Package 'neuroSCC'

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Type Package
Title Estimation of SCC's for PET Neuroimaging Data
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Description This package provides functions for the estimation of Simultaneous Confidence Corridors (SCCs) on PET neuroimaging data. It is designed to help with the replication of methods implemented in the Ph.D. Thesis ``Development of statistical methods for neuroimage data analysis towards early diagnostic of neurodegenerative diseases" and it is best applied using the scripts available in the link below. Further information on the methodology for SCCs estimation can be found in: ``Wang Y, Wang G, Wang L, Ogden RT. Simultaneous confidence corridors for mean functions in functional data analysis of imaging data. Biometrics. 2020 Jun;76(2):427-437".
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R topics documented:
databaseCreator getDimensions matrixCreator neuroCleaner
Index

2 databaseCreator

databaseCreator	Create a database of processed PET image data with the appropiate format

Description

This function automates the processing of PET images based on a specified file name pattern within a working directory. It reads each file matching the pattern, processes it using neuroSCC::neuroCleaner, and compiles the results into a comprehensive data frame.

Usage

```
databaseCreator(pattern)
```

Arguments

pattern

character, a regular expression pattern that specifies which files to process.

Details

The function first checks if there are files matching the pattern in the working directory. If no files are found, it throws an error. Otherwise, it processes each file individually, extracts necessary data, and appends it to a growing database. The function leverages neuroSCC::neuroCleaner for data processing. Each file's subject number is extracted from its name using regular expressions.

Value

A data. frame that aggregates processed data from each image. Each row represents data from one image, including subject numbers and image data.

See Also

neuroCleaner for the underlying image processing.

Examples

```
# Set the working directory where your PET images are stored
setwd("~/GitHub/PhD-2023-Neuroimage-article-SCC-vs-SPM/PETimg_masked for simulations")
# Define the pattern for file names to process
pattern <- "^masked_swwwC\\d+_tripleNormEsp_w00_rrec_OSEM3D_32_it1.nii"
# Create the database
database_CN <- databaseCreator(pattern)</pre>
```

getDimensions 3

getDimensions

Get Dimensions from a DICOM File

Description

This function loads a DICOM image file using the oro.nifti package and extracts its dimensions. It provides the X and Y dimensions as well as the total number of elements ('dim') in the image data.

Usage

```
getDimensions(filename = NULL)
```

Arguments

filename

character, optional; the name of the DICOM file to read. If not provided, the function will search for the first . img file in the current working directory.

Details

If no filename is provided, the function searches the current directory for the first file with a .img extension. It stops with an error message if no such files are found. It is important to ensure that the specified file or files in the directory are in the DICOM format.

Value

A list containing xDim, yDim, and dim, representing the dimensions of the image in the X and Y axes, and the total number of elements in the image, respectively.

See Also

readNIfTI for the function used to read the DICOM files.

Examples

```
# If 'filename' is not provided, it will get the first image in the current working directory:
dimensions <- getDimensions()

# Providing a specific filename:
dimensions <- getDimensions("003_S_1059.img")</pre>
```

4 matrixCreator

matrixCreator	Convert PET image data to a functional data matrix format

Description

This function transforms PET image data, previously processed into a database format by databaseCreator, into a matrix format suitable for functional data analysis. Each row of the matrix represents a function, corresponding to data from one patient or control subject.

Usage

```
matrixCreator(database, pattern, param.z, xy)
```

Arguments

database	A data frame containing the PET image data with columns for 'CN_number', 'z', 'x', 'y', and 'pet' values, created by databaseCreator.
pattern	The regular expression pattern to match filenames in the database. This pattern should correspond to the naming conventions of the PET image files you want to process.
param.z	The specific z-coordinate slice to analyze. This parameter should be defined prior to running this function if not included in the script that calls it.
ху	The total number of data points per z-slice, calculated as the product of the dimensions x and y of the image slice. If not predefined, it must be calculated by the user based on the image dimensions.

Details

matrixCreator follows databaseCreator in the data processing workflow. It reads the data for each file specified by the matched pattern and extracts only the data for the specified z-slice. The function ensures that each row in the resulting matrix corresponds to one patient or control subject, transforming each subset of data into a format suitable for functional data analysis.

Value

A matrix where each row represents the PET data from one control subject, formatted as a continuous line of data points to simulate a function.

See Also

databaseCreator and neuroCleaner for initial data processing and image cleaning.

Examples

```
# Assuming 'database_CN', 'pattern', 'param.z', and 'xy' are already defined SCC_CN <- matrixCreator(database_CN, pattern, param.z, xy)
```

neuroCleaner 5

neuroCleaner

Cleans and loads data from NIFTI files

Description

This function reads a NIFTI image, transforms it into a dataframe, preserves the cross-section specified by the Z axis, and organizes the data into a structured table that other functions work on subsequently.

Usage

```
neuroCleaner(name, demo = NULL)
```

Arguments

name character, the name of the NIFTI file to read.

demo data.frame, a dataframe containing demographic data formatted according to

the demoCleaner function. If not provided, only image data will be processed.

Details

The function first reads the NIFTI file using the oro.nifti::readNIFTI function from the package. Then, it converts the image data to a dataframe and selects only the cross-section of interest. If the demographic dataframe is provided, it checks if it contains the necessary columns and extracts the data for the specified participant. Finally, it combines these data with the image data and returns the resulting dataframe for that patient. If demo is not provided, it returns only the image data.

Value

A data frame that combines the NIFTI image data with the demographic data in the appropriate format. Each row represents a pixel, and the columns include demographic data and pixel intensity. If demo is not provided, the dataframe will contain only the image data.

Author(s)

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```

See Also

```
demoCleaner and oro.nifti::readNIfTI().
```

Index

```
databaseCreator, 2, 4
demoCleaner, 5
getDimensions, 3
matrixCreator, 4
neuroCleaner, 2, 4, 5
readNIfTI, 3
```