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Tutorial 2: Income Inequality

I. Income Distributions

- 1. Open the dataset "dataset1_s10.dta" in Stata and merge it with "deciles1 s10.dta".
- 2. What is the difference between wage and income?
- 3. Why is it reasonable to consider **equivalent incomes** in income comparisons?
- 4. Plot the income distribution of India using a **histogram** with 30 bins.
- 5. Plot the same distribution using **kernel density estimation**.
- 6. Plot the income distribution of India by sex.

II. Measurement of Income Inequality

- 1. Compare the **top decile income shares** of India and South Africa.
- 2. Plot the **Lorenz curves** for India and South Africa and add a 45° line. How does the notion of **Lorenz dominance** apply in this setting?
- 3. What is the **Gini coefficient**?
- 4. What is the **Theil index**?

5. Calculate the Gini coefficient and the Theil index for India and South Africa.

III. Concentration Curve

- 1. What is the difference between a **Lorenz** curve and a **concentration** curve?
- 2. Plot the concentration curve of equivalent income with respect to household income for India.
- 3. Plot the concentration curve and the Lorenz curve for India in one figure. Explain the result.

IV. Income Transfers

- 1. What is the income of the richest person in India? What is the income of the poorest person in India?
- 2. **Transfer** an amount of \$1,000 per person from the richest decile to the second richest decile in India. How do the Gini coefficient and the Theil index respond to the transfer?
- 3. Explain how the Lorenz curve responds to the transfer.