# 9597 H2 Computing Paper

# **Paper 1 Format**

- Duration: 3 hours 15 min

- Total Marks: 100

- Weighting: 35%

- Number of questions: 4

# **Paper 2 Format**

- Duration: 3 hours

- Total Marks: 100

- Weighting: 65%

- Number of questions: 6

### **Contents**

## **Module 1: Algorithms and Design**

#### 1.1 Fudamental Algorithms

- 1. Search
  - 1.1 Linear / sequential
  - 1.2 Binary search (iterative / recursive)
  - 1.3 Hash table search
- 2. Sorting
  - 2.1 Bubble sort (normal and improved)
  - 2.2 Insertion sort
  - 2.3 Quick sort
- 3. Modulo operations and weighted modulo
- 4. Binary search tree
  - 4.1 Building: iterative / recursive
  - 4.2 Sort: iterative / recursive
  - 4.3 Search: iterative / recursive
  - 4.4 Traversal: recursive (pre-order, in-order, post-order)

#### 1.2 Abstraction

- 1. Data representation
  - 1.1 ASCII code: ord(), chr()
  - 1.2 Unicode
  - 1.3 Binary, octal, hexadecimal
- 2. Data structures and associated operations (insert, delete, search)
  - 2.1 Array: append, pop
  - 2.2 Dictionary: mapping values
  - 2.3 Stack: push, pop
  - 2.4 Queue: enqueue, dequeue
  - 2.5 List: add, delete

#### 1.3 Modularity

- 1. Types of programme errors
- 2. Test cases
  - 2.1 Normal
  - 2.2 Invalid
  - 2.3 Errornous
  - 2.4 Boundary
- 3. Data validation
  - 3.1 Range
  - 3.2 Length
  - 3.3 Format

- 3.4 Data type
- 4. Programme Design
  - 4.1 Modular design
  - 4.2 Top-down approach
- 5. Use of meaningful variable names

#### 1.4 Programming

- 1. I/O operations
- 2. Serial / sequential text files
  - 2.1 Opening / closing files
  - 2.2 Reading / writing files
  - 2.3 Finding locations: seek(), tell()
- 3. Classes and objects
- 4. Encapsulation (not allowing for access to class data from external methods and functions)
- 5. Inheritance: calling super().\_\_init\_\_()
- 6. Polymorphism

#### **Module 2: Interface and Interactions**

#### 2.1 Interacting with Computers (User Interface)

- 1. Types of user interfaces
  - 1.1 Command line
  - 1.2 Menu
  - 1.3 Form-based
  - 1.4 Graphical
- 2. Specifications of appropriate interface
- 3. Design considerations (8 Golden Rules)
- 4. Interaction techniques / input methods
  - 4.1 Mouse
  - 4.2 Keyboard
  - 4.3 Voice
  - 4.4 Gesture
  - 4.5 Touch
- 5. Styles of interaction
  - 5.1 Command line
  - 5.2 Menu
  - 5.3 Graphical
  - 5.4 Virtual reality
- 6. Effects and impacts of computers
  - 6.1 Social issues
  - 6.2 Ethical issues
  - 6.3 Economic issues

#### 2.2 Interfacing Computers (Networking)

- 1. Types of networks and examples of them
  - 1.1 Local area network
  - 1.2 Wide area network
- 2. Purposes of networking hardware
  - 2.1 Servers
  - 2.2 Clients
  - 2.3 Switches
  - 2.4 Routers
  - 2.5 Bridges
- 3. Intranet
  - 3.1 Usage
  - 3.2 Reasons for implementing Intranet
- 4. Cloud computing
  - 4.1 Types of services
    - 4.1.1 Application as a service
    - 4.1.2 Infrastructure as a service
    - 4.1.3 Platform as a service
  - 4.2 Benefits of using cloud
  - 4.3 Social and security issues related to cloud storage
- 5. Rate of transmission (baud / bps)
- 6. Types of data transmission
  - 6.1 Synchronous
  - 6.2 Asynchronous
- 7. Modes of data transmission
  - 7.1 Simplex
  - 7.2 Half-duplex

- 7.3 Full-duplex
- 8. Types of switching and their benefits / drawbacks
  - 8.1 Circuit switching
  - 8.2 Packet switching
- 9. Error detection in transmission
  - 9.1 Parity bit check
  - 9.2 Checksums

#### 2.3 Interacting with data (Relational database)

- 1. Attributes of database
  - 1.1 Tables
  - 1.2 Records
  - 1.3 Fields
  - 1.4 Tuples
- 2. Entity-Relationship diagrams
- 3. Data redundancy and data dependency
- 4. Privacy and integrity of data

## **Module 3: Systems Engineering**

#### 3.1 System Development Cycle (SDC)

- 1. Data and processes in software system / applications
  - 1.1 Business systems
  - 1.2 Information systems
  - 1.3 Education systems
  - 1.4 Entertainment systems
- 2. Phases of development
  - 2.1 Specification
  - 2.2 Design
  - 2.3 Development
  - 2.4 Documentation
  - 2.5 Implementation
  - 2.6 Testing / Modification
  - 2.7 Maintenance
- 3. Testing strategies
  - 3.1 Bottom-up testing
  - 3.2 Top-down testing
  - 3.3 White box testing
  - 3.4 Black box testing
  - 3.5 Alpha testing
  - 3.6 Beta testing

#### 3.2 Project Management Techniques

- 1. Purpose of project proposal
- 2. Project management

- 2.1 PERT chart and critical path analysis
- 2.2 Gantt chart
- 3. Importance of team work and roles of team members on a project

#### 3.3 Network Applications

- 1. Methods for creating network app
  - 1.1 Client side scripting
  - 1.2 Server side scripting
- 2. Tools for network application
  - 2.1 Hand-held devices
  - 2.2 Technology standards
  - 2.3 Application software
- 3. Security of network application
  - 3.1 Access rights
  - 3.2 Editing rights
  - 3.3 Password and protected access
- 4. Network security
  - 4.1 Firewalls
- 5. Issues of network applications
  - 5.1 Social issues
  - 5.2 Ethical issues
  - 5.3 Copyright issues