

南京航空航天大学《计算机组成原理II课程设计》报告

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- 报告阶段：PA1.1
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- 本次实验，我完成了所有内容。

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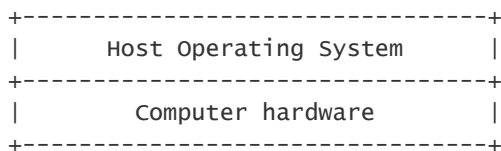
存放的是什么？

为什么是存放指令的存放地址而不是指令本身呢？

如果存放指令本身那么就无法知道下一条指令在哪。而存放指令的地址可以通过当前指令地址和当前指令长度得到下一条指令地址，从而一直执行下去。

贵圈真乱

```
+-----+
| "Hello world" program |
+-----+
| Micro operating system |
+-----+
| Simulated x86 hardware |
+-----+
| NEMU |
+-----+
| GNU/Linux |
+-----+
| VirtualBox (Simulated Hardware) |
```



虚拟机和模拟器的区别

模拟器最大的特点，就是对寄存器级别的硬件单元和芯片内部的时钟信号进行抽象仿真，通常是为了模拟不同指令集、不同体系架构的CPU，即异构指令集，所以多数情况要对微指令进行解释执行。

模拟器是用软件来模拟硬件操作，一般所说的虚拟机里会用模拟器来实现io设备的虚拟化（内存和CPU的虚拟化一般是由KVM或XEN这种虚拟化平台来实现的）。

而虚拟机(这里指的是vmware,Virtualbox)最大的特点就是，代码中没有一行被用作寄存器级或时钟级的建模，主要焦点都放在如何在架构相同的硬件中模拟另一个操作系统运行时的环境。也可以归类为：异构\同构操作系统和同构指令集的环境。virtualization基本都是去模拟一套相同指令集相同架构的硬件平台，因此在做好保护的前提下，很多时候可以直接利用CPU去执行目标指令。

从哪开始阅读代码呢？

从nemu/src/main.c文件开始阅读。

究竟要执行多久？

在cmd_c()函数中，调用cpu_exec()的时候传入了参数-1，你知道为什么要这么做吗，并说明理由。

cpu_exec()的定义void cpu_exec(uint64_t n)，-1会被解释为uint64_t，也就是0xffffffffffffffff，所以就会cpu_exec()不断取指译码执行指令到程序结束。

谁来指示程序的结束？

在程序设计课上老师告诉你，当程序执行到main()函数返回处的时候,程序就退出了,你对此深信不疑。但你是否怀疑过，凭什么程序执行到main()函数的返回处就结束了？如果有人告诉你，程序设计课上老师的说法是错的，你有办法来证明/反驳吗？

一开始就不信，至少控制台不是我写的代码打开的（手动滑稽）。

以elf64为例，反汇编的结果表明操作系统在运行一个程序是会先新建一个进程并将程序加载到进程空间中，之后以elf64文件头的e_entry字段的值（一个虚拟地址）为程序入口，也就是start函数。

```

; Attributes: noreturn

public start
start proc near
; __unwind {
xor     ebp, ebp
mov     r9, rdx
pop     rsi           ; argv
mov     rdx, rsp      ; envp
and     rsp, 0FFFFFFF0h
push    rax
push    rsp
mov     r8, offset sub_402960
mov     rcx, offset loc_4028D0
mov     rdi, offset sub_401B6D ; argc
db      67h
call    main
hlt
; } // starts at 401A50
start endp

```

start函数初始化一部分参数后就调用main函数。C++中会在main函数之前先调用全局对象的构造函数，同理，结束之后调用全局对象的析构函数。

这些函数的调用取决于ELF文件中两个特殊的段。init和fini。

为什么会这样？

经过任务4.1和4.2，你发现本来是顺序存储的数据，为何以4字节为单位打印和以1字节为单位打印时相比，顺序会不一样？

这涉及存储对象内部的字节顺序，分为大端法（IBM和Oracle的大多数机器）和小端法（大多数Intel兼容机）。大端法即高字节数据存储在低地址中，低字节数据存放在高地址中。小端法与之相反。

实验环境下是小端法，而读取数据的代码pmem_rw(addr, uint32_t) & (~0u >> ((4 - len) << 3));是直接取uint32_t（小端法解释）返回。

实验内容

任务1：实现正确的寄存器结构体

实现在nemu/include/cpu/reg.h中的结构体CPU_state。

```

typedef union {
    union {
        uint32_t _32;
        uint16_t _16;
        uint8_t _8[2];
    } gpr[8];

    /* Do NOT change the order of the GPRs' definitions. */

```

```

/* In NEMU, rtlreg_t is exactly uint32_t. This makes RTL instructions
 * in PA2 able to directly access these registers.
 */
struct {
    rtlreg_t eax;
    rtlreg_t ecx;
    rtlreg_t edx;
    rtlreg_t ebx;
    rtlreg_t esp;
    rtlreg_t ebp;
    rtlreg_t esi;
    rtlreg_t edi;
    vaddr_t eip;
};
} CPU_state;

```

通过union访问同一个内存单位的不同长度的数据。通过union和匿名struct使gpr[8]和8个通用寄存器的内存单位——对应。

先make clean, 然后make run并c。

```

caoweisi@debian:~/ics2017/nemu$ make clean
rm -rf ./build
caoweisi@debian:~/ics2017/nemu$ make run
+ CC src/monitor/cpu-exec.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/expr.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/ui.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/watchpoint.c
+ CC src/monitor/monitor.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/protocol.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/gdb-host.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/diff-test.c
+ CC src/cpu/reg.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/special.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/arith.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/exec.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/cc.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/control.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/prefix.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/logic.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/system.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/data-mov.c
+ CC src/cpu/intr.c
+ CC src/cpu/decode/modrm.c
+ CC src/cpu/decode/decode.c
+ CC src/misc/logo.c
+ CC src/main.c
+ CC src/memory/memory.c
+ CC src/device/serial.c
+ CC src/device/device.c
+ CC src/device/vga.c
+ CC src/device/keyboard.c
+ CC src/device/timer.c
+ CC src/device/io/port-io.c
+ CC src/device/io/mmio.c
+ LD build/nemu
./build/nemu -l ./build/nemu-log.txt
[src/monitor/monitor.c,47,load_default_img] No image is given. Use the default build-in image.
Welcome to NEMU!
[src/monitor/monitor.c,30,welcome] Build time: 20:00:57, Mar 31 2019
For help, type "help"
(nemu) c
nemu: HIT GOOD TRAP at eip = 0x00100026

```

任务2.1：实现单步/指定步数执行功能

修改cmd_table (这里存储的使用来索引的指令信息或handle函数)。

```
static struct {
    char *name;
    char *description;
    int (*handler) (char *);
} cmd_table [] = {
    { "help", "Display informations about all supported commands", cmd_help },
    { "c", "Continue the execution of the program", cmd_c },
    { "q", "Exit NEMU", cmd_q },
    { "si", "si [N]:Single-step execution N", cmd_si },
};
```

声明并定义函数cmd_si。

```
static int cmd_si(char *args);

...

static int cmd_si(char *args){
    char *arg = strtok(NULL, " ");
    int N;

    if (arg == NULL) {
        N = 1;
    }
    else {
        N = atoi(arg);
    }

    cpu_exec(N);

    return 0;
}
```

先make clean, 然后make run并si 1, si, si -1, si 10。

```
caoweisi@debian:~/ics2017/nemu$ make clean
rm -rf ./build
caoweisi@debian:~/ics2017/nemu$ make run
+ CC src/monitor/cpu-exec.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/expr.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/ui.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/watchpoint.c
+ CC src/monitor/monitor.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/protocol.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/gdb-host.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/diff-test.c
+ CC src/cpu/reg.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/special.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/arith.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/exec.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/cc.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/control.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/prefix.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/logic.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/system.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/data-mov.c
+ CC src/cpu/intr.c
+ CC src/cpu/decode/modrm.c
+ CC src/cpu/decode/decode.c
+ CC src/misc/logo.c
+ CC src/main.c
+ CC src/memory/memory.c
+ CC src/device/serial.c
+ CC src/device/device.c
+ CC src/device/vga.c
+ CC src/device/keyboard.c
+ CC src/device/timer.c
+ CC src/device/io/port-io.c
+ CC src/device/io/mmio.c
+ LD build/nemu
./build/nemu -l ./build/nemu-log.txt
[src/monitor/monitor.c,47,load_default_img] No image is given. Use the default build-in image.
Welcome to NEMU!
[src/monitor/monitor.c,30,welcome] Build time: 20:13:51, Mar 31 2019
For help, type "help"
(nemu) si 1
100000: b8 34 12 00 00 movl $0x1234,%eax
(nemu) si
100005: b9 27 00 10 00 movl $0x100027,%ecx
(nemu) si -1
nemu: HIT GOOD TRAP at eip = 0x00100026
(nemu) q
```

```

caoweisi@debian:~/ics2017/nemu$ make clean
rm -rf ./build
caoweisi@debian:~/ics2017/nemu$ make run
+ CC src/monitor/cpu-exec.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/expr.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/ui.c
+ CC src/monitor/debug/watchpoint.c
+ CC src/monitor/monitor.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/protocol.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/gdb-host.c
+ CC src/monitor/diff-test/diff-test.c
+ CC src/cpu/reg.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/special.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/arith.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/exec.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/cc.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/control.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/prefix.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/logic.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/system.c
+ CC src/cpu/exec/data-mov.c
+ CC src/cpu/intr.c
+ CC src/cpu/decode/modrm.c
+ CC src/cpu/decode/decode.c
+ CC src/misc/logo.c
+ CC src/main.c
+ CC src/memory/memory.c
+ CC src/device/serial.c
+ CC src/device/device.c
+ CC src/device/vga.c
+ CC src/device/keyboard.c
+ CC src/device/timer.c
+ CC src/device/io/port-io.c
+ CC src/device/io/mmio.c
+ LD build/nemu
./build/nemu -l ./build/nemu-log.txt
[src/monitor/monitor.c,47,load_default_img] No image is given. Use the default build-in image.
Welcome to NEMU!
[src/monitor/monitor.c,30,welcome] Build time: 20:14:54, Mar 31 2019
For help, type "help"
(nemu) si 10
nemu: HIT GOOD TRAP at eip = 0x00100026

```

任务2.2：修改一次打印步数上限

看cpu_exec函数，发现实际运行使用的是exec_wrapper(print_flag)。

```

for (; n > 0; n --) {
    /* Execute one instruction, including instruction fetch,
     * instruction decode, and the actual execution. */
    exec_wrapper(print_flag);
}

```

参数print_flag初始化bool print_flag = n < MAX_INSTR_TO_PRINT;。

先看exec_wrapper函数定义发现打印语句。

```

if (print_flag) {
    puts(decoding.asm_buf);
}

```

所以是否打印由参数print_flag控制，其值为n < MAX_INSTR_TO_PRINT。所以修改上限即修改MAX_INSTR_TO_PRINT。

```

#define MAX_INSTR_TO_PRINT -1

```

先make clean, 然后make run并si 5, si 10, si 15。

```
(nemu) si 5
100000: b8 34 12 00 00      movl $0x1234,%eax
100005: b9 27 00 10 00      movl $0x100027,%ecx
10000a: 89 01               movl %eax,(%ecx)
10000c: 66 c7 41 04 01 00    movw $0x1,0x4(%ecx)
100012: bb 02 00 00 00      movl $0x2,%ebx
(nemu) q

(nemu) si 10
100000: b8 34 12 00 00      movl $0x1234,%eax
100005: b9 27 00 10 00      movl $0x100027,%ecx
10000a: 89 01               movl %eax,(%ecx)
10000c: 66 c7 41 04 01 00    movw $0x1,0x4(%ecx)
100012: bb 02 00 00 00      movl $0x2,%ebx
100017: 66 c7 84 99 00 e0 ff ff 01 00    movw $0x1,-0x2000(%ecx,%ebx,4)
100021: b8 00 00 00 00      movl $0x0,%eax
nemu: HIT GOOD TRAP at eip = 0x00100026

100026: d6                  nemu trap (eax = 0)
(nemu) q

(nemu) si 15
100000: b8 34 12 00 00      movl $0x1234,%eax
100005: b9 27 00 10 00      movl $0x100027,%ecx
10000a: 89 01               movl %eax,(%ecx)
10000c: 66 c7 41 04 01 00    movw $0x1,0x4(%ecx)
100012: bb 02 00 00 00      movl $0x2,%ebx
100017: 66 c7 84 99 00 e0 ff ff 01 00    movw $0x1,-0x2000(%ecx,%ebx,4)
100021: b8 00 00 00 00      movl $0x0,%eax
nemu: HIT GOOD TRAP at eip = 0x00100026

100026: d6                  nemu trap (eax = 0)
(nemu) q
```

任务3：实现打印寄存器功能

修改cmd_table。

```
static struct {
    char *name;
    char *description;
    int (*handler) (char *);
} cmd_table [] = {
    { "help", "Display informations about all supported commands", cmd_help },
    { "c", "Continue the execution of the program", cmd_c },
    { "q", "Exit NEMU", cmd_q },
    { "si", "si [N]:Single-step execution N", cmd_si },
    { "info", "info r:print register status,info w:monitoring point information", cmd_info },
};
```

声明并定义函数cmd_info。

```
static int cmd_info(char *args);

...

static int cmd_info(char *args){
    char *arg = strtok(NULL, " ");

    if (arg == NULL) {
```



```

    printf("info r:print register status,info w:monitoring point information\n");
}
else if (strcmp(arg,"r") == 0) {
    printf("eax %#010x %10d\n", cpu.eax, cpu.eax);
    printf("ecx %#010x %10d\n", cpu.ecx, cpu.ecx);
    printf("edx %#010x %10d\n", cpu.edx, cpu.edx);
    printf("ebx %#010x %10d\n", cpu.ebx, cpu.ebx);
    printf("esp %#010x %10d\n", cpu.esp, cpu.esp);
    printf("ebp %#010x %10d\n", cpu.ebp, cpu.ebp);
    printf("esi %#010x %10d\n", cpu.esi, cpu.esi);
    printf("edi %#010x %10d\n", cpu.edi, cpu.edi);
    printf("eip %#010x %10d\n", cpu.eip, cpu.eip);
}
else if (strcmp(arg,"w") == 0) {
    printf("%s' is not finished\n", arg);
}
else {
    printf("Unknown command '%s'\n", arg);
}

return 0;
}

```

先make clean, 然后make run并info r, si 5, info r.

```

(nemu) info r
eax 0x51afb7c1 1370471537
ecx 0x43b7af84 1136111492
edx 0x4c6a0488 1282016392
ebx 0x325955a7 844715431
esp 0x04b9ff19 79298329
ebp 0x7de98fe9 2112458729
esi 0x20511a85 542186117
edi 0x48b473cc 1219785676
eip 0x00100000 1048576
(nemu) si 5
100000: b8 34 12 00 00      movl $0x1234,%eax
100005: b9 27 00 10 00      movl $0x100027,%ecx
10000a: 89 01              movl %eax,(%ecx)
10000c: 66 c7 41 04 01 00   movw $0x1,0x4(%ecx)
100012: bb 02 00 00 00      movl $0x2,%ebx
(nemu) info r
eax 0x00001234      4660
ecx 0x00100027      1048615
edx 0x4c6a0488 1282016392
ebx 0x00000002      2
esp 0x04b9ff19 79298329
ebp 0x7de98fe9 2112458729
esi 0x20511a85 542186117
edi 0x48b473cc 1219785676
eip 0x00100017      1048599
(nemu) █

```

任务4.1：实现扫描内存功能 && 任务4.2：转换为字节显示

修改cmd_table。

```

static struct {
    char *name;
    char *description;
    int (*handler) (char *);
} cmd_table [] = {
    { "help", "Display informations about all supported commands", cmd_help },
    { "c", "Continue the execution of the program", cmd_c },
    { "q", "Exit NEMU", cmd_q },
    { "si", "si [N]:Single-step execution N", cmd_si },
    { "info", "info r:print register status,info w:monitoring point information", cmd_info },
    { "x", "x N EXPR:Find the value of the expression EXPR, use the result as the starting
memory address, and output N consecutive 4 bytes in hexadecimal form", cmd_x },
};

```

声明并定义函数cmd_x和用于解析表达式的函数parse_hex（未完善）。

```

static int cmd_x(char *args);

static vaddr_t parse_hex(char *args);

...

static vaddr_t parse_hex(char *arg){
    vaddr_t i = 0;
    char * end = arg + strlen(arg);

    for (char * x = arg + 2; x < end; x++) {
        if (*x >= '0' && *x <= '9') {
            i *= 0x10;
            i += *x - 0x30;
        }
        else if (*x >= 'a' && *x <= 'f') {
            i *= 0x10;
            i += *x - 0x57;
        }
        else if (*x >= 'A' && *x <= 'F') {
            i *= 0x10;
            i += *x - 0x37;
        }
        else {
            printf("EXPR error\n");
            return i;
        }
    }

    return i;
}

static int cmd_x(char *args){
    char *arg = strtok(NULL, " ");
    int N = 0;
    vaddr_t addr = 0;

    if (arg == NULL) {
        printf("N not found\n");
        return 0;
    }
    else {
        N = atoi(arg);
    }
}

```

```

arg = strtok(NULL, " ");

if (arg == NULL) {
    printf("EXPR not found\n");
    return 0;
}
else {
    addr = parse_hex(arg);
    printf("Address      Dword block      Byte sequence\n");
    while (N-- > 0) {
        uint32_t value = vaddr_read(addr, 4);
        uint32_t byte[4];
        byte[0] = value & 0x000000ff;
        byte[1] = (value & 0x0000ff00) >> 8;
        byte[2] = (value & 0x00ff0000) >> 16;
        byte[3] = (value >> 24) % 0x100;
        printf("#010x      #010x      %02x %02x %02x %02x\n", addr, value, byte[0], byte[1],
byte[2], byte[3]);
        addr += 4;
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

先make clean, 然后make run并x 4 0x100000。

```

(nemu) x 4 0x100000
Address      Dword block      Byte sequence
0x00100000    0x001234b8      b8 34 12 00
0x00100004    0x0027b900      00 b9 27 00
0x00100008    0x01890010      10 00 89 01
0x0010000c    0x0441c766      66 c7 41 04

```

Git Log

git log --oneline截图。

