Ice Cream Parlor



Problem Statement

Sunny and Johnny together have \$M\$ dollars they want to spend on ice cream. The parlor offers \$N\$ flavors, and they want to choose two flavors so that they end up spending the whole amount.

You are given the cost of these flavors. The cost of the \$i\$ flavor is denoted by \$c\$_{\$i\$}. You have to display the indices of the two flavors whose sum is \$M\$.

Input Format

The first line of the input contains \$T\$; \$T\$ test cases follow.

Each test case follows the format detailed below: The first line contains \$M\$. The second line contains \$N\$. The third line contains \$N\$ space-separated integers denoting the price of each flavor. Here, the \$i\$\$^{th\$} integer denotes \$c\$_{si\$}.

Output Format

Output two integers, each of which is a valid index of a flavor. The lower index must be printed first. Indices are indexed from \$1\$ to \$N\$.

Constraints

```
$1 \le T \le 50$
```

\$2 \le M \le 10000\$

\$2 \le N \le 10000\$

 $1 \le c_{sis} \le 10000$, where i \in [1, N]\$

The prices of any two items may be the same and each test case has a unique solution.

Sample Input

```
2
4
5
1 4 5 3 2
4
4
2 2 4 3
```

Sample Output

```
1 4
1 2
```

Explanation

The sample input has two test cases.

For the 1^{st} , the amount M = 4 and there are 5 flavors at the store. The flavors indexed at 1 and 4 sum up to 4.

For the 2^{nd} test case, the amount M=4 and the flavors indexed at 1 and 2 sum up to 4.