Utilitarianism

the best for the most



George Matthews, Pennsylvania College of Technology

2020

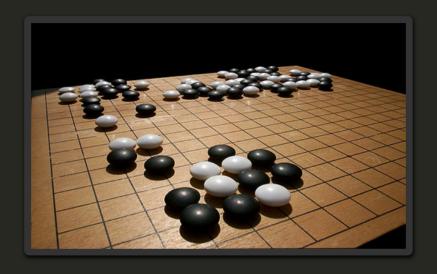


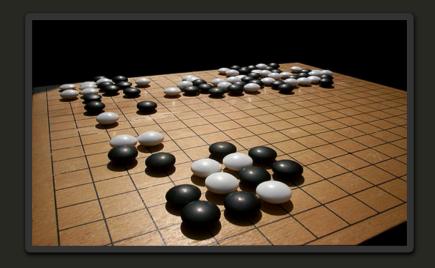


• Who you are matters, and some matter more than others for the sake of distribution of benefits, burdens and roles.

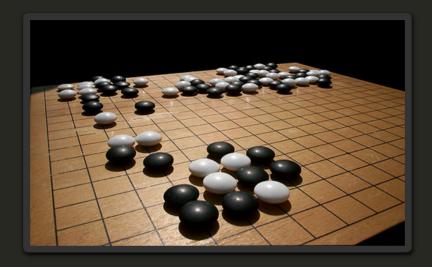


- Who you are matters, and some matter more than others for the sake of distribution of benefits, burdens and roles.
- Assumption: the good of all requires that we play the roles we are all assigned by nature and inherited social status.

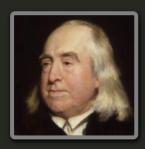




• We all matter equally -- benefits and burdens are distributed according to a set of neutral decision procedures.



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- Assumption: the good of all is best served by allowing individuals to pursue their own conceptions of what is good for them.



Jeremy Benthan 1748-1832

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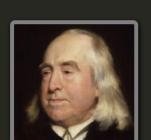
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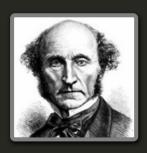
- Bentham was a legal reformer who wanted to eliminate laws that caused more harm than they did good.
- For him the whole point of social and moral rules was to make our lives better.



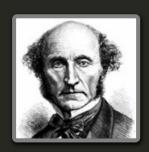
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- Bentham was a legal reformer who wanted to eliminate laws that caused more harm than they did good.
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- He attempted to quantify pleasures and pains and developed a method of moral calculation based on this.

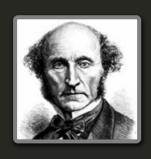


John Stuart Mil 1806-1873



John Stuart Mil

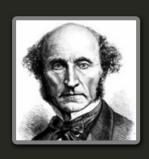
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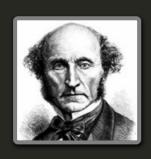
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- Mill was an economist who advocated liberty for all --men and women.
- For him some desires are more inherently worthy of satisfaction than others so he rejected Bentham's simple hedonism.
- He tried to show how all moral rules could be explained as the attempt to help as many individuals satisfy as many of their preferences as possible.

Find out more

Utilitarianism, Frank Aragbonfoh Abumere, Introduction to Philosophy: Ethics.

Utilitarianism: Act and Rule: The Internet Encyclopedia of Philosophy has a comprehensive account including lots of discussion of contemporary versions of the theory.

Poverty and Our Response to it: in this Crash Course video, Hank Green discusses the morality of our responses to poverty and the work of a contemporary Utilitarian philosopher, Peter Singer.



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