

Lecture 07 – Spatial filtering II

Prof. João Fernando Mari

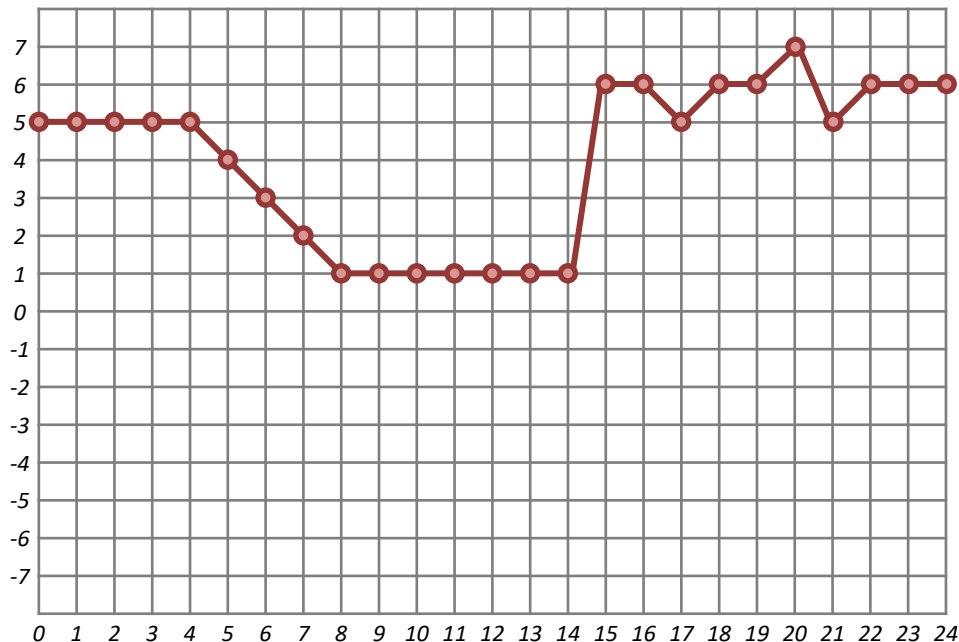
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- Derivatives of 1D discrete functions
- The Laplacian
- Laplacian variations
- The Gradient
- Roberts cross-gradient operators
- Prewitt and Sobel operators

DERIVATIVES OF 1D DISCRETE FUNCTIONS

Derivatives of 1D discrete functions



First order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = f(x+1) - f(x)$$

Second order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = f(x+1) + f(x-1) - 2f(x)$$

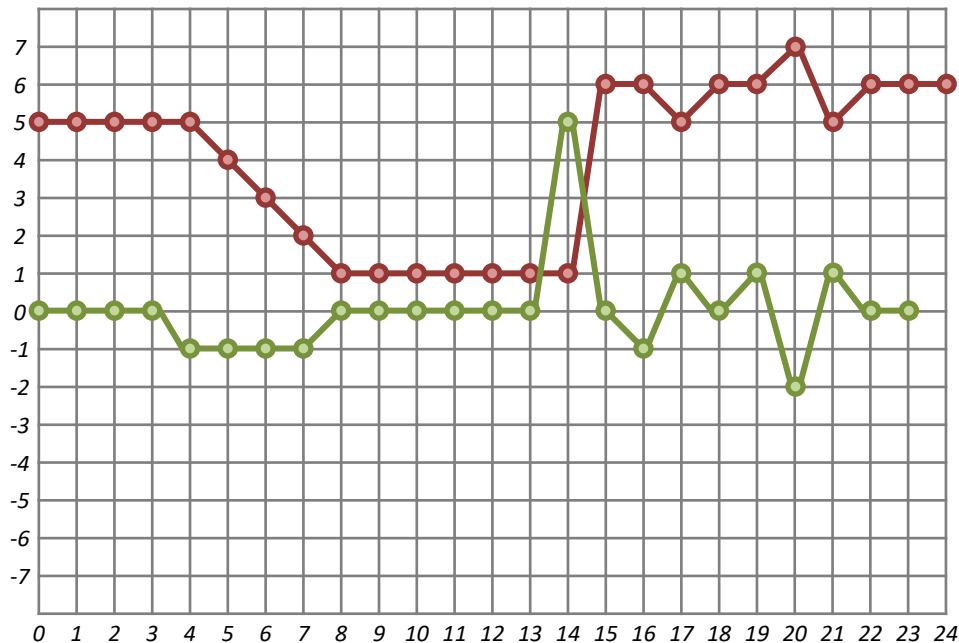
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Signal

First order derivative

Second order derivative

Derivadas de funções discretas 1D



First order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:



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Second order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = f(x+1) + f(x-1) - 2f(x)$$

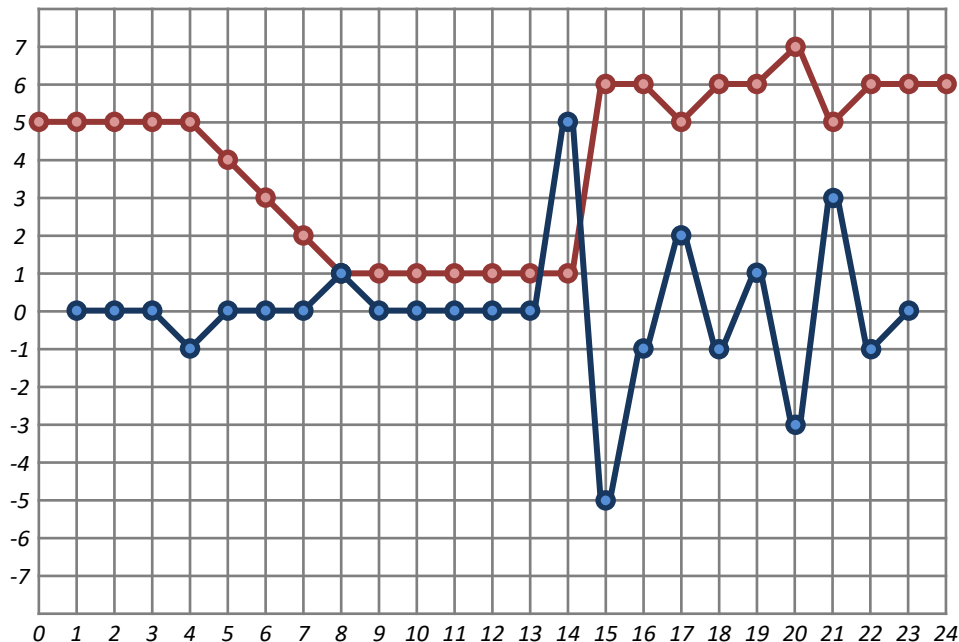
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0	0	0	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	-1	1	0	1	-2	1	0	0

Signal

First order derivative

Second order derivative

Derivatives of 1D discrete functions



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Second order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:



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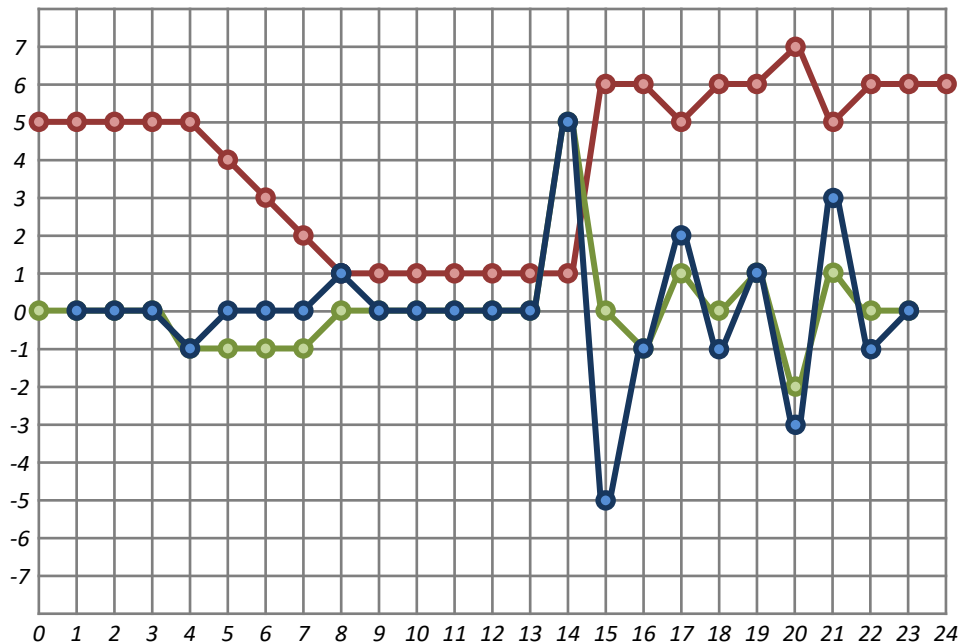
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0	0	0	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	-1	1	0	1	-2	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	-5	-1	2	-1	1	-3	3	-1	0

Signal

First order derivative

Second order derivative

Derivatives of 1D discrete functions



First order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = f(x+1) - f(x)$$

Second order derivative of a 1D function $f(x)$:



$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = f(x+1) + f(x-1) - 2f(x)$$

5	5	5	5	5	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	6	5	6	6	7	5	6	6	6
0	0	0	0	-1	-1	-1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	-1	1	0	1	-2	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	-5	-1	2	-1	1	-3	3	-1	0

Signal

First order derivative

Second order derivative

THE LAPLACIAN

The Laplacian

- The Laplacian of a two-dimensional function $f(x, y)$ is:

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}$$

- If we separate the Laplacian into the x and y directions, we have:

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = f(x+1, y) + f(x-1, y) - 2f(x, y)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = f(x, y+1) + f(x, y-1) - 2f(x, y)$$

- Thus, the discrete Laplacian of two variables is:

$$\nabla^2 f = f(x+1, y) + f(x-1, y) + f(x, y+1) + f(x, y-1) - 4f(x, y)$$

	-1	0	1
-1	0	1	0
0	1	-4	1
1	0	1	0

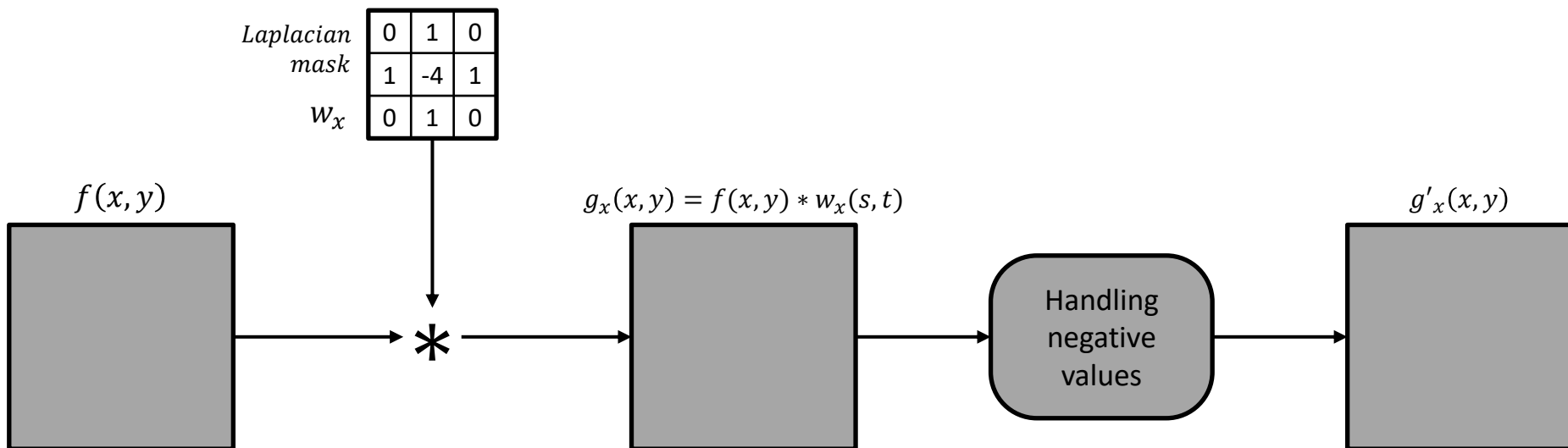
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<i>-1</i>	0	1	0
<i>0</i>	1	-4	1
<i>1</i>	0	1	0

	<i>-1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>-1</i>	0	-1	0
<i>0</i>	-1	4	-1
<i>1</i>	0	-1	0

	<i>-1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>-1</i>	1	1	1
<i>0</i>	1	-8	1
<i>1</i>	1	1	1

	<i>-1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>-1</i>	-1	-1	-1
<i>0</i>	-1	8	-1
<i>1</i>	-1	-1	-1

The Laplacian – how to apply



THE GRADIENT

The Gradient

- The gradient of a two-dimensional function $f(x, y)$ is:

$$\nabla f \equiv \begin{bmatrix} g_x \\ g_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = f(x, y) - f(x + 1, y), \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = f(x, y) - f(x, y + 1)$$

	0	1
0	1	0
1	-1	0

- The magnitude (size) of the gradient vector (∇f), $M(x, y)$ is:

$$M(x, y) = \text{mag}(\nabla f) = \sqrt{g_x^2 + g_y^2}$$

	0	1
0	1	-1
1	0	0

- Or it can be approximated by absolute values:

$$M(x, y) \approx |g_x| + |g_y|$$

The Gradient – Roberts cross-gradient operators

- Roberts diagonal operators consider diagonal differences:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = f(x, y) - f(x + 1, y + 1),$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = f(x + 1, y) - f(x, y + 1)$$

	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	-1

	0	1
0	0	-1
1	1	0

The Gradient – Prewitt and Sobel operators

Prewitt:

$$g_x$$

	-1	0	1
-1	-1	-1	-1
0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1

$$g_y$$

	-1	0	1
-1	-1	0	1
0	-1	0	1
1	-1	0	1

Sobel:

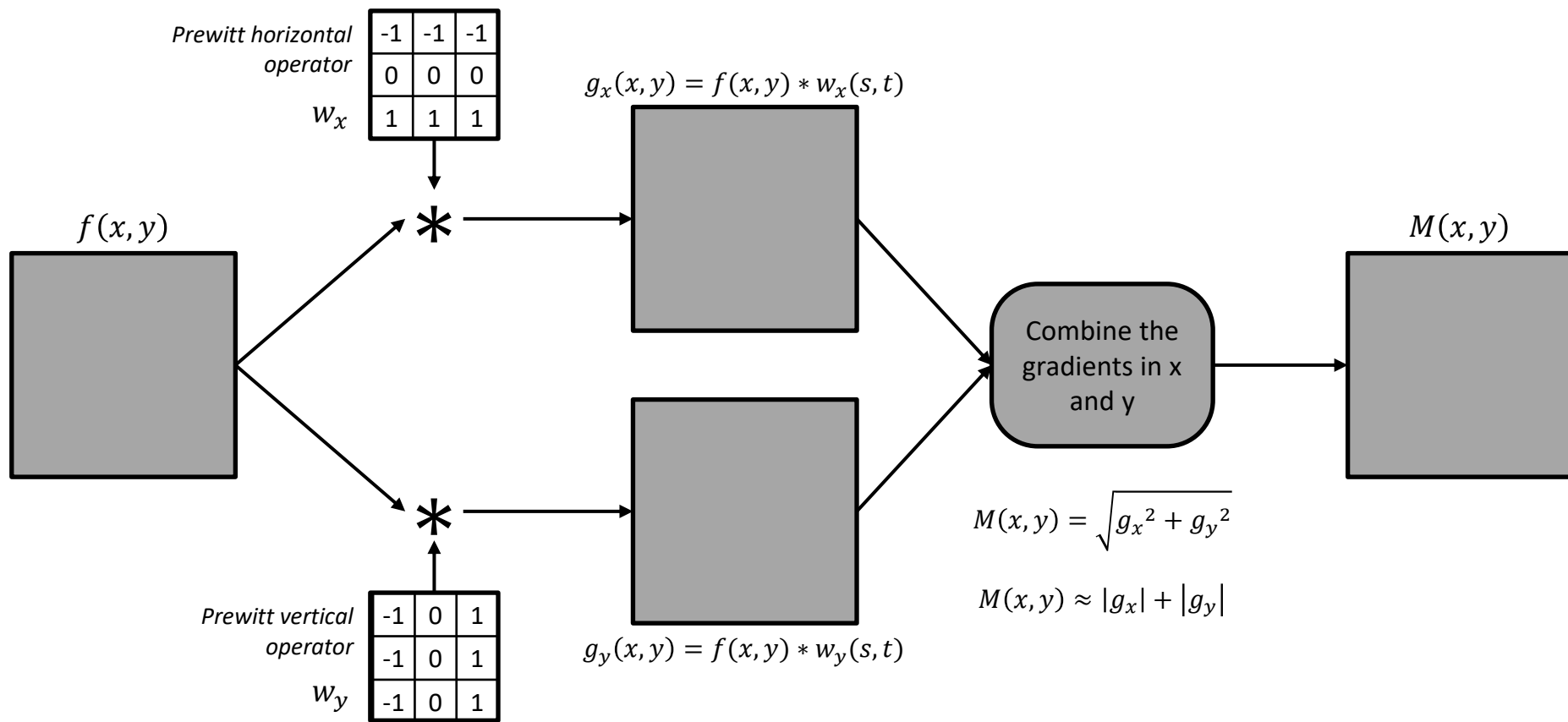
$$g_x$$

	-1	0	1
-1	-1	-2	-1
0	0	0	0
1	1	2	1

$$g_y$$

	-1	0	1
-1	-1	0	1
0	-2	0	2
1	-1	0	1

The Gradient – how to apply



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- MARQUES FILHO, O.; VIEIRA NETO, H. **Processamento digital de imagens**. Brasport, 1999.
 - (*in Brazilian Portuguese*)
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 - <http://dainf.ct.utfpr.edu.br/~hvieir/pub.html>
- J. E. R. Queiroz, H. M. Gomes. **Introdução ao Processamento Digital de Imagens**. RITA. v. 13, 2006.
 - (*in Brazilian Portuguese*)
 - <http://www.dsc.ufcg.edu.br/~hmg/disciplinas/graduacao/vc-2016.2/Rita-Tutorial-PDI.pdf>

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