THE MASS-IVE ISSUE: ANOMALY DETECTION IN JETS

UNIVERSITÉ DE GENÈVE

Tobias Golling, Takuya Nobe, Dimitrios Proios, John Andrew Raine, <u>Debajyoti</u> <u>Sengupta,</u> Slava Voloshynovski



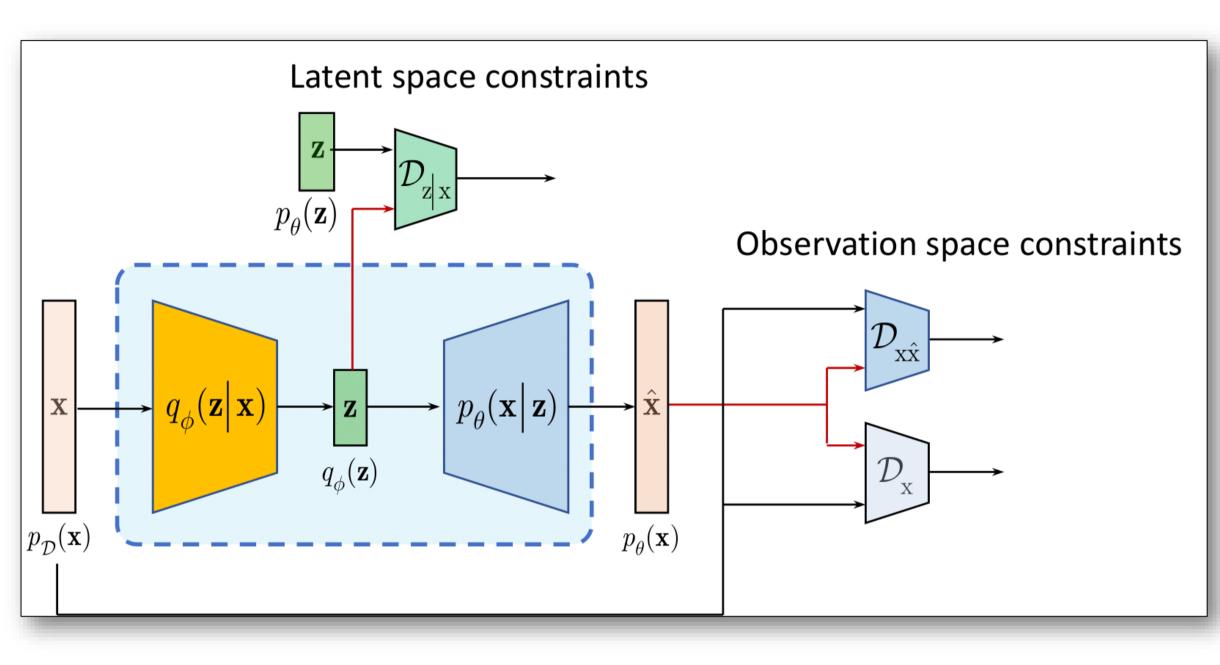
Jean-Francois Arguin, Julien Leissner Martin, Jacinthe Piillete



Debottam Bakshi Gupta, Amir Farbin

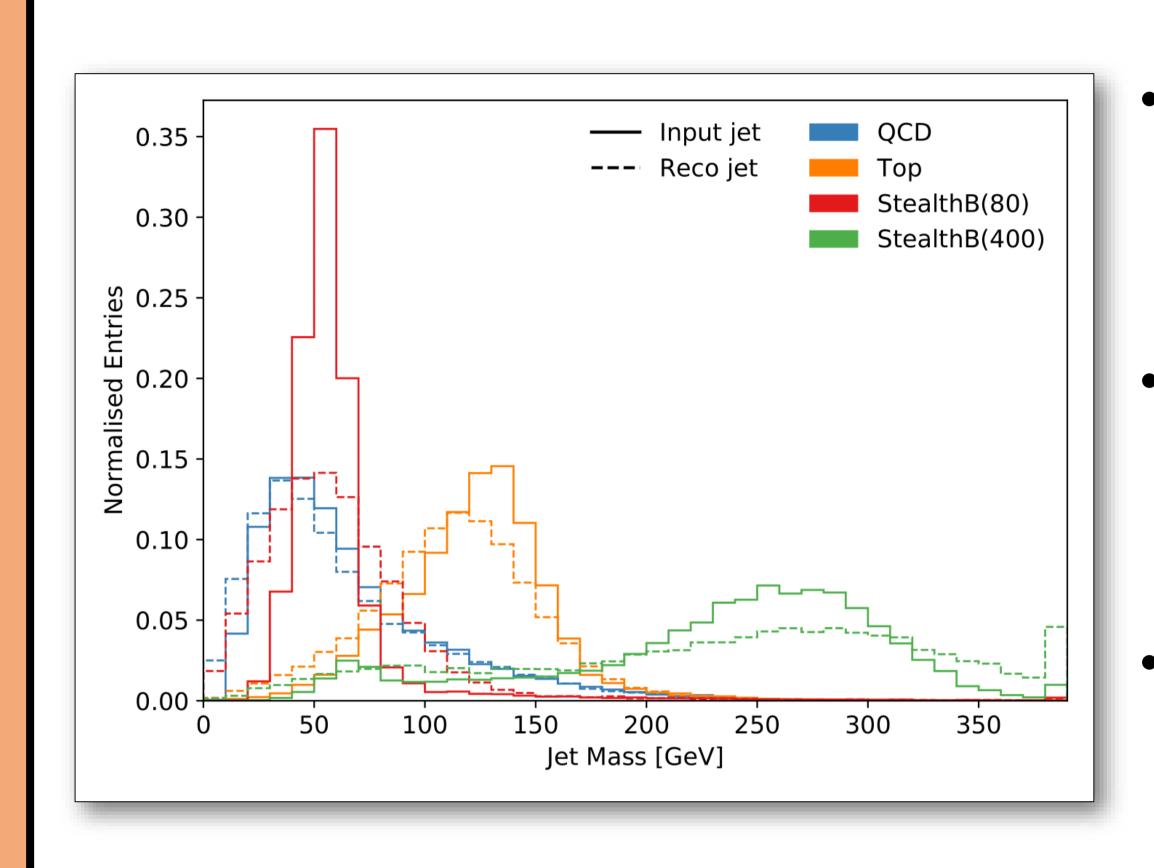
Goal: 1) Learn Standard Model Physics with NN.
2) Detect Anomalies – New Physics!

- Potential new Physics phase space – Huge!!
- Need Model Independent methods – look at physics objects – Jets!
- QCD jets Parton initiated
- Dominant background!
- Learn QCD tag jets unlike QCD – enhance signal!
- Test sample Top, Stealth Boson



NN Architecture – VAE + Discriminator

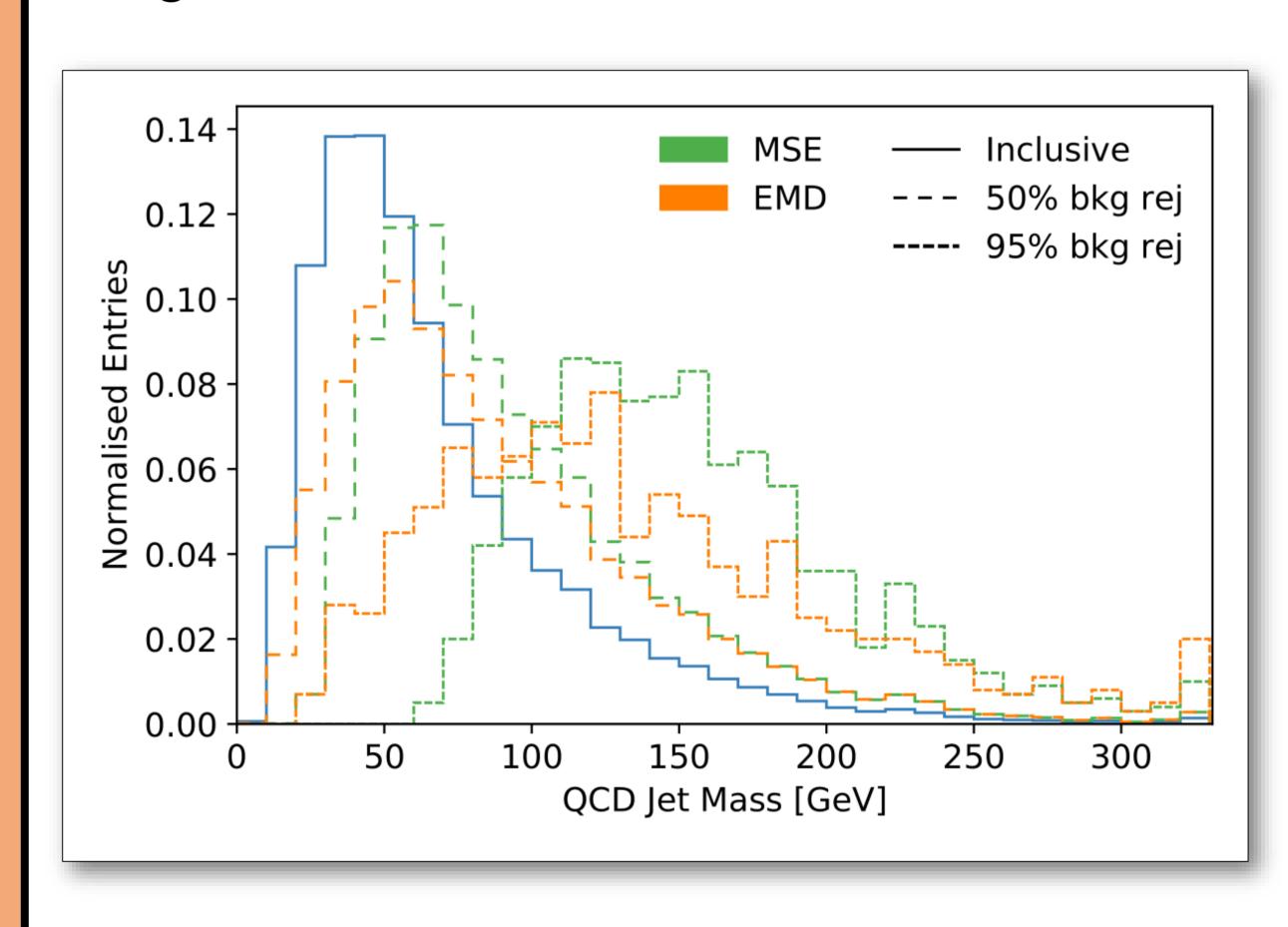
Reconstruction Performance

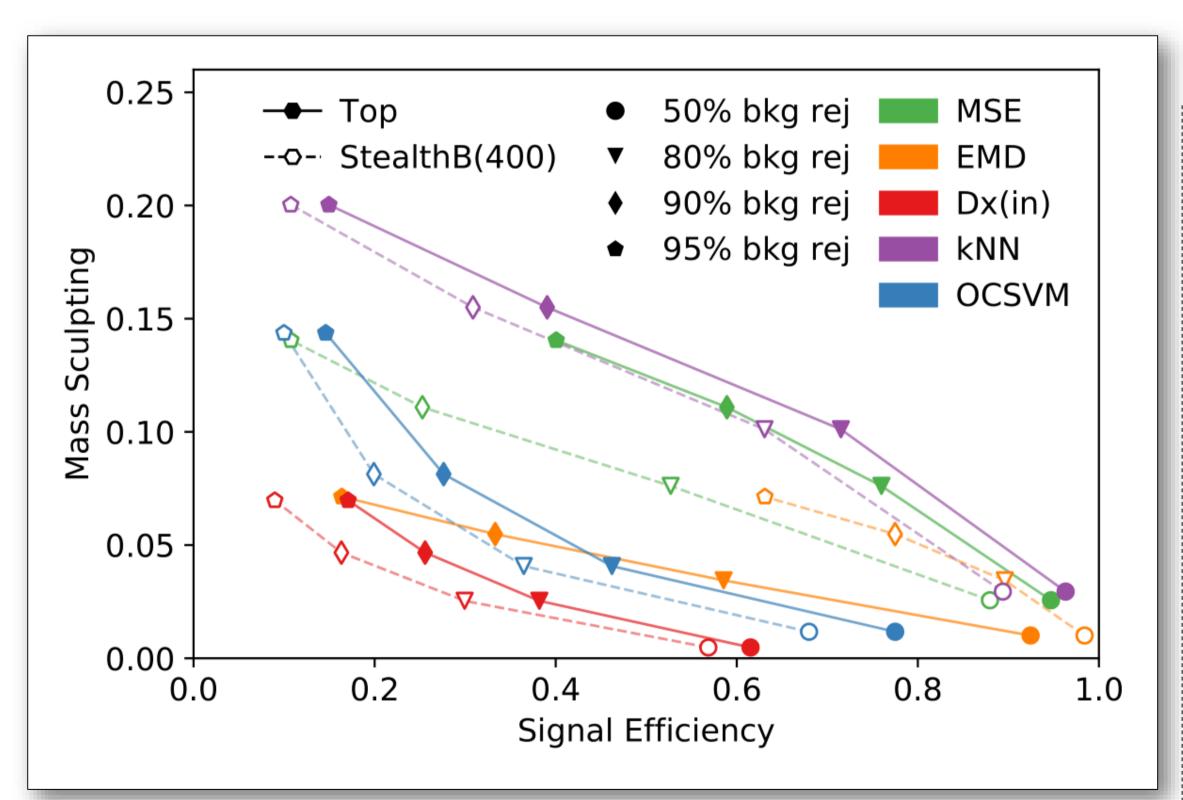


- Bump hunt to find new physics –
 Mass is key!
- Model able to reconstruct QCD mass well, reasonably captures
 Top+StealthBoson masses!
- Use learnt representation of QCD Define anomaly metrics Apply cuts Tag anomalies!
- Metrics computed in Observation space, Latent Space, + Discriminator loss

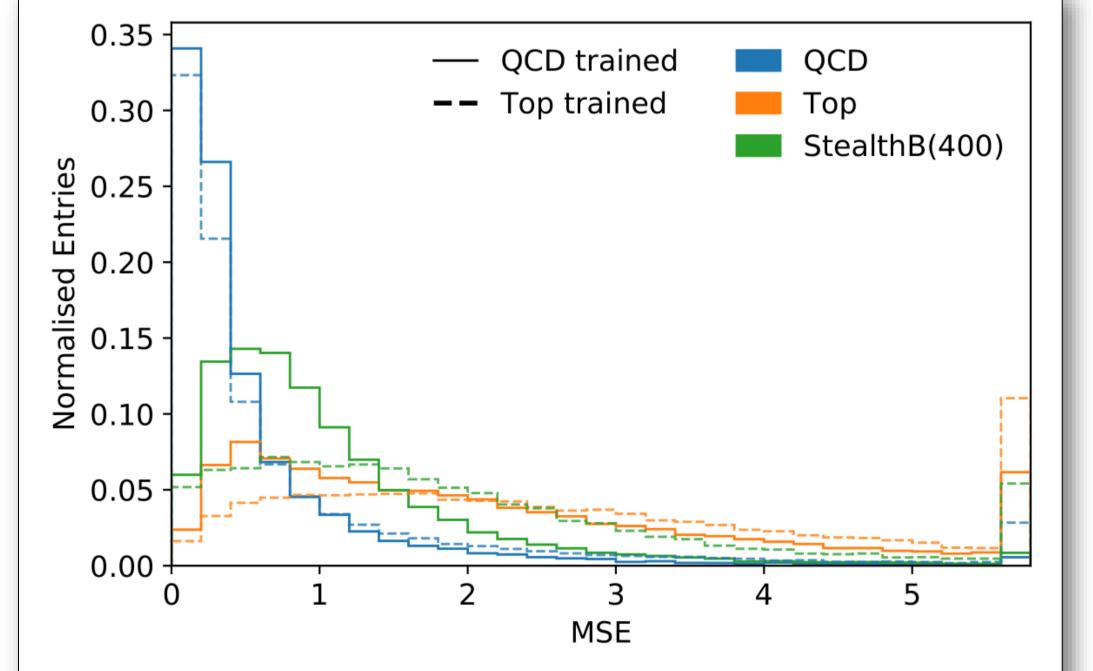
What happens when we cut on metrics?

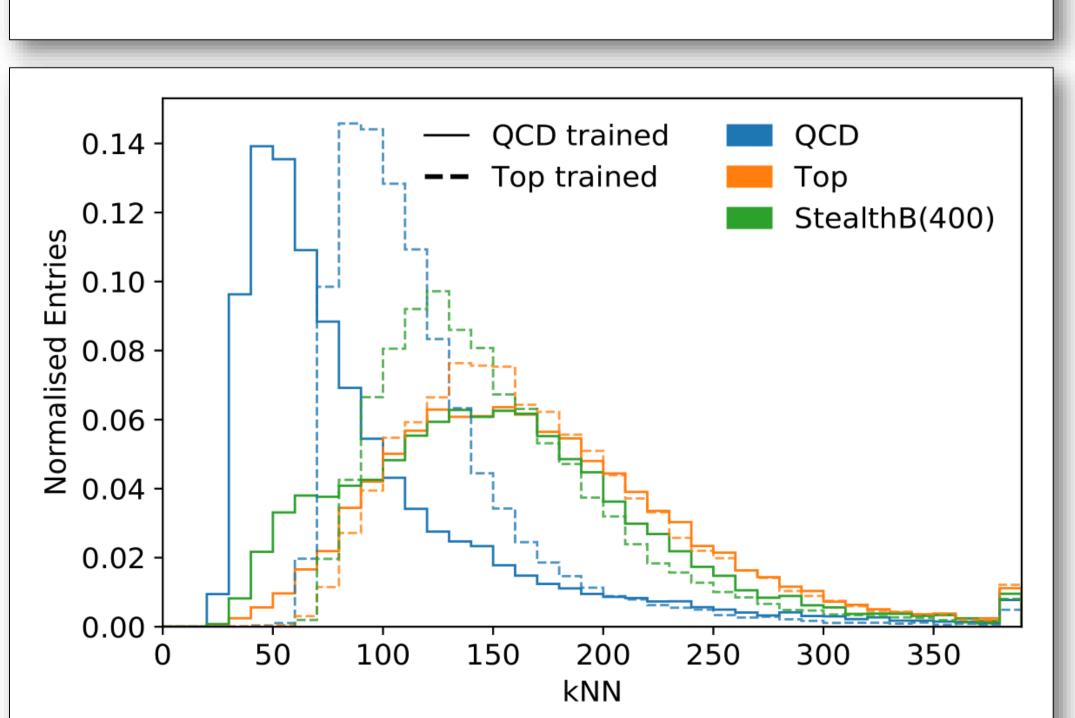
- METRICS SHOW HEAVY SCULPTING.
- Background tends to look like Signals at tight cuts!





 Sculpting vs Signal efficiency for all metrics studied – WITH HIGHER REJECTION COMES HIGHER SCULPTING!





Are we detecting anomalies? Or just picking up on mass?

- Train with Top (massive compared to QCD) – QCD still nominal!
- Similar trend in all metrics
- New Physics can be anywhere! – Need to be sensitive to a range of signals + performance decorrelated with mass.
- Similar checks required when considering new Anomaly Detection methods!