Shifting discourse-semantics of risk in US newspapers, 1987–2014

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This slideshow is available at: http://git.io/vBfbw

23rd November 2015

Overview



- Context of the investigation: risk theory
- Data and research questions
- Linguistic approaches to risk
- Our methods and linguistic findings
- Sociological significance of the results

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The project(s)



I'm presenting work from closely related projects:

- Risk words in the NYT, 1963, 1987–2014
- Risk words in NYT health articles
- 3 Risk words in six US newspapers, 1987–2014

All investigations involve making longitudinally structured, parsed corpora and looking at how risk words behave.

Context: sociological risk theory



Risk as concept is sociologically important:

- New global risks (Beck, 1992)
- Calculative technologies (Dean, 1999)
- Individualisation—from tradition to decision (Beck, 1992)
- Technologies of the Self (Dean, 1998)
- Risk-taking (Luhmann, 1993)

Context: risk as word



- Risk can be nominal, verbal, adjectival, adverbial
- Risk as lexical item is increasingly frequent in print journalism (Zinn 2011)
- Risk as a lexical item in naturalistic text may behave contrary to expectations (Hamilton, Adolphs, & Nerlich, 2007)
- Meaning of risk moves toward threat/danger

Risk as participant is more closely related to negative outcomes than risk as process:

- Process: "Only those who will risk going too far can possibly find out how far one can go"
- Participant: risks/rewards, risk-to-benefit-ratio

Context: new methodologies



New kinds of data and tools make it possible to empirically analyse risk language in new ways:

- Digitisation of newspapers means we have large, well-structured datasets
- Parsing makes it possible to search for lexical and grammatical features in tandem
- Programmatic approaches to social science research facilitate:
 - ▶ Automation
 - Reproducibility
 - Transparency
 - ▶ Ability to deploy methods on new data
 - ► Objectivity?

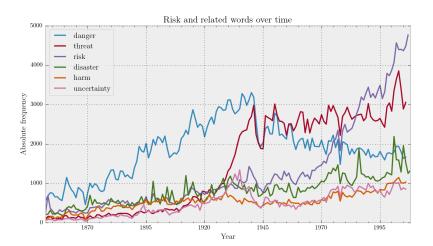
The data



- NYT Annotated Corpus: 1.8 million articles, 1987–2007 (Sandhaus, 2008)
- 2 ProQuest Newsstand for NYT 2007–2014
- Or ProQuest Newsstand for five other newspapers, 1987–2014
 - Washington Post
 - 2 Tampa Bay Times
 - **3** USA Today
 - Chicago Tribune
 - **6** Wall Street Journal
- **9** 54,288,152 words
- **1**,031,208 risk words
- 43GB when parsed

Increasing frequency of risk lemma





Research questions



We span the sociological, linguistic and computational. Examples:

- How do risk words behave longitudinally at the lexicogrammatical and discourse-semantic strata?
- What kinds of tools or methods are needed for this kind of (digital humanities) research?
- How does the institutionalisation of new societal practices manifest linguistically in the change of risk discourses and the use of risk language?

Linguistics: frame semantic approach



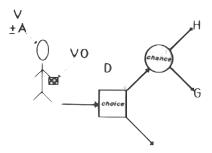
Frame semantics: risk as a cognitive schema (Fillmore & Atkins, 1992)

- Conceptualises risk mostly as experiential Process/Event
 - ▶ What kind of participants and circumstances occur when risk is the Process?
- Problem: risk often takes less prominent experiential roles
 - ▶ Is the risk frame actually invoked when the word is used?
 - ► Example:

Mr. Tepfer noted that Mr. Douglas, who was in the neighborhood when the body was found and was interviewed by the police at the time, 'preyed on at-risk women, on prostitutes, and he engaged in sex and strangled them to death.'

The risk frame (Fillmore & Atkins)





Corpus linguistic approach



Corpus linguistics: risk as token (Hamilton et al., 2007)

- Topics and text-types in which risk tokens appear
- Collocates of risk tokens
- Risk appears a lot in discussions of health
- Use of risk words is different to invented examples

Shortcomings:

- Smaller corpus size, heterogeneity of samples
- No parsing, lemmatisation
- No systematic connection of lexicogrammatical patterns to discourse/meaning

Our methods



- Get all paragraphs containing \brisk in all 1987-mid 2014 articles
- Annotate/parse the data with full *Stanford CoreNLP* suite with embarrassingly parallel HPC
- Develop corpkit, a toolkit for searching the corpus and communicating results
- Interrogate the corpus according to notions from systemic functional grammar
- Connect to sociological theory

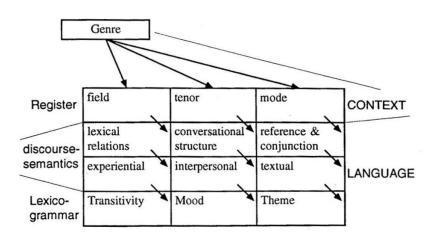
SFL: the basics



- Systemic: lexis as delicate grammar
- Functional: focus on language as a tool for the performance of functions
 - Interpersonal: negotiating relationships
 - 2 Experiential: representing the world
 - Textual: reflexive organisation into meaningful sequences

Overview of SFL





Transitivity system



- Focus on the clause as a unit of analysis
- Centre on the *process* (i.e. rightmost verb in VP)
- Processes *select* participants (i.e. arguments of the verb)
- PPs and RBs are typically *circumstances*

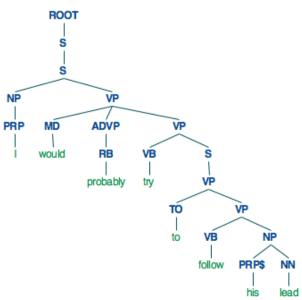
SF transitivity analysis



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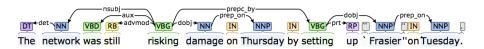
Constituency grammar





Dependency grammar





The controversial question



The question: Can we get systemic functional information from constituency and dependency parses?

The answer: Yep, quite a lot.

Developing tools



How to investigate this huge dataset, and make the investigation transparent/reproducible?

- corpkit: a Python module designed for parsed and structured corpora
 - ▶ interrogator(): search for lexicogrammatical phenomena in each subcorpus, tally results, output Pandas objects
 - ▶ editor(): edit results, calculate keyness, linear regression
 - ▶ plotter(): visualise via matplotlib
 - conc(): concordance via parses
- Scriptable, multiprocessing, handles arbitrary data, open-source
- Systemic-functionally aware
- More recently, a GUI, aimed at corpus linguists

corpkit GUI: interrogating



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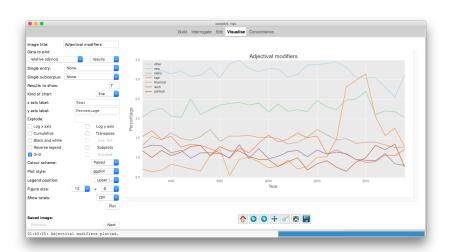
corpkit: concordancer



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corpkit: plotting





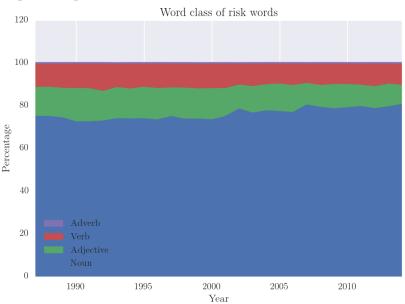
corpkit: example code



```
# import module and set data path
>>> from corpkit import *
>>> corpus = 'data/NYT-parsed'
# get pos of risk words, show word class
>>> res = interrogator(corpus, 'words', r'\brisk',
       show = ['p'], lemmatise = True)
# get relative frequency
>>> rel = editor(res.results, '%', res.totals, keep_top = 4)
# visualise
>>> plotter('Word class of risk words', rel.results,
... kind = 'area', style = 'seaborn-talk')
```

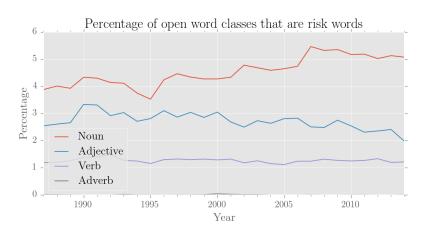
Example output





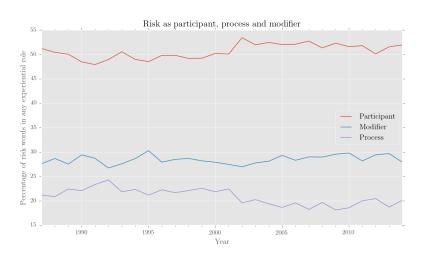
Nominalisation of risk in the NYT





Experiential roles of risk words

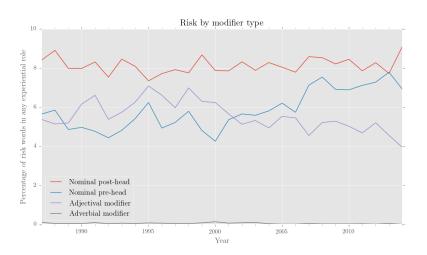




They risked their life \rightarrow It was a risk

Risk as modifier

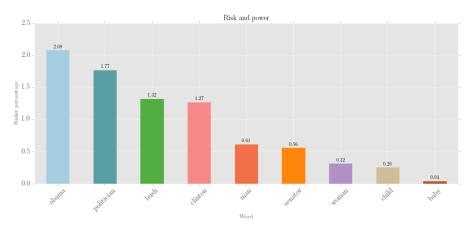




 $Risky\ decision
ightarrow risk\ assessment$

Risk and power

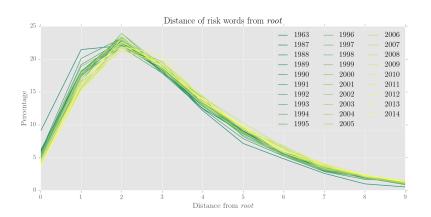




 \rightarrow Powerful and influential people do risking

Distance of risk word from root

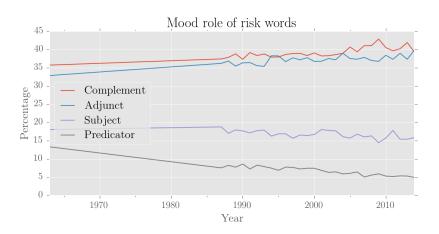




 \rightarrow looked promising, but seems to be a general phenomenon.

Mood role of risk words (NYT)





Arguable \rightarrow inarguable

First investigation: key findings



- Nominalisation and participantification: synonymy of risk and negative outcome
 - ightharpoonup risk assessment
 - ▶ Meaning of risk expanding beyond the *risk frame*
- Risk words becoming more implicit
 - Routinisation of the management of risk
 - Risk as increasingly present, but decreasingly debated
- More everyday exposure to risk, but less risking
- Neoliberal conceptualisations of agency: institutional expectation to take risk, absolution of responsibility for institutions themselves

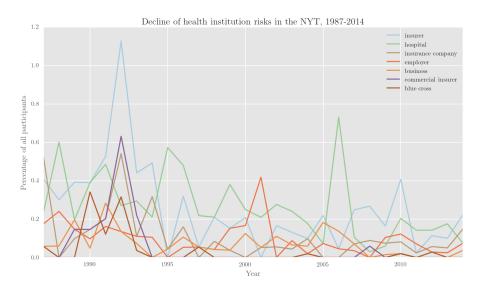
Health risk



- As earlier studies have shown, risk words often occur in health domains.
- The NYT Annotated Corpus had some manually added topic tags
- We created a subcorpus of health articles

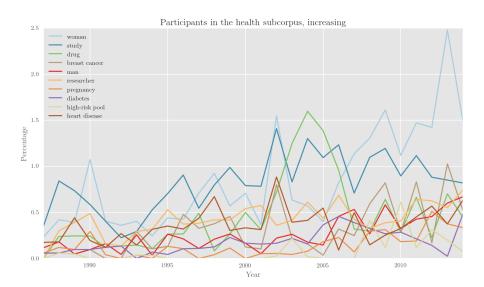
Decreasing participants in health discourse





Increasing participants in health discourse





Six newspapers

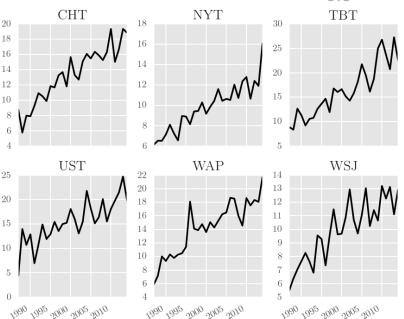


- We've only just started interrogating the six newspaper corpus
- First, we'd like to check if the NYT findings are generalisable to other publications.
- Then, understanding the reason for differences and similarities would be nice
- Would love help on dealing with the complexity of the data structure!

To take risk

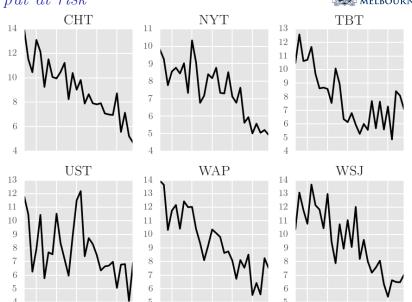


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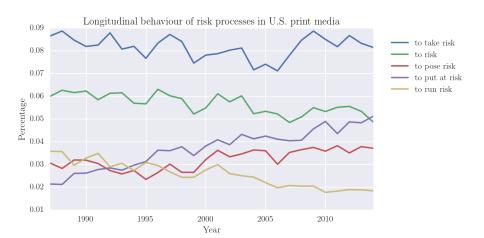
To put at risk





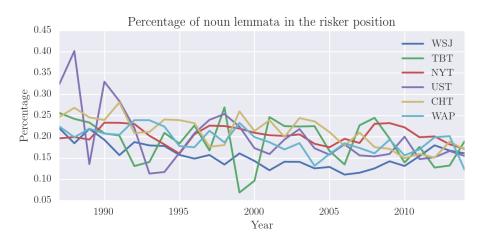
Risk processes





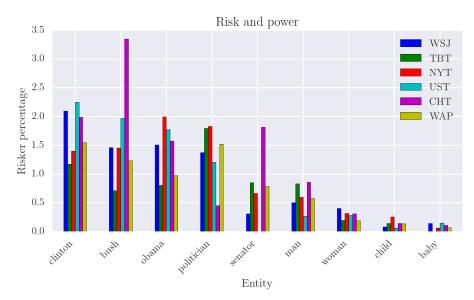
Less risking





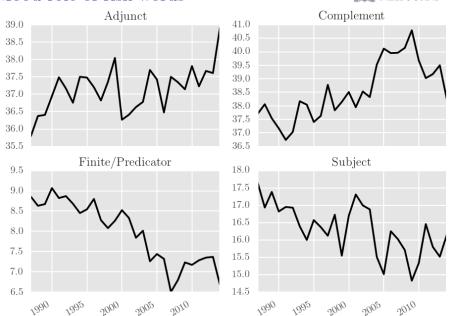
Risk and power across publications





Mood role of risk words





Preliminary findings



- Many phenomena generalisable
- Some newspaper specific constructions: risk appetite in the WSJ
- Fewer grammatical riskers, but risk characterising more participants and processes
- Hints of influence of newspaper's politicIan position

Discussion: using SFL



- SFL proves a useful means of dividing up and investigating the behaviour of a given word
- Systemic categories are sometimes more telling than formal/constituency/dependency labels
- Though theoretical orientations are different, much of the grammar (esp. at group/phrase levels) are actually very similar

Limitations



- This is a study of risk words, not risk
- Congruent realisations are analysed at the expense of the incongruent
- Little concordancing, close reading of individual texts
- Parser accuracy
- \bullet Lack of reference corpus to compare related words/general language

It's all open source



Data and tools are available for reuse:

- https://www.github.com/interrogator/risk
- https://www.github.com/interrogator/corpkit

Findings are presented dynamically in an Jupyter Notebook:

- NYT: http://git.io/vIM2W
- All: http://git.io/vBTHI

Project report:

http://git.io/vZ7yh

This slideshow:

http://git.io/vBfbw

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