



MATT KNIGHT // MARC NEWLIN // BASTILLE NETWORKS

RADIO EXPLOITATION 101

CHARACTERIZING//CONTEXTUALIZING//CLASSIFYING RF ATTACKS

APPLICATIONS OF

SDR IN

SECURITY RESEARCH

OFFENSIVE WIRELESS TECHNIQUES

PHY & MAC LAYERS

WIRELESS THREAT TAXONOMY

Abridged from

DEF CON

WHO ARE THESE GUYS

► Matt Knight

- Software Engineer and Security Researcher @ **Bastille**
- Reverse engineered the LoRa wireless protocol in 2016
- BE & BA from Dartmouth

matt@Bastille.net
[@embeddedsec](https://twitter.com/embeddedsec)

► Marc Newlin

- Security Researcher @ **Bastille**
- Discovered **Mousejack** vulnerability in 2016
- Finished 3rd in DARPA Spectrum Challenge in 2012
- Finished 2nd in DARPA Shredder Challenge in 2010

marc@Bastille.net
[@marcnewlin](https://twitter.com/marcnewlin)

AGENDA

1. Historical retrospective of wired and wireless security tech development
2. Methods of Wireless Exploitation
 - ▶ Techniques, impact, and defenses
 - ▶ Analogues to wired networks
 - ▶ Examples and demos
3. How to apply this information



HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

EVOLUTION OF NETWORK SECURITY

Packet sniffing in the
1990s

Protocols:

802.3

802.5

\$8,000+ (in 1990s dollars)

NETWORK GENERAL PACKET SNIFFER

Installed on a Dolch lunchbox computer



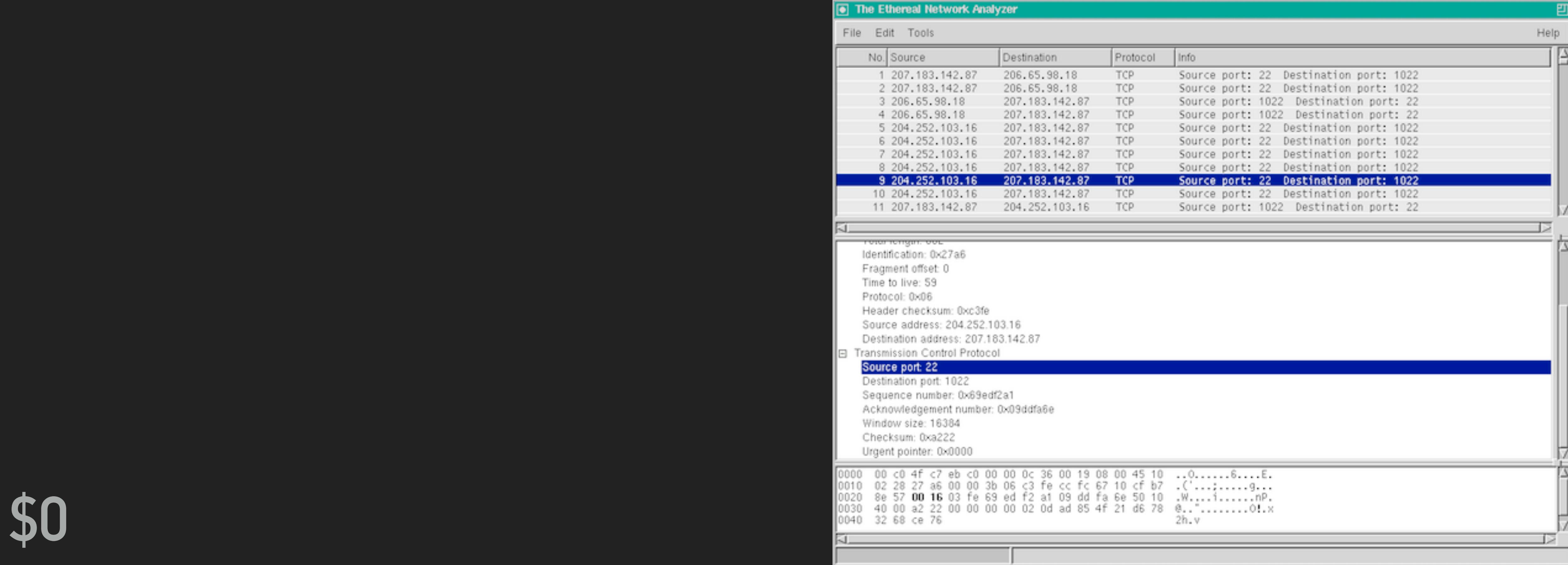


NETWORK GENERAL PACKET SNIFFER

Installed on a Dolch lunchbox computer

Packet sniffing in

1998



\$0

ETHEREAL // WIRESHARK



\$0

COMMONDAY

The Ethereal Network Analyzer

File Edit Tools

No.	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	207.183.142.87	206.65.98.18	TCP	Source port: 22 Destination port: 1022
2	207.183.142.87	206.65.98.18	TCP	Source port: 22 Destination port: 1022
3	206.65.98.18	207.183.142.87	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 22
4	206.65.98.18	207.183.142.87	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 22
5	207.183.142.87	206.65.98.18	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 22
6	207.183.142.87	207.183.142.87	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 1022
7	207.183.142.87	207.183.142.87	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 1022
8	207.183.142.87	207.183.142.87	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 1022
9	207.183.142.87	207.183.142.87	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 1022
10	207.183.142.87	204.252.103.16	TCP	Source port: 1022 Destination port: 22

Protocol: 0x0800
Header checksum: 0xc3fe
Source address: 207.183.142.87
Destination address: 207.183.142.87
Transmission Control Protocol
Source port: 22
Destination port: 1022
Sequence number: 0x69edf2a1
Acknowledgement number: 0x09ddfa6e
Window size: 16384
Checksum: 0xa222
Urgent pointer: 0x0000

0000	00 c0 4f c7 eb c0 00 00 0c 36 00 19 08 00 45 10	..0.....6....E.
0010	02 28 27 a6 00 00 3b 06 c3 fe cc fc 67 10 cf b7	.('.....9...
0020	8e 57 00 16 03 fe 69 ed f2 a1 09 dd fa 6e 50 10	.W...i.....NP.
0030	40 00 a2 22 00 00 00 02 0d ad 85 4f 21 d6 78	@.....0!X
0040	32 68 ce 76	2h.v

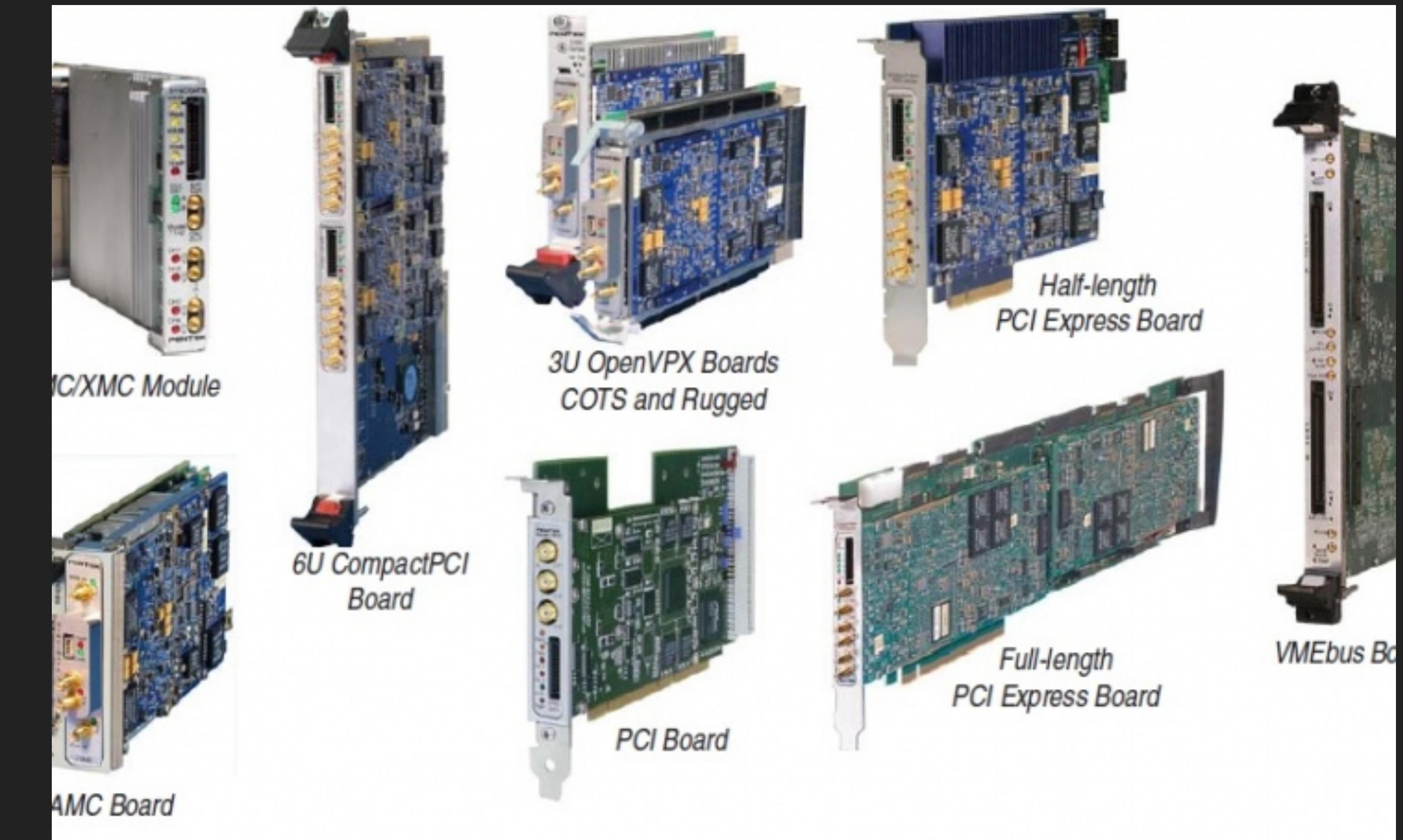
ETHEREAL // WIRESHARK

Packet sniffing since the
2000s

Protocols:

TONS OF WIRELESS

>>\$100K

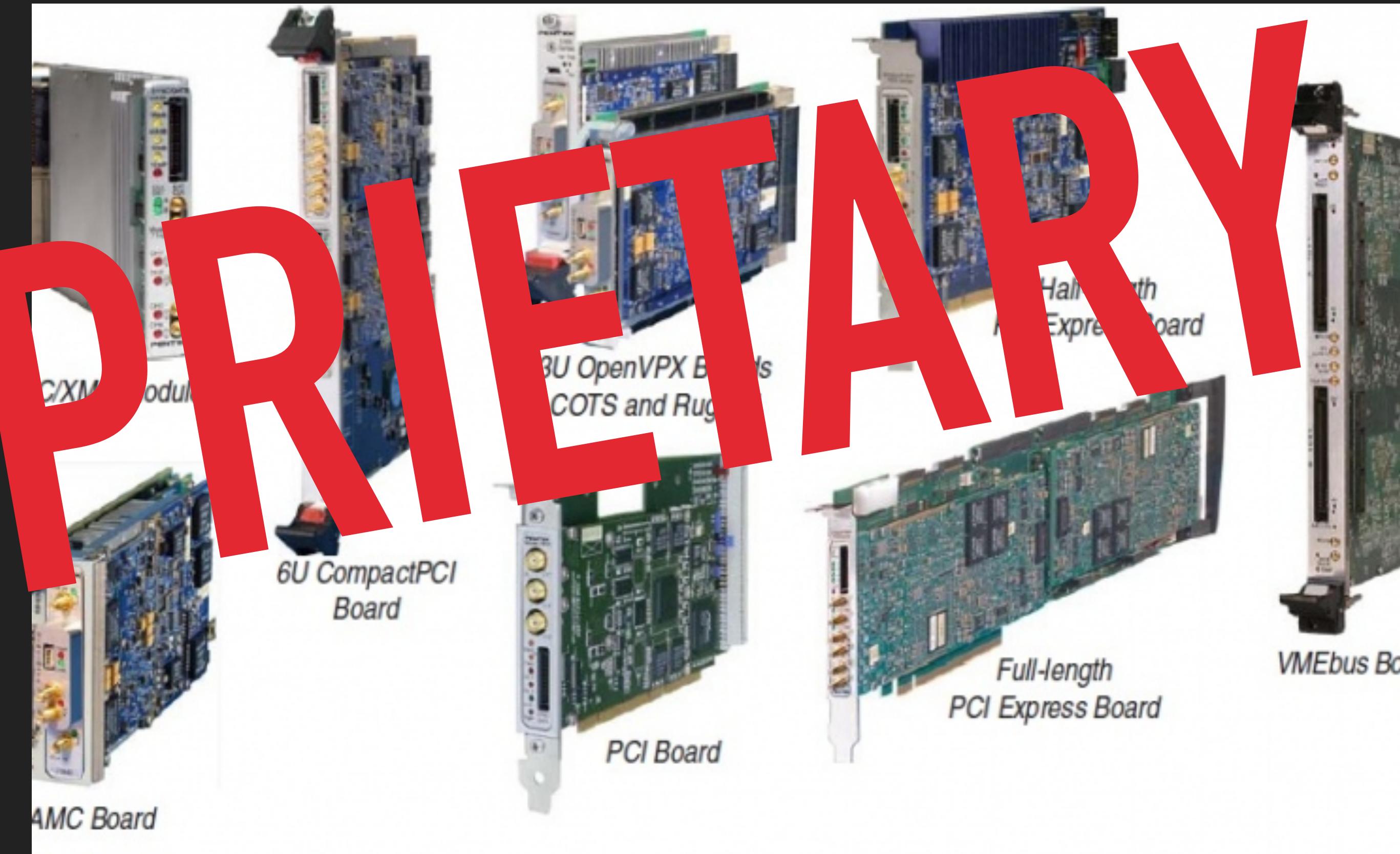


EARLY SDRS



>>\$100K

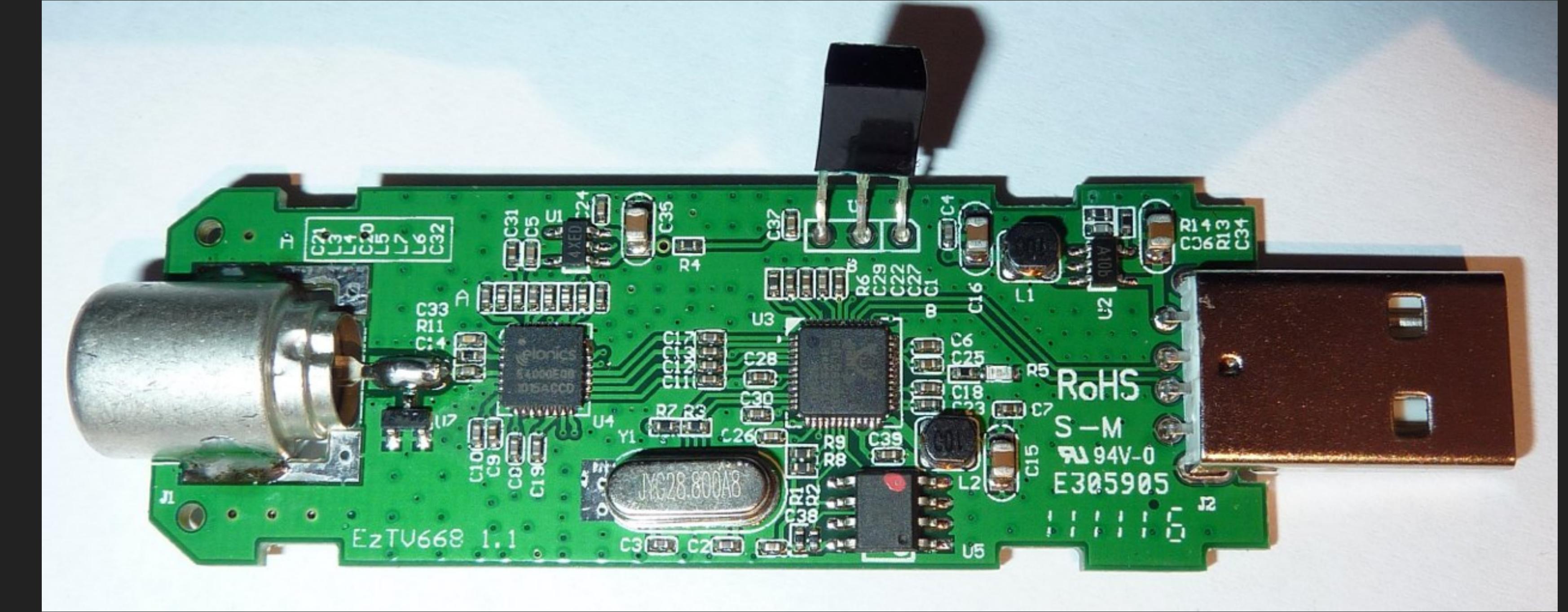
PROPRIETARY



EARLY SDRS

Wireless sniffing in

2012



\$8

RTL 2832 USB STICK

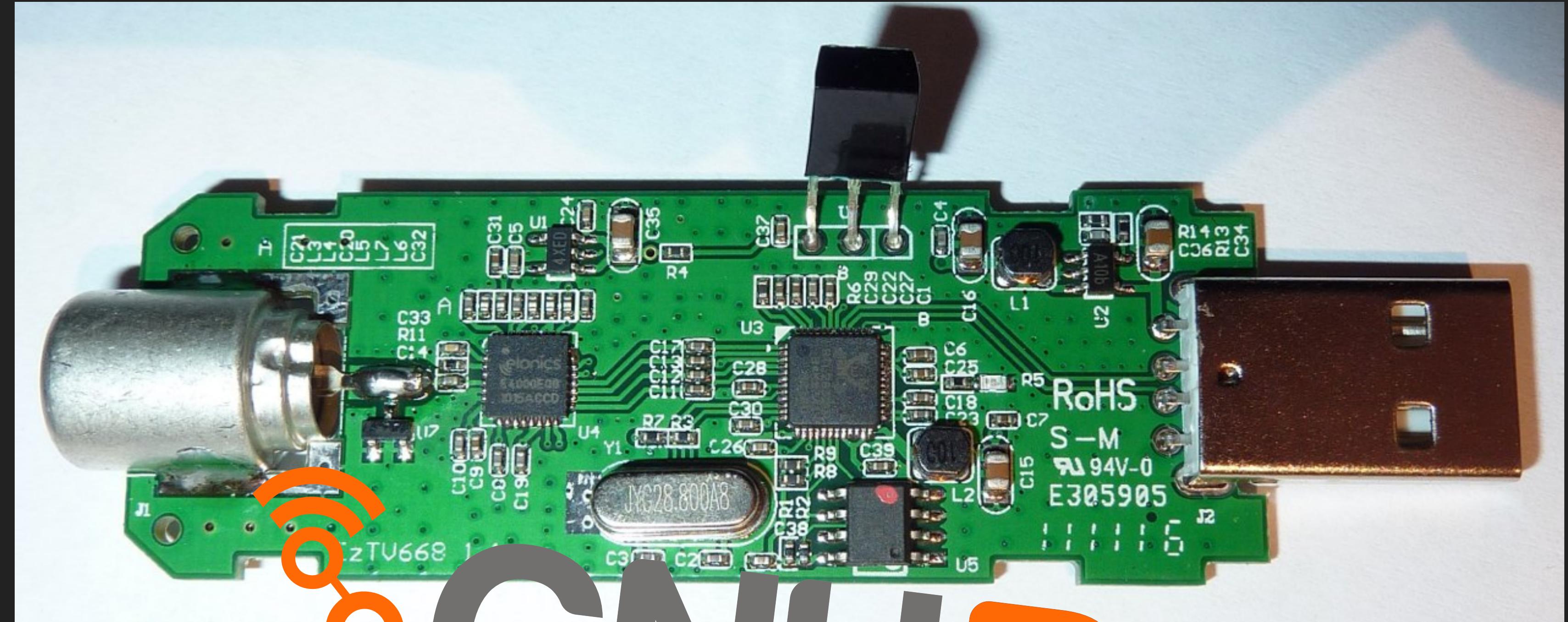
(not pictured: promiscuous mode driver)

\$8

RTL2832 USB STICK

+ Free Software

The logo for the GNURadio USB Stick. The word "GNURadio" is in large, bold, orange letters. Below it, "USB STICK" is written in large, bold, orange letters. A smaller line of text, "THE FREE & OPEN SOFTWARE RADIO ECOSYSTEM", is positioned between the two main words. Above the text, there is a graphic element consisting of three orange circles connected by lines, resembling a molecular or network structure. The background of the logo is black, and above it, a portion of a green printed circuit board (PCB) is visible, showing various components like resistors, capacitors, and a microcontroller labeled "zTU668".



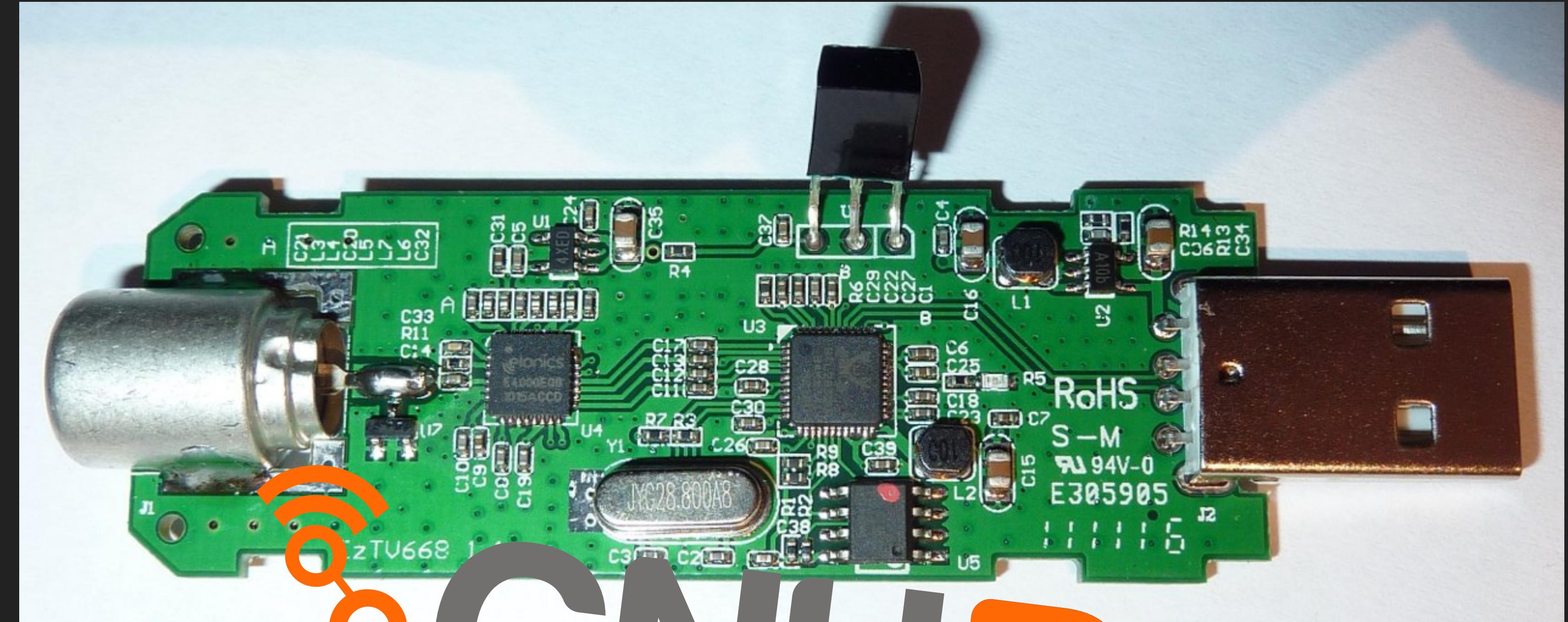


\$8

RTL 2832 USB STICK

+ Free Software

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Wireless sniffing in

2017



\$8 -> \$1150

ALL THE SDRS

+ Free Software



GNU Radio

THE FREE & OPEN SOFTWARE RADIO ECOSYSTEM

https://www.ettus.com/content/images/USR_B200mini_Front_Diagonal_Large.png

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https://cdn.itead.cc/media/catalog/product/i/m/im141027001_5_1.jpg

<https://cdn.sparkfun.com/assets/partsparts/9/9/5/3/13001-04.jpg>

<https://www.ettus.com/product/details/UB210-KIT>

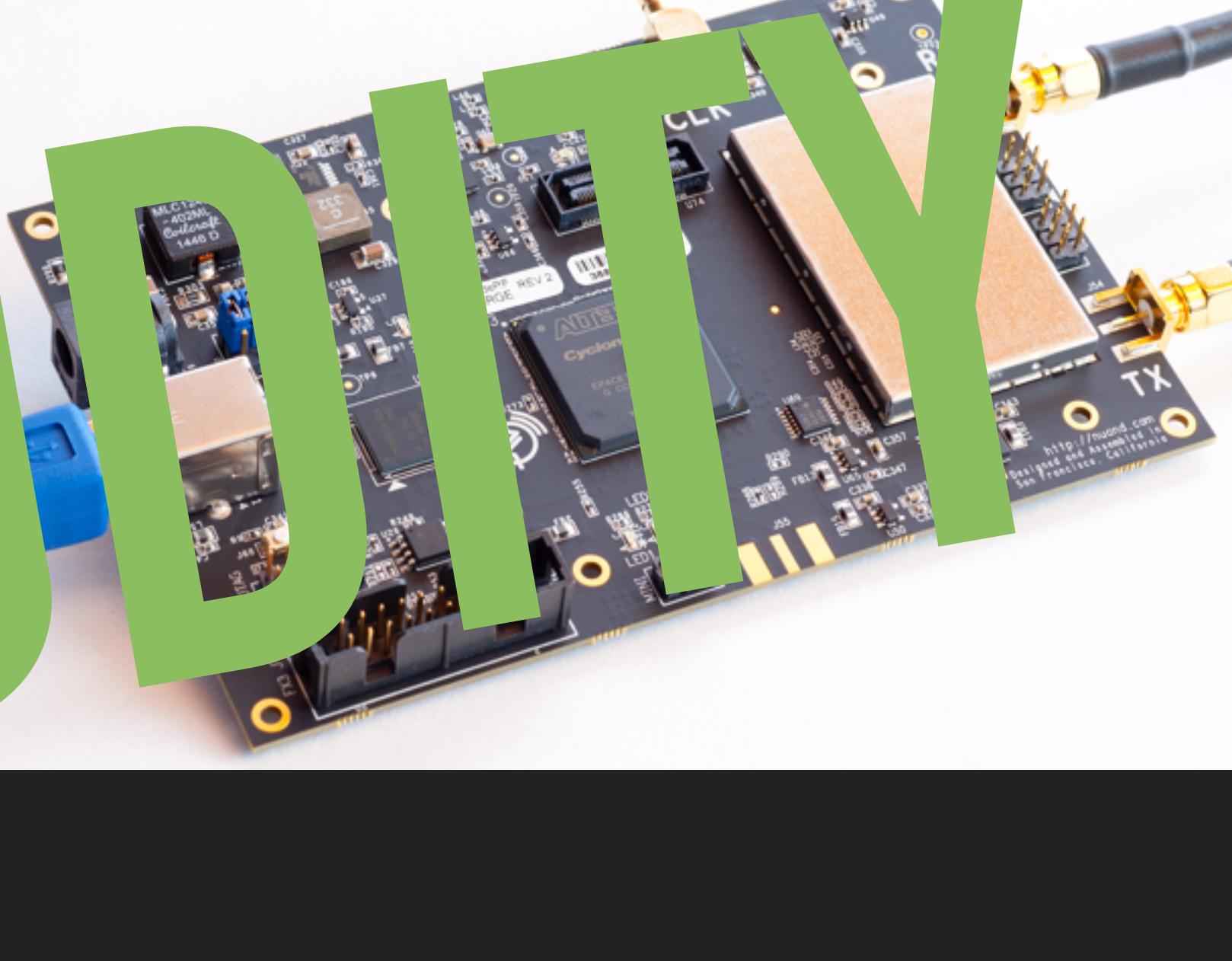
<https://www.nuand.com/blog/wp-content/uploads/2013/05/DSC0063.png>



\$8 -> \$1150

ALL THE SDRS

+ Free Software



COMMODITY



GNU Radio

THE FREE & OPEN SOFTWARE RADIO ECOSYSTEM

https://www.ettus.com/content/images/USRP_B200mini_Front_Diagonal_Large.png

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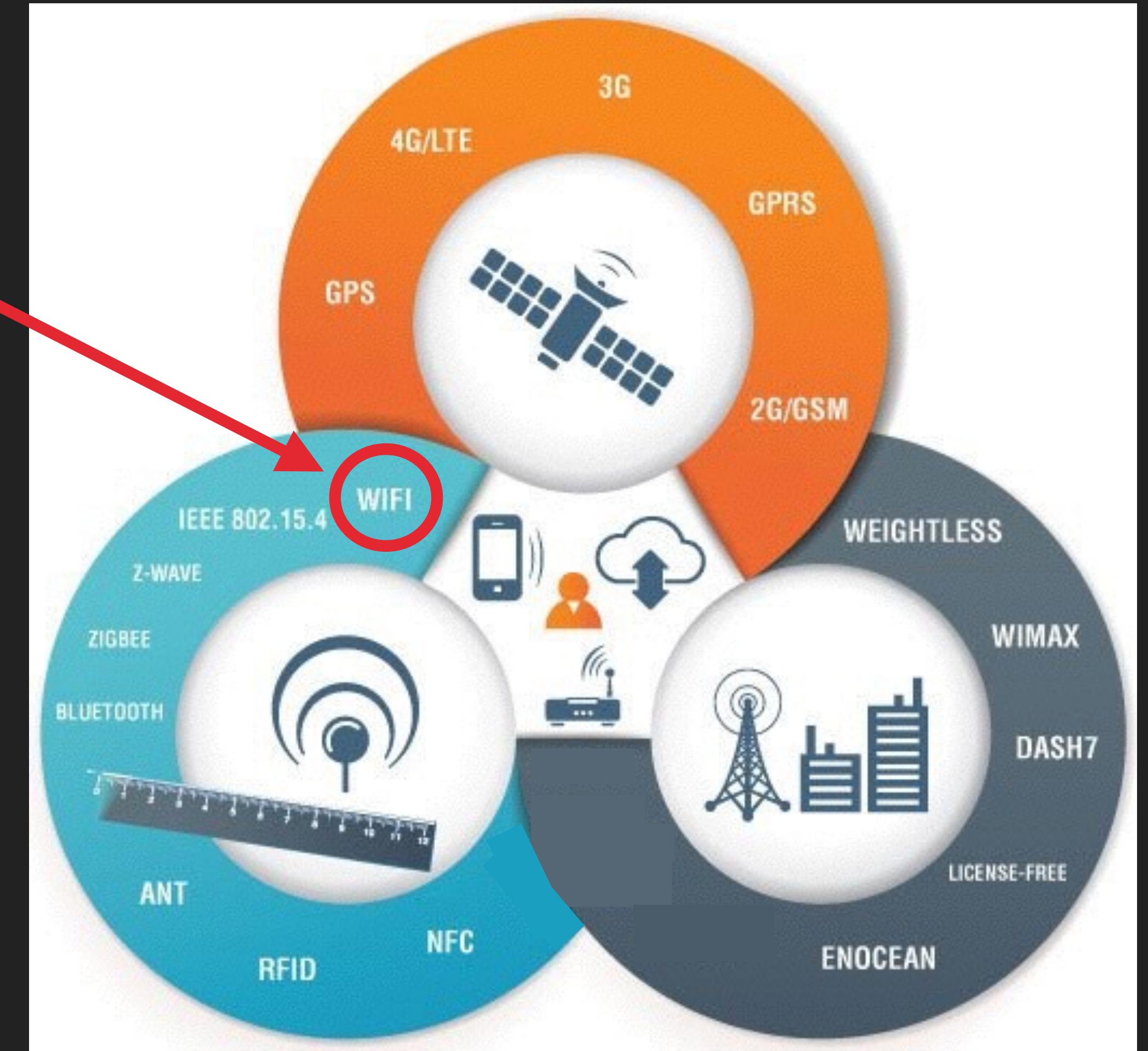
<https://cdn.sparkfun.com/assets/part/9/9/5/3/13001-04.jpg>

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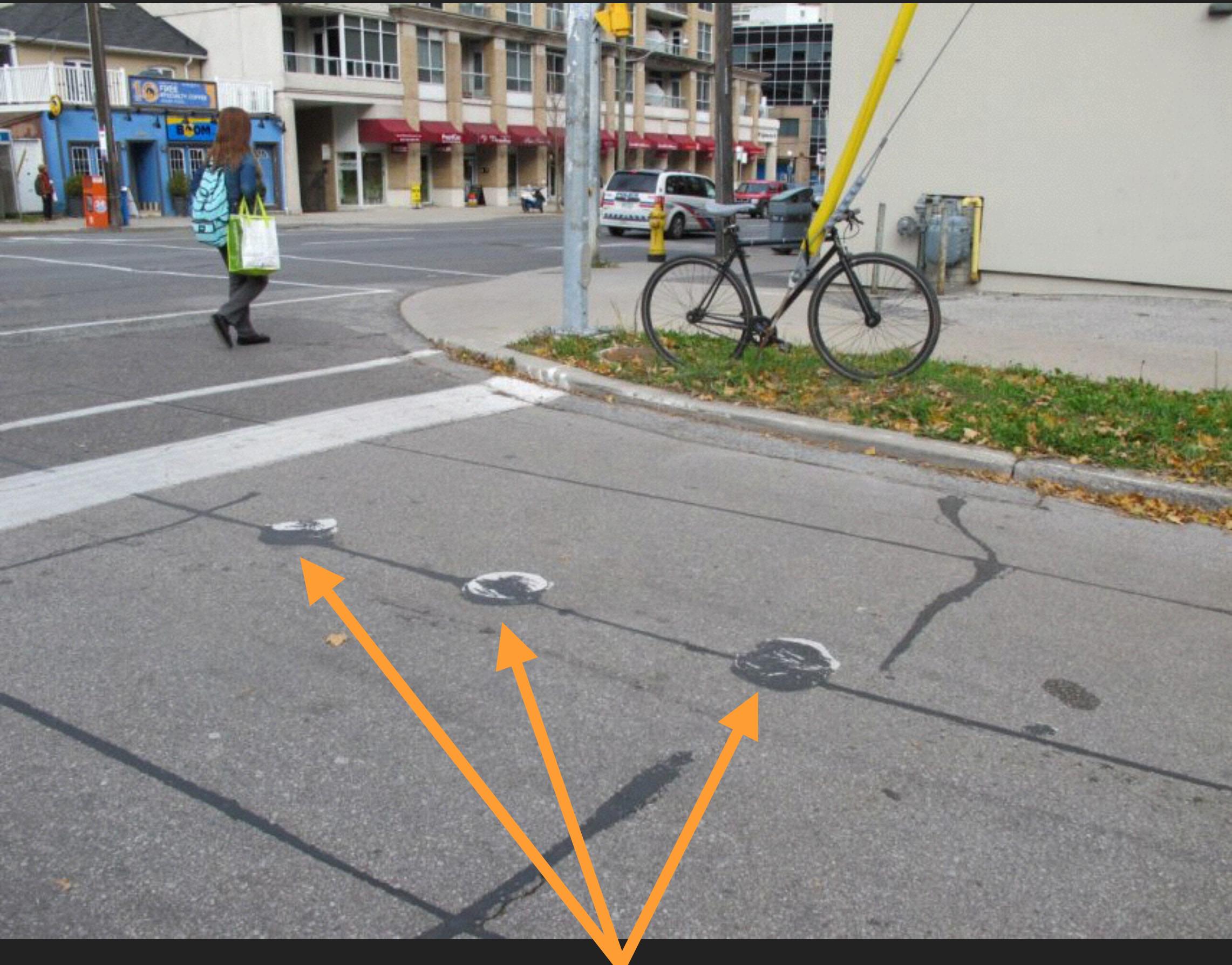
WIRELESS IN 2017

- ▶ 802.11 is just one piece of the puzzle
- ▶ Explosion of IoT and Mobile means...
- ▶ There's a PHY for **every use case**
- ▶ Embedded systems are **everywhere**



EMBEDDED == DESIGN BY COMPROMISE

(or is it Compromised by Design?)



Literal embedded systems

- ▶ Battery powered
- ▶ Limited user interaction
- ▶ Lack of crypto
- ▶ Unsuitable pipes for firmware updates
- ▶ Performance, UX, cost, and delivery are more important than best practices

Industry reliance on

SECURITY THROUGH OBSCURITY

means...

[PIÑATAS]

CLASSIFYING RF ATTACK METHODS

METHODS OF EXPLOITATION

CLASSIFYING RF ATTACK METHODS

- ▶ For each attack category, we'll show:
 1. Method: **how** the attack is performed
 2. Impact: **what** the attack enables
 3. Analogue: **equivalent attack** on wired/IP network, if one exists
 4. Limitations: **mitigations**, whether incidental or intentional
 5. Example: **relevant examples** of this type of attack
 6. Proof: **demo**

RF ATTACK CATEGORIES

1. Sniffing
2. Wardriving
3. Replay
4. Jamming
 - 4.1. Smart Jamming
 - 4.2. MAC Layer Reservation
5. Evil Twin
6. Firmware Updates
7. PHY Layer Targeting

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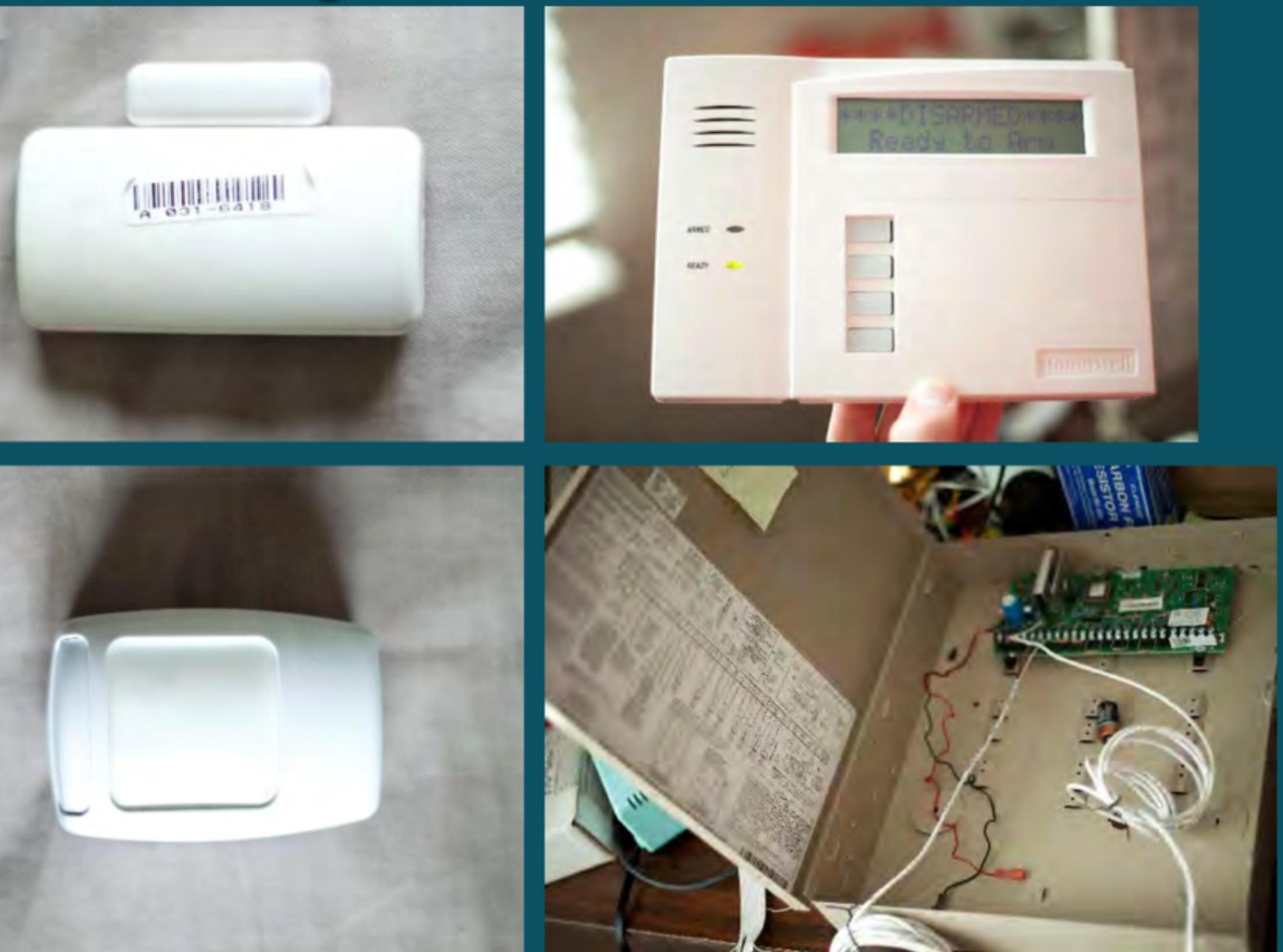
DENIAL OF SERVICE // NETWORK STATE DISRUPTION

JAMMING

JAMMING OVERVIEW

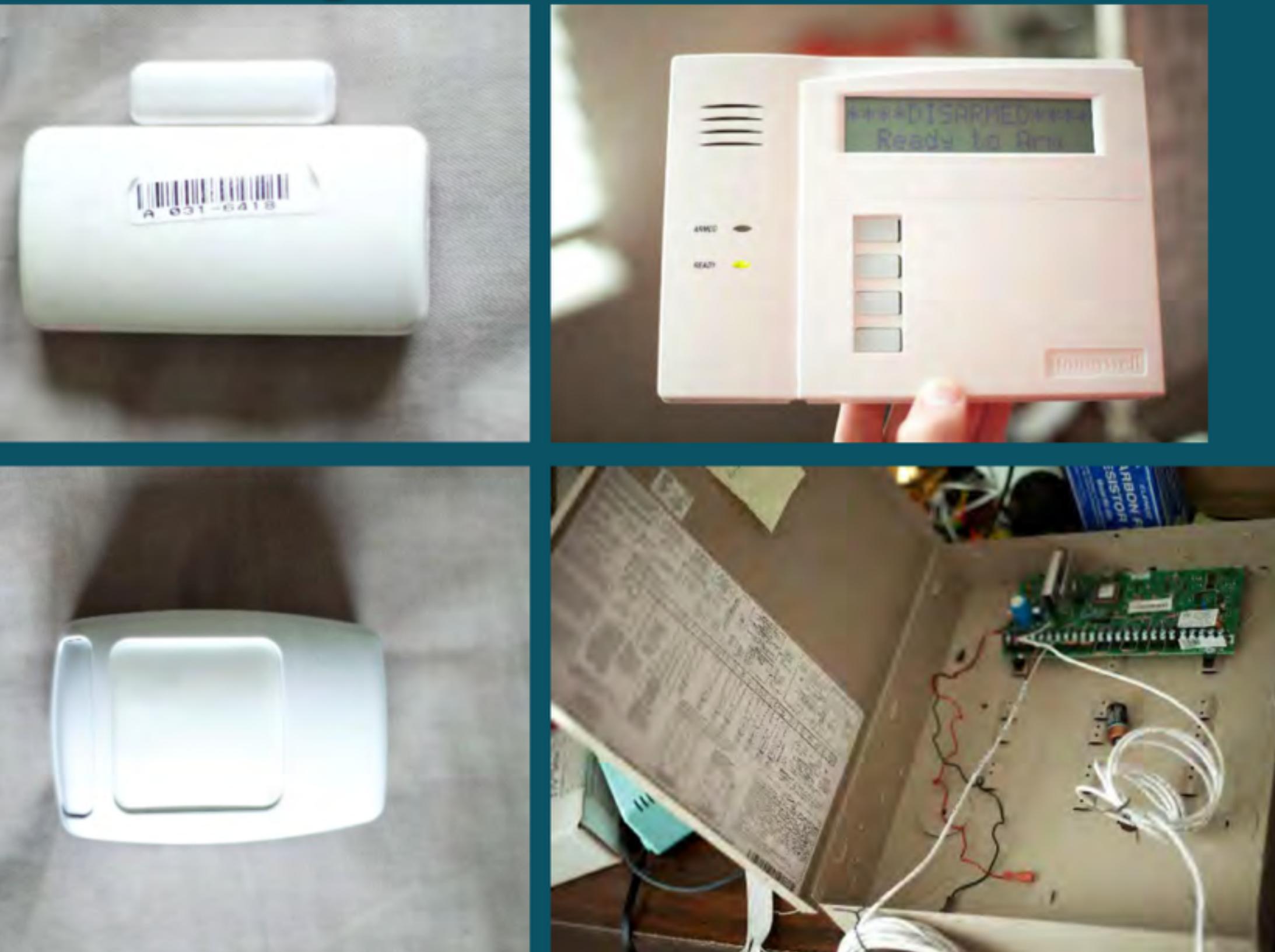
- ▶ Method
 - ▶ **Transmit** noise or conflicting traffic within target network's RF channel (same frequency)
- ▶ Impact
 - ▶ Blocks traffic on network
 - ▶ Network state disruption
- ▶ Wired Analogue
 - ▶ Denial of Service

JAMMING APPLIED



- ▶ Limitations
- ▶ Jam detection mechanisms
- ▶ Self-denial: difficult to simultaneously jam and monitor network traffic
- ▶ Example
- ▶ Home security system jamming

JAMMING DEMO



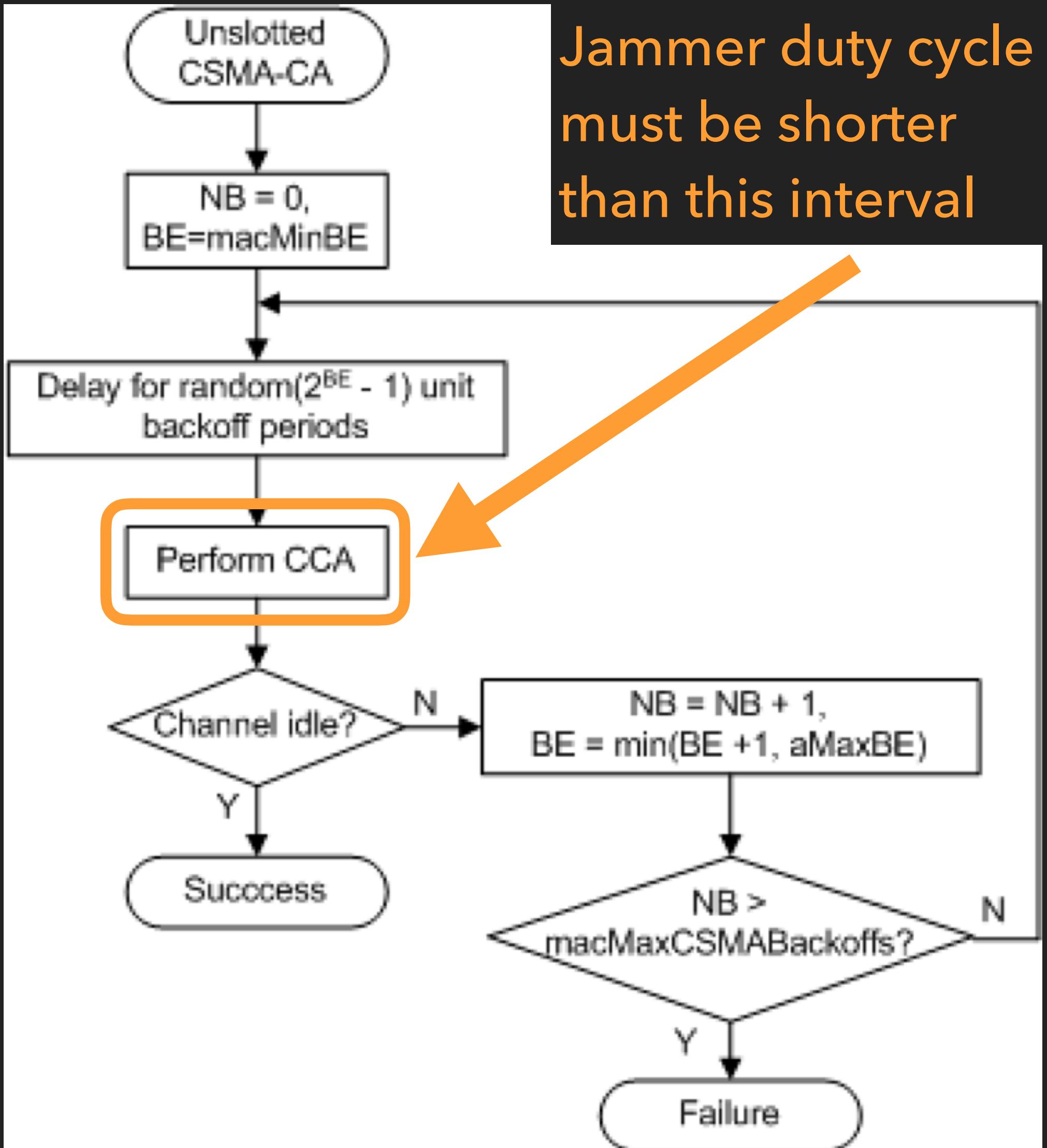
- ▶ Honeywell home security system
- ▶ 345 MHz on-off keying protocol
- ▶ Transmit **wideband noise** at 345 MHz
- ▶ Device **jam detection** mechanisms will detect after several seconds, so...

EVADING DETECTION 😊

SMART JAMMING

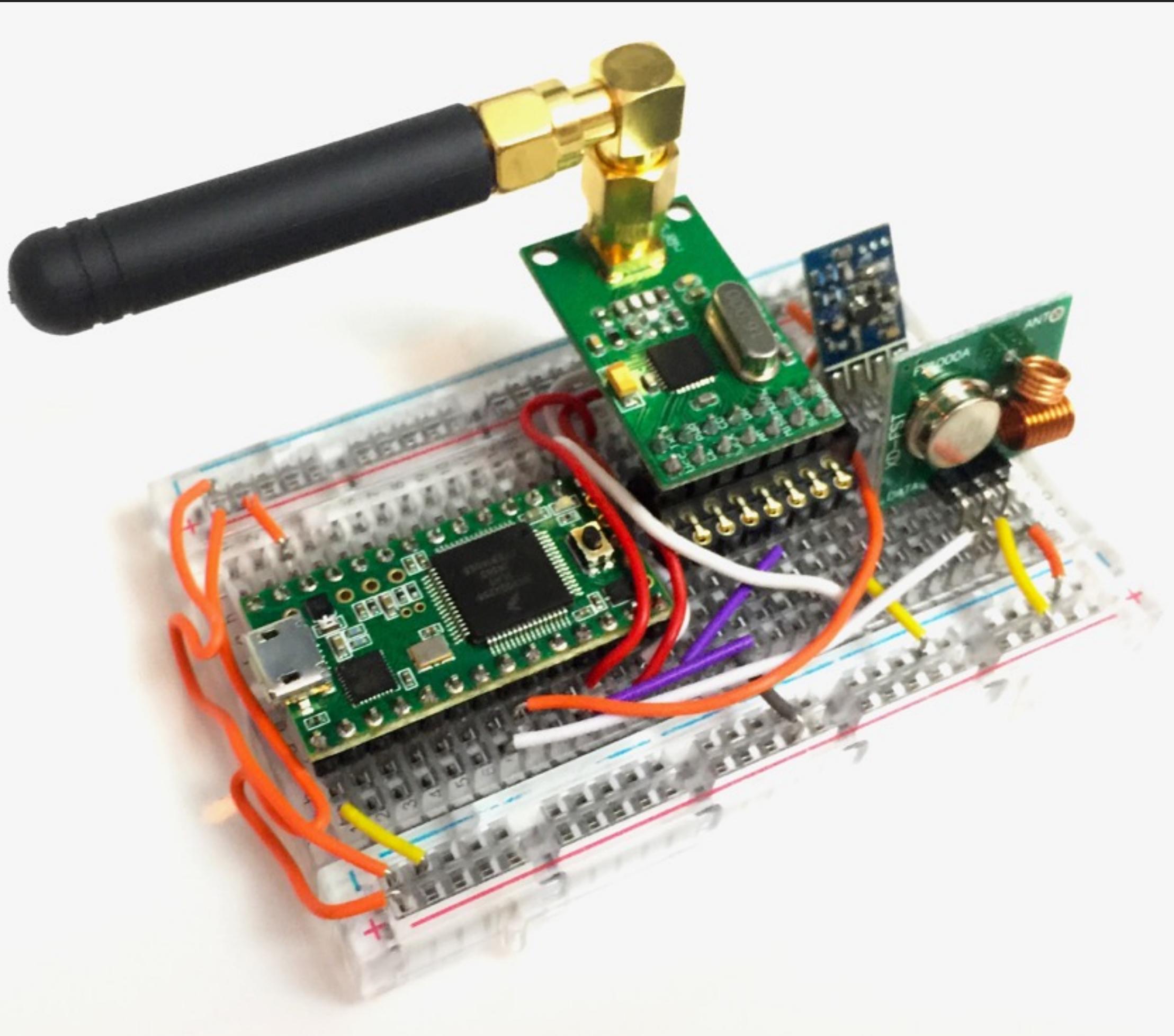
DUTY CYCLED JAMMING

- ▶ Problem: Hardware radios implement “clear channel” detection features to avoid talking over other radios
- ▶ Polling CCA is a zero marginal cost jam detector
- ▶ Solution: pulse jammer on and off at appropriate rate to evade jam detection functions
- ▶ Examples: Matt’s done this to defeat 802.15.4 jam detection, but doesn’t know of any public examples



Jammer duty cycle
must be shorter
than this interval

REFLEXIVE JAMMING



- ▶ Problem: Continuously jamming makes offensive network monitoring hard
- ▶ Jamming denies both the attacker and the defender
- ▶ Solution: detect beginning of frame and **reflexively jam** to target either specific packets or trailing checksums
- ▶ Examples: Samy Kamkar's RollJam (left), reflexive jamming built into Killerbee// 802.15.4 ApiMote

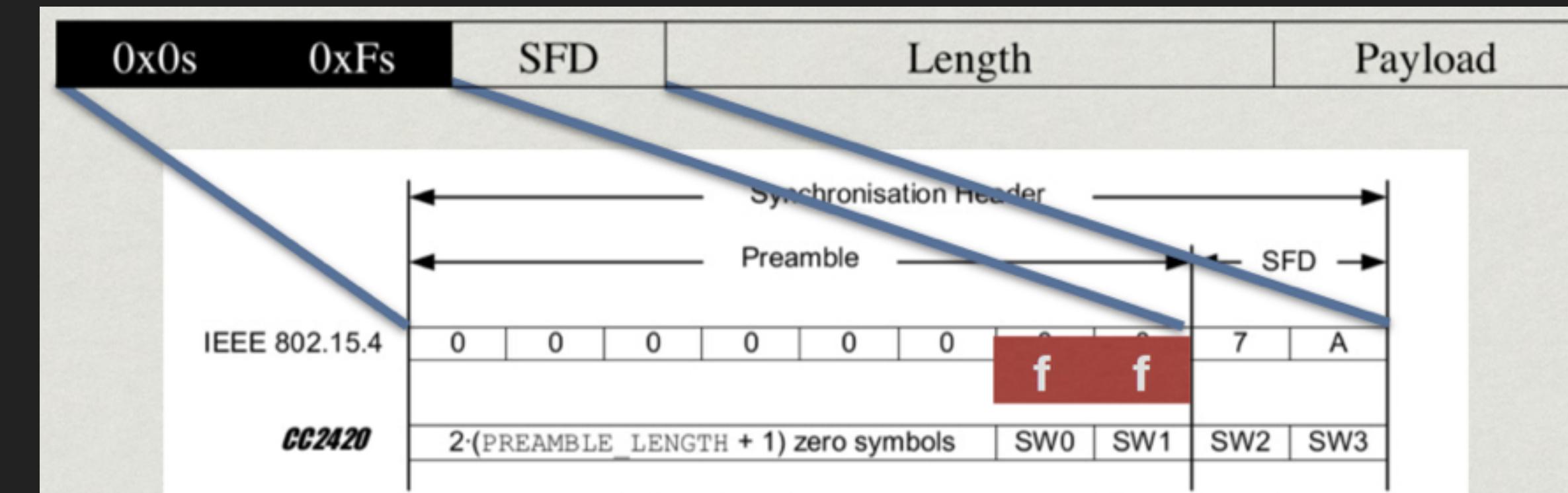


ESCALATION // IDS EVASION // DEVICE FINGERPRINTING

PHY LAYER SELECTIVE TARGETING

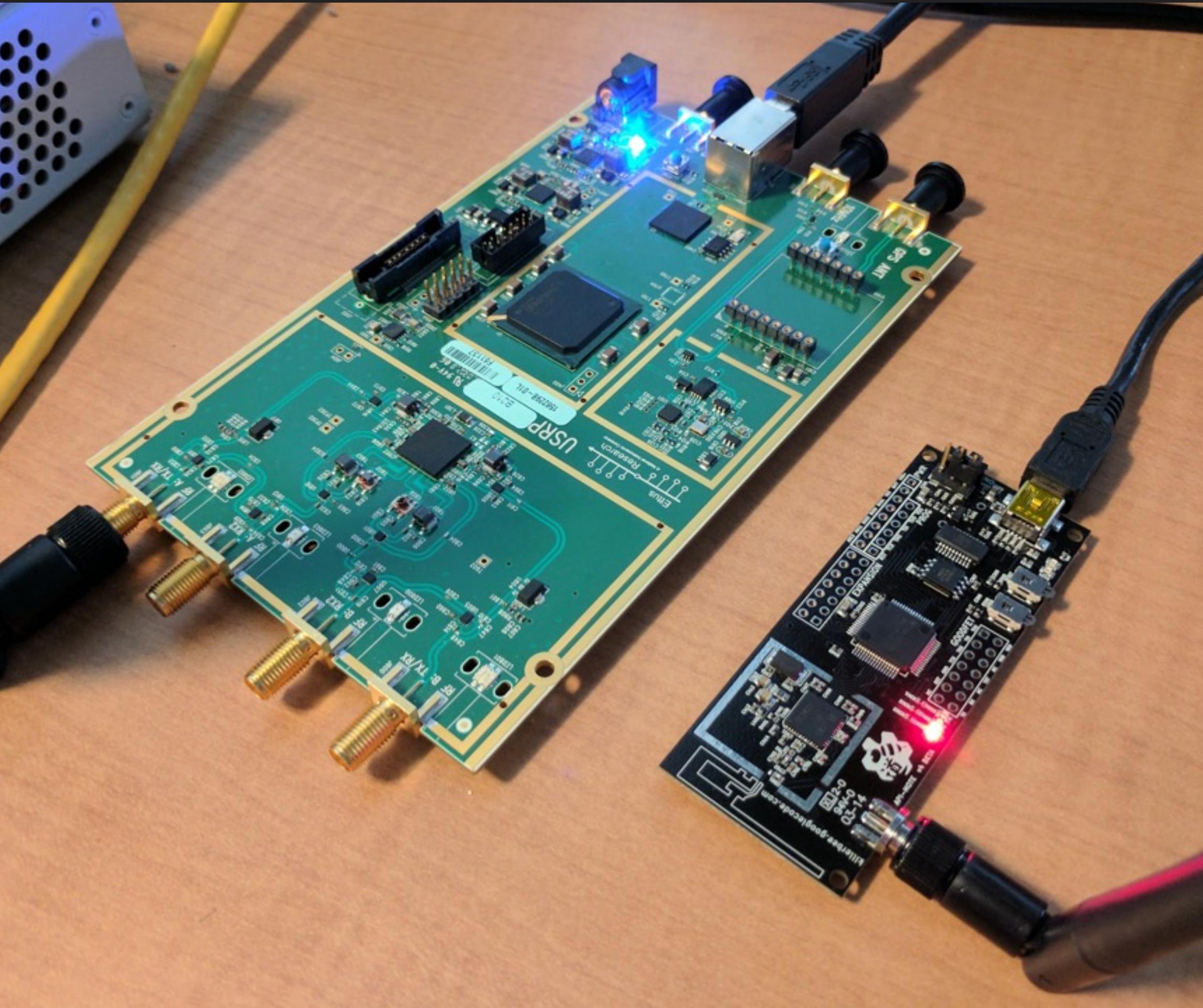
PHY SELECTIVE TARGETING OVERVIEW

- ▶ Method
 - ▶ Chipsets implement PHY standards differently – various degrees of error tolerance
 - ▶ Send standards-noncompliant transmissions that exploit corner cases in specific PHY state machines



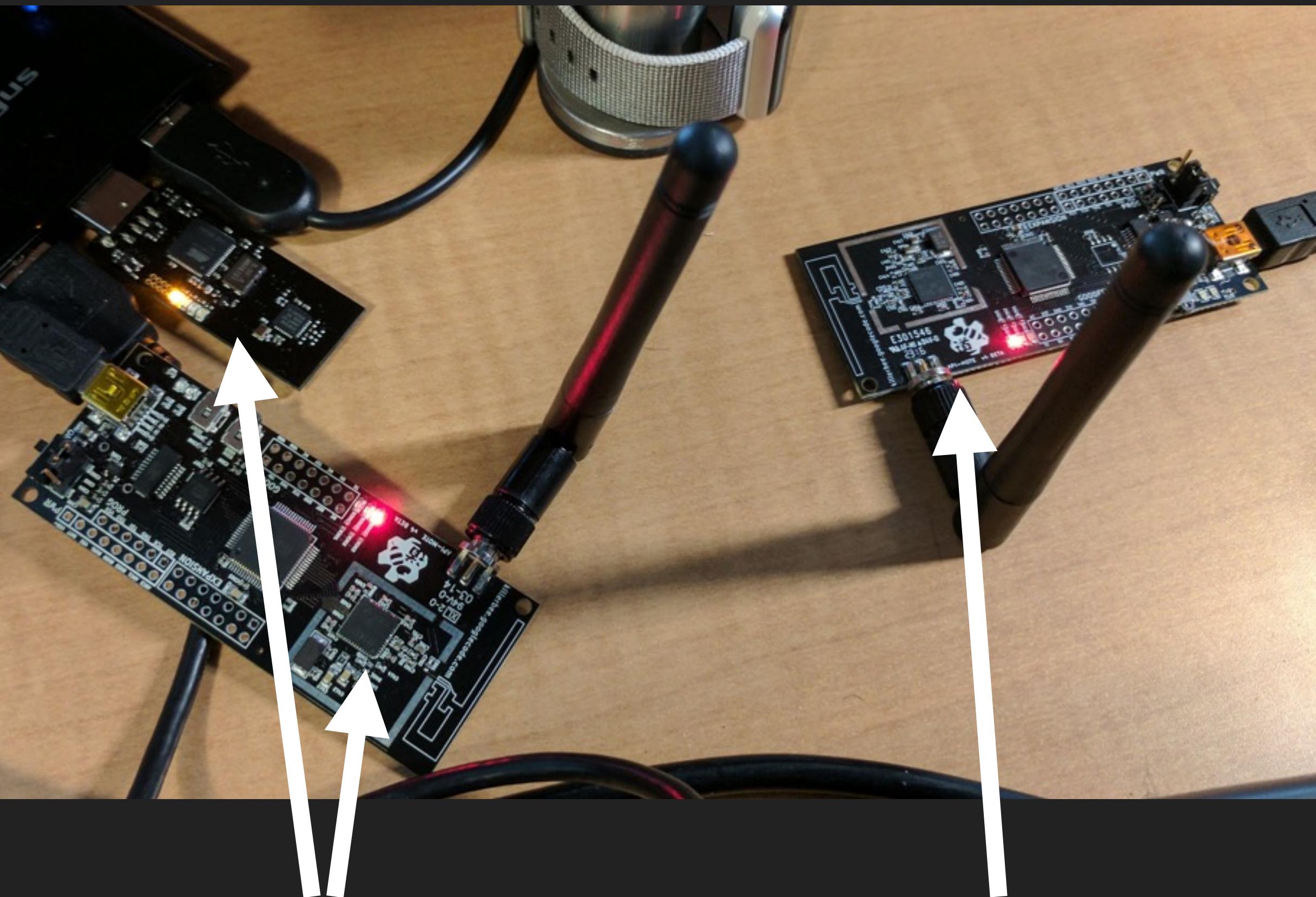
- ▶ Impact
 - ▶ Targeted receiver evasion (IDS evasion)
 - ▶ Device fingerprinting
 - ▶ Wired Analogue
 - ▶ Same (demonstrated on 802.3 chipsets)
 - ▶ Far more practical in RF domain

Preamble	RZUSB Observed	ApiMote Observed
00 00 00 00	672	1000
00 00 00 ff	991	0
00 00 ff ff	990	0
00 ff ff ff	855	1
ff ff ff ff	4	0



PHY SELECTIVE TARGETING APPLIED

- ▶ Limitations
- ▶ Network participants must be on different chipsets
- ▶ Not all chipsets are vulnerable
- ▶ Example
- ▶ 802.15.4 receiver evasion

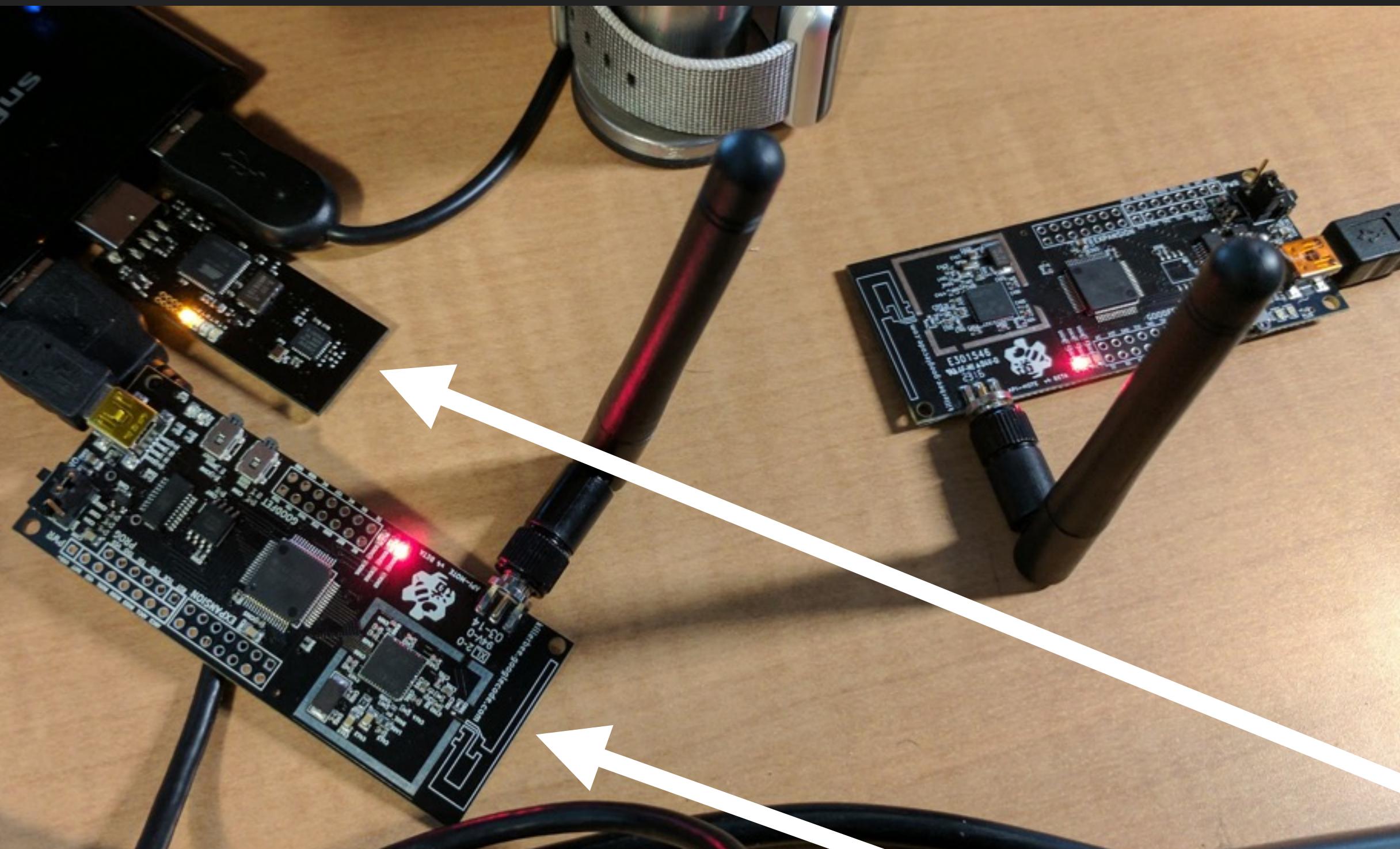


Receivers

Transmitter

PHY SELECTIVE TARGETING DEMO

- ▶ Selectively evasive 802.15.4 packets
- ▶ Transmitter: ApiMote w/ CC2420
- ▶ Receivers: ApiMote w/ CC2420
RZUSB stick w/ AT86RF230
- ▶ Both receivers receive everything, until they don't... 😊



PHY SELECTIVE TARGETING DEMO

- ▶ 802.15.4 preamble and SFD:
 - ▶ 0x00000000A7: 4 0x00s + 1 0xA7
- ▶ What if we screw with this?
 - ▶ 0x00000000FFA7: extra symbols in preamble
 - ▶ 0x000000A7: short preamble

CHARACTERIZING WIRELESS ATTACK METHODS

CONCLUSIONS

WIRELESS ATTACK METHODS SUMMARY

	Analogue	Complexity	Ease of Mitigation
Sniffing	Unique!	Easy	Hard
Wardriving	Port Scanning	Easy	Hard
Replay	[same]	Easy	Moderate
Jamming	Denial of Service	Easy	Hard
Link Layer Congestion	Unique!	Moderate	Moderate
Evil Twin	ARP Spoofing	Hard	Moderate
Firmware Attack	Malware	Hard	Moderate
PHY Abuse	[same]	Hard	Hard

NON-EXHAUSTIVE LIST

[OBVIOUSLY]

AS ATTACKERS...

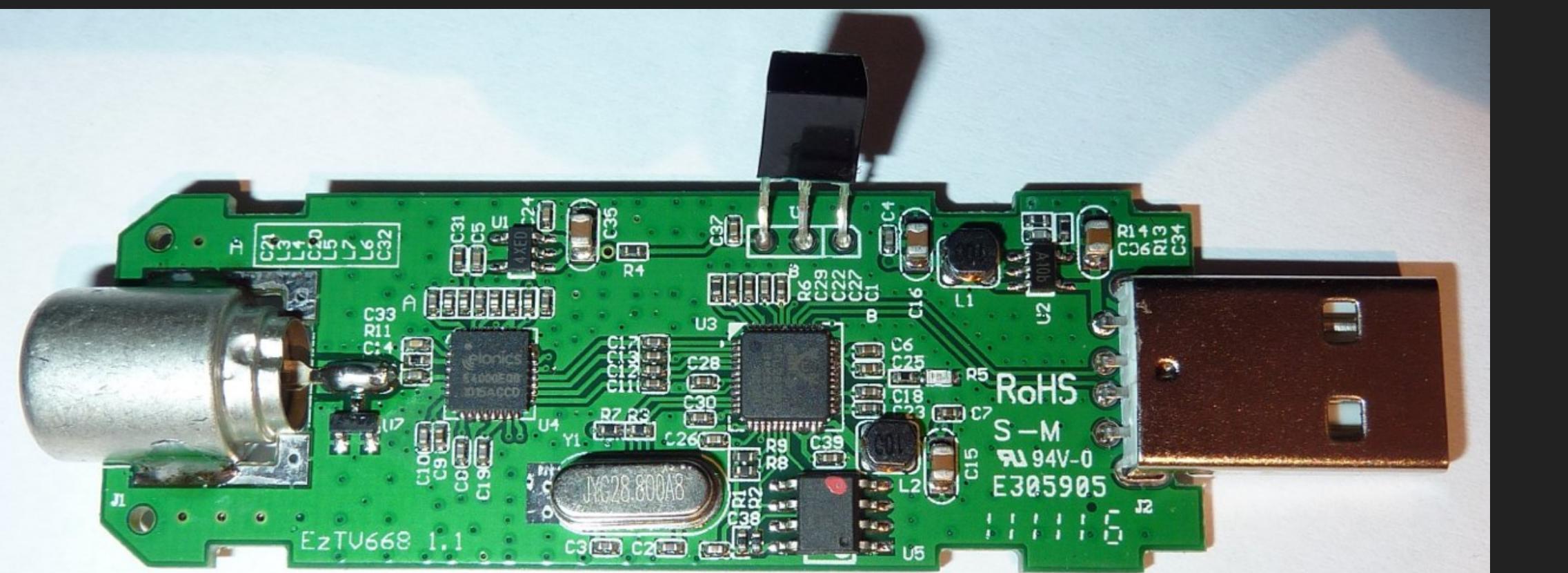
- ▶ Look for **low-hanging fruit** first
- ▶ Unencrypted comms, replay attacks, cleartext key exchanges, etc.
- ▶ Complexity goes up in a hurry
- ▶ Lean on your existing wired/IP network skill set
- ▶ Analogues exist!

AS ATTACKERS... CONTINUED

- ▶ Leverage Open Source Intelligence (OSINT):
 - ▶ FCC regulatory filings
 - ▶ Data sheets
- ▶ It will make your life easy
- ▶ Marc gave an entire talk on this at HITB2016AMS

AS DEVELOPERS...

- ▶ This is the Golden Age of RF Hacking
- ▶ Software Defined Radio has been commodity for >5 years
- ▶ Every RF PHY is in scope now



**TIME TO OWN
YOUR AIRWAVES**

ADDITIONAL RADIO RESOURCES

- ▶ “So You Want to Hack Radios” series (all about RF Physical Layers)
 - ▶ Shmoocon: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L3udJnRe4vc>
 - ▶ Troopers: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OFRwqpH9zAQ>
 - ▶ HITB2017AMS Commsec: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QeoGQwT0Z1Y>
- ▶ Matt’s LoRa research
 - ▶ 33c3: https://media.ccc.de/v/33c3-7945-decoding_the_lora_phy
- ▶ Marc’s OSINT techniques
 - ▶ HITB2016AMS Commsec: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JUAiav674D8>
- ▶ Dallas siren attack research
 - ▶ White paper: <https://www.bastille.net/blogs/2017/4/17/dallas-siren-attack>

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- ▶ Balint and Logan from **Bastille**'s Threat Research Team
- ▶ **Bastille** at large
- ▶  **GNURadio** community!
THE FREE & OPEN SOFTWARE RADIO ECOSYSTEM



THANKS

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QUESTIONS?

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