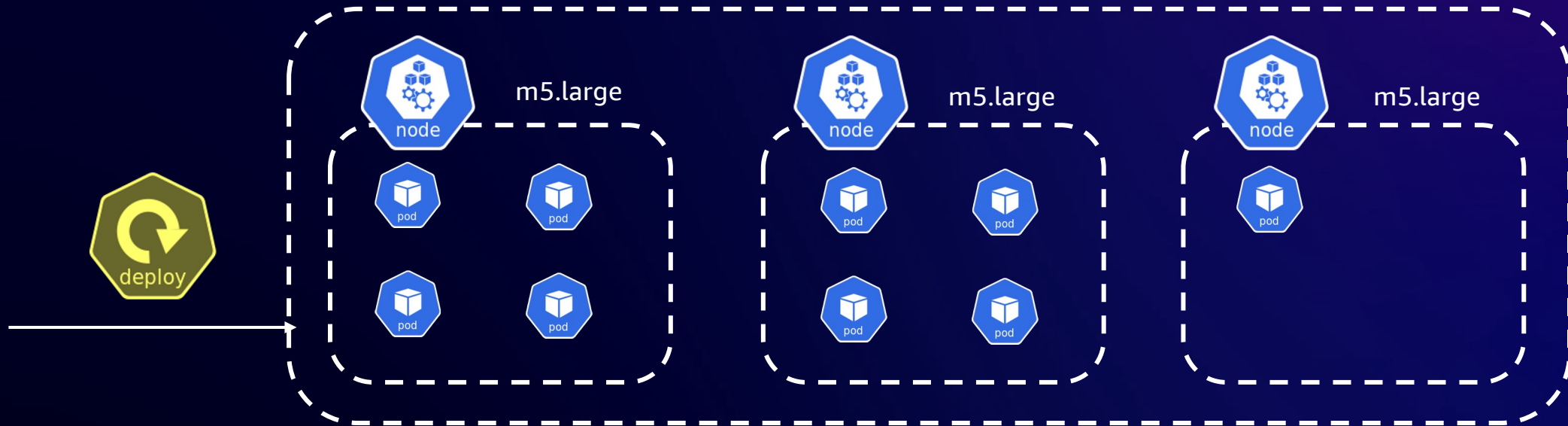


# Cluster Autoscaler Node Group

Cluster Autoscaler

Auto Scaling group

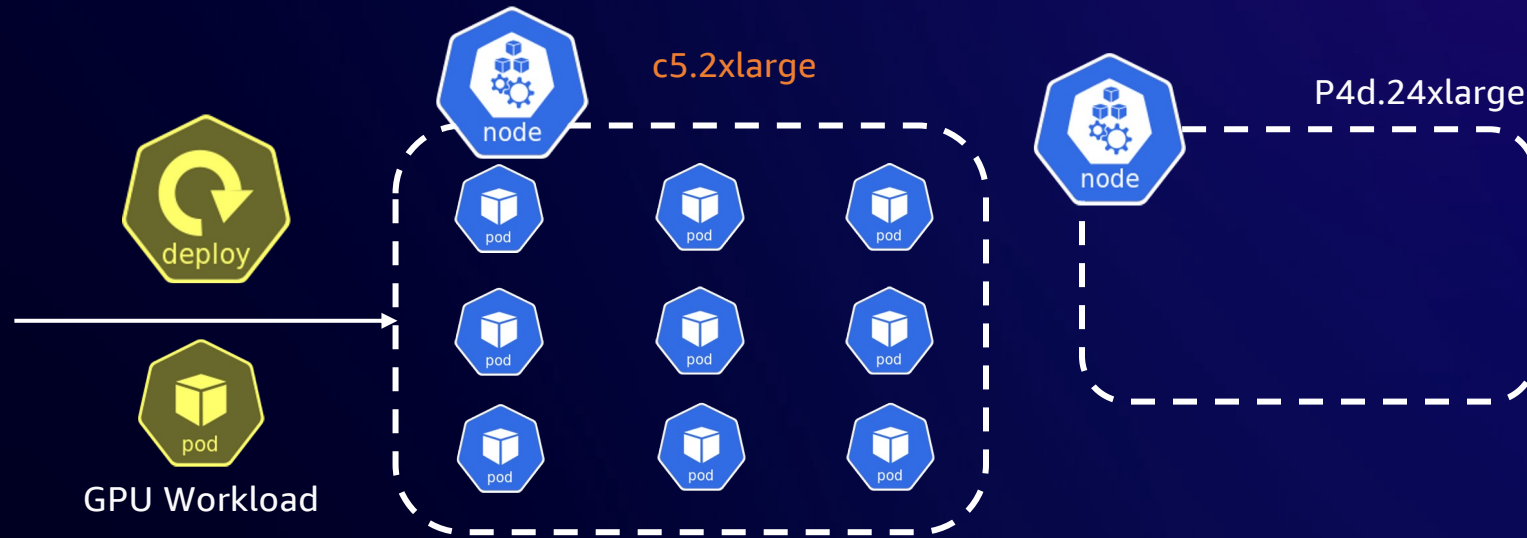
## Compute Node Group



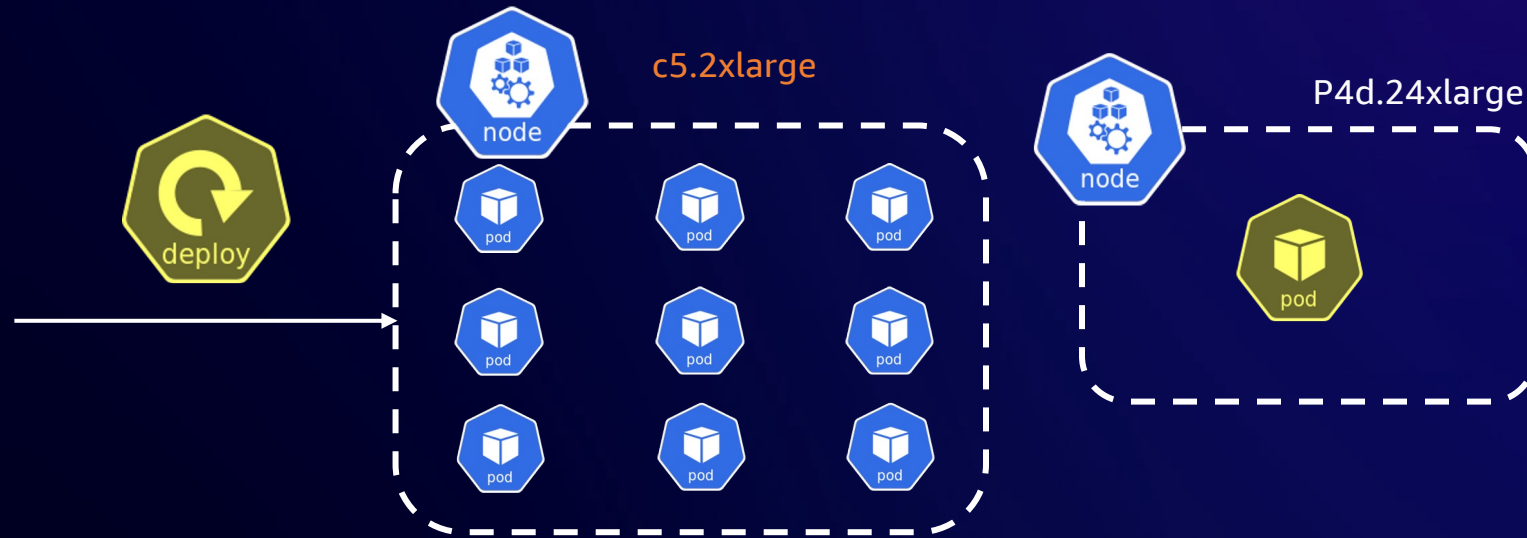
## GPU Node Group



# Karpenter – CNCF SIG Autoscaling Project

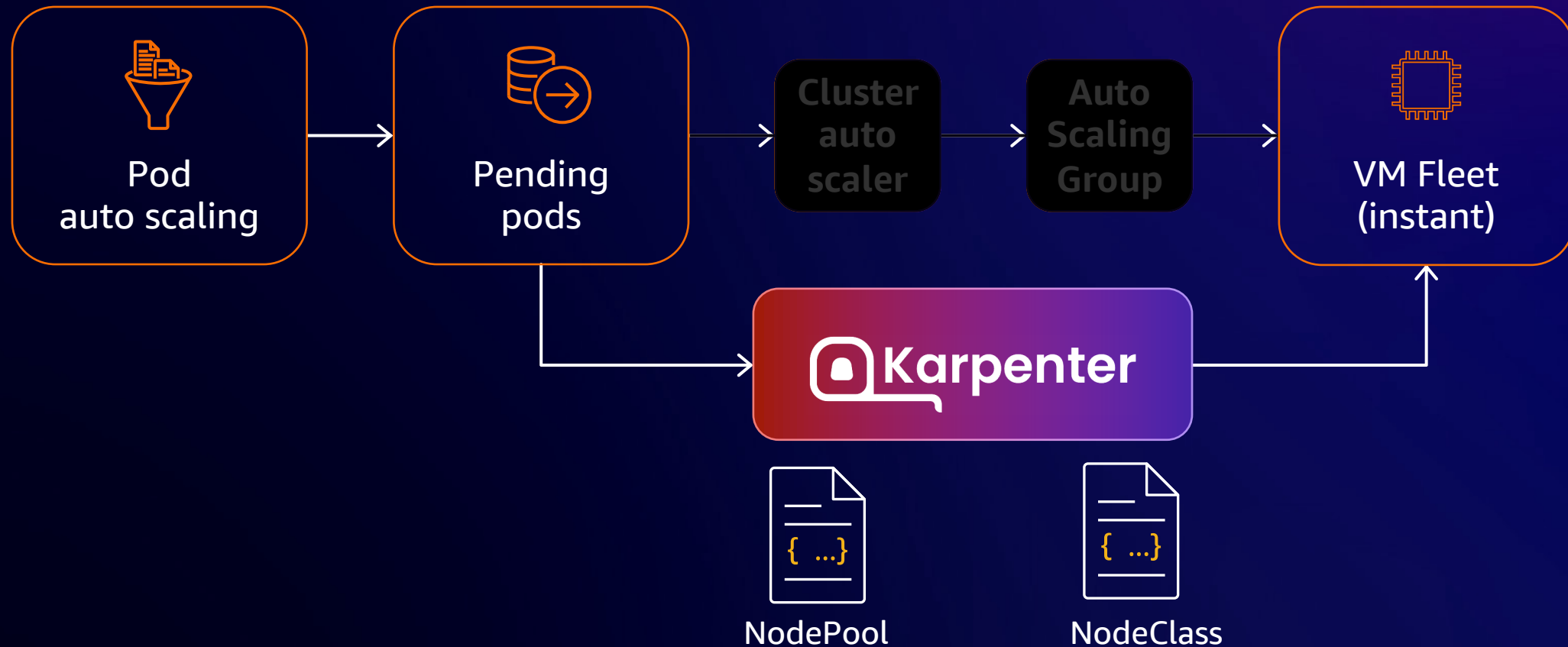


# Karpenter – CNCF SIG Autoscaling Project



- Provision appropriate instances based on podspec without separate nodegroups
- Faster than Cluster Autoscaler

# How Karpenter works



# Compute flexibility

## Instance type flexibility

- Attribute-based requirements → sizes, families, generations, CPU architectures
- No list → picks from all instance types
- Limits how many VM instances this NodePool can provision
- Prioritizes cost

## AZ flexibility

- Provision in any AZ
- Provision in specified AZs

```
apiVersion: karpenter.sh/v1beta1
kind: NodePool
metadata:
  name: default
spec:
  template:
    spec:
      requirements:
        - key: karpenter.k8s.aws/instance-category
          operator: In
          values: ["c","m","r","t"]
        - key: karpenter.k8s.aws/instance-size
          operator: NotIn
          values: ["nano","micro","small","medium"]
        - key: karpenter.k8s.aws/instance-hypervisor
          operator: In
          values: ["nitro"]
        - key: topology.kubernetes.io/zone
          operator: In
          values: ["us-west-2a","us-west-2b"]
        - key: kubernetes.io/arch
          operator: In
          values: ["amd64","arm64"]
        - key: karpenter.sh/capacity-type
          operator: In
          values: ["spot","on-demand"]
      limits:
        cpu: 100
```



# Karpenter works with Kubernetes scheduling

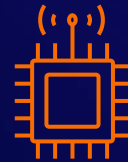
Standard K8s pod scheduling mechanisms



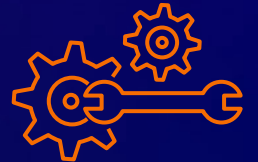
Node  
selectors



Node  
affinity



Taints and  
tolerations



Topology  
spread

# User-defined annotation, labels, taints

```
apiVersion: karpenter.sh/v1beta1
kind: NodePool
spec:
  template:
    metadata:
      annotations:
        application/name: "app-a"
      labels:
        team: team-a
    spec:
      taints:
        - key: example.com/special-taint
          value: "true"
          effect: NoSchedule
```

These taints,  
labels, annotations  
will be added to all  
nodes provisioned

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: myapp
spec:
  nodeSelector:
    team: team-a
```

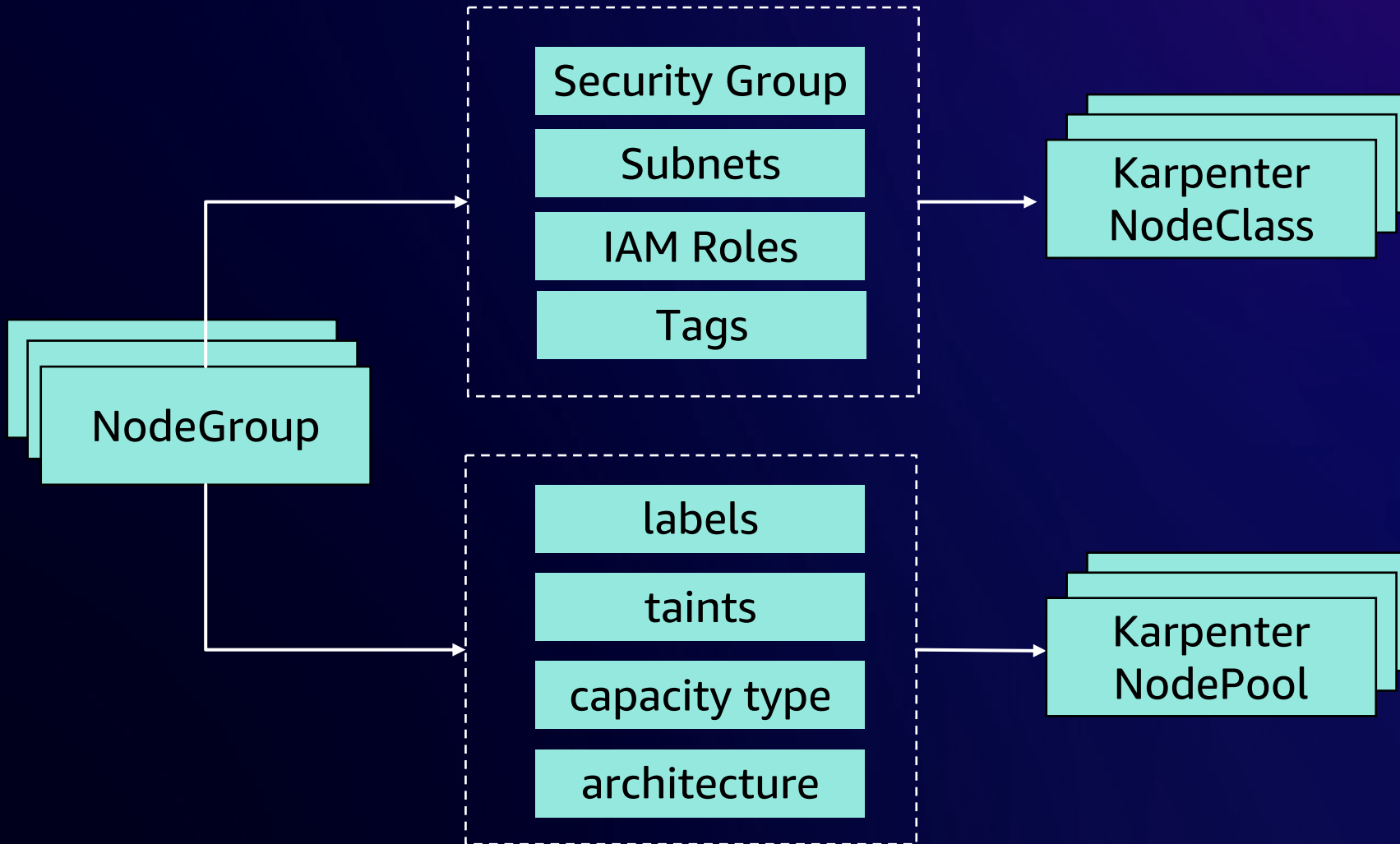
Use labels to schedule pods for different apps

# Cluster Autoscaler to Karpenter in Real World

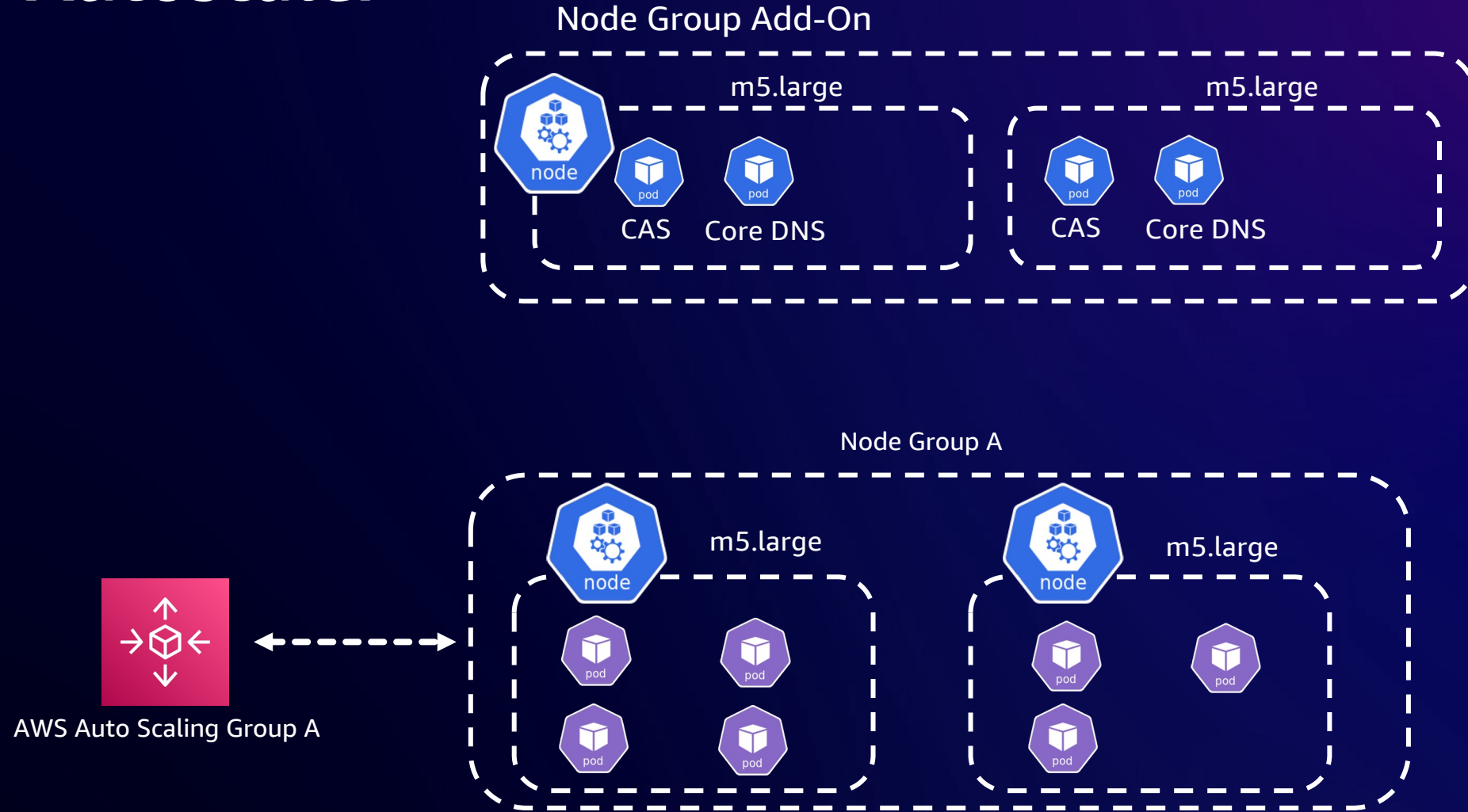


- Multi tenant cluster
- Apps will gradually move from Cluster Autoscaler to Karpenter
- Both Cluster Autoscaler and Karpenter will co-exist for separate apps
- This process also works for complete move in one go

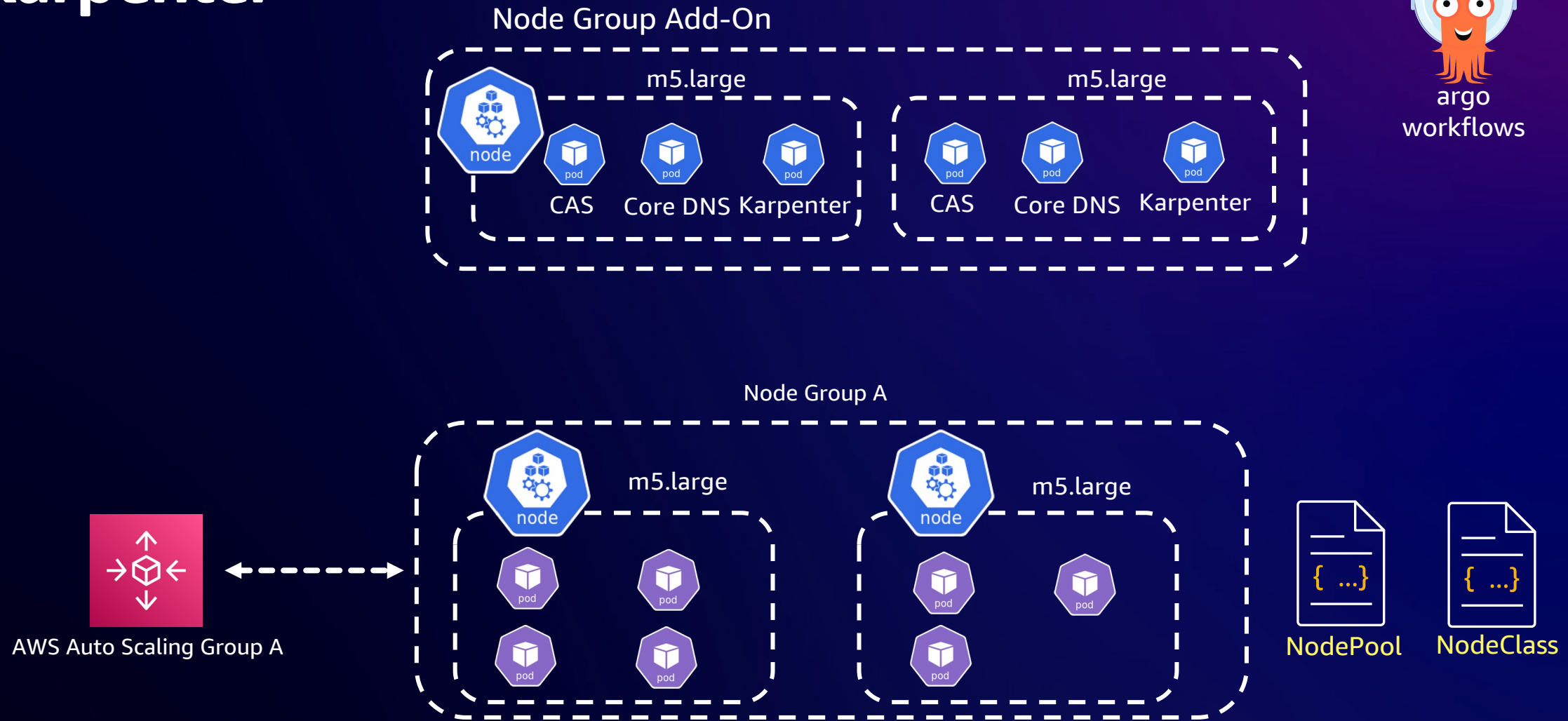
# Migrate to Karpenter



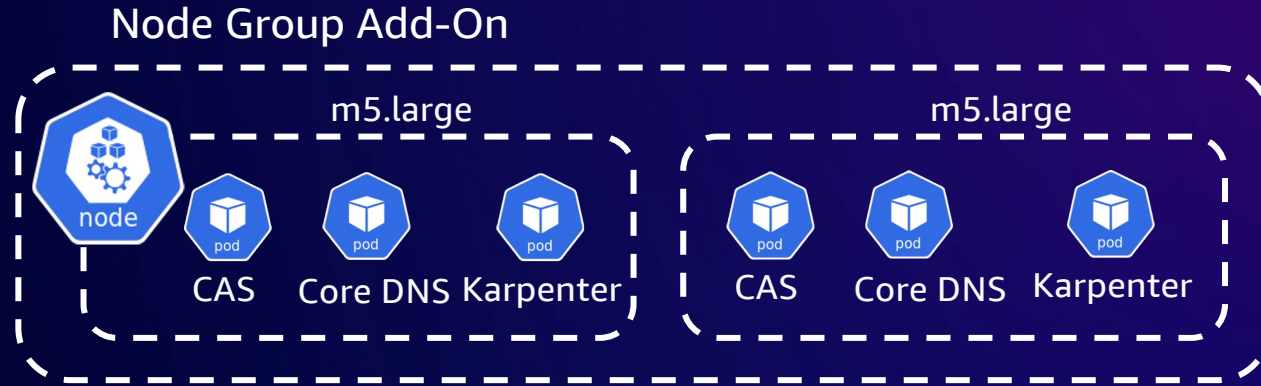
# Cluster Autoscaler



# Enter Karpenter

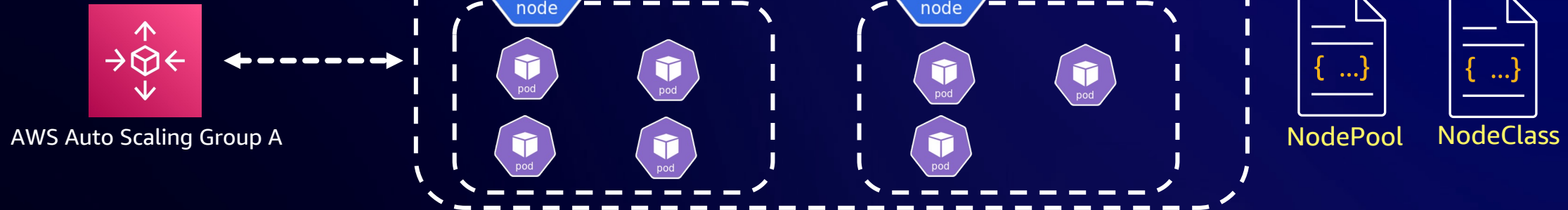


# Enter Karpenter

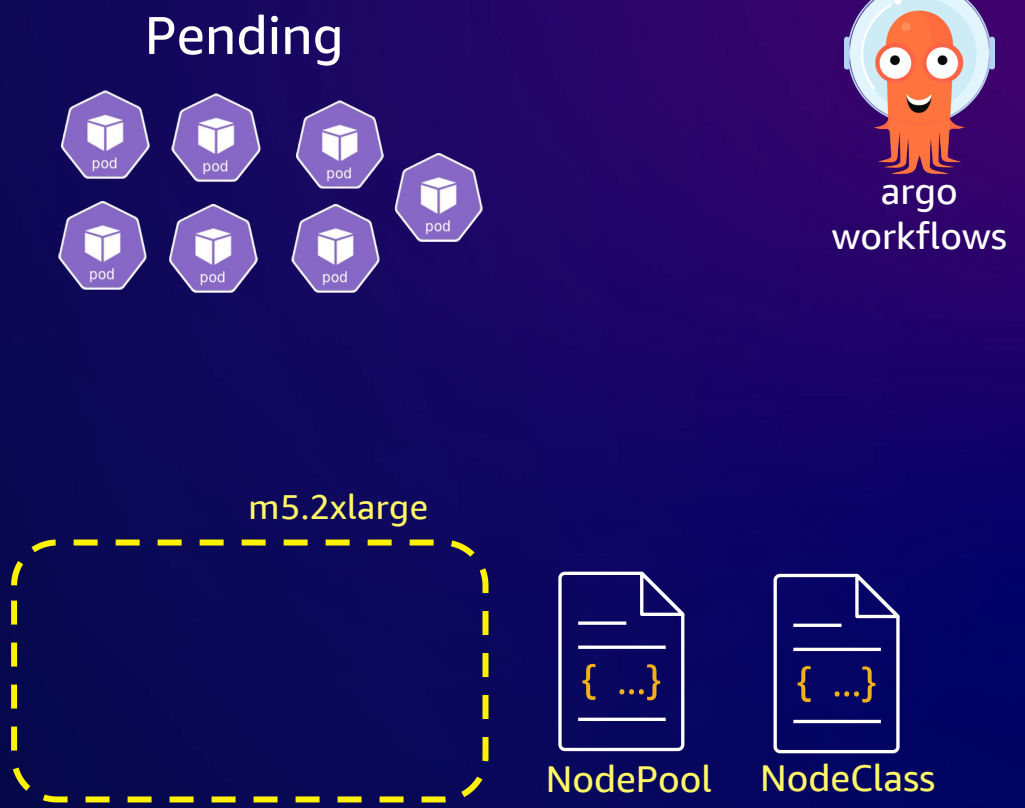
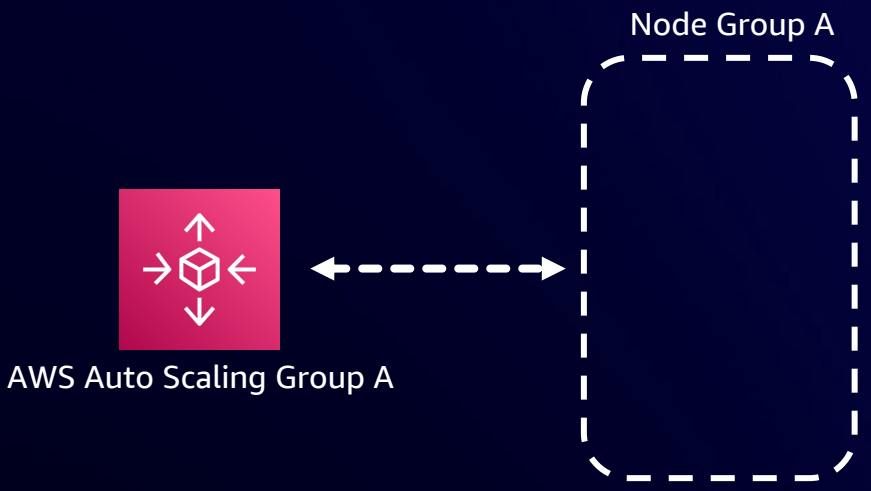


Set desired, min size to zero

Node Group A

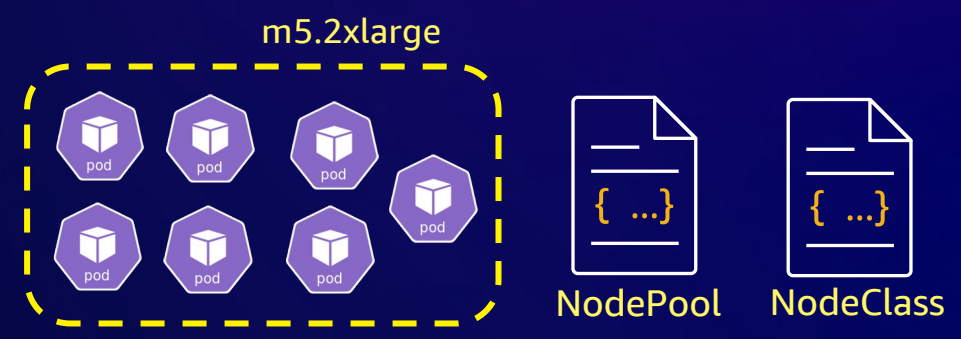
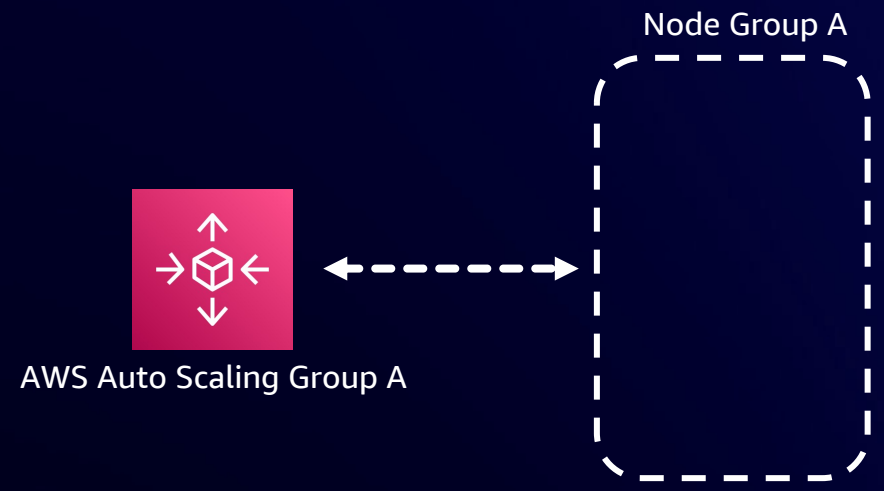


# All At Once

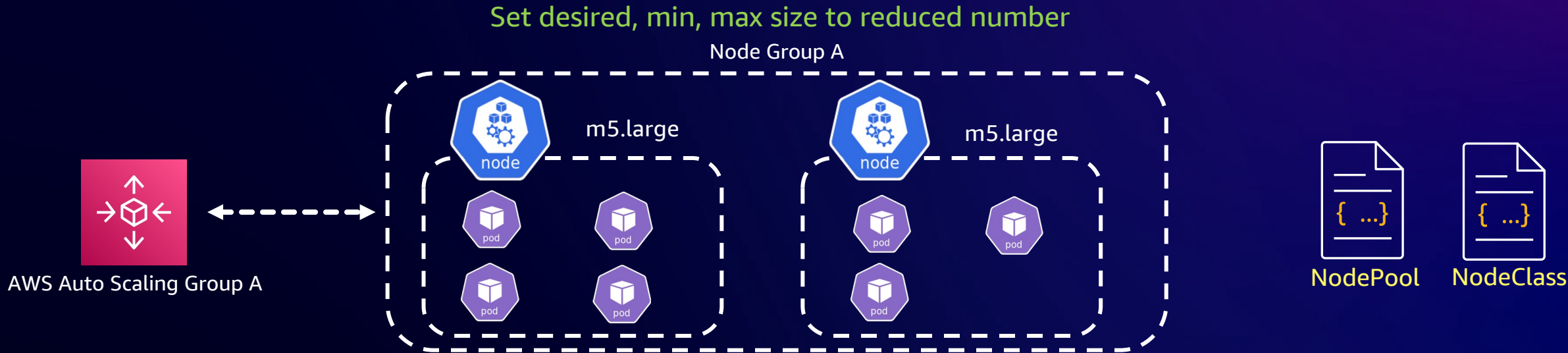




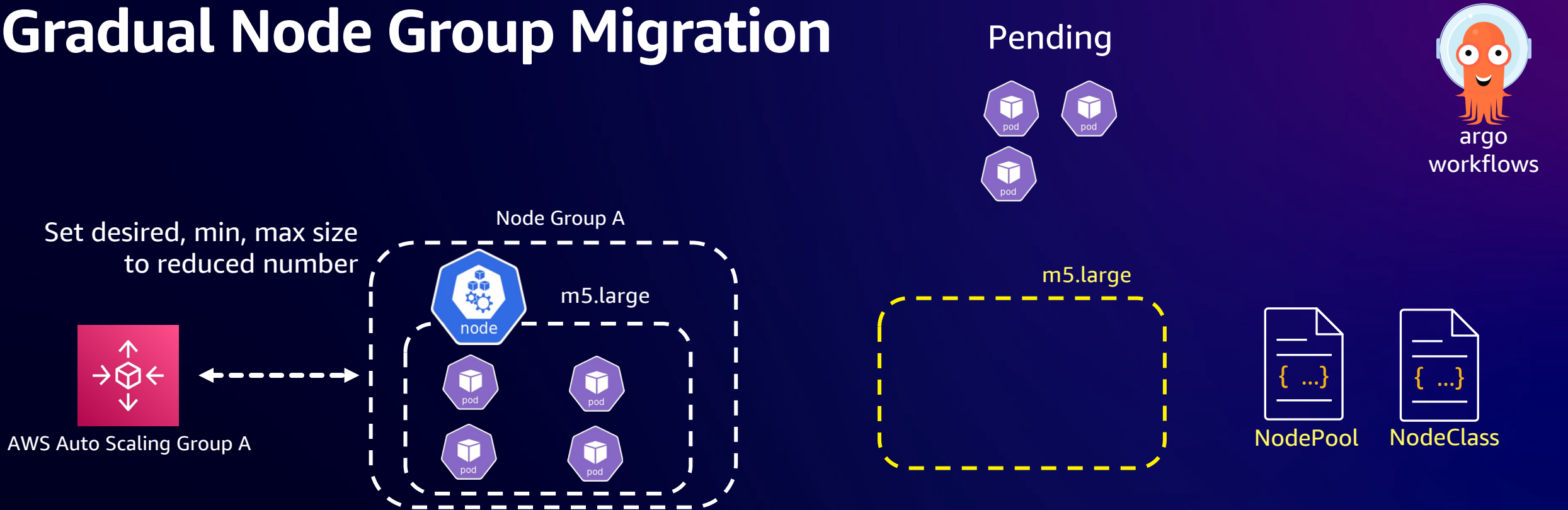
# All At Once



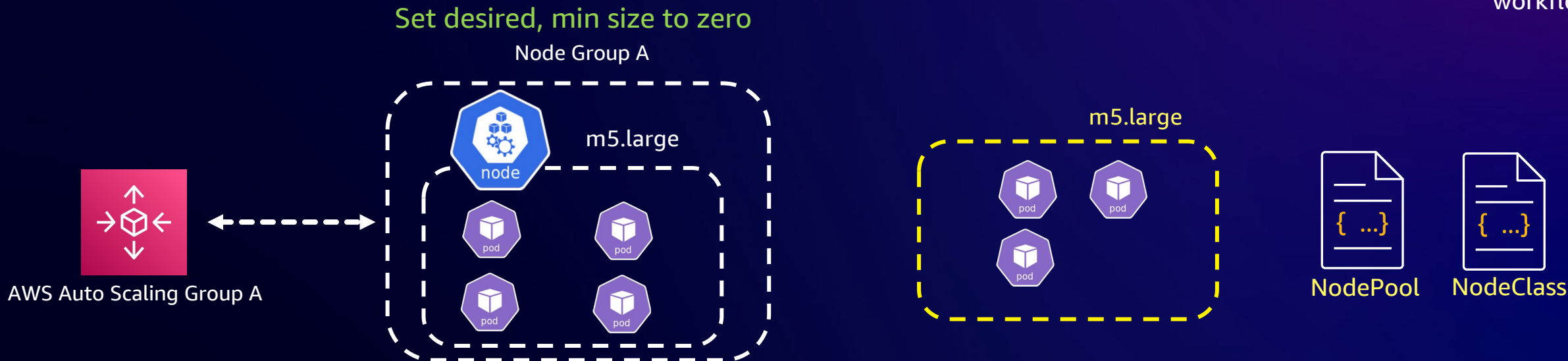
# Gradual Node Group Migration



# Gradual Node Group Migration



# Gradual Node Group Migration



# Gradual Node Group Migration



NodePool



NodeClass

# Demo



# Thank you!

**Carlos Santana**

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