#### File: error

```
2
   /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
3
   /* FICHIER : error.h
4
5
   #ifndef ERROR_H
   #define ERROR_H
   #include <stdio.h>
10
   #include <stdlib.h>
11
   #include <errno.h>
12
13
14
    * If Debug Flag is on, create a maccro to print debug information
15
    * %param MSG : String to print
    * %param ... : List of param [ for example if want to print variable value ]
17
18
   #ifdef DEBUG
19
       #define DEBUG_MSG(MSG, ...)
20
21
        do {
            fprintf(stderr, "\n\t[DEBUG] File : %s - Line : %d - Function : %s() : " MSG "\n",
22
                 __FILE__, __LINE__, __func__, ## __VA_ARGS__); \
       } while(0);
24
       #define DEBUG_MSG(MSG, ...)
25
26
   #endif
27
   /**
28
    * Create a maccro for quit the program
29
    * %param MSG : String to print
30
    * %param ... : List of param [ for example if want to print variable value ]
31
32
   #define QUIT_MSG(MSG, ...)
33
        do {
34
            DEBUG_MSG(MSG, ##__VA_ARGS__)
fprintf(stderr, "[FATAL ERROR] ");
35
36
            fprintf(stderr, MSG, ## __VA_ARGS__);
37
            perror(NULL);
38
39
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }while(0);
40
41
   #endif /* ERROR_H included */
```

### $\underline{\text{File}}: \text{main}$

```
1 | #include <stdio.h>
_{2}\mid\mid #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <string.h>
3
  #include <math.h>
4
5 #include <time.h>
   #include <mpi.h>
6
  #include "matrix.h"
   #include "rows.h"
9
  #include "memory.h"
10
  #include "error.h"
11
   #include "game.h"
12
   #include "option.h"
13
14
15
   int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
16
17
18
        Option o;
        Game *g, *s = NULL;
19
        double time_taken = 0.0;
20
21
        int total_proc, my_id, my_x, my_y, proc_slice, slice_size, size_tick[4];
22
        MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
23
24
        MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&total_proc);
        MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&my_id);
25
26
      /* The process O get all parameters, load board if needed etc */
```

```
if ( my_id == 0 ) {
28
           srand(time(NULL));
29
           o = getOption(argc, argv); /* Get all option
30
31
           if ( *o.file_path != '\0' ) /* If path file is not empty */
32
                if ( (g = loadBoard(o.file_path)) == NULL ) /* then use the given file [load id
33
                    fprintf(stderr, "Can't load file %s\n", o.file_path);
34
35
           if ( g == NULL ) /* If load of file fail Or no grid given */
36
37
                g = generateRandomBoard(o); /* then create one */
38
            time_taken = MPI_Wtime();
39
40
            /* Fill value that will be needed for other process */
41
           size_tick[0] = g->rows;
42
           size_tick[1] = g->cols;
43
           size_tick[2] = o.max_tick;
44
           size_tick[3] = o.method;
45
46
       }
47
48
        /* Broadcast all the needed value ( in a array for compacting data) */
49
       MPI_Bcast(size_tick, 4, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
50
51
52
       /* init part */
53
       /***************/
54
55
       if ( size_tick[3] == DIVIDE_MATRICE) {
56
           proc_slice = sqrt(total_proc);
57
           slice_size = size_tick[0] / proc_slice;
58
           my_x = my_id / proc_slice;
           my_y = my_id % proc_slice;
60
61
           if ( my_id == 0 && ( fmod(sqrt(total_proc), 1.0f) != 0
62
                       || size_tick[1] != size_tick[0] ) ) {
63
64
                QUIT_MSG("Grid could no be devided by the total number of process %d - %d\n",
65
                    size_tick[1], total_proc);
66
67
           if (my_id == 0)
68
69
               s = sendAllSubMatrice(g, slice_size, proc_slice);
70
            else
                s = receivedMatrix(my_x, my_y, slice_size, proc_slice);
71
72
       } else {
           if ( my_id == 0 \&\& size_tick[1] \% total_proc != 0 )
73
                QUIT_MSG("Grid could no be devided by the total number of process\n");
75
            /* Lets allocated the memory for the shared buffer at the same moment st/
76
           slice_size = size_tick[1] / total_proc;
77
78
           if ( total_proc > 1 ) /* Next formular only work if there is more than 1 proc */
79
                s = newGame(size_tick[0], slice_size + (my_id != 0) + (my_id != total_proc - 1)
80
                     );
81
            else
                s = newGame(size_tick[0], slice_size);
82
83
           MPI_Scatter( g->board, size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
84
                    __posBufferRecv(my_id, s->board, size_tick[0]),
85
                    size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
86
                    O, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
87
       }
88
        /***************
90
            Init end
91
           _____
92
            Process tick
93
94
95
        /* This pre-process indication is defined by the make display command */
96
       #if PRINT
97
```

```
if ( my_id == 0 )
98
             gamePrintInfo(g, size_tick[2]);
99
        MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
100
        #endif
101
102
        for ( ; size_tick[2] > 0; size_tick[2]--) {
103
104
105
             if ( size_tick[3] == DIVIDE_MATRICE ) {
                 shareMatrixBorder(s, my_x, my_y, slice_size, proc_slice);
106
                 processMatrixGameTick(s, my_x, my_y, slice_size);
107
108
                 gatherMatrix(g, s, my_x, my_y, slice_size, proc_slice, total_proc);
             } else {
109
                shareGetBorder(s, slice_size, my_id, total_proc);
110
                 processRowsGameTick(s);
111
                 MPI_Gather( __posBufferRecv(my_id, s->board, size_tick[0]),
112
                              size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
113
                              g->board, size_tick[0] * slice_size, MPI_CHAR,
114
                              O, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
115
            }
116
117
             /* If we need to display, Then we going to print */
118
             #if PRINT
119
            if ( my_id == 0 )
120
                gamePrintInfo(g, size_tick[2] - 1);
121
122
             MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
            #endif
123
124
125
        if (my_id == 0)
126
            time_taken = MPI_Wtime() - time_taken;
127
            printf("Time : %f\n", time_taken);
128
129
            if ( o.save_file )
130
                saveBoard(g);
131
132
                                    /* Free space we are not in Java */
             freeGame(g);
133
134
135
        freeGame(s);
136
137
        MPI_Finalize();
138
        exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
139
140
```

<u>File</u>: game\_struct

```
/* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
2
    /* FICHIER : game_struct.h
3
4
   #ifndef GAME_STRUCT_H
   #define GAME_STRUCT_H
9
10
    * Struct that represent a game
11
12
   typedef struct {
        char *board; /* The board as an array of 0's and 1's. */
14
        unsigned int cols; /* The number of columns. */
unsigned int rows; /* The number of rows. */
15
   } Game;
17
18 #endif
```

 $\underline{\text{File}}: \text{game}$ 

```
9 | #include "game_struct.h"
   #include "option_struct.h"
10
11
12
    * First need to define all the constante
13
    * thoses one are usefull for generate a random board if needed
14
15
   #define MIN_COLS_SIZE 3 /* Minimum number of cols */
16
   #define MIN_ROWS_SIZE 3 /* Minimum number of rows */
17
18
   \#define POURCENT_BEEN_ALIVE 50 /* Pourcentage of cell to keep alive during generation */
19
20
   #define DEAD CELL O
21
   #define ALIVE_CELL 1
22
23
   /* Define constant to identify which method we use for dividing the grid */
24
   #define DIVIDE_ROWS 0
   #define DIVIDE_MATRICE 1
26
27
28
    st Given X, and Y this function output the position into the board.
29
    * For example POS(0,0,G) return 0, cause the cell in 0 on X, and 0 on Y is the cell 0 of
30
        the board
    * \prescript{%param X} : Position on the X coordinate
31
32
    * %param Y : Position on the Y coordinate
    * %param\ G : Board on which we need to compute the position
33
34
    * \mbox{\it %return} : The associate position on the board
35
   #define POS(X, Y, G) (__position(X,Y,G))
36
   int __position(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game *g);
37
38
39
    * Function that print the board, this function determine if we need to print it or not
    * i.e if the programme is make with make display
41
42
    st This function also determine which function we need to use to display the board, and
       print the
    st number of generation left.
43
44
     * %param g : The game which contains the board to print
45
46
    * \protect\ensuremath{\text{param}} tick_left : total of tick game left to do
47
   void gamePrintInfo ( Game* g, int tick_left);
48
49
50
    * Function that create a new game
51
    * %param rows : Total number of rows onto the new board
52
    * %param cols: Total number of Column onto the new board
53
                 : Allocated game structure which contains all the information
    * %return
54
   Game* newGame(unsigned int rows, unsigned int cols);
56
57
58
    * Function that free the memory associate with a game
59
60
    * %param g : Game to free
61
   void freeGame(Game* g);
62
63
64
    * Function that generate a random board if no are given
65
    * %param o : Option for generating the board
66
    * %return : a random board
67
68
   Game* generateRandomBoard(Option o);
69
70
71
    * Function that process the board if the method used it by rows
72
    * \mbox{\it \%param } g : Game which contains the Board to process
73
   void processRowsGameTick(Game *g);
75
76
77
    * Function that process the board if the method used is by matrix
78
   * %param g : Game which contains the board to process
```

```
* %param my_x : My process id on x
                        * \protect\ensuremath{\textit{"param my-y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"param my-y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\
  81
                     * %param slice_size : Size of the slice either on rows or columns
   82
   83
                  void processMatrixGameTick(Game *g, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size);
   84
   85
  86
                     * Load in memory a game / board contains into a file
   87
                     * %param name : path to the file to load
   88
                                                                                    : The game structure associate with the contenant of the file
                        * %return
  89
                                                                                                     Or NULL if that fail [i.e the file is not valide
  90
  91
                  Game* loadBoard(char* name);
  92
   93
  94
                     * Function that save a game into a file
  95
                        * %param g: the board to save
   96
                      * %return : true if it succeed
  97
  98
                                                                                      false otherwise
  99
                  bool saveBoard(Game *g);
100
101
102 #endif
```

```
1 | #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <string.h>
3
  #include <mpi.h>
4
5
   #include "error.h"
6
   #include "game.h"
7
   #include "game_struct.h"
   #include "memory.h"
9
10
   /**
11
12
    * Private function that compute the position of the board given a x and a y
    * %param x : Position on the X coordinate
13
    * %param y : Position on the Y coordinate
14
    st %param g : Game where we need to compute the cell position
15
    st % return : Position of the cell associate with the X and Y coordinate
16
17
   int __position(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game* g) {
18
        return g->rows * x + y;
19
   }
20
21
22
    * Private function that print a simple line
23
    * %param g : Game structure which contains the information relative to the game
24
25
    void __printLine(Game* g) {
26
       unsigned int i = 0;
27
28
29
        for ( i = 0; i < g->rows + 2; i++ ) /* the 2 '+' */
printf( "-");
30
31
        printf( "+\n");
32
33
   }
34
35
36
    * Private function that really print the board contenant
37
    * %param g : Game struct which contains the board to print * %param pf : Pointer to a printing function
38
39
40
    void __gamePrint (Game* g) {
41
        unsigned int x, y;
42
43
44
        printf( "Board size : \n");
        printf( " %d Columns\n", g->cols);
printf( " %d rows\n", g->rows);
45
46
47
        __printLine(g);
48
        for ( x = 0; x < g > cols; x++) {
49
```

```
printf( "| ");
50
             for ( y = 0; y < g->rows; y++) {
    printf( "%c", ((g->board[POS(x, y, g)] == DEAD_CELL) ? '.' : '#'));
51
52
53
54
             printf( " |\n");
55
56
57
         __printLine(g);
58
59
         DEBUG_MSG("Print board finish\n");
60
    }
61
62
    void gamePrintInfo(Game* g, int tick_left) {
64
         DEBUG_MSG("Board : %s\n", g->board);
65
66
         #ifndef PRINT
67
68
              return;
         #endif
69
70
71
         if ( tick_left >= 0 )
             printf("%d Generation left.\n", tick_left);
72
73
74
         __gamePrint(g);
    }
75
76
77
     * Private function that allocate a new board
78
     * \prescript{%param\ rows} : Total number of rows onto the board
79
     * \mbox{\it \#param} cols : Total number of column onto the board
80
                     : Allocated array of char which will contains the board
81
     * %return
82
    \verb|char* \__newBoard(unsigned int rows, unsigned int cols)| \{|
83
84
         char* board = NEW_ALLOC_K(rows * cols, char);
         memset(board, DEAD_CELL, rows * cols);
85
         return board;
86
    }
87
88
89
    Game* newGame(unsigned int rows, unsigned int cols) {
         Game* g = NEW_ALLOC(Game);
90
91
92
         g->rows = rows;
93
         g->cols = cols;
94
95
         g->board = __newBoard(rows, cols);
         return g;
96
    }
97
    void freeGame(Game* g) {
99
         if ( g == NULL )
100
             return;
101
102
         free(g->board);
103
         free(g);
104
    }
105
106
    Game* generateRandomBoard(Option o) {
107
108
         unsigned int rows = 0, cols = 0;
109
         Game* g;
110
111
         g = newGame(o.rows, o.cols);
112
113
114
         DEBUG_MSG("Ligne : %d, Cols : %d\n", o.rows, o.cols);
         for(cols = 0; cols < g->cols; cols++)
    for (rows = 0; rows < g->rows; rows++)
115
116
                  g->board[POS(cols, rows, g)] = (
117
                       ( rand() % 100 >= POURCENT_BEEN_ALIVE ) ?
118
                           DEAD CELL:
119
                           ALIVE_CELL
120
121
                       );
         DEBUG_MSG("Generate random finish");
122
```

```
123
         return g;
    }
124
125
126
     st Private function which compute the total number of neighbour of a cell
127
     * \prescript{%param $x$} : X position of the cell on the board
128
      * %param y : Y position of the cell on the board
129
      st %param g : Game struct wich contains all information relative to the game
130
                  : Total number of neighbour of this cell
131
132
    int __neighbourCell(unsigned int x, unsigned int y, Game *g) {
133
         unsigned int total = 0;
134
         char *b = g->board;
135
         bool isTop, isBot;
136
137
         isTop = (x == 0);
138
         isBot = (x == g \rightarrow cols - 1);
139
140
         if ( y \% g \rightarrow rows != g \rightarrow rows - 1) {
141
             total +=
                                        (b[POS(x, y + 1, g)]
                                                                     == ALIVE_CELL); /* Right */
142
             if ( !isBot ) total += (b[POS(x + \frac{1}{1}, y + \frac{1}{1}, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Right - Down */ if ( !isTop ) total += (b[POS(x - \frac{1}{1}, y + \frac{1}{1}, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Up - Right */
143
144
145
146
147
         if ( y % g \rightarrow rows != 0 ) {
             total +=
                                         (b[POS(x, y - 1, g)]
                                                                     == ALIVE_CELL); /* Left */
148
             if (!isBot ) total += (b[POS(x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Left - Down */
149
             if ( !isTop ) total += (b[POS(x - \frac{1}{1}, y - \frac{1}{1}, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Up - Left */
150
151
152
         if ( !isBot ) total += (b[POS(x + \frac{1}{2}, y, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Down */
153
         if (!isTop ) total += (b[POS(x - \frac{1}{3}, y, g)] == ALIVE_CELL); /* Up */
154
155
156
         return total;
    }
157
158
159
     * Private function which process a cell, i.e update the cell on the other board according
160
          to ome rules
161
      st %param x : Position on X of the cell on the board
      st %param y : Position on Y of the cell on the board
162
      st %param g : Game struct which contains all information relative to the game
163
      * %return : New state of the cell in x / y coordinate.
164
165
    char \_\_process(unsigned\ int\ x, unsigned int y, Game* g) {
166
         unsigned int neightbour = __neighbourCell(x, y, g);
167
168
         if ( neightbour < 2 || neightbour > 3 ) return DEAD_CELL;
169
         else if ( neightbour == 3 )
                                                       return ALIVE_CELL;
170
         else
                                                        return g->board[POS(x, y, g)];
171
    }
172
173
    void processRowsGameTick(Game *g) {
174
175
         int my_id, total_proc;
         unsigned int x, y;
176
177
         char* next;
178
         MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&my_id);
179
180
         MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&total_proc);
181
         next = __newBoard(g->rows, g->cols);
182
183
         for ( x = (my_id != 0); x < g->cols - (my_id != total_proc - 1); x++ )
184
             for ( y = 0; y < g \rightarrow rows; y++)
185
186
                  next[POS(x, y, g)] = \_process(x, y, g);
187
         free(g->board);
188
         g->board = next;
189
    }
190
191
    void processMatrixGameTick(Game *g, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size) {
192
193
         char *next;
         int x, y, startx, starty;
```

```
195
        startx = (my_x != 0);
starty = (my_y != 0);
196
197
198
        next = __newBoard(g->rows, g->cols);
199
         for ( x = 0; x < slice_size; x++)
200
            for ( y = 0; y < slice_size; y++)
201
                 next[POS(x + startx, y + starty, g)] = \_process(x + startx, y + starty, g);
202
203
        free(g->board);
204
205
        g->board = next;
    }
206
207
    Game* loadBoard(char* name) {
208
        char reader = ' ';
209
        unsigned int rows = 0, cols = 0;
210
        FILE* fp = NULL;
211
        Game *g = NULL;
212
213
         if ( (fp = fopen(name, "r")) == NULL ) return NULL;
214
        if ( fscanf(fp, "Rows : %d\n", &cols, &rows) != 2) { fclose(fp); return NULL }
215
216
        g = newGame(rows, cols);
217
218
        219
220
221
        while ( (reader = fgetc(fp)) != EOF ) {
222
            if ( reader == '.' ) reader = DEAD_CELL;
223
            if ( reader == '#' ) reader = ALIVE_CELL;
224
225
            if ( reader == '\n') ++cols;
226
            else g->board[POS(cols, rows, g)] = reader;
227
228
            if ( ++rows > g->rows ) rows = 0;
229
230
231
        fclose(fp);
232
233
        if ( cols != g->cols && (reader == ^{\prime}\n' && rows != 0) ) { freeGame(g); return NULL; }
234
        return g;
235
    }
236
237
    bool saveBoard(Game *g) {
238
239
        unsigned int i;
        FILE *fp = NULL;
240
241
        if ( (fp = fopen("output.gol", "w")) == NULL ) return false;
242
243
        fprintf(fp, "Rows : %d\nCols : %d\n", g->rows, g->cols);
244
        for ( i = 0; i < g > cols * g > rows; <math>i++ ) {
245
246
             fprintf(fp, "%c", ((g->board[i]) ? '#' : '.') );
247
            if ( i % g->cols == g->cols - 1 ) fprintf(fp, "\n");
248
249
250
        #ifdef PRINT
251
252
            printf("File saved into : output.gol\n");
        #endif
253
254
255
        fclose(fp);
256
        return true;
257 | }
```

<u>File</u>: memory

```
8 | #define MEMORY_H
9
   #include <stdlib.h>
10
11
12
    * Function that allocate a single object
13
   * %param OBJECT : Object type to allocate
14
15
   * %return
                   : Pointer in memory associate with the object Type.
16
   #define NEW_ALLOC(OBJECT) (NEW_ALLOC_K(1, OBJECT))
17
18
19
    st Function that allocate an array of the same Object
20
    * %param K : Total number to allocate
21
    * %param OBJECT : Object type to allocate
22
    * %return
23
                 : Pointer in memory associate with the object type.
   #define NEW_ALLOC_K(K, OBJECT) (__memAlloc(K, sizeof(OBJECT)))
25
26
27
    * Private function that shouldn't be used
28
29
   * The definition of this function is in memory.c
30
31
   void *__memAlloc(int total, size_t object_size);
32
33 #endif
```

```
1 | #include "error.h"
   #include "memory.h"
3
4
    * Private function that board the allocation of an object
5
    * \prescript{\%param} total : Total number of object that we need to allocate
6
    * %param object_size : Size of the object which we need to allocate
7
    * %return : Pointer on the memory associate with the new object
9
   void *__memAlloc(int total, size_t object_size) {
10
11
       void *p = calloc(total, object_size);
12
13
        if ( p == NULL )
14
15
            QUIT_MSG("Canno't allocate new object\n");
16
17
        return p;
19 | }
```

### File: option\_struct

```
1 || /*-----*/
   /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
2
                                                             */
   /* FICHIER : error.h
                                                             */
4
5
   #ifndef OPTION_STRUCT
   #define OPTION_STRUCT
7
   #include <stdbool.h>
10
11
   * Structure that will contains all of the option
12
13
   typedef struct Option {
14
      int max_tick;
                               /* How much tick we need to do
                                                                       - Default : 100 */
15
                                                                       - Default : "" */
                               /* Path to the file to load
       char* file_path;
16
       unsigned int rows;
                               /* Number of rows to generate
                                                                       - Default : Random
17
          */
       unsigned int cols;
                               /* Number of columns to generate
                                                                       - Default : Random
       bool save_file;
                               /* Do we need to save the last grid ?
                                                                       - Default : false
19
          */
       int method;
                               /* Divide by grid or by rows
                                                                       - Default:
20
          DIVIDE_GRID */
21 | } Option;
```

21

22

23 24

25 26

```
<u>File</u>: option
   /*----
   /* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
                                                                    */
   /* FICHIER : error.h
4
5
   #ifndef OPT
7
   #define OPT
   #include "option_struct.h"
10
11
   /* List of possible option */
12
   #define OPT_LIST "hf:t:r:c:sm"
13
14
   /** Use the definition defined by David Titarenco
15
    * On StackOverFlow http://stackoverflow.com/questions/3437404/min-and-max-in-c
17
   #define MAX(a,b) \
18
      20
         _a > _b ? _a : _b; })
21
23
    * Print the usage of the program
24
    * %param name : name of the program
25
26
27
   void usage(char* name);
28
29
30
    * Function that get all command line option and return those one into a structure
    * %param argc : Total number of argument onto the command line
31
32
    * \mbox{\em {\it ''}} param argv : Contenant of all the command line
33
    * %return
                  : Structure which contains all option given onto command line into this
         structure
   Option getOption(int argc, char** argv);
35
36
1 | #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
2
   #include <getopt.h>
   #include "game.h"
#include "option.h"
6
7
   void usage(char* name) {
       printf("%s [-h]\n\t\t [-f <filePath>] [-t <maxTick>] [-c <number cols] [-r <number rows</pre>
9
           [-m] [-s]\n\n", name);
       printf("\t\ -h : print this help\n");
       printf("\t\t -f filePath : path to the file to use for the grid\n");
printf("\t\t -t maxTick : max time to make the game tick, set it to negative for
11
12
           infinite tick\n");
       printf("\t\t -c : total numner of column\n");\\
13
       printf("\t\t -r : total number of rows\n");
14
       printf("\t\t -m : If here we use division by matrice if not we use division by rows\n")
15
       printf("\t\t -s : if -s is use the final grid will be saved\n");
16
17
18
        exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
   }
19
20
```

\* Private function that define the default value for the option

\* %return : The option struct with the default value

Option \_\_setDefaultValue() {

Option o;

```
o.file_path = "\0";
28
        o.max_tick = 100;
29
        o.method = DIVIDE_ROWS;
30
        o.save_file = false;
31
32
33
        o.rows = MIN_ROWS_SIZE;
        o.cols = MIN_COLS_SIZE;
34
35
        return o;
36
   }
37
38
   Option getOption(int argc, char **argv) {
39
40
        int opt = 0;
        Option o = __setDefaultValue();
41
42
        while ( (opt = getopt(argc, argv, OPT_LIST)) != -1 ) {
43
            switch(opt) {
44
                case '?':
45
                case 'h':
46
                    usage(argv[0]);
47
48
                     break;
49
                 case 'f':
                     if ( optarg != 0 )
50
51
                        o.file_path = optarg;
52
                     break;
                 case 't':
53
54
                     o.max_tick = atoi(optarg);
55
                     break;
                case 'r':
56
57
                     o.rows = MAX(atoi(optarg), MIN_ROWS_SIZE);
                     break;
58
                case 'c':
59
                     o.cols = MAX(atoi(optarg), MIN_COLS_SIZE);
60
61
                     break;
62
                 case 's':
                     o.save_file = true;
63
64
                     break;
65
                 case 'm':
                    o.method = DIVIDE_MATRICE;
66
67
                     break;
                 default:
68
                    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
69
            }
70
71
72
73
        if ( argc == 1)
74
            fprintf(stderr, "Remember to use -h for help\n");
75
        return o;
```

# File : Matrix

```
/* AUTEUR : REYNAUD Nicolas
   /* FICHIER : rows.h
2
4
   #ifndef ROWS H
5
   #define ROWS_H
   #include "game_struct.h"
10
    * Function which return the pointer to the string s with the offset "offset"
11
    * %param s : Object on which you need to do the offset
12
    * %param offset : Size of the offset that need to be done
13
    * %param object_size : Size of an object in the object
14
    * %return : The offset pointer
15
   char *__offset(char *s, int offset);
17
18
19
    * I choose to use the notation for private function for this one, since ONLY main should
20
        use it
```

```
* Halt private Function which offset the input buffer, only if needed (i.e. if process ==
22
                        0)
               st Cause all buffer ( except the first one ) got a buffer which offset the value of the
23
                          rows
              * \protect\  * \p
              * %param s : String to offset if needed
25
              st %param offset : Amount of offset that need to be done
26
             * %return : The offset pointer of the string
27
28
29
          char *__posBufferRecv(int my_id, char* s, int offset);
30
31
             * Function which share the border to all other process and get border of other process
32
            * %param s : Game where you going to share your border and get some
33
            * %param slice_size : Size of the slice of each subprocess [all should be equal ]
34
              * %param total_proc : total number of processus
36
          void shareGetBorder(Game *s, int slice_size, int my_id, int total_proc);
37
38
39 #endif
```

```
1 ||
   #include <stdlib.h>
   #include <mpi.h>
2
3
   #include "rows.h"
   #include "game_struct.h"
5
6
   char *\_offset(char *s, int offset) {
      return &(*(s + (offset * sizeof(char))));
   }
9
10
   char *__posBufferRecv(int my_id, char* s, int offset) {
11
12
      if ( my_id != 0 )
          return __offset(s, offset);
13
14
       return s;
   }
15
16
17
   void shareGetBorder(Game *s, int slice_size, int my_id, int total_proc) {
18
19
       if ( my_id != 0 ) { /* send bottom row to process on top */
20
           MPI_Send(__offset(s->board, s->rows),
21
                   s->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
22
23
24
       if ( my_id != total_proc - 1) {
25
           /* Received the top row of the bottom process */
26
           27
                    s->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
28
29
           /* Send the bottom row of our slice */
30
31
           MPI_Send(__offset(s->board, s->rows * (slice_size - (my_id == 0))),
                   s->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
32
33
34
       if ( my\_id != 0 ) { /* Recv the bottom row of the process at top\,*/
35
           MPI_Recv(s->board, s->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0,
36
                   MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
37
38
       MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
40
41 | }
```

## $\underline{\text{File}}: \text{Rows}$

```
9 | #include "game_struct.h"
10
11
    * Private function which return a sub-matrix according to a start on x and y and slice
12
         size
     * %param src : Source matrix which we extract data
13
     * %param startx : Where to start on x
14
     * %param starty : Where to start on y
15
     * %param xslice_size : Slice size on x
16
     * %param yslice_size : Slice size on y
17
    * % return : The submatrix of size x slice_size * y slice_size s tarting at s tartx, s tarty
18
19
   Game *__subMatrix(Game *src, int startx, int starty, int xslice_size, int yslice_size);
20
21
22
    * Merge a submatrix with a destination matrix
23
     * %param src : Source matrix
    * %param dest : Destination matrix
25
    * \mbox{\it \%param} startx : Where to start on X in dest matrix
26
     * %param starty : Where to start merge in dest matrix
27
28
   void __mergeMatrix(Game *src, Game *dest, int startx, int starty);
29
30
31
32
     * Big function that share all border to other process, share each needed part to
        neightbour and get other border
33
     st %param s : Game where the border need to go and need to be shared
34
     * %param my_x : My process id on x
     * %param my_y : My process id on y
35
     * %param slice_size : Size of the slice into the first big matrix
36
    * %param proc_slice : Number of proc on the columns or rows
37
38
   void shareMatrixBorder(Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice );
40
41
    st Gather all submatrix into the original one (after the compute ), this function MUST be
42
         done by all process
     * %param g : Game where the final grid will be
43
     * %param s : Submatrix to send
44
45
     * %param my_x : My process id on x
     * \protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}} aram \protect\ensuremath{\textit{my}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}} : My process id on y
     * %param slice_size : Size of the slice of the principale board
47
     * \protect\  param proc_slice : Total number of process on a column or a row
48
     * %param total_proc : total number of process
49
50
   void gatherMatrix(Game *g, Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice, int
51
         total_proc);
52
   /* Schematix of a matrix split into submatrix */
54
   /* Matrix : 3 x 3, Np = 9
55
       [V][S] [S][V][S] [S][V] < x: 0
56
       [S][S] [S][S][S] [S][S]
57
58
       [S][S][S][S][S][S][S] < x: 1
59
       [V][S] [S][V][S] [S][V] <
[S][S] [S][S][S] [S][S] <
60
61
62
       [S][S][S][S][S][S][S] < x: 2
63
       [V][S][S][V][S][S][V] <
64
        y: 0
                y: 1
65
                           y: 2
66
67
       S = Buffer
       V = Value \ of \ original \ 3 \ x \ 3 \ matrix
68
   /**
70
    * Function which send matrix to other process
71
     * %param g : Original game board to split
72
    * %param slice_size : Size of the slice of the submatrix
73
    * %param proc_slice : Total number of processus by rows or columns
74
     * %return : SubMatrix of process 0
75
76
```

```
78 || Game * sendAllSubMatrice(Game *g, int slice_size, int proc_slice);
79
 80
                                     * Received a matrix send by process O
 81
                                           * \mbox{\it %param my\_x} : \mbox{\it My processus id on x}
 82
                                           * \protect\ensuremath{\textit{"param my-y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{my-y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{"on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{my-y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{on y}}\protect\ensuremath{\textit{
 83
                                           * %param slice_size : Size of a slice of the principal grid
84
                                           * \protect\  * \p
 85
                                     * %return : return the board including the offset for border sharing
 86
87
                                Game* receivedMatrix(int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice);
 88
 89
90 #endif
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
   #include <math.h>
3
   #include <mpi.h>
   #include "matrix.h"
   #include "memory.h"
7
   #include "error.h"
   #include "game.h"
10
   Game *__subMatrix(Game *src, int startx, int starty, int xslice_size, int yslice_size) {
11
12
        Game *dest = NULL;
        int x, y;
13
14
        dest = newGame(yslice_size, xslice_size);
15
        for ( x = 0; x < xslice_size; x++ )
16
17
            for (y = 0; y < yslice_size; y++)
                 dest->board[POS(x, y, dest)] = src->board[POS(x + startx, y + starty, src)];
18
19
20
        return dest;
   }
21
22
23
   void __mergeMatrix(Game *src, Game *dest, int startx, int starty) {
        unsigned int x, y;
24
^{25}
        for (x = 0; x < src -> cols; x++)
26
            for (y = 0; y < src \rightarrow rows; y++)
27
                dest->board[POS(x + startx, y + starty, dest)] = src->board[POS(x, y, src)];
28
   }
29
30
    void shareMatrixBorder(Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice ) {
31
        int mv id:
32
33
        Game *tmp, *buf;
        tmp = NULL;
34
        buf = newGame(1, slice_size);
35
36
        my_id = my_y + my_x * proc_slice;
37
        /* Send Right - Left*/
38
39
        if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1) { /* Send right column */
            tmp = \_subMatrix(s, (my_x != 0), slice_size - (my_y == 0), slice_size, 1);
40
41
            MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD)
            freeGame(tmp):
42
        }
44
        if ( my_y != 0 ) { /* get right column and send our left */
45
            MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
46
                 MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
            tmp = __subMatrix(s, (my_x != 0), 1, slice_size, 1); /* Start at 1 due to buffer */
47
48
            MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD)
49
             __mergeMatrix(buf, s, (my_x != 0), 0);
50
            freeGame(tmp);
51
52
53
        if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1) { /* get the left column of neighbours */
MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
54
55
                 MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
```

```
_{\text{merge Matrix}}(\text{buf, s, }(\text{my_x != 0}), \text{ slice_size + 1 - }(\text{my_y == 0}));
56
57
58
         freeGame(buf);
59
         buf = newGame(slice_size, 1);
60
61
         /* Send Top-Bottom */
62
         if ( my_x != proc_slice - 1) {
   tmp = __subMatrix(s, slice_size - (my_x == 0), (my_y != 0), 1, slice_size);
63
64
             MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id + proc_slice, 0,
65
                  MPI_COMM_WORLD);
             freeGame(tmp);
66
         }
67
         if (my_x != 0)
69
             MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id - proc_slice, 0,
70
                 MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
             tmp = \_subMatrix(s, 1, (my_y != 0), 1, slice_size); /* Start at 1 due to buffer */
71
72
             MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, my_id - proc_slice, 0,
73
                  MPI_COMM_WORLD);
               _mergeMatrix(buf, s, 0, (my_y != 0));
             freeGame(tmp);
75
76
77
         if ( my_x != proc_slice - 1 ) {
             MPI_Recv(buf->board, buf->cols * buf->rows, MPI_CHAR, my_id + proc_slice, 0,
78
                  MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
              _{\text{merge Matrix}}(\text{buf, s, slice\_size} + \frac{1}{1} - (\text{my\_x} == \frac{0}{1}), (\text{my\_y} != \frac{0}{1});
79
80
81
         freeGame(buf);
82
83
         /* Diagonales */
84
         if ( my_y != 0 && my_x != 0 ) /* Send to top left */
MPI_Send(&s->board[POS(1, 1, s)], 1, MPI_CHAR, my_id - proc_slice - 1, 0,
85
86
                  MPI COMM WORLD):
87
         if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1 && my_x != proc_slice - 1) { /* Send to bottom right */
89
90
              /* Get the bottom right element */
             MPI_Recv(\&s\rightarrow board[POS(slice\_size + (my_x != 0), slice\_size + (my_y != 0), s)], 1
91
                  MPI_CHAR,
                        my_id + proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
92
93
             MPI_Send(&s->board[POS(slice_size - (my_x == \frac{1}{2}), slice_size - (my_y == \frac{1}{2}), s)], \frac{1}{2},
94
                  MPI CHAR.
                        my_id + proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
95
96
         }
         if (my_y != 0 && my_x != 0) {
98
              /* Get the top left element */
99
             MPI_Recv(&s->board[POS(0, 0, s)], 1, MPI_CHAR,
100
                        my_id - proc_slice - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
101
         }
102
103
         if ( my_y != proc_slice - 1 && my_x != 0 ) /* Send to top right */
104
             MPI_Send(&s->board[POS(1, slice_size - (my_y == 0), s)], 1, MPI_CHAR, my_id -
105
                  proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
106
         if ( my_y != 0 && my_x != proc_slice - 1 ) { /* Send to bottom left */
107
              /* Get the bottom left element */
108
             MPI_Recv(&s->board[POS(slice_size + (my_x != 0) ,0, s)], 1, MPI_CHAR,
109
                        my_id + proc_slice - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
110
111
112
             MPI_Send(\&s->board[POS(slice_size - (my_x == 0), 1, s)], 1, MPI_CHAR, my_id +
                  proc_slice - 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
113
114
         if ( my_y != proc_slice - \frac{1}{2} && my_x != \frac{0}{2} ) { 
 /* Get the top right element */
115
116
              MPI_Recv(\&s->board[POS(0, slice_size + (my_y != 0), s)], 1, MPI_CHAR,
117
                        my_id - proc_slice + 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
118
```

```
120
    }
121
122
    void gatherMatrix(Game *g, Game *s, int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice, int
123
         total_proc) {
        Game* tmp = NULL;
124
125
126
        if ( my_x != 0 || my_y != 0 ) {
             tmp = __subMatrix(s, (my_x != 0), (my_y != 0), slice_size, slice_size);
127
            MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
128
129
            freeGame(tmp);
        } else {
130
            int total_recv;
131
            MPI_Status status;
132
133
134
             /* First merge matrix of process 0 */
            tmp = __subMatrix(s, 0, 0, slice_size, slice_size);
135
             __mergeMatrix(tmp, g, 0, 0);
136
137
            freeGame(tmp);
138
            tmp = newGame(slice_size, slice_size);
139
            for ( total_recv = 1; total_recv < total_proc; total_recv++ ) {</pre>
140
                 MPI_Recv(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, MPI_ANY_SOURCE, 0,
141
                     MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
                 __mergeMatrix(tmp, g,
142
                         (status.MPI_SOURCE / proc_slice) * slice_size,
143
144
                         (status.MPI_SOURCE % proc_slice) * slice_size);
145
146
            freeGame(tmp);
147
148
149
150
        /* Nobody will go out since process 0 end recv */
151
152
        MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    }
153
154
    Game* sendAllSubMatrice(Game *g, int slice_size, int proc_slice) {
155
        Game *tmp = NULL, *buf = NULL;
156
157
        int total_proc, i, is_x, is_y;
158
        MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &total_proc);
159
160
        for ( i = 1; i < total_proc; i++) {
161
            is_x = i / proc_slice;
162
            is_y = i % proc_slice;
163
164
            tmp = __subMatrix(g, is_x * slice_size, is_y * slice_size, slice_size, slice_size)
165
            MPI_Send(tmp->board, tmp->rows * tmp->cols, MPI_CHAR, i, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
166
167
            freeGame(tmp);
168
169
        /* Get matrix for the process 0
170
         * Add buffer for exchange
171
         st Place the subMatrix in place of matrix with buffer
172
173
        buf = newGame(slice_size + 1, slice_size + 1);
174
175
        tmp = __subMatrix(g, 0, 0, slice_size, slice_size);
         __mergeMatrix(tmp, buf, 0, 0);
176
        free(tmp):
177
178
179
        return buf;
   }
180
181
    Game* receivedMatrix(int my_x, int my_y, int slice_size, int proc_slice) {
182
183
        Game *s, *tmp;
184
        tmp = newGame(slice_size, slice_size);
185
        s = newGame(slice\_size + (my\_y != 0) + (my\_y != proc\_slice - 1),
186
                     slice_size + (my_x != 0) + (my_x != proc_slice - 1));
187
188
        MPI_Recv(tmp->board, slice_size * slice_size, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
```

```
MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
__mergeMatrix(tmp, s, (my_x != 0), (my_y != 0));
freeGame(tmp);

192
193
194
}
return s;
```