api

API Documentation

November 4, 2019

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1 Package deepwifi

1.1 Modules

- **DQL** (Section 2, p. 4)
 - clone: This module allows the cloning of a Keras model (Section 3, p. 5)
 - ddql: This module implements Double Deep QL (Section 4, p. 6)
 - **deepQL**: This module implements DeepQL version 1 (Section 5, p.~8)
 - dql: This module implements Deep QL with two networks: Q-network and target-network (Section 6, p. 13)
 - test (Section 7, p. 16)
- Environment (Section 8, p. 17)
 - common (Section 9, p. 18)
 - env (Section 10, p. 25)
 - **fairness**: The result ranges from 1/n (worst case) to 1 (best case), and it is maximum when all users receive the same allocation.
 - (Section 11, p. 27)
 - generic_ap: Environment implementation (abstract class) that represents the experiment using Video This class implements the basic functions to control the APs, but it does not implement the QoE

(Section 12, p. 28)

- gini: Calculate the global reward penalized using the gini_coeficient coefficient of a numpy array of data.
 - (Section 13, p. 33)
- grid_world: Create a grid world
 - (Section 14, p. 34)
- hossfeld: The hossfeld index ranges from 0 (worst case) to 1 (best case), and it is maximum when all users receive the same allocation (homogeneity).
 (Section 15, p. 37)
- interface_env: this defines the interface of the environment class environment all methods here should be implemented
 - (Section 16, p. 38)
- qoe_ap: Environment implementation (concrete class) that represents the experiment using Video and QoE, where QoE is calculated using only AP parameters (Section 17, p. 40)
- qoe_client: this module calculates the MOS using only data from the client (Section 18, p. 43)
- qoe_hybrid: this module uses two sources to calculate the MOS: from AP and Client (Section 19, p. 48)
- qoe_psnr: this module calculates the MOS using only data from the client (Section 20, p. 51)
- testEnv (Section 21, p. 53)
- MAB (Section 22, p. 56)
 - mab: This is a module that runs RL method to control wifi devices.
 (Section 23, p. 57)
- Memory (Section 24, p. 58)
 - memory: This module defines the interface for the replay memory buffer (Section 25, p. 59)

Variables Package deepwifi

- replay: This module implements the replay memory buffer used in DQL (Section 26, p. 62)
- replay_tuple: This module implements the replay memory buffer used in DQL with multiple timesteps and multiple APs

(Section 27, p. 64)

- TCN (Section 28, p. 67)
 - tcnn: This module implements Temporal Convolutional Network (Section 29, p. 68)
 - weightnorm (Section 30, p. 72)
- run_acs:

Running ======= There are two options: (Section 31, p. 73)

 \bullet run_acs2:

Running ======= There are two options: (Section 32, p. 75)

• run_experiment:

Running ====== There are two options: (Section 33, p. 77)

• to_md (Section 34, p. 78)

1.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: None

2 Package deepwifi.DQL

2.1 Modules

- clone: This module allows the cloning of a Keras model (Section 3, p. 5)
- ddql: This module implements Double Deep QL (Section 4, p. 6)
- deepQL: This module implements DeepQL version 1 (Section 5, p. 8)
- dql: This module implements Deep QL with two networks: Q-network and target-network (Section 6, p. 13)
- test (Section 7, p. 16)

2.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: None

${\bf 3}\quad {\bf Module\ deepwifi.DQL.clone}$

This module allows the cloning of a Keras model

3.1 Functions

 ${f clone_model}(model)$

4 Module deepwifi.DQL.ddql

This module implements Double Deep QL

4.1 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: logging.getLogger('DDQL')

4.2 Class DDQL

```
object —  \\ \text{deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL} \\ \text{deepwifi.DQL.dql.DQL} \\ \text{deepwifi.DQL.ddql.DDQL} \\ \\ \text{deepwifi.DQL.ddql.DQL} \\ \\ \text{deepwifi.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.ddql.DQL.
```

ref.

4.2.1 Methods

$Inherited\ from\ deepwifi. DQL. dql. DQL (Section\ 6.1)$

```
___init___(), copy_to_target(), copy_weights(), replay(), save_model()
```

$Inherited\ from\ deepwift. DQL. deep QL. Deep QL (Section\ 5.3)$

```
format_state_to_predict(), get_action(), get_action_boltzmann(), get_action_eps_greedy(), predict_action_output(), remember(), run(), stop(), stop_running(), update_epsilon()
```

Inherited from object

```
\underline{\hspace{1cm}} delattr\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} format\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} getattribute\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} hash\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} new\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(),
```

reduce(),reduce_ex_	(),	repr	_(), _	_setattr_	(), _	_sizeof_	()
str(),subclasshook	_()						

4.2.2 Properties

Name	Description		
Inherited from deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL (Section 5.3)			
number_of_runs			
Inherited from object			
class			

4.2.3 Class Variables

Name	Description		
Inherited from deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL (Section 5.3)			
TO_MUCH_ERROR_IN_	A_ROW		

5 Module deepwifi.DQL.deepQL

This module implements DeepQL - version 1

the DeepQL uses an MLP Q-network it is retrained only after 'episodes' iterations the training uses replay memory

VAN HASSELT, Hado; GUEZ, Arthur; SILVER, David. Deep reinforcement learning with double q-learning. In: Thirtieth AAAI conference on artificial intelligence. 2016.

HASSELT, Hado V. Double Q-learning. In: Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems. 2010. p. 2613-2621.

WANG, Ziyu et al. Dueling network architectures for deep reinforcement learning. arXiv preprint arXiv:1511.06581, 2015.

CLEMENTE, Alfredo V.; CASTEJÓN, Humberto N.; CHANDRA, Arjun. Efficient parallel methods for deep reinforcement learning. arXiv preprint arXiv:1705.04862, 2017.

MNIH, Volodymyr et al. Asynchronous methods for deep reinforcement learning. In: International conference on machine learning. 2016. p. 1928-1937.

5.1 Functions

$\mathbf{softmax}(z)$

returns the softmax function (probabilities) given an array z

Parameters

z: an 1D array of float

(type=np.array)

Return Value

softmax(x)

(type=np.array)

softmax 2d(z)

Parameters

z: an array (2, n)

(type=np.array)

5.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.DQL'

5.3 Class DeepQL

```
\begin{array}{c} \text{object} & \neg \\ \\ \text{deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL} \end{array}
```

ref. https://keon.io/deep-q-learning/

https://github.com/simoninithomas/deep_q_learning/blob/master/DeepQL%20Cartpole.ipyhttps://medium.com/@gtnjuvin/my-journey-into-deep-q-learning-with-keras-and-gym-3e7https://medium.com/@awjuliani/simple-reinforcement-learning-with-tensorflow-part-4-

5.3.1 Methods

___init___(self, env, model, memory, timesteps=1, epsilon=0.01,
epsilon_min=0.1, epsilon_decay=0.995, learning_rate=0.001,
gamma=0.95, batch_size=32, episodes=30, epochs=1,
interaction_interval=30, log_level=10, **kwargs)

x.__init___(...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature

Parameters
env: the environment class
model: the Keras model used to approximate the Q-function
memory: the replay memory implementation

Overrides: object.__init__

save_model(self, model_filename='model.json')
save the model to a json file and the weights to a h5 file
Parameters
 model_filename: the filename with '.json' extension

remember(self, states, actions, next_states, rewards)

pushes s, a, s', r

Parameters

actions: list of initial state, one for each AP

actions: list of actions taken, one for each AP

next states: list of next state, one for each AP

rewards: list of rewards, one for each AP

format_state_to_predict(self, values, batch_size=1)

formats to use in predict, because predict needs first dimension ==> entries followed by the other dimension in values

Parameters

values: list of values to convert to a numpy array

batch size: defines the size of the batch (first dimension size)

Return Value

a numpu array with self.timesteps, composed by the self.prev_states values (saved from previous runs) and the value passed as parameter

get_q_max(self, sprime)

the Q_max is calculated using the model network
notice that you don't need to call self.format_state_to_predict()
sprime format depends on the number of time steps, thus
dim(s') = (1, timesteps, num_features)
... num features = self.state dim

@param next_state: the next state s'
@return: the Q_max for the state s'

 $Q_{\max} = \max_{a'} Q(s', a')$

update_epsilon(self)

perform epsilon decay. To prevent the decay to occur, just set epsilon_decay to None. If epsilon_min is None, then decays forever. Otherwise decays while epsilon > epsilon_min

replay(self)

decides if the replay will occur, if not just returns uses the memory to recover a mini-batch that will be used to train the model network

Return Value

nothing

predict_action_output(self, curr_state)

Predict the reward value based on the given state this method formats 'curr_state' using self.format_state_to_predict() in order to call the keras predict()

Parameters

curr state: the current state (one for each device)

Return Value

values for all the actions

(type=list)

get_action_eps_greedy(self, curr_state)

select the action (one for each ap), epsilon greedy way

Parameters

curr state: a list of current states, one for each AP

Return Value

list[int]: each entry is a number that represents the action for that state

get_action_boltzmann(self, curr_state)

select the action (one for each ap), using boltzmann

Parameters

curr state: a list of current state, one for each AP

Return Value

list[int]: each entry is a number that represents the action for that state

get_action(self, states)

overwrite this method to call self.get_action_eps_greedy() or self.get_action_boltzmann() to implement the search policy

Parameters

states: a list of states, one for each AP

stop(self)

change the stopping flag in the run(), so the program will stop at the end of the iteration

$stop_running(self)$

change the flag that controls the while loop in run() so the agent stop at the end of that execution

 $\mathbf{run}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{run_id} = 1, \mathit{wait_for_states} = 10, \mathit{save_iterations} = 20)$

executes the control loop

Parameters

wait_for_states: how much time should sleep between get_states request

(type=int)

 ${\tt save_iterations}$: every 'save_iterations' iterations, save the model

and the weights

Return Value

if the agents detected to much errors in a row

(type=bool)

Inherited from object

delattr((),format_	_(),ge	etattribu	ıte(),hash	(), _	new_	()
reduce(),reduce_e	ex(), _	repr_	(),	_setattr	_(),	_sizeof	_(),
str(), _	subclasshool	ζ()						

5.3.2 Properties

Name	Description
number_of_runs	number of times the program iteracted and
	acted upon the environment
	(type=int)
Inherited from object	
class	

5.3.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
TO_MUCH_ERROR_I-	Value: 20
N_A_ROW	

6 Module deepwifi.DQL.dql

This module implements Deep QL with two networks: Q-network and target-network the DQL uses an MLP Q-network it is retrained only after 'episodes' iterations the training uses replay memory

6.1 Class DQL

ref. https://keon.io/deep-q-learning/https://github.com/simoninithomas/deep_q_learning/blob/master/DQL%20Cartpole.ipynbhttps://medium.com/@gtnjuvin/my-journey-into-deep-q-learning-with-keras-and-gym-3e7

6.1.1 Methods

```
___init___(self, env, model, memory, timesteps=1, epsilon=0.1,
epsilon_min=0.1, epsilon_decay=0.995, learning_rate=0.001,
gamma=0.95, batch_size=32, episodes=30, epochs=1,
log_level=logging.DEBUG, interaction_interval=30, **kwargs)

x.__init__(...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature

Parameters
    env: the environment class
    model: the Keras model used to approximate the Q-function
    memory: the replay memory implementation

Overrides: object.__init__ extit(inherited documentation)
```

```
copy_to_target(self)
copy_weights(self)
```

save_model(self, model_filename='model.json')

save the model and target networks to a json file and the weights to a h5 file overwritten method to save both networks

Parameters

model_filename: the filename with '.json' extension

Overrides: deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL.save model

get_q_max(self, sprime)

the Q_max is calculated using the target network @param sprime: the sequence of next states (s')

Oreturn: the Qmax value used in the TD-error, defined as the greedy move $Q_{max} = max \ Q_{target}(s', a')$

Overrides: deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL.get_q_max

replay(self, C=10)

produces the replay, that trains the model's parameters and if C replays occur then update target's parameters

Return Value

nothing

Overrides: deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL.replay

$Inherited\ from\ deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL(Section\ 5.3)$

format_state_to_predict(), get_action(), get_action_boltzmann(), get_action_eps_greedy(), predict_action_output(), remember(), run(), stop(), stop_running(), update_epsilon()

Inherited from object

delattr(),format(),	getattrib	$\mathrm{ute}_{}(),$ $_{}$	$_{\mathrm{hash}}$	new	()
reduce(),reduceex	_(),repr_	(),set	attr(),	$_{\rm sizeof}$),
str(),	_subclasshook	.()				

6.1.2 Properties

Name	Description	
Inherited from deepwifi.DQL.deepQL.DeepQL (Section 5.3)		
number_of_runs		
Inherited from object		

continued on next page

Name	Description
class	

6.1.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi.DQL	deepQL.DeepQL (Section 5.3)
TO_MUCH_ERROR_IN_	A_ROW

7 Module deepwifi.DQL.test

7.1 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: logging.getLogger('Test DeepQL')

8 Package deepwifi. Environment

8.1 Modules

- **common** (Section 9, p. 18)
- env (Section 10, p. 25)
- fairness: The result ranges from 1/n (worst case) to 1 (best case), and it is maximum when all users receive the same allocation.

(Section 11, p. 27)

- **generic_ap**: Environment implementation (abstract class) that represents the experiment using Video This class implements the basic functions to control the APs, but it does not implement the QoE (Section 12, p. 28)
- gini: Calculate the global reward penalized using the gini_coeficient coefficient of a numpy array of data.

 (Section 13, p. 33)
- grid_world: Create a grid world (Section 14, p. 34)
- hossfeld: The hossfeld index ranges from 0 (worst case) to 1 (best case), and it is maximum when all users receive the same allocation (homogeneity). (Section 15, p. 37)
- interface_env: this defines the interface of the environment class environment all methods here should be implemented (Section 16, p. 38)
- qoe_ap: Environment implementation (concrete class) that represents the experiment using Video and QoE, where QoE is calculated using only AP parameters (Section 17, p. 40)
- qoe_client: this module calculates the MOS using only data from the client (Section 18, p. 43)
- qoe_hybrid: this module uses two sources to calculate the MOS: from AP and Client (Section 19, p. 48)
- qoe_psnr: this module calculates the MOS using only data from the client (Section 20, p. 51)
- testEnv (Section 21, p. 53)

8.2 Variables

Name	Description		
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'		

9 Module deepwifi.Environment.common

9.1 Functions

 $\mathbf{exec_cmd}(cmd)$

execute a shell command in the local computer

Parameters

cmd: command to be executed

 $\mathbf{exec_ssh}(host, cmd)$

kill_aps(aps, kill_file='kill.sh')

kill_stas(stas, kill_file='kill_sta.sh')

change_channel_hostapd(aps, channels)

start_hostapd(aps, ids, conf_file='hostapd.conf')

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{save_hostapd_config}(\mathit{ap}, \mathit{run_file='run.sh'}, \mathit{conf_file='hostapd.conf'}, \\ \mathit{kill_file='kill.sh'}, \mathit{passphrase='winet3014atm'}, \\ \mathit{activate_get_set_server=False}) \end{array}$

create hostapd.conf

Parameters

ap: list[ap_config] contains a list of the aps' configuration

parameters

run_file: the run.sh script filename

conf file: the hostapd.conf configuration file for the ap's SSID

kill_file: the kill.sh script that stops all applications in the APs

save_wpa_config(sta, ap, run_file='run_sta.sh',
config_file='wpa_supplicant.conf', kill_file='kill_sta.sh',
restart_file='restart.sh', ffox_file='ffox.sh', restart_ffox=5,
browser='opera', passphrase='winet3014atm')

create the wpa_supplicant.conf file for the designated sta

Parameters

ap: list[sta_config] contains a list of each station's

configuration parameters

ap: list[ap_config] contains a list of each ap's configuration

parameters

run file: the run.sh script filename

conf file: the wpa supplicant.conf the create the connection to

the correct AP

kill file: the kill.sh script that stops all applications in the

stations

Return Value

the wpa_supplicant.conf name

run_station(sta, _id=', run_file='run_sta.sh')

call the run.sh script to run the applications in the STA

run_hostapd(ap, _id=',', run_file='run.sh')

calls the AP, and starts the hostand

 $ap_is_running(ap)$

calls the AP, and verifies if hostand is running

sta_is_running(sta, browser='opera')

calls the STA, and verifies if wpa_supplicant is running

conf_stas(aps, stas, restart_ffox, browser)

 $\mathbf{conf}_{\mathbf{aps}}(aps)$

start_devices(aps, stas, max_retries=3, sleep_interval=10, _id='',
kill_ap='kill.sh', kill_sta='kill_sta.sh', browser='opera')

Parameters

$\overline{{f reboot_devices}(\textit{devices})}$

reboot the devices to get a clean slate

Parameters

${\bf run_nodejs}(\textit{dir}_=\text{'/home/h3dema/Devel/server.js'})$

create server to collect browser data

Parameters

$is_runnning_get_set_server()$

 $\label{log_dir_set_set_energy} $$\operatorname{run_get_set_server(_id,\ dir_='/home/h3dema/Devel/command_ap',\ log_dir='/home/h3dema/Devel/deepwifi/logs')}$$

kill_get_set_server()

9.2 Variables

Name	Description	
LOG	Value: <logging.logger object=""></logging.logger>	
aps	Value: [AP(id=1, name='gnu-nb3',	
	port=8080, iface='wlan0', mac='	
stas	Value: [Sta(id=11, name='cloud',	
	iface='wlan0', mac='00:18:e7:7c	
TEMPLATE_AP_STAR-	Value: 'echo "Starting	
T	hostapd"\nT="'hostname'-{id}"\nLOG="\$OUTP	
HOSTAPD_FILE	Value: '#This configuration file goes to	
	{host}\ninterface={ifac	

continued on next page

Name	Description		
TEMPLATE_AP	Value: '#!/bin/bash\n#\n# This scripts		
	should run in {host}\n#\n		
TEMPLATE_KILL_AP	Value: '#!/bin/bash\nsudo pkill		
	hostapd\nprocs='ps axf grep no		
WPA_FILE	Value: '# This configuration file run in		
	{host}\nctrl_interface=		
TEMPLATE_STATION	Value: '#!/bin/bash\n#\n# This		
	configuration file belongs to {ho		
TEMPLATE_FFOX	Value:		
	<pre>'#!/bin/bash\nBROWSER="{browser}"\nif [</pre>		
	"\$#" -ne 1]; the		
RESTART_FFOX	Value: '#!/bin/bash\n#\nif ["\$#" -ne 1		
]; then\n echo "using		
SITE_DASH	Value: 'http://150.164.10.51'		
TEMPLATE_KILL_ST-	Value: '#!/bin/bash\nsudo pkill		
A	<pre>wpa_supplicant\nsudo pkill Xvfb\</pre>		
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'		

9.3 Class AP_Config

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{object} & \frown \\ \text{tuple} & \frown \\ \text{deepwifi.Environment.common.AP_Config} \end{array}$$

 $AP(id,\,name,\,port,\,iface,\,mac,\,SSID,\,IP,\,initial_channel,\,initial_txpower)$

9.3.1 Methods

$\boxed{\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} \mathbf{getnewargs}\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} (\mathit{self})}$	
Return self as a plain tuple. Used by copy and pickle.	
Overrides: tuplegetnewargs	

getstate(self)	
Exclude the OrderedDict from pickling	

___new___(_cls, id, name, port, iface, mac, SSID, IP, initial_channel,
initial_txpower)

Create new instance of AP(id, name, port, iface, mac, SSID, IP,
initial_channel, initial_txpower)

Return Value
 a new object with type S, a subtype of T

Overrides: object.___new___

repr(self)
Return a nicely formatted representation string
Overrides: objectrepr

$Inherited\ from\ tuple$

$Inherited\ from\ object$

$_\delattr__$	_(), _	$_{ m format}_$	(), _	$__$ init $_$	(), _	$__$ reduce $_$	(), _	reduce_	$ex_{\underline{}}(),$
$__$ setattr $__$	_(), _	_sizeof	_(),	_str	_(),	_subclassh	ook	_()	

9.3.2 Properties

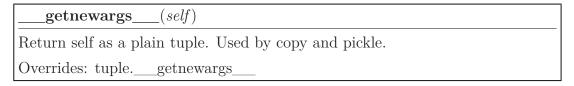
Name	Description
IP	Alias for field number 6
SSID	Alias for field number 5
id	Alias for field number 0
iface	Alias for field number 3
initial_channel	Alias for field number 7
initial_txpower	Alias for field number 8
mac	Alias for field number 4
name	Alias for field number 1
port	Alias for field number 2
Inherited from object	
class	

9.4 Class ClientsConfig



Sta(id, name, iface, mac, AP, SSID, IP, webpage)

9.4.1 Methods



```
____new___(_cls, id, name, iface, mac, AP, SSID, IP, webpage)

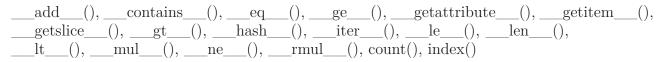
Create new instance of Sta(id, name, iface, mac, AP, SSID, IP, webpage)

Return Value
    a new object with type S, a subtype of T

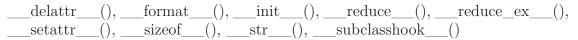
Overrides: object.___new___
```

```
repr___(self)
Return a nicely formatted representation string
Overrides: object.___repr___
```

$Inherited\ from\ tuple$



$Inherited\ from\ object$



9.4.2 Properties

Name	Description
AP	Alias for field number 4
IP	Alias for field number 6
SSID	Alias for field number 5
id	Alias for field number 0
iface	Alias for field number 2
mac	Alias for field number 3
name	Alias for field number 1
webpage	Alias for field number 7
Inherited from object	
class	

10 Module deepwifi.Environment.env

10.1 Class environment

object —
deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env —
deepwifi.Environment.env.environment

10.1.1 Methods

init(self, aps)
xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature
Parameters
aps: list of dictionary {id: int, ssh_user: str, shh_ip: string}
Overrides: objectinit
$ \mathbf{ready}(self) $
$ \mathbf{rewards}(self) $
act(self, actions)
done(self)
by defaut don't finish overwrite if necessary
Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.done

reward(self, curr_state, **kwargs)

receives the current state, probes the environment and returns the reward

Parameters
 curr_state: the current state

Return Value
 a float number representing the reward in this state
 (type=float)

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.reward

valid_actions(self, state=None)

must be implemented in descendent

Return Value

a list of all valid actions

$$(type=list(int))$$

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.valid_actions extit(inherited documentation)

get_states(self)

return a list of values that represents the state of each AP

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.get_states

$make_step(self, action)$

must be implemented in descendent

Parameters

action: is a (list of) number (int) that represents the action to be taken

Return Value

next_state: a (list of) number (int) that represents the next state (one for each AP)

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.make_step

Inherited from object

$_$ _delattr $_$	_(),format(),g	getattrib	ute	$(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash	(), _	new_	()
reduce	_(),reduce_ex_	(), _	repr_	(), _	setattr	_(),	_sizeof	_(),
str (),	subclasshook	()						

10.1.2 Properties

Name Description			
Inherited from deepwifi. Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16.2)			
action_size, state_dim, state_size			
Inherited from object			
class			

11 Module deepwifi. Environment. fairness

The result ranges from 1/n (worst case) to 1 (best case), and it is maximum when all users receive the same allocation.

References: * https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fairness_measure

11.1 Functions

fairness_index(data, epsilon=1e-18)

Return Value

the jain fairness index, bounded between 0 and 1 0 means the data is homogeneous (all values are equal) and 1 means the data is different

 \mathbf{reward} _ $\mathbf{jain}(\mathit{data})$

11.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'

12 Module deepwifi. Environment.generic ap

Environment implementation (abstract class) that represents the experiment using Video This class implements the basic functions to control the APs, but it does not implement the QoE

12.1 Functions

```
decode_txpower(t)
convert the data in info['txpower'] which is, for example, '15.00 dBm' into 15.0

Return Value
the value of the tx power
(type=float)
```

12.2 Class Generic_AP

```
object —
deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env —
deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_A
```

12.2.1 Methods

command_ap(self, server, port, iface, cmd, extra_params=None)

restart_aps(self, run_id)

this is done because our ap sometimes crashes. the hostapd continues to run, but does not provide a channel

valid actions(self, state=None)

return a list with all valid actions for a specific state,
 if state == None, return all possible states
@param state: current state
@return: list(int)

Return Value

a list of all valid actions

(type=list(int))

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.valid_actions

one_hot(self, channel)

code the channel using one-hot encoding

Parameters

channel: (type=int)

Return Value

the channel hot encoded

(type=list(int))

```
get_states(self)

get the states, one for each AP
    the state contains:
    - ( #stations, ch1, ch2, ch3, ch4, ch5, ch6, ch7, ch8, ch9, ch10, ch11,
        tx_power, #num_neighbors, ch_noise_max, perc_phy_busy_time,
        sta_signal_avg,
        rec_bitrate_min, tx_byte_avg, rx_byte_avg )

@return: return the value that represent the state of all APs. Returns None if an end
Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.get_states
```

encode_action(self, txpower, channel)

Parameters

action: an integer that represents the action

Return Value

decoded values of txpower (1 to 15 dBm) and channel (1 to 11)

decode_action(self, action)

Parameters

action: an integer that represents the action

Return Value

decoded values of txpower (1 to 15 dBm) and channel (1 to 11)

setup_device(self, ap, txpower, channel)

change the tx power and the ap's channel

Parameters

ap: the ap

txpower: tx power (from 1 to 15 dBm)

channel: the 2.4GHz channel number (1 to 11)

make_step(self, actions, retries=5)

send commands to aps

Parameters

actions: is a list of number (int) that represents the action to be

taken for each AP

(type=list(int))

retries: number of times this function tries to get the next_state

from the devices, if unsuccessful then return None in

next_state

Return Value

next_state: a (list of) number (int) that represents the next state

(type=list(int), float)

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.make_step

get_model(self, model_filename)

called in the init() code to read the model from a file

Parameters

model filename: name of the file that contains the trained model

(type=str)

Return Value

the model

$Inherited\ from\ deep wifi. Environment. interface_env. Interface_Env(Section\ 16.2)$

reward()

Inherited from object

___delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce__ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __str__(), __subclasshook__()

12.2.2 Properties

Name	Description		
Inherited from deepwifi. Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16.2)			
action_size, done, state_dim, state_size			
Inherited from object			
class			

12.2.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
NUM_CHANNELS	Value: 11
NUM_TXPOWER_LEV-	Value: 15
ELS	
DEFAULT_C	Value: 0.4

13 Module deepwifi. Environment.gini

Calculate the global reward penalized using the gini_coeficient coefficient of a numpy a We use this value to provide a reward that account for the better distribution of MOS am It substitutes the baseline that uses the average of MOS

based on the statsdirect equation shown in

http://www.statsdirect.com/help/default.htm#nonparametric_methods/gini_coeficient.ht

Other references:

- * https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gini_coefficient
- * https://towardsdatascience.com/gini_coeficient-coefficient-and-lorenz-curve-f19bb8f46d
- * DORFMAN, Robert. A formula for the gini_coeficient coefficient. The review of economic

13.1 Functions

$scale_minmax(data)$

gini_coeficient(user_data, epsilon=1e-18)

Calculate the gini_coeficient coefficient of a numpy data. All values are treated equally, the values are first placed in ascending order, such that each \mathbf{x} has rank \mathbf{i} ,

Return Value

0 if the data is homogeneous or 1 if the data

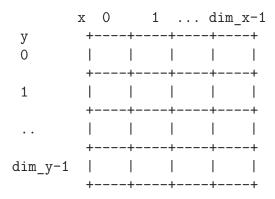
 $reward_gini(data)$

13.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'

14 Module deepwifi.Environment.grid_world

Create a grid world



14.1 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: <logging.logger object=""></logging.logger>
UP	Value: 0
DOWN	Value: 1
LEFT	Value: 2
RIGHT	Value: 3
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'

14.2 Class grid_world

object —
Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env —
deepwifi.Environment.grid_world.grid_world

14.2.1 Methods

___init___(self, dim_x, dim_y)
x.__init___(...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature

Parameters
aps: list of dictionary {id: int, ssh_user: str, shh_ip: string}

Overrides: object. init

reward(self, curr_state, **kwargs)
minus the number of steps to the objective

Return Value
the reward
(type=float)

Overrides: Environment.interface env.Interface Env.reward

valid_actions(self, state=None)
must be implemented in descendent
Return Value

a list of all valid actions (type=list(int))

Overrides: Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.valid_actions extit(inherited documentation)

 $get_states(self)$

must be implemented in descendent should return a (list of) number (int) that represents the current state

Overrides: Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.get_states extit(inherited documentation)

make_step(self, action)

must be implemented in descendent

Parameters

action: is a (list of) number (int) that represents the action to be taken

Return Value

 $\label{eq:next_state} \begin{tabular}{ll} next_state: a (list of) number (int) that represents the next state \\ (type=list(int), \ list(int), \ float) \end{tabular}$

Overrides: Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.make_step

Inherited from object

$_\delattr__$	_(), _	$_{ m format}_{ m }$	(), ,	ge	etattribu	ıte	(),ha	$\sinh_{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline$	new_	():
$__$ reduce $__$	_(),	$_{\rm reduce}_$	_ex	_(),	_repr_	_(), _	_setattr	(),	_sizeof	_(),
str(),	su	bclasshoo	ok(()						

14.2.2 Properties

Name	Description			
done	returns true if the objective is achieved			
Inherited from Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env				
action_size, state_dim, state_size				
Inherited from object				
class				

15 Module deepwifi. Environment. hossfeld

The hossfeld index ranges from 0 (worst case) to 1 (best case), and it is maximum when all users receive the same allocation (homogeneity).

References: * https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fairness_measure

15.1 Functions

hossfeld index(data, L=1, H=5)

1 indicating perfect QoE fairness - all users experience the same quality. 0 indicates total unfairness, e.g. 50% of users experience highest QoE H and 50% experience lowest QoE L.

Parameters

L: lower bound in data, for MOS = 1

H: upper bound in data, for MOS = 5

Return Value

the Hostfeld fairness index, bounded between 0 and 1

$reward_hossfeld(data, C=0.4)$

gets a compromise between the average of the reward and the Hossfeld Index

Parameters

data: array with MOS values

Return Value

the reward for each entry

15.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'

16 Module deepwifi.Environment.interface_env

this defines the interface of the environment class environment all methods here should be implemented

16.1 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Environment'

16.2 Class Interface_Env

object — deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env

16.2.1 Methods

init(self, LOG_NAME='environment', log_level=10)
xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature
Parameters LOG_NAME: the name assigned to the logger
Overrides: objectinit

reward(self, **kwargs)
should return a real number

Return Value
the reward
(type=float)

valid_actions(self, state=None)
must be implemented in descendent
Return Value
 a list of all valid actions
 (type=list(int))

get_states(self)

must be implemented in descendent should return a (list of) number (int) that represents the current state

make_step(self, action)

must be implemented in descendent

Parameters

action: is a (list of) number (int) that represents the action to be taken

Return Value

next_state: a (list of) number (int) that represents the next state

$Inherited\ from\ object$

delattr	$(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} format \underline{\hspace{1cm}} ()$,getattrib	$ute_{\underline{}}(),\underline{}$	$_{\text{hash}}_{}(),$	new()
reduce	$(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} reduce \underline{\hspace{1cm}} ex \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	(),repr_	(),seta	attr(),	$_{\text{sizeof}}(),$
str(),	subclasshook	_()			

16.2.2 Properties

Name	Description		
done	returns true if the objective is achieved	1	
state_size	this method is valid for discrete state space,	1	
	where you can enumerate the total number of		
	states		
	(type=int)		
state_dim			
	the number of dimensions.		
	For example, a discrete 1-D space can state_dim = 1 (because is 1D)	have	state_size
	@return: the number of dimensions in the	state	space
	Ortype: int		Space
action_size	number of actions	1	
	(type=int)		
Inherited from object		1	
class			

17 Module deepwifi.Environment.qoe_ap

Environment implementation (concrete class) that represents the experiment using Video a QoE is calculated using only AP parameters

```
Uses a pre-trained RNN model to estimate the MOS, which consists of:
* Bit Error Rate (BER): variation of the Bit Error Rate (BER) that can cause the MAC fra
* frame aggregation: A-MPDU (MAC Protocol Data Unit) aggregation, allows many MAC frames
* number of competing stations: performance of the wireless network degrades withincreas
* traffic load: percentage of traffic over the maximum throughput of the interface
data needed: 'TX-Failed_*', 'TX-Pkts-All_*', 'AMPDUs Completed_*' --> xmit
             'tx bytes' --> ifconfig
             'num_stations' --> iw station dump
definitions:
'FER' = 'txf_detrend' / ('txf_detrend' + 'txp_detrend')
'AMPDU' = np.sum('AMPDUs Completed *')
'traffic_load' = 'tx_bytes_detrend' / 'tx_bytes'.max(iface)
      Class QoE_AP
17.1
object —
deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env —
        deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP -
                                                  deepwifi.Environment.qoe_ap.QoE_AP
defines the QoE as MOS_AP
```

17.1.1 Methods

reward(self, **kwargs)
check the MOS of each station

Parameters
 curr_state: current state

Return Value
 the reward
 (type=float)

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.reward

$Inherited\ from\ deepwifi. Environment. generic_ap. Generic_AP(Section\ 12.2)$

__init__(), command_ap(), decode_action(), encode_action(), get_states(), make_step(), one_hot(), restart_aps(), setup_device(), valid_actions()

Inherited from object

___delattr__(), ___format__(), ___getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), ___reduce__ex__(), ___repr__(), ___setattr__(), ___sizeof__(), ___str__(), ___subclasshook__()

17.1.2 Properties

Name	Description				
Inherited from deepwifi. Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16.2)					
action_size, done, state_dim, state_size					
Inherited from object					
class					

17.1.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi.Envi	ronment.generic_ap.Generic_AP (Section 12.2)
DEFAULT_C, NUM_CHAI	NNELS, NUM_TXPOWER_LEVELS

deepwifi.Environment.goe client.mos cli

18 Module deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client

this module calculates the MOS using only data from the client * rt 1, rt * r[t] = reportedBitrate in time [t] / max_bitrate * srt = not running time / (not running time + execution time) Class mos_client_abstract 18.1object deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.mos_client_abstract 18.1.1 Methods $\mathbf{predict}(\mathit{self}, X)$ Inherited from object $delattr_{()}, \underline{delattr_{()}}, \underline{delat$ _new___(), ___reduce__(), ___reduce_ex___(), ___repr___(), ___setattr___(), _sizeof___(), ___str___(), ___subclasshook___() 18.1.2 Properties Name Description Inherited from object class Class mos_client_local 18.2 object -

deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.mos_client_abstract —

codes the best regression obtained see MOS_CLIENT/Generate QoE Metric -Log.ipynb for the results

data R_t = Selected bitrate for t-th chunk / Maximum bitrate R_t = Selected bitrate for (t-1)-th chunk / Maximum bitrate SR_t = Stalling length to play out the t-th chunk / (Stalling length to play out the t-th chunk + Time length of the t-th chunk)

Equation QoE (R_{t-1}, R_{t}, SR_t) = a0 + a1 $[\log(R_t) + \log(R_t)] + a2 * SR_t + a3 \mid \log(R_t) - \log(R_t) \mid$

18.2.1 Methods

init(self)
xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature
Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation)

$\mathbf{predict}(\mathit{self}, X)$

finds the MOS for each entry (line) in X

Parameters

X: np.array[:, 3]. Contains three columns: R_t, R_t1, SR

Return Value

a list of rewards, one for each line in X

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.mos_client_abstract.predict

Inherited from object

delattr($), \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}$ format $\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}}()$,geta	attribute($(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	(), _	new	_()
reduce()),reduceex	(),	$repr_{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}}(),\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	_setattr	$(), __$	_sizeof	$_{-}(),$
str(),	$_$ subclasshook $__$	_()					

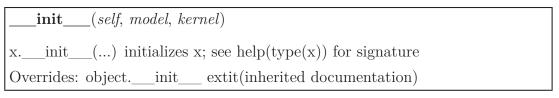
18.2.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from object	
class	

18.3 Class mos_client

object —
deepwifi. Environment.qoe_client.mos_client_abstract —
$ m deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.mos_client.$
X R_t = Selected bitrate for t-th chunk / Maximum bitrate R_t = Selected bitrate for
(t-1)-th chunk / Maximum bitrate SR_t = Stalling length to play out the t-th chunk /
Stalling length to play out the t-th chunk + Time length of the t-th chunk)

18.3.1 Methods



$\mathbf{predict}(self, X)$
finds the MOS for each entry (line) in X
Parameters X: np.array[:, 3]. Contains three columns: R_t, R_t1, SR
Return Value a list of rewards, one for each line in X
Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.mos_client_abstract.predict

$Inherited\ from\ object$

$__delattr_$	_(), _	$_$ format $_$	_(),	getattrib	ute	$(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash	n(), _	new_	()
reduce	_(),	_reduce_e	ex(),	repr_	(), _	$__$ setattr $_$	_(),	_sizeof	_(),
str(),	su	bclasshool	c()						

18.3.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from object	
class	

18.4 Class QoE_Client

object —

deepwifi. Environment.
interface_env. Interface_Env $\ _\$

 $deepwifi. Environment. generic_ap. Generic_AP \ -$

deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.QoE_0

defines the QoE as MOS_CLIENT

18.4.1 Methods

 $get_rs(self, data)$

get_mos_from_aps(self)

it considers that each AP collects from the stations their data

 $get_mos_from_localhost(self)$

it considers that the controller collects data from all the stations

reward(self, **kwargs)

check the MOS of each station

Parameters

curr_state: current state

Return Value

the reward

(type = float)

Overrides: deepwifi. Environment.interface env. Interface Env. reward

get_model(self, **kwargs)

The model is hard-coded in mos_client()

Parameters

model filename: name of the file that contains the trained model

Return Value

the model object

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP.get_model

Inherited from deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP(Section 12.2) __init__(), command_ap(), decode_action(), encode_action(), get_states(), make_step(), one_hot(), restart_aps(), setup_device(), valid_actions() Inherited from object __delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __str__(), __subclasshook__()

18.4.2 Properties

Name	Description						
Inherited from deepwifi.Envir	onment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16.2)						
action_size, done, state_dim, state_size							
Inherited from object							
class							

18.4.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi.Envi	ronment.generic_ap.Generic_AP (Section 12.2)
DEFAULT_C, NUM_CHAI	NNELS, NUM_TXPOWER_LEVELS

19 Module deepwifi.Environment.qoe_hybrid

this module uses two sources to calculate the MOS: from AP and Client * From client: * FR = reportedBitrate * Frame Loss = droppedFPS effectiveBitrate = (reportedBitrate * execution_time) / (execution_time + not running) effectiveBitrate = effectiveBitrate / reportedBitrate'] * From AP: * loss rate (PLR) packets = | rx_packets[t] - rx_packets[t-1] | PLR = rxdrop / (packets + rxdrop) * send bit rate (SBR) SBR = tx bitrate / maximum tx bitrate 19.1 Class mos_hybrid object deepwifi.Environment.goe hybrid.mos hybrid codes the best regression obtained 19.1.1 Methods predict(self, X)finds the MOS for each entry (line) in X **Parameters** X: np.array[:, 3]. Contains three columns: fr, sbr, plr Return Value a list of rewards, one for each line in X Inherited from object _delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __init__ ___new___(), ___reduce__(), ___reduce_ex___(), ___repr___(), ___setattr___(), ___sizeof___(), ___str___(), ___subclasshook___()

19.1.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from object	
class	

19.2 Class QoE_Hybrid

object —
deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env —
deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP —
deepwifi.Environment.qoe_hybrid.QoE_

defines the QoE as MOS_HYBRID

19.2.1 Methods

reward(self, **kwargs)

check the MOS of each station using command_ap module

Parameters
 curr_state: current state

Return Value
 the reward
 (type=float)

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.reward

get_model(self, **kwargs)

get the module from the file

Parameters
 model_filename: name of the file that contains the trained model

Return Value
 the model object that constains .fit() and .predict()

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.generic ap.Generic AP.get model

Inherited from deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP(Section 12.2)

___init___(), command_ap(), decode_action(), encode_action(), get_states(), make_step(), one_hot(), restart_aps(), setup_device(), valid_actions()

Inherited from object

___delattr___(), __format___(), __getattribute___(), __hash___(), __new___(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex___(), __repr___(), __setattr___(), __sizeof___(), __str___(), __subclasshook___()

19.2.2 Properties

Name	Description						
Inherited from deepwifi. Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16							
action_size, done, state_dim, state_size							
Inherited from object							
class							

19.2.3 Class Variables

Name	Description				
Inherited from deepwifi.Envi	ronment.generic_ap.Generic_AP (Section 12.2)				
DEFAULT_C, NUM_CHAI	NNELS, NUM_TXPOWER_LEVELS				

20 Module deepwifi.Environment.qoe_psnr

defines the QoE using PSNR (MOS) received from the client

20.1.1 Methods

```
get_mos_from_aps(self)
it considers that each AP collects from the stations their data
Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.QoE_Client.get_mos_from_aps
```

```
get_mos_from_localhost(self)

it considers that the controller collects data from all the stations

Overrides:
deepwifi.Environment.qoe_client.QoE_Client.get_mos_from_localhost
```

get_model(self, **kwargs) Uses the MOS from the client, thus there is no model. Parameters model_filename: name of the file that contains the trained model Return Value the model object Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP.get_model

 $Inherited\ from\ deep wifi. Environment. qoe_client. QoE_Client(Section\ 18.4)$

get_rs(), reward()

 $Inherited\ from\ deepwifi. Environment. generic_ap. Generic_AP(Section\ 12.2)$

__init__(), command_ap(), decode_action(), encode_action(), get_states(), make_step(), one_hot(), restart_aps(), setup_device(), valid_actions()

 $Inherited\ from\ object$

$\underline{}$ delattr $\underline{}$ (),	$__format___$	(),g	etattrib	ute	(),hash	(), _	new_	(),
reduce(),	reduce_ex	(), _	repr_	(), _	_setattr_	_(),	_sizeof	_(),
str(),	$subclasshook_$	()						

20.1.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi. Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16.2)	
action_size, done, state_dim, state_size	
Inherited from object	
class	

20.1.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi.Envi	ronment.generic_ap.Generic_AP (Section 12.2)
DEFAULT_C, NUM_CHAI	NNELS, NUM_TXPOWER_LEVELS

${\bf 21}\quad {\bf Module\ deepwifi. Environment. test Env}$

21.1 Variables

Name	Description
STATES	Value: [[[1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
	0, 0, 15.0, 1, 81.0, 1.0
REWARD	Value: [[1.0, 3.0], [2.0, 1.0], [1.0,
	1.0], [1.0, 1.0], [2.0, 1
MAX_ITERATIONS	Value: len(REWARD)-1

21.2 Class test_qoe

21.2.1 Methods

<pre>init(self, aps, model_filename, mac_mapping={}, log_level=logging.DEBUG)</pre>	
initialize the environment	
Parameters	
aps: list of aps controlled in the experiment	
model_filename: name of the file that contains the trained model	
$(type{=}str)$	
Overrides: objectinit	

get states(self)

make_step(self, actions)

send commands to aps

Parameters

actions: is a list of number (int) that represents the action to be

taken for each AP

retries: number of times this function tries to get the next state

from the devices, if unsuccessful then return None in

next state

Return Value

next_state: a (list of) number (int) that represents the next state (type=list(int), float)

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env.make_step extit(inherited documentation)

get_model(self, model_filename)

called in the init() code to read the model from a file

Parameters

model_filename: name of the file that contains the trained model

Return Value

the model

Overrides: deepwifi.Environment.generic_ap.Generic_AP.get_model extit(inherited documentation)

done(self)

returns true if the objective is achieved

Overrides: deepwifi. Environment. interface env. Interface Env. done

$Inherited\ from\ deepwifi. Environment. generic_ap. Generic_AP (Section\ 12.2)$
$command_ap(), decode_action(), encode_action(), one_hot(), restart_aps(), setup_device(), valid_actions()$
$Inherited\ from\ deepwifi. Environment. interface_env. Interface_Env(Section\ 16.2)$
$\operatorname{reward}()$
Inherited from object
delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new(),reduce(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof(),str(),subclasshook()

21.2.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi. Environment.interface_env.Interface_Env (Section 16.2)	
action_size, state_dim, state_size	
Inherited from object	
class	

21.2.3 Class Variables

Name	Description
Inherited from deepwifi.Envi	ronment.generic_ap.Generic_AP (Section 12.2)
DEFAULT_C, NUM_CHAI	NNELS, NUM_TXPOWER_LEVELS

22 Package deepwifi.MAB

22.1 Modules

• mab: This is a module that runs RL method to control wifi devices. (Section 23, p. 57)

22.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: None

${\bf 23}\quad {\bf Module\ deepwifi.MAB.mab}$

This is a module that runs RL method to control wifi devices.

To run this module use: python mab.py

23.1 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: None

24 Package deepwifi.Memory

24.1 Modules

- memory: This module defines the interface for the replay memory buffer (Section 25, p. 59)
- replay: This module implements the replay memory buffer used in DQL (Section 26, p. 62)
- replay_tuple: This module implements the replay memory buffer used in DQL with multiple timesteps and multiple APs (Section 27, p. 64)

24.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: None

25 Module deepwifi.Memory.memory

This module defines the interface for the replay memory buffer

25.1 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Memory'

25.2 Class Transition

object —	
tuple	
	deepwifi.Memory.memory.Transition

Transition(state, action, next_state, reward)

25.2.1 Methods

$\boxed{ __getnewargs}__(self)$
Return self as a plain tuple. Used by copy and pickle.
Overrides: tuplegetnewargs
$\underline{\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$
Exclude the OrderedDict from pickling
new(_cls, state, action, next_state, reward)
Create new instance of Transition(state, action, next_state, reward)
Return Value
a new object with type S, a subtype of T
Overrides: objectnew
repr(self)
Return a nicely formatted representation string
Overrides: objectrepr

$Inherited\ from\ tuple$

Inherited from object

25.2.2 Properties

Name	Description
action	Alias for field number 1
next_state	Alias for field number 2
reward	Alias for field number 3
state	Alias for field number 0
Inherited from object	
class	

25.3 Class Memory

object — deepwifi.Memory.memory.Memory

25.3.1 Methods

init(self, log_level=10)	
xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature	
Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation)	

push(self, *args)

sample(self, batch_size)

___len___(self)
return the current number of elements stored in the memory

$__delattr_$	$_(), _$	$__ format_$	(),	_getattril	oute	$_{-}(),$ $_{}$ hash	n(),	new_	()
reduce	_(), _	reduce_	ex()),repr_	(), _	$__$ setattr $_$	_(),	_sizeof	(),
str(),	su	ibclasshoo	k()						

25.3.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from object	
class	

26 Module deepwifi.Memory.replay

This module implements the replay memory buffer used in DQL

26.1 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Memory'

26.2 Class ReplayMemory

object —

Memory.memory.Memory —

deepwifi.Memory.replay.ReplayMemory

26.2.1 Methods

____init____(self, capacity)
creates the memory

Parameters
 capacity: size of the memory

Overrides: object.___init___

push(*self*, **args*)

Saves a transition

Parameters

args: contain the data that should be saved in the memory: state,

action, next_state, reward

Overrides: Memory.memory.Memory.push

Parameters	
memory, i	f elements that should be returned from the f the memory does not contains this many returns the whole memory
Return Value a batch sample. this is a	a list[[Transition], [Transition]]
Overrides: Memory.memory.l	Memory.sample
lon (colf)	
len(self)	
return the current number of	elements stored in the memory
Overrides: Memory.memory.l	Memorylen
nerited from object	
delattr(),format reduce(),reduceer str(),subclasshook	_(),getattribute(),hash(),new_x(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof()
2.2 Properties	
Name	Description
Inherited from object	-
class	

${\bf 27}\quad {\bf Module\ deepwifi. Memory. replay_tuple}$

This module implements the replay memory buffer used in DQL with multiple timesteps and multiple APs

27.1 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: 'deepwifi.Memory'

27.2 Class ReplayMemoryTuple

object —	
Memory.memory.Memory	
	deepwifi.Memory.replay_tuple.ReplayMemoryTuple

27.2.1 Methods

init(self, capacity, timesteps=1, num_devices=1, log_level=10)
xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature
Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation)

```
push(self, *arqs)
Saves a transition for each controlled device
eg. ReplayMemoryTuple.push(states, actions, next states, rewards)
Oparam args: contain a tuple that should be saved in the memory
             the lines in args should contain: state, action, next state, reward
             notice then that len(args) == 4
             e.g.
             args = ([[1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 15.0, 1], 81.0, 1.00514839]
                      [1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 15.0, 1], 82.0, 0.94031469
                      ],
                      [71, 75],
                      [[1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 15.0, 1, 81.0, 1.0051629]
                      [1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 15.0, 1], 82.0, 0.9403175
                      ],
                      [1.0, 3.0])
Overrides: Memory.memory.Memory.push
```

sample(self, batch_size)

Parameters

batch_size: number of elements that should be returned from the memory, if the memory does not contains this many elements, returns the whole memory

Return Value

a batch sample

Overrides: Memory.memory.Memory.sample

```
return the current number of elements stored in the memory

Return Value
the number of elements and devices
(type=(int, int))

Overrides: Memory.memory.Memory.__len___
```

$\mathbf{save}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{filename})$

Inherited from object

```
___delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

27.2.2 Properties

Name	Description
Inherited from object	
class	

28 Package deepwifi.TCN

28.1 Modules

- tcnn: This module implements Temporal Convolutional Network (Section 29, p. 68)
- weightnorm (Section 30, p. 72)

28.2 Variables

Name	Description
package	Value: None

29 Module deepwifi.TCN.tcnn

This module implements Temporal Convolutional Network

Making the TCN architecture non-causal allows it to take the future into consideration t However, it is not anymore suitable for real-time applications.

To use a non-causal TCN, specify padding='valid' or padding='same' when initializing the

code based on:

- * https://github.com/philipperemy/keras-tcn
- * https://github.com/locuslab/TCN/

ref.:

- * BAI, Shaojie; KOLTER, J. Zico; KOLTUN, Vladlen.
 An empirical evaluation of generic convolutional and recurrent networks for sequent arXiv preprint arXiv:1803.01271, 2018.
 https://arxiv.org/pdf/1803.01271
- * OORD, Aaron van den et al. Wavenet: A generative model for raw audio. arXiv preprint arXiv:1609.03499, 2016. https://arxiv.org/pdf/1609.03499.pdf

29.1 Functions

```
residual_block(x, dilation_rate, nb_filters, kernel_size, padding,
dropout_rate=0, activation='relu', kernel_initializer='he_normal',
use_batch_norm=False)

Defines the residual block for the WaveNet TCN

:param x: The previous layer in the model
:param dilation_rate: The dilation power of 2 we are using for this residual block
:param nb_filters: The number of convolutional filters to use in this block
:param kernel_size: The size of the convolutional kernel
:param padding: The padding used in the convolutional layers, 'same' or 'causal'.
:param activation: The final activation used in o = Activation(x + F(x))
:param dropout_rate: Float between 0 and 1. Fraction of the input units to drop.
:param kernel_initializer: Initializer for the kernel weights matrix (Conv1D).
:param use_batch_norm: Whether to use batch normalization in the residual layers or
:return A tuple where the first element is the residual model layer, and the second is the skip connection.
```

$process_dilations(dilations)$

```
\underline{\mathbf{get\_opt}(\mathit{opt},\mathit{lr},\mathit{decay}{=}\mathsf{0.0})}
```

Args:

opt: Optimizer name.
lr: Learning rate.

decay: Learning rate decay over each update.

 $accuracy(y_true, y_pred)$

compiled_tcn(num_feat, num_classes, nb_filters, kernel_size, dilations, $nb_stacks, \ max_len, \ padding=$ 'causal', $use_skip_connections=$ True, return_sequences=True, regression=False, dropout_rate=0.05, name='tcn', kernel_initializer='he normal', activation='linear', opt='adam', lr=0.002, decay=0.0, use_batch_norm=False)

Creates a compiled TCN model for a given task (i.e. regression or classification). Classification uses a sparse categorical loss. Please input class ids and not one-ho

Args:

num_feat: The number of features of your input, i.e. the last dimension of: (bath) num classes: The size of the final dense layer, how many classes (or values) we nb filters: The number of filters to use in the convolutional layers. kernel size: The size of the kernel to use in each convolutional layer. dilations: The list of the dilations. Example is: [1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64]. nb stacks: The number of stacks of residual blocks to use. max_len: The maximum sequence length, use None if the sequence length is dynamic padding: The padding to use in the convolutional layers. use_skip_connections: Boolean. If we want to add skip connections from input to return sequences: Boolean. Whether to return the last output in the output sequences. regression: Whether the output should be continuous or discrete. dropout rate: Float between 0 and 1. Fraction of the input units to drop. activation: The activation used in the residual blocks o = Activation(x + F(x))name: Name of the model. Useful when having multiple TCN. kernel initializer: Initializer for the kernel weights matrix (Conv1D).

opt: Optimizer name.

lr: Learning rate.

decay: Learning rate decay over each update.

use batch norm: Whether to use batch normalization in the residual layers or not Returns:

A compiled keras TCN.

29.2 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: logging.getLogger('TCNN')

29.3Class TCN

Creates a TCN layer.

Input shape:

A tensor of shape (batch size, timesteps, input dim).

Args:

nb_filters: The number of filters to use in the convolutional layers. kernel_size: The size of the kernel to use in each convolutional layer. dilations: The list of the dilations. Example is: [1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64]. nb_stacks: The number of stacks of residual blocks to use. padding: The padding to use in the convolutional layers, 'causal' or 'same'. use_skip_connections: Boolean. If we want to add skip connections from input to each return_sequences: Boolean. Whether to return the last output in the output sequence, activation: The activation used in the residual blocks o = Activation(x + F(x)). dropout_rate: Float between 0 and 1. Fraction of the input units to drop. name: Name of the model. Useful when having multiple TCN. kernel_initializer: Initializer for the kernel weights matrix (Conv1D). use_batch_norm: Whether to use batch normalization in the residual layers or not.

Returns:

A TCN layer.

29.3.1 Methods

```
___init___(self, nb_filters=64, kernel_size=2, nb_stacks=1, dilations=[1,2,4,8,16,32], padding='causal', use_skip_connections=True, dropout_rate=0.0, return_sequences=False, activation='linear', name='tcn', kernel_initializer='he_normal', use_batch_norm=False)
```

__call____(self, inputs)

30 Module deepwifi.TCN.weightnorm

30.1 Functions

30.2 Class SGDWithWeightnorm

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} keras. optimizers. SGD & \\ & & \\$

30.2.1 Methods

get_updates(self, loss, params)

30.3 Class AdamWithWeightnorm

30.3.1 Methods

get_updates(self, loss, params)

31 Module deepwifi.run acs

Running

======

There are two options:

- a) creates the configuration files (hostapd.conf, and wpa_supplicant.conf), create the scopy the files to the APs and STAs and then runs the experiment python3 run_acs.py --save-wpa-conf --save-hostapd-conf
- b) just run it. This pressuposes that the configuration files are copied to the devices python3 run_acs.py

31.1 Functions

reboot(aps, stas)

get_best_channel(data, valid_channels=[2412,2417,2422,2427,2432,2437,2442,2447,2452,2457,2462])

1) calculate the average interference factor for each channel 'c' IF[c] = $10^(chan_nf/5) + (busy time - tx time) / (active time - tx time) * <math>2^(10^(chan_nf/10) + 10^(band_min_nf/10))$ 2) return the channel with the lowest average

Parameters

data: list of survey data for one AP

Return Value

the best channel

get_action(env, aps, interval=1, num_min_surveys=5, tx_power=10)
decide based on the ACS index

run_acs(aps, stas, env, interaction_interval, run_id='1')

31.2 Variables

Nar	ne	Description
LOG	Valı	ue: logging.getLogger('RunClient')

 $continued\ on\ next\ page$

Name	Description
can_run	Value: True
TO_MUCH_ERROR_I-	Value: 20
N_A_ROW	

32 Module deepwifi.run_acs2

Running

======

There are two options:

- a) creates the configuration files (hostapd.conf, and wpa_supplicant.conf), create the scopy the files to the APs and STAs and then runs the experiment python3 run_acs.py --save-wpa-conf --save-hostapd-conf
- b) just run it. This pressuposes that the configuration files are copied to the devices python3 run_acs.py

32.1 Functions

 $\mathbf{reboot}(aps, stas)$

get_best_channel(data, aps, valid_channels=[2412,2417,2422,2427,2432,2437,2442,2447,2452,2457,2462])

- 1) calculate the average interference factor for each channel 'c'
 IF[c] = 10^(chan_nf/5) + (busy time tx time) / (active time tx time) * 2^(10^(clau)) return:
 - a) the channel with the lowest average for each AP if they are different
 - b) the second channel considering idle time

******* NOTICE ******

@param data: list of survey data for all AP
@return: the best channel for each AP

get_action(env, aps, interval=1, num_min_surveys=5, tx_power=10)
decide based on the ACS index

run_acs(aps, stas, env, interaction_interval, run_id='1')

32.2 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: logging.getLogger('RunClient')
can_run	Value: True
TO_MUCH_ERROR_I-	Value: 20
N_A_ROW	

33 Module deepwifi.run_experiment

Running

======

There are two options:

- a) creates the configuration files (hostapd.conf, and wpa_supplicant.conf), create the scopy the files to the APs and STAs and then runs the experiment python3 run_client.py --save-wpa-conf --save-hostapd-conf
- b) just runs. This pressuposes that the configuration files are copied to the devices
 python3 run_client.py --qoe-model [client | ap | hybrid | psnr]

33.1 Functions

```
\mathbf{reboot}(\mathit{aps},\,\mathit{stas})
```

33.2 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: logging.getLogger('RunClient')

34 Module deepwifi.to_md

34.1 Functions

skip(line)		

34.2 Variables

Name	Description
OUTPUT_DIR	Value: 'deepwifi.wiki'
files	Value: glob.glob('doc/*.html')

Script script-LICENSE

 $36 \quad Script \; script - monitor_ap_sh$

Script script-monitor_sh

38 Script script-run_acs_old_py

Running

======

There are two options:

- a) creates the configuration files (hostapd.conf, and wpa_supplicant.conf), create the scopy the files to the APs and STAs and then runs the experiment python3 run_acs.py --save-wpa-conf --save-hostapd-conf
- b) just runs. This pressuposes that the configuration files are copied to the devices python3 run_acs.py

38.1 Functions

reboot(aps, stas)

get_best_channel(data, | valid_channels=[2412,2417,2422,2427,2432,2437,2442,2447,2452,2457,2462])

1) calculate the average interference factor for each channel 'c' $IF[c] = 10^{(chan_nf/5)} + (busy time - tx time) / (active time - tx time) * <math>2^{(10^{(chan_nf/5)} + 10^{(chan_nf/10)} + 10^{(chan_nf/10)})}$ return the channel with the

 $2^(10^(chan_nf/10) + 10^(band_min_nf/10))$ 2) return the channel with the lowest average

Parameters

data: list of survey data for one AP

Return Value

the best channel

get_action(env, aps, interval=1, num_min_surveys=5, tx_power=10)
decide based on the ACS index

run_acs(aps, stas, env, interaction_interval, run_id='1')

38.2 Variables

Name	Description
LOG	Value: logging.getLogger('RunClient')

 $continued\ on\ next\ page$

Name	Description
can_run	Value: True
TO_MUCH_ERROR_I-	Value: 20
N_A_ROW	

 $39 \quad Script \; script-teste_model_ipynb$

 $40 \quad Script \; script\text{-}teste_tcn_ipynb$

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