

VE203 Discrete Mathematics

Spring 2022 — CCP7

January 17, 2022



7.1 Twelfold Way

Distribute k balls into n urns. ($f : B \rightarrow U, |B| = k, |U| = n$)

Balls (domain)	Urn (codomain)	unrestricted (any function)	≤ 1 (injective)	≥ 1 (surjective)
labeled	labeled	n^k		
unlabeled	labeled			
labeled	unlabeled			
unlabeled	unlabeled			

7.2 What does $\left\{ \begin{matrix} n \\ k \end{matrix} \right\}$ and $p_n(k)$ mean? How to calculate them?

7.3 Why is $\binom{n}{k}$ an integer?

7.4 What is Catalan Number, can you find out its practical meaning?

7.5 Prove that $\binom{\binom{n}{k}}{k} = \binom{n+k-1}{k} = \binom{n+k-1}{n-1}$

7.6 Consider

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 + x_6 + x_7 \leq 203$$

What are the number of integer solutions if

1. $x_i > 0$ and $=$ holds;
2. $x_i \geq 0$ and $=$ holds;
3. $x_i > 0$ and $<$ holds;
4. $x_i \geq 0$ and $<$ holds;
5. $x_i \geq 0$.

7.7 State Inclusion-Exclusion Principle.

7.8 Theorem.

$$\sum_{i=0}^n \binom{k+i}{k} = \binom{k+n+1}{k+1}$$

We can also prove this theorem using induction. Give such a proof.