File: error

```
2
   /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
3
   /* FICHIER : error.h
4
5
   #ifndef ERROR_H
   #define ERROR_H
   #include <stdio.h>
10
   #include <stdlib.h>
11
   #include <errno.h>
12
13
14
    * If Debug Flag is on, create a maccro to print debug information
15
    * %param MSG : String to print
    * %param ... : List of param [ for example if want to print variable value ]
17
18
   #ifdef DEBUG
19
       #define DEBUG_MSG(MSG, ...)
20
21
        do {
            fprintf(stderr, "\n\t[DEBUG] File : %s - Line : %d - Function : %s() : " MSG "\n",
22
                 __FILE__, __LINE__, __func__, ## __VA_ARGS__); \
       } while(0);
24
       #define DEBUG_MSG(MSG, ...)
25
26
   #endif
27
   /**
28
    * Create a maccro for quit the program
29
    * %param MSG : String to print
30
    * %param ... : List of param [ for example if want to print variable value ]
31
32
   #define QUIT_MSG(MSG, ...)
33
        do {
34
            DEBUG_MSG(MSG, ##__VA_ARGS__)
fprintf(stderr, "[FATAL ERROR] ");
35
36
            fprintf(stderr, MSG, ## __VA_ARGS__);
37
            perror(NULL);
38
39
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }while(0);
40
41
   #endif /* ERROR_H included */
```

$\underline{\text{File}}: \text{main}$

```
1 | #include <stdio.h>
_{2}\mid\mid #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <string.h>
3
  #include <math.h>
4
5 #include <time.h>
   #include <mpi.h>
6
  #include "matrix.h"
   #include "rows.h"
9
  #include "memory.h"
10
  #include "error.h"
11
   #include "game.h"
12
   #include "option.h"
13
14
15
   int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
16
17
18
        Option o;
        Game *g, *s = NULL;
19
        double time_taken = 0.0;
20
21
        int total_proc, my_id, my_x, my_y, proc_slice, slice_size, size_tick[4];
22
        MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
23
24
        MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&total_proc);
        MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&my_id);
25
26
      /* The process O get all parameters, load board if needed etc */
```

```
if ( my_id == 0 ) {
28
           srand(time(NULL));
29
           o = getOption(argc, argv); /* Get all option
30
31
           if ( *o.file_path != '\0' ) /* If path file is not empty */
32
                if ( (g = loadBoard(o.file_path)) == NULL ) /* then use the given file [load id
33
                    fprintf(stderr, "Can't load file %s\n", o.file_path);
34
35
           if ( g == NULL ) /* If load of file fail Or no grid given */
36
37
                g = generateRandomBoard(o); /* then create one */
38
            time_taken = MPI_Wtime();
39
40
            /* Fill value that will be needed for other process */
41
           size_tick[0] = g->rows;
42
           size_tick[1] = g->cols;
43
           size_tick[2] = o.max_tick;
44
           size_tick[3] = o.method;
45
46
       }
47
48
        /* Broadcast all the needed value ( in a array for compacting data) */
49
       MPI_Bcast(size_tick, 4, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
50
51
52
       /* init part */
53
       /***************
54
55
       if ( size_tick[3] == DIVIDE_MATRICE) {
56
           proc_slice = sqrt(total_proc);
57
           slice_size = size_tick[0] / proc_slice;
58
           my_x = my_id / proc_slice;
           my_y = my_id % proc_slice;
60
61
           if ( my_id == 0 && ( fmod(sqrt(total_proc), 1.0f) != 0
62
                       || size_tick[1] != size_tick[0] ) ) {
63
64
                QUIT_MSG("Grid could no be devided by the total number of process %d - %d\n",
65
                    size_tick[1], total_proc);
66
67
           if (my_id == 0)
68
                sendAllSubMatrice(g, slice_size, proc_slice);
69
70
           s = receivedMatrix(my_x, my_y, slice_size, proc_slice);
71
72
       } else {
           if ( my_id == 0 && size_tick[1] % total_proc != 0 )
73
                QUIT_MSG("Grid could no be devided by the total number of process\n");
75
            /* Lets allocated the memory for the shared buffer at the same moment st/
76
           slice_size = size_tick[1] / total_proc;
77
78
           if ( total_proc > 1 ) /* Next formular only work if there is more than 1 proc */
79
                s = newGame(size_tick[0], slice_size + (my_id != 0) + (my_id != total_proc - 1)
80
                     );
81
            else
                s = newGame(size_tick[0], slice_size);
82
83
           MPI_Scatter( g->board, size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
84
                    __posBufferRecv(my_id, s->board, size_tick[0]),
85
                    size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
86
                    O, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
87
       }
88
        /***************
90
             Init end
91
           _____
92
            Process tick
93
94
95
        /* This pre-process indication is defined by the make display command */
96
       #if PRINT
97
```

```
if ( my_id == 0 )
98
             gamePrintInfo(g, size_tick[2]);
99
100
         #endif
101
         for ( ; size_tick[2] > 0; size_tick[2]--) {
102
103
             if ( size_tick[3] == DIVIDE_MATRICE ) {
104
105
                  shareMatrixBorder(s, my_x, my_y, slice_size, proc_slice);
                  processMatrixGameTick(s, my_x, my_y, slice_size);
gatherMatrix(g, s, my_x, my_y, slice_size, proc_slice, total_proc);
106
107
             } else {
108
                  shareGetBorder(s, slice_size, my_id, total_proc);
109
                  processRowsGameTick(s);
110
                  MPI_Gather( __posBufferRecv(my_id, s->board, size_tick[0]),
111
                               size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
112
113
                               g->board, size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
                               O, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
114
             }
115
116
             /* If we need to display, Then we going to print */
117
             #if PRINT
118
             if ( my_id == 0 )
119
                 gamePrintInfo(g, size_tick[2] - 1);
120
             #endif
121
122
123
124
         if ( my_id == 0 ) {
             time_taken = MPI_Wtime() - time_taken;
125
             printf("Time : %f\n", time_taken);
126
127
             if ( o.save_file )
128
129
                  saveBoard(g);
130
             freeGame(g);
                                       /* Free space we are not in Java */
131
132
133
         freeGame(s):
134
135
         MPI_Finalize();
136
137
         exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
```

 $\underline{\text{File}}: \text{game_struct}$

```
1 || /*-----
  /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
                                                          */
  /* FICHIER : game_struct.h
                                                          */
3
4
6
  #ifndef GAME_STRUCT_H
  #define GAME_STRUCT_H
9
10
   * Struct that represent a game
11
12
13
  typedef struct {
      char *board; /* The board as an array of 0's and 1's. */
14
      unsigned int cols; /* The number of columns. */
      unsigned int rows; /* The number of rows. */
16
 } Game;
17
18 #endif
```

File: game

```
/**
12
    * First need to define all the constante
13
    * thoses one are usefull for generate a random board if needed
14
15
   #define MIN_COLS_SIZE 3 /* Minimum number of cols */
   #define MIN_ROWS_SIZE 3 /* Minimum number of rows */
17
18
   #define POURCENT_BEEN_ALIVE 50 /* Pourcentage of cell to keep alive during generation */
19
20
   #define DEAD_CELL 0
21
22
   #define ALIVE_CELL 1
23
   /* Define constant to identify which method we use for dividing the grid */
24
   #define DIVIDE ROWS 0
25
   #define DIVIDE_MATRICE 1
26
28
    * Given X, and Y this function output the position into the board.
29
    * For example POS(0,0,G) return 0, cause the cell in 0 on X, and 0 on Y is the cell 0 of
30
        the board
    * %param X : Position on the X coordinate
31
     * %param Y : Position on the Y coordinate
32
    * %param G : Board on which we need to compute the position
33
34
    * %return : The associate position on the board
35
   #define POS(X, Y, G) (__position(X,Y,G))
36
   int __position(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game *g);
37
38
39
    * Function that print the board, this function determine if we need to print it or not
40
    * i.e if the programme is make with make display
41
    * This function also determine which function we need to use to display the board, and
        print the
    st number of generation left.
43
44
    * %param g : The game which contains the board to print
45
    * %param tick_left : total of tick game left to do
46
47
48
   void gamePrintInfo ( Game* g, int tick_left);
49
50
    * Function that create a new game
51
52
    * %param rows : Total number of rows onto the new board
    * %param cols : Total number of Column onto the new board
53
    * %return
                  : Allocated game structure which contains all the information
54
55
   Game* newGame(unsigned int rows, unsigned int cols);
56
58
    * Function that free the memory associate with a game
59
    * %param g: Game to free
60
61
   void freeGame(Game* g);
62
63
64
    * Function that generate a random board if no are given
65
    * %param o : Option for generating the board
66
67
    * %return : a random board
68
   Game* generateRandomBoard(Option o);
69
70
71
    * Function that process the board if the method used it by rows
72
    * \mbox{\em {\it ''}} param g : Game which contains the Board to process
74
   void processRowsGameTick(Game *g);
75
76
77
    * Function that process the board if the method used is by matrix
78
    * %param g : Game which contains the board to process
79
    * \protect\ensuremath{\textit{y-aram}}\ \mbox{\it my\_x} : My process id on x
80
    * %param my_y : My process id on y
```

```
* %param slice_size : Size of the slice either on rows or columns
83
    void processMatrixGameTick(Game *g, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size);
84
85
86
    * Load in memory a game / board contains into a file
87
    * %param name: path to the file to load
88
                   : The game structure associate with the contenant of the file
89
    * %return
                     Or NULL if that fail [i.e the file is not valide
90
91
    Game* loadBoard(char* name);
92
93
94
    * Function that save a game into a file
95
    * %param g : the board to save
96
    * %return : true if it succeed
97
                 false otherwise
     */
99
    bool saveBoard(Game *g);
100
101
102 | #endif
```

```
1 | #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
2
   #include <string.h>
3
   #include <mpi.h>
5
   #include "error.h"
6
  #include "game.h"
   #include "game_struct.h"
#include "memory.h"
8
9
10
11
12
    st Private function that compute the position of the board given a x and a y
    * %param x : Position on the X coordinate
13
14
    * %param y : Position on the Y coordinate
    * %param g : Game where we need to compute the cell position

* %return : Position of the cell associate with the X and Y coordinate
15
16
17
   int __position(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game* g) {
18
        return g->rows * x + y;
19
   }
20
21
22
    * Private function that print a simple line
23
    st % param g : Game structure which contains the information relative to the game
24
25
   void __printLine(Game* g) {
26
       unsigned int i = 0;
27
28
        printf( "+");
29
        for ( i = 0; i < g->rows + 2; i++ ) /* the 2 '+' */
printf( "-");
30
31
        printf( "+\n");
32
33
   }
34
35
     * Private function that really print the board contenant
37
    * %param g : Game struct which contains the board to print
38
     * %param pf : Pointer to a printing function
39
40
41
    void __gamePrint (Game* g) {
        unsigned int x, y;
42
43
        printf( "Board size : \n");
44
        printf( " %d Columns\n", g->cols);
printf( " %d rows\n", g->rows);
45
46
        __printLine(g);
47
48
        for ( x = 0; x < g -> cols; x++) {
49
             printf( "| ");
50
             for ( y = 0; y < g -> rows; y++) {
51
```

```
printf( "%c", ((g->board[POS(x, y, g)] == DEAD_CELL) ? '.' : '#'));
52
53
54
             printf( " |\n");
55
56
57
         __printLine(g);
58
59
        DEBUG_MSG("Print board finish\n");
60
    }
61
62
    void gamePrintInfo(Game* g, int tick_left) {
63
64
         DEBUG_MSG("Board : %s\n", g->board);
65
66
        #ifndef PRINT
67
68
             return;
        #endif
69
70
         if ( tick_left \geq 0 )
71
             printf("%d Generation left.\n", tick_left);
72
73
         __gamePrint(g);
74
    }
75
76
77
78
     st Private function that allocate a new board
     * %param rows : Total number of rows onto the board
79
     * %param cols : Total number of column onto the board
80
     * %return
                    : Allocated array of char which will contains the board
81
82
           __newBoard(unsigned int rows, unsigned int cols) {
83
    char*
        char* board = NEW_ALLOC_K(rows * cols, char);
84
        memset(board, DEAD_CELL, rows * cols);
85
86
        return board;
    }
87
88
    Game* newGame(unsigned int rows, unsigned int cols) {
89
        Game* g = NEW_ALLOC(Game);
90
91
        g->rows = rows;
92
        g->cols = cols;
93
94
        g->board = __newBoard(rows, cols);
95
96
        return g;
97
    }
98
    void freeGame(Game* g) {
99
        if ( g == NULL )
100
             return;
101
102
        free(g->board);
103
        free(g);
104
    }
105
106
    Game* generateRandomBoard(Option o) {
107
108
        unsigned int rows = 0, cols = 0;
109
110
        Game* g;
111
        g = newGame(o.rows, o.cols);
112
113
        DEBUG_MSG("Ligne : %d, Cols : %d\n", o.rows, o.cols);
114
        for(cols = 0; cols < g->cols; cols++)
115
116
             for (rows = 0; rows < g->rows; rows++)
                 g->board[POS(cols, rows, g)] = (
   ( rand() % 100 >= POURCENT_BEEN_ALIVE ) ?
117
118
                          DEAD_CELL:
119
                          ALIVE_CELL
120
121
                      );
         DEBUG_MSG("Generate random finish");
122
123
        return g;
124
```

```
125
126
     * Private function which compute the total number of neighbour of a cell
127
     * %param x : X position of the cell on the board
128
     * %param y : Y position of the cell on the board
129
     * \mbox{\it \#param} g : Game struct wich contains all information relative to the game
130
     * %return : Total number of neighbour of this cell
131
132
    int __neighbourCell(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game *g) {
133
         unsigned int total = 0;
134
135
         char *b = g->board;
         bool isTop, isBot;
136
137
         isTop = (x == 0);
138
         isBot = (x == g -> cols - 1);
139
140
         if ( y % g->rows != g->rows - 1) {
141
             total += (b[POS(x, y + 1, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Right */
if (!isBot ) total += (b[POS(x + 1, y + 1, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Right - Down */
142
143
             if ( !isTop ) total += (b[POS(x - \frac{1}{y}, y + \frac{1}{y}, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Up - Right */
144
145
146
         if ( y \% g \rightarrow rows != 0 ) {
147
                                                                     == ALIVE_CELL); /* Left */
                                        (b[POS(x, y - 1, g)]
             total +=
148
             if (!isBot ) total += (b[POS(x + 1, y - 1, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Left - Down */
if (!isTop ) total += (b[POS(x - 1, y - 1, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Up - Left */
149
150
151
152
         if ( !isBot ) total += (b[POS(x + \frac{1}{2}, y, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Down */
153
         if (!isTop ) total += (b[POS(x - 1, y, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Up */
154
155
156
         return total;
    }
157
158
159
     * Private function which process a cell, i.e update the cell on the other board according
160
          to ome rules
161
     * %param x : Position on X of the cell on the board
      * %param y : Position on Y of the cell on the board
162
     st %param g : Game struct which contains all information relative to the game
163
                 : New state of the cell in x \neq y coordinate.
164
     * %return
165
    char __process(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game* g) {
166
         unsigned int neightbour = __neighbourCell(x, y, g);
167
168
         if ( neightbour < 2 || neightbour > 3 ) return DEAD_CELL;
169
         else if ( neightbour == 3 )
                                                      return ALIVE_CELL;
170
                                                       return g->board[POS(x, y, g)];
171
         else
    }
173
    void processRowsGameTick(Game *g) {
174
         int my_id, total_proc;
175
         unsigned int x, y;
176
177
         char* next:
178
         MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&my_id);
179
         MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&total_proc);
180
181
         next = __newBoard(g->rows, g->cols);
182
183
         for ( x = (my_id != 0); x < g > cols - (my_id != total_proc - 1); x++ )
184
             for ( y = 0; y < g -> rows; y++ )
185
                  next[POS(x, y, g)] = __process(x, y, g);
186
187
188
         free(g->board);
         g->board = next;
189
    }
190
191
    void processMatrixGameTick(Game *g, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size) {
192
193
         char *next;
         int x, y, startx, starty;
194
195
         startx = (my_x != 0);
196
```

```
starty = (my_y != 0);
197
198
199
         next = __newBoard(g->rows, g->cols);
         for ( x = 0; x < slice_size; x++)
200
             for ( y = 0; y < slice_size; y++)
201
                  next[POS(x + startx, y + starty, g)] = __process(x + startx, y + starty, g);
202
203
204
         free(g->board);
         g->board = next;
205
    }
206
207
    Game* loadBoard(char* name) {
208
         char reader = ' ';
209
         unsigned int rows = 0, cols = 0;
210
         FILE* fp = NULL;
Game *g = NULL;
211
212
213
         if ( (fp = fopen(name, "r")) == NULL ) return NULL; if ( fscanf(fp, "Rows : %d\nCols : %d\n", &cols, &rows) != \frac{2}{2}) { fclose(fp); return NULL
214
215
             ; }
216
217
         g = newGame(rows, cols);
218
         DEBUG_MSG("Rows : %d, Cols : %d\n", rows, cols);
rows = 0; cols = 0; /* Reinit variable */
219
220
221
222
         while ( (reader = fgetc(fp)) != EOF ) {
             if ( reader == '.' ) reader = DEAD_CELL;
223
             if ( reader == '#' ) reader = ALIVE_CELL;
224
225
              if ( reader == ' \ n') ++cols;
226
              else g->board[POS(cols, rows, g)] = reader;
227
228
             if ( ++rows > g->rows ) rows = 0;
229
230
231
         fclose(fp);
232
233
         if (cols != g->cols && (reader == '\n' && rows != 0) ) { freeGame(g); return NULL; }
234
235
         return g;
    }
236
237
    bool saveBoard(Game *g) {
238
         unsigned int i;
239
         FILE *fp = NULL;
240
241
         if ( (fp = fopen("output.gol", "w")) == NULL ) return false;
242
243
         fprintf(fp, "Rows : %d\nCols : %d\n", g->rows, g->cols);
244
         for ( i = 0; i < g > cols * g > rows; <math>i++ ) {
245
246
              fprintf(fp, "%c", ((g->board[i]) ? '#' : '.') );
247
             if ( i % g->cols == g->cols - 1 ) fprintf(fp, "\n");
248
249
250
         #ifdef PRINT
251
             printf("File saved into : output.gol\n");
252
         #endif
253
254
255
         fclose(fp);
         return true;
256
257 | }
```

<u>File</u>: memory

```
10 | #include <stdlib.h>
11
12
   * Function that allocate a single object
13
    * %param OBJECT : Object type to allocate
14
                    : Pointer in memory associate with the object Type.
15
16
   #define NEW_ALLOC(OBJECT) (NEW_ALLOC_K(1, OBJECT))
17
18
19
    * Function that allocate an array of the same Object
20
    * %param K : Total number to allocate
21
    * %param OBJECT : Object type to allocate
22
    * %return
                 : Pointer in memory associate with the object type.
23
24
   #define NEW_ALLOC_K(K, OBJECT) (__memAlloc(K, sizeof(OBJECT)))
25
27
    * Private function that shouldn't be used
28
    * The definition of this function is in memory.c
29
30
   void *__memAlloc(int total, size_t object_size);
31
32
33 #endif
```

```
1 | #include "error.h"
2
   #include "memory.h"
3
    * Private function that board the allocation of an object
5
    * %param total : Total number of object that we need to allocate
6
    * %param object_size : Size of the object which we need to allocate
    * %return : Pointer on the memory associate with the new object
9
   void *__memAlloc(int total, size_t object_size) {
10
11
       void *p = calloc(total, object_size);
12
13
       if ( p == NULL )
14
15
           QUIT_MSG("Canno't allocate new object\n");
16
17
       return p;
18
19 }
```

<u>File</u>: option_struct

```
1 || /*-----
   /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
                                                            */
2
3
   /* FICHIER : error.h
4
   #ifndef OPTION_STRUCT
6
   #define OPTION_STRUCT
7
   #include <stdbool.h>
9
10
11
   * Structure that will contains all of the option
12
13
   typedef struct Option {
14
      int max_tick;
                               /* How much tick we need to do
                                                                       - Default : 100 */
15
                                                                      - Default : "" */
       char* file_path;
                               /* Path to the file to load
16
                               /* Number of rows to generate
                                                                       - Default : Random
       unsigned int rows;
17
          */
                               /* Number of columns to generate
                                                                       - Default : Random
       unsigned int cols;
18
          */
                               /* Do we need to save the last grid ?
      bool save_file;
                                                                       - Default : false
19
          */
                               /* Divide by grid or by rows
       int method:
                                                                       - Default:
20
          DIVIDE_GRID */
   } Option;
21
22
23 #endif
```

File: option

```
----- */
   /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
                                                               */
   /* FICHIER : error.h
3
4
5
   #ifndef OPT
   #define OPT
9
   #include "option_struct.h"
10
11
   /* List of possible option */
12
   #define OPT_LIST "hf:t:r:c:sm"
13
14
   /** Use the definition defined by David Titarenco
15
   * On StackOverFlow http://stackoverflow.com/questions/3437404/min-and-max-in-c
17
18
   #define MAX(a,b) \
      19
20
21
        _a > _b ? _a : _b; })
22
23
   * Print the usage of the program
24
   * %param name : name of the program
25
26
27
   void usage(char* name);
28
29
    * Function that get all command line option and return those one into a structure
30
    * %param argc : Total number of argument onto the command line
31
    * \prescript{\%param\ argv} : Contenant of all the command line
32
    * %return
                : Structure which contains all option given onto command line into this
33
       structure
   Option getOption(int argc, char** argv);
35
36
37 #endif
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
2
   #include <getopt.h>
4
   #include "game.h"
#include "option.h"
5
   void usage(char* name) {
9
        printf("%s [-h]\n\t\t [-f <filePath>] [-t <maxTick>] [-c <number cols] [-r <number rows</pre>
            [-m] [-s]\n\n", name);
        printf("\t -h : print this help\n");
10
        printf("\t\t -f filePath : path to the file to use for the grid\n");
11
        printf("\t\t -t maxTick : max time to make the game tick, set it to negative for
12
            infinite tick\n");
        printf("\t\t -c : total numner of column\n");
printf("\t\t -r : total number of rows\n");
13
14
        printf("\t\t -m : If here we use division by matrice if not we use division by rows\n")
15
        printf("\t\t -s : if -s is use the final grid will be saved\n");
16
17
        exit(EXIT SUCCESS):
18
   }
19
20
21
     * Private function that define the default value for the option
22
     * %return : The option struct with the default value
23
24
25
   Option __setDefaultValue() {
        Option o;
26
27
        o.file_path = "\0";
28
        o.max_tick = 100;
29
        o.method = DIVIDE_ROWS;
```

```
o.save_file = false;
31
32
        o.rows = MIN_ROWS_SIZE;
33
        o.cols = MIN_COLS_SIZE;
34
35
        return o;
36
   }
37
38
   Option getOption(int argc, char **argv) {
39
        int opt = 0;
40
        Option o = __setDefaultValue();
41
42
        while ( (opt = getopt(argc, argv, OPT_LIST)) !=-1 ) {
43
44
            switch(opt) {
                 case '?':
45
                 case 'h':
46
                     usage(argv[0]);
47
                     break;
48
                 case 'f':
49
                     if ( optarg != 0 )
50
                         o.file_path = optarg;
51
52
                     break;
                 case 't':
53
54
                     o.max_tick = atoi(optarg);
55
                 case 'r':
56
57
                     o.rows = MAX(atoi(optarg), MIN_ROWS_SIZE);
58
                     break;
                 case 'c':
59
                     o.cols = MAX(atoi(optarg), MIN_COLS_SIZE);
60
61
                     break;
                 case 's':
62
                     o.save_file = true;
63
64
                     break;
65
                 case 'm':
                     o.method = DIVIDE_MATRICE;
66
67
                     break:
68
                 default:
                     exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
69
70
            }
71
72
        if ( argc == 1)
73
74
            fprintf(stderr, "Remember to use -h for help\n");
75
76
        return o;
77
```

File: Matrix

```
/* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
   /* FICHIER : rows.h
2
3
4
   #ifndef ROWS_H
5
   #define ROWS_H
7
   #include "game_struct.h"
10
11
    st Function which return the pointer to the string s with the offset "offset"
    * \prescript{%param s} : Object on which you need to do the offset
12
    * %param offset : Size of the offset that need to be done
13
    *\ \mbox{\em param object\_size} : Size of an object in the object
14
    * %return : The offset pointer
15
16
   char *__offset(char *s, int offset);
17
18
19
    st I choose to use the notation for private function for this one, since ONLY main should
20
         use it
     * Halt private Function which offset the input buffer, only if needed (i.e. if process ==
22
```

```
23
    * Cause all buffer (except the first one ) got a buffer which offset the value of the
         rows
     * %param my_id : id of the current process
24
     * %param s : String to offset if needed
25
     st %param offset : Amount of offset that need to be done
26
    * %return : The offset pointer of the string
27
28
29
   char *__posBufferRecv(int my_id, char* s, int offset);
30
31
    st Function which share the border to all other process and get border of other process
32
    * %param s : Game where you going to share your border and get some
33
    * %param slice_size : Size of the slice of each subprocess [all should be equal ]
34
    * \protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}} param total_proc : total number of processus
35
36
37
   void shareGetBorder(Game *s, int slice_size, int my_id, int total_proc);
39 #endif
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
2
   #include <mpi.h>
3
4
   #include "rows.h"
   #include "game_struct.h"
5
6
   char *__offset(char *s, int offset) {
      return &(*(s + (offset * sizeof(char))));
8
   }
9
10
   char *__posBufferRecv(int my_id, char* s, int offset) {
11
12
       if (my_id!=0)
          return __offset(s, offset);
13
       return s;
14
   }
15
16
17
   void shareGetBorder(Game *s, int slice_size, int my_id, int total_proc) {
18
19
       if ( my_id != 0 ) { /* send bottom row to process on top */
20
21
           MPI_Send(__offset(s->board, s->rows),
                    s->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
22
23
       }
24
       if ( my_id != total_proc - 1) {
25
           /* Received the top row of the bottom process */
26
           27
28
29
           /* Send the bottom row of our slice */
30
           MPI_Send(__offset(s->board, s->rows * (slice_size - (my_id == 0))),
31
                    s->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
32
33
34
       if ( my\_id != 0 ) { /* Recv the bottom row of the process at top\,*/
35
           MPI_Recv(s\rightarrow board, s\rightarrow rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0,
36
                    MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
37
38
39
       MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
40
41 | }
```

$\underline{\text{File}}: \text{Rows}$

```
* Private function which return a sub-matrix according to a start on x and y and slice
               size
        *\ \mbox{\it \%param} src : Source matrix which we extract data
13
        * %param startx : Where to start on x
14
        * \mbox{\em {\it \#}} param starty : Where to start on \mbox{\em {\it y}}
15
        * %param xslice_size : Slice size on x
16
        * %param yslice_size : Slice size on y
17
        * %return : The submatrix of size xslice_size * yslice_size starting at startx, starty
18
19
      Game *__subMatrix(Game *src, int startx, int starty, int xslice_size, int yslice_size);
20
21
22
       * Merge a submatrix with a destination matrix
23
        * %param src : Source matrix
24
       * %param dest : Destination matrix
25
        * \prescript{\%param} startx : Where to start on X in dest matrix
26
        * %param starty : Where to start merge in dest matrix
28
      void __mergeMatrix(Game *src, Game *dest, int startx, int starty);
29
30
31
       * Big function that share all border to other process, share each needed part to
32
               neightbour and get other border
        st % param s : Game where the border need to go and need to be shared
33
34
        * %param my_x : My process id on x
        * \protect\ensuremath{\textit{%param my-y}} : My process id on y
35
        * \protect\  * \p
36
37
       * %param proc_slice : Number of proc on the columns or rows
38
      void shareMatrixBorder(Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice );
39
40
41
        st Gather all submatrix into the original one (after the compute ), this function MUST be
               done by all process
        * \mbox{\em {\it ''}} param g : Game where the final grid will be
43
        * %param s : Submatrix to send
44
        * %param my_x : My process id on x
45
46
        * %param my_y : My process id on y
        * "param slice_size : Size of the slice of the principale board
47
        * \protect\ensuremath{\text{\textit{y}}} param \protect\ensuremath{\text{\textit{proc}}} slice : Total number of process on a column or a row
48
        * %param total_proc : total number of process
49
50
      void gatherMatrix(Game *g, Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice, int
51
               total_proc);
52
53
      /* Schematix of a matrix split into submatrix */
54
      /* Matrix : 3 x 3, Np = 9
55
            [V][S] [S][V][S] [S][V] < x: 0
             [S][S][S][S][S][S]
57
58
            [S][S][S][S][S][S][S] < x: 1
59
            [V][S] [S][V][S] [S][V] <
[S][S] [S][S][S] [S][S] <
60
61
62
             [S][S][S][S][S][S][S] < x: 2
63
             [V][S] [S][V][S] [S][V] <
64
             y: 0
                            y: 1
                                             y: 2
65
66
             S = Buffer
67
             V = Value \ of \ original \ 3 \ x \ 3 \ matrix
68
       */
69
70
      /**
       * Function which send matrix to other process
71
72
        * \mbox{\it \%param } g : Original game board to split
        * %param slice_size : Size of the slice of the submatrix
73
        * %param proc_slice : Total number of processus by rows or columns
74
75
76
      void sendAllSubMatrice(Game *g, int slice_size, int proc_slice);
77
78
79
      * Received a matrix send by process O
```

```
* %param my_x : My processus id on x

* %param my_y : My processus id on y

* %param slice_size : Size of a slice of the principal grid

* %param proc_slice : Total number of proc on a rows or column

* %return : return the board including the offset for border sharing

*/

Game* receivedMatrix(int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice);

# endif
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
1
   #include <stdio.h>
2
   #include <math.h>
   #include <mpi.h>
4
   #include "matrix.h"
6
   #include "memory.h"
7
   #include "error.h"
   #include "game.h"
9
10
   Game *__subMatrix(Game *src, int startx, int starty, int xslice_size, int yslice_size) {
11
        Game *dest = NULL;
12
        int x, y;
13
14
        dest = newGame(yslice_size, xslice_size);
15
        for ( x = 0; x < xslice_size; x++)
16
            for ( y = 0; y < yslice_size; y++)
17
                 dest->board[POS(x, y, dest)] = src->board[POS(x + startx, y + starty, src)];
18
19
        return dest:
20
   }
^{21}
22
   void __mergeMatrix(Game *src, Game *dest, int startx, int starty) {
23
24
        unsigned int x, y;
25
26
        for (x = 0; x < src -> cols; x++)
            for (y = 0; y < src -> rows; y++)
27
                 dest->board[POS(x + startx, y + starty, dest)] = src->board[POS(x, y, src)];
28
   }
29
30
   void shareMatrixBorder(Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice ) {
31
        int mv_id;
        Game *tmp, *buf;
33
        tmp = NULL;
34
        buf = newGame(1, slice_size);
35
36
37
        my_id = my_y + my_x * proc_slice;
38
39
        /* Send Right - Left*/
        if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1) { /* Send right column */
40
            tmp = \_subMatrix(s, (my_x != 0), slice_size - (my_y == 0), slice_size, 1);
41
            MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD)
42
            freeGame(tmp);
43
44
        }
45
        if ( my_y != 0 ) { /* get right column and send our left */
46
            MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
                 MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
            tmp = \_subMatrix(s, (my_x != 0), 1, slice_size, 1); /* Start at 1 due to buffer */
48
49
            MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD)
50
             __mergeMatrix(buf, s, (my_x != 0), 0);
51
            freeGame(tmp);
52
        }
53
54
        if ( my_y != proc_slice - \frac{1}{1}) { /* get the left column of neighbours */ MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + \frac{1}{1}, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
55
56
                 MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
            _{\text{__mergeMatrix}}(\text{buf, s, (my_x != 0}), \text{ slice_size + 1 - (my_y == 0))};
57
58
59
```

```
freeGame(buf);
 60
               buf = newGame(slice_size, 1);
61
 62
               /* Send Top-Bottom */
 63
               if ( my_x != proc_slice - 1) {
   tmp = __subMatrix(s, slice_size - (my_x == 0), (my_y != 0), 1, slice_size);
 64
 65
                       MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id + proc_slice, 0,
 66
                              MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                       freeGame(tmp);
 67
               }
 68
 69
               if (my_x != 0)
 70
                      MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - proc_slice, 0,
 71
                             MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
                       tmp = __subMatrix(s, 1, (my_y != 0), 1, slice_size); /* Start at 1 due to buffer */
 72
 73
                       MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id - proc_slice, 0,
                             MPI_COMM_WORLD);
                         _mergeMatrix(buf, s, 0, (my_y != 0));
 75
                       freeGame(tmp);
 76
 77
               if ( my_x != proc_slice - 1 ) {
 78
                      MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + proc_slice, 0,
 79
                              MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
                       __mergeMatrix(buf, s, slice_size + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{
 80
 81
 82
 83
               freeGame(buf);
 84
               /* Diagonales */
 85
               if (my_y != 0 \&\& my_x != 0) /* Send to top left */
 86
                       MPI\_Send(\&s->board[POS(1, (my_y != 0), s)], 1, MPI\_CHAR, my_id - proc_slice - 1, 0,
 87
                               MPI_COMM_WORLD);
 88
 89
               if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1 && my_x != proc_slice - 1) { /* Send to bottom right */
 90
                       /* Get the bottom right element */
91
 92
                       MPI_Recv(\&s-board[POS(slice_size + (my_x != 0), slice_size + (my_y != 0), s)], 1
                              MPI_CHAR,
 93
                                        my_id + proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
 94
                       MPI_Send(\&s->board[POS(slice_size - (my_x == 0), slice_size - (my_y == 0), s)], 1,
 95
                              MPI CHAR.
                                        my_id + proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
 96
               }
97
 98
               if (my_y != 0 \&\& my_x != 0) {
99
                       /* Get the top left element */
100
                       MPI_Recv(\&s->board[POS(0, 0, s)], 1, MPI_CHAR,
101
                                       my_id - proc_slice - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
102
103
104
               if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1 && my_x != 0 ) /* Send to top right */
105
                       106
                              proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
107
               if ( my_y != 0 && my_x != proc_slice - 1 ) { /* Send to bottom left */
108
                       /* Get the bottom left element */
109
110
                       my_id + proc_slice - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
111
112
                       MPI\_Send(\&s->board[POS(proc_slice - (my_x == 0), 1, s)], 1, MPI\_CHAR, my_id +
                              proc_slice - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
               }
114
115
               if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1 && my_x != 0 ) {
116
                       /* Get the top right element */
117
                       118
                                        my_id - proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
119
120
               }
121
122
       }
123
```

```
void gatherMatrix(Game *g, Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice, int
124
         total_proc) {
125
        Game* tmp = NULL;
126
        \label{tmp} \mbox{tmp = } \mbox{$\_$subMatrix(s, (my_x != 0), (my_y != 0), slice\_size, slice\_size);}
127
        MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
128
        freeGame(tmp);
129
130
        if (my_x == 0 \&\& my_y == 0) {
131
             int total_recv;
132
            MPI_Status status;
133
134
135
             tmp = newGame(slice_size, slice_size);
             for ( total_recv = 0; total_recv < total_proc; total_recv++ ) {</pre>
136
                 MPI_Recv(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, MPI_ANY_SOURCE, O,
137
                     MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                 __mergeMatrix(tmp, g,
138
                          (status.MPI_SOURCE / proc_slice) * slice_size,
139
                          (status.MPI_SOURCE % proc_slice) * slice_size);
140
141
142
             freeGame(tmp);
143
144
         /* Nobody will go out since process 0 end recv */
145
146
        MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    }
147
148
    void sendAllSubMatrice(Game *g, int slice_size, int proc_slice) {
149
        Game *tmp = NULL;
150
        int total_proc, i, is_x, is_y;
151
152
        MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &total_proc);
153
154
        for ( i = 0; i < total_proc; i++) {
155
             is_x = i / proc_slice;
156
            is_y = i % proc_slice;
157
158
             tmp = __subMatrix(g, is_x * slice_size, is_y * slice_size, slice_size, slice_size)
159
160
             MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, i, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
             freeGame(tmp);
161
162
    }
163
164
    Game* receivedMatrix(int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice) {
165
        Game *s, *tmp;
166
167
        tmp = newGame(slice_size, slice_size);
168
        s = newGame(slice\_size + (my\_y != 0) + (my\_y != proc\_slice - 1),
169
                     slice_size + (my_x != 0) + (my_x != proc_slice - 1));
170
171
        MPI_Recv(tmp->board, slice_size * slice_size, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
172
            MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
          _mergeMatrix(tmp, s, (my_x != 0), (my_y != 0));
173
        freeGame(tmp);
174
175
        return s;
176
177
```