

AceGen - Getting started - table of contents

- double-click the cells on the right to “Open/Close Group” and see the content of each step and a link to the notebook
- use search function to e.g. find steps working with “tensor” or using the “deformation gradient”

```
In[ * ]:= SetDirectory [ NotebookDirectory []];  
ShowStepLinkAndContent [] := (  
  (* Get the name of the Step folder from the previous section cell *)  
  path = StringJoin [NotebookRead [PreviousCell []][1, 1]];  
  path = StringReplace [path, "\" → ""];  
  (* Search for notebook file in path,  
  but exclude variants that start with "_" *)  
  path_file = First[Complement [FileNames["*.nb", path], FileNames["_*.nb", path]]];  
  Print[Hyperlink[path_file]];  
  Print[  
    First[NotebookImport [path_file, "Abstract" → "Text"], "no content available"]]  
  );
```

"Step001_Basics"

```
In[ * ]:= ShowStepLinkAndContent []  
  
Step001_Basics /AceGen-InCalcOut .nb  
  
content :  
- basic usage of AceGen  
- compute scalar output y based on input x and derivative dy/dx  
- scalars  
- input/output  
- SMSInitialize  
- SMSModule  
- SMSReal  
- SMSD  
- SMSExport  
- SMSPrintMessage  
- SMSWrite
```

"Step002_SetDelayed"

```
In[ * ]:= ShowStepLinkAndContent []
```

```
Step002_SetDelayed /AceGen-SetDelayed.nb
```

```
content :
```

- use of Mathematica's SetDelayed "[:=" operator to create function-like construct
- organise equations
- accessibility of variables inside SetDelayed
- use of modulePureLocal
- scalars
- SMSInitialize , SMSModule , SMSReal , SMSPrintMessage , SMSWrite

"Step020_SMSIf_Conditions"

```
In[ * ]:= ShowStepLinkAndContent []
```

```
Step020_SMSIf_Conditions /AceGen-SMSIf.nb
```

```
content :
```

- basic usage of SMSIf for conditions
- compute scalar output y based on input x and derivative dy/dx
- scalars
- input/output
- SMSIf , SMSElse , SMSEndIf
- SMSInitialize , SMSModule , SMSReal , SMSD , SMSExport , SMSPrintMessage , SMSWrite

"Step101_MaterialModel-linearElastic"

```
In[ * ]:= ShowStepLinkAndContent []
```

```
Step101_MaterialModel -linearElastic /AceGen-LinearElasticity.nb
```

```
content :
```

- linear elastic material model
- input is deformation gradient as 3x3 matrix
- output is stress as 6x1 vector and stress-strain tangent as fourth order tensor (3x3x3x3)
- tensor/vector
- input/output
- SMSFreeze
- Symmetric
- SMSInitialize , SMSModule , SMSReal , SMSD , SMSExport , SMSPrintMessage , SMSWrite

"Step112_MaterialModel- FiniteElastoPlasticity- spectralDecomposition"

`In[*]:= ShowStepLinkAndContent []`

```
Step112_MaterialModel -FiniteElastoPlasticity -spectralDecomposition /AceGen -
  FiniteElastoPlasticity -spectralDecomposition .nb

content :
- material model
- multiplicative plasticity
- spectral decomposition , use of eigenvalues /eigenvectors
- SMSCall
- SMSInitialize , SMSModule , SMSReal , SMSD , SMSExport , SMSPrintMessage , SMSWrite
- AceGen building time: ~20 s (Mode: Debug), ~45s (Mode: Optimal)
```

"Step115_MaterialModel- FiniteElastoPlasticity-exponentialMap- kinematicHardening"

`In[*]:= ShowStepLinkAndContent []`

```
Step115_MaterialModel -FiniteElastoPlasticity -exponentialMap -kinematicHardening /Pmulti_expM
  _HisokinAF .nb

content :
- material model
- multiplicative plasticity
- exponential map
- kinematic hardening
- modular concept
- SMSInitialize , SMSModule , SMSD , SMSDo , SMSCall
- AceGen building time: ~100 s (Mode: Debug), ~300 s (Mode: Optimal)
```

"Step215_ElementFormulation3D_Q1X _callMatMod"

*Inf **] := ShowStepLinkAndContent []

Step215_ElementFormulation3D _Q1X_callMatMod /Q1X_callMatMod .nb

content :

- element formulation
- geometrically nonlinear
- linear ansatz function
- 3D
- full or reduced integration (no stabilisation)
- optionally F-bar approach to avoid volumetric locking
- call to external material model, such as "Pmulti_eig" from
Step112_MaterialModel -FiniteElastoPlasticity -spectralDecomposition
- SMSIf, SMSCall, SMSD, SMSFreeze
- AceGen building time: ~10 s (Mode: Debug), ~20 s (Mode: Optimal)