# **Hands-on Lab: Informational Commands**



Estimated time needed: 30 minutes

# **Learning Objectives**

After completing this lab, you will be able to use commands to display:

- System and user information
- User and group identity info
- Information about running processes and system resource usage
- Custom messages
- The current date and time
- The reference manual for a command

# **About Skills Network Cloud IDE**

Skills Network Cloud IDE (based on Theia and Docker) provides an environment for hands on labs for course and project related labs. Theia is an open source IDE (Integrated Development Environment), that can be run on desktop or on the cloud. To complete this lab, you will be using the Cloud IDE based on Theia.

# Important notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. Thus, every time you connect to this lab, a new environment is created for you and any data or files you may have saved in a previous session will be lost. To avoid losing your data, plan to complete these labs in a single session.

# **Exercise 1 - Informational Commands**

In this exercise, you will familiarize yourself with useful commands for providing system and user information.

## 1.1. Display the name of the current user

#### whoami

Enter the whoami command to return your current username.

- 1. 1
- 1. whoami

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It will display the user name as theia because you are logged into this lab as theia.

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You can get a list of currently logged in users using the command who, but this command doesn't work in the Theia environment yet.

## 1.2. Get basic information about the operating system

#### uname

By default the command prints the kernel name. The u in uname refers to "unix-like 0S".

- 1. 1
- 1. uname

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If you enter the command uname, you will see Linux printed in the output.

Using the -a option prints all the system information.

- 1. 1
- 1. uname -a

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You will see system information listed in the following order:

- Kernel name
- Network node hostname
- Kernel release date
- Kernel version
- Machine hardware name
- Hardware platform
- Operating system

# 1.3. Obtain the user and group identity information

id

This command displays the user id and group id information of the current user.

- 1. 1
- 1. id

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It will display the uid (user id) and gid (group id) for the user theia.

## 1.4 Get available disk space

df

The df command is used to display available disk space.

- 1. 1
- 1. df

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This command will display available disk space in 512-byte blocks. To get available disk space in a "human-readable" format, enter:

- 1. 1
- 1. df -h

Copied!

This will return the available disk space in units like gigabytes and terabytes.

### 1.5. View currently running processes

ps

The ps command lists each process that is currently running and its PID (process id).

- 1. 1
- 1. ps

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However, the output only contains the processes that are owned by you.

By using the -e option, you can display all of the processes running on the system. The includes processes owned by other users.

- 1. 1
- 1. ps -e

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# 1.6. Get information on the running processes and system resources

#### top

The top or "table of processes" command provides a dynamic, real-time view of your system.

- 1. 1
- 1. top

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The top command displays a table of detailed information related to the processes or threads which are currently running and managed by the kernel. Additionally, it also provides information related to CPU and memory usage per process.

When you start top, you'll be presented with the following elements on the main top screen:

- Summary area shows information like system uptime, number of users, load average, and overall memory usage
- Column header attribute names
- Task area displays the data for each process, or PID

The output keeps refreshing until you press q or Ctrl + c.

If you want to exit automatically after a specified number of repetitions, use the -n option as follows:

1. 1

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1. top -n 10

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You can press the following keys with Shift while top is running to sort the table:

### **Key** Sorts by

- m Memory Usage
- p CPU Usage
- n Process ID (PID)
- t Running Time

For example, you can find out which process is consuming the most memory by entering Shift + m.

## 1.7. Display Messages

echo

The echo command displays the given text on the screen. For example, entering:

- 1. 1
- 1. echo "Welcome to the linux lab"

Copied!

prints:

- 1. 1
- 1. Welcome to the linux lab.

Copied!

These special characters help you better format your output:

### **Special Character Effect**

\n Start a new line \t Insert a tab

Use the -e option of the echo command when working with special characters. For example:

- 1. 1
- 1. echo -e "This will be printed \nin two lines"

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will print:

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 1. This will be printed
- 2. in two lines

Copied!

## 1.8. Display date and time

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#### date

The date command displays the current date and time.

- 1. 1
- 1. date

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It has several options which allow you to display the current date and time in different formats.

For example, the following command displays the current date in mm/dd/yy format:

- 1. 1
- 1. date "+%D"

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Here are some popular format specifiers that you can try out:

Specifier	Explanation
%d	Displays the day of the month (01 to 31)
%h	Displays the abbreviated month name (Jan to Dec)
%m	Displays the month of year (01 to 12)
%Y	Displays the four-digit year
%T	Displays the time in 24 hour format as HH:MM:SS
%Н	Displays the hour

## 1.9. View the Reference Manual For a Command

man

The man command displays the user manual for any command that you provide as its argument.

For example, to see the manual page for the 1s command, enter:

- 1. 1
- 1. man ls

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Scroll through the command's manual to find any info you may need. When you're done, press q to quit.

You will sometimes encounter a command that does not have a man page avaible on your system. To see all available man pages with a brief description of each command, enter:

- 1. 1
- 1. man -k .

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# **Practice exercises**

1. Get basic information about the operating system.

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Use the uname command.

- **▼** Click here for Solution
  - 1. 1
  - 1. uname

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- 2. View all running processes on the system.
- **▼** Click here for Hint

Use the ps command with the appropriate option to see all processes, not only those owned by you.

- **▼** Click here for Solution
  - 1. 1
  - 1. ps -e

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- 3. Get the table of processes and sort by memory usage.
- **▼** Click here for Hint

Use top, then sort by memory usage by pressing Shift + m.

- **▼** Click here for Solution
  - 1. 1
  - 1. top

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Then press Shift+m.

- 4. Display the current time.
- **▼** Click here for Hint

Use the format option %T of the date command.

- **▼** Click here for Solution
  - 1. 1
  - 1. date "+%T"

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- 5. Using one command, display the messages "Hello!" and "Goodbye!" separated by a new line.
- ▼ Click here for Hint

Use the echo command with the -e option and the \n new line character.

- **▼** Click here for Solution
  - 1. 1
  - 1. echo -e "Hello! \nGoodbye!"

Copied!

# **Summary**

In this lab, you learned that you can use the commands:

- whoami to return your username
- uname to print the kernel name
- id to display the user and group id
- df to print available disk space
- ps to list running processes and their process id
- top to view a real-time table of processes
- echo to print given text
- date to display the current time and date
- man to get the user manual for a command

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# **Change Log**

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	<b>Change Description</b>
2023-05-04	3.2	Benny Li	QA Pass
2023-04-10	3.1	Nick Yi	ID Review
2023-01-11	3.0	Jeff Grossman	Split lab and expand content
2021-12-02	2.1	Jeff Grossman	Review and Update lab
2021-11-29	2.0	Sam Prokopchuk	Update lab contents and split
2021-05-30	1.0	Ramesh Sannareddy	Created initial version of the lab

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