WinForms "Notepad" Application / Fibonacci BigInt Text Reader Cpt S 321 Homework Assignment Washington State University

Submission Instructions:

- Create a branch called "Branch HW3" and work in this branch for this assignment.
- Once you are done and before the deadline, tag the version that you would want us to grade with the assignment number (for example, "HW3").
- On Canvas -> Assignments -> Submit the link to your repository (a link to the tag or the branch works) by the HW deadline.
- IMPORTANT: The HW must be tagged by the due date and a link to that tag needs to be submitted via Canvas in order to receive a grade.

Assignment Instructions:

Read all the instructions carefully before you write any code.

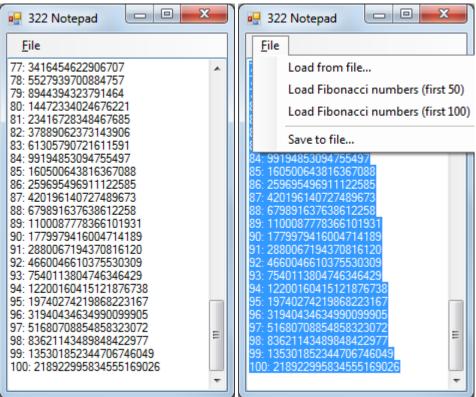
Using Visual Studio, create a WinForms application that can load and save plain text files. This will be much like a simplified version of the Notepad utility application that comes with Microsoft Windows. This app will also include the ability to load text from a non-file source (Fibonacci in-memory sequence generator).

Interface:

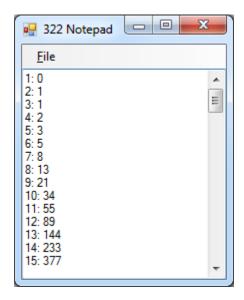
You are free to design the interface the way you wish for the most part, but you must include the following:

- a prominent text area that contains the text
 - Use a TextBox control
 - Set the Multiline property to true
 - Set the ScrollBars property to Vertical or Both so that vertical scrolling can occur
- buttons or menu options to load and save files
 - You will need 3 options for loading text, one from file, two from another source. This is discussed more below.
- use OpenFileDialog/SaveFileDialog for selecting files to open/save
 - Can be created in code or at design time by dragging them in from the toolbox

The image below shows an example of what the interface could look like:



Here's another image of the application scrolled up to the beginning numbers:



Saving Functionality (1 point):

Your application needs to provide the ability to save the text to a text file. Provide a button or menu option that brings up a <u>SaveFileDialog</u>, prompting the user for a file name. If the user clicks OK in that dialog, which you'll determine by checking the return value of the SaveFileDialog. ShowDialog function,

then save the text in the text box to that file. You can save it using streams, text-writers, or any other method you see fit (it's the loading that's going to be more specific).

<u>Loading Functionality (8 points total):</u>

1. Generic Loading Function (1 point)

Write a function called "Load" or "LoadText" in your main form's .CS file. This will take a System.IO.TextReader object as a parameter. It should read all the text from the TextReader object and put it in the text box in your interface.

- Declare and implement the method mentioned above:
 private void LoadText(TextReader sr)
- b. Use either <u>ReadToEnd</u> or <u>ReadLine</u> (in a loop) to load all text from the reader and put it in the text box. This should replace any content already in the text box.

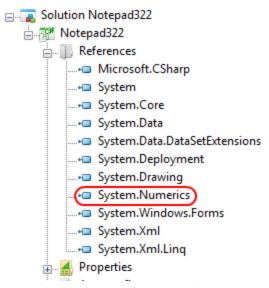
2. Loading from file (1 point)

Add the option to load text from a file. You can use a stream reader to open the file and pass it to your loading function. Remember that <u>StreamReader</u> inherits from TextReader and has a <u>constructor</u> that takes a file name as a parameter.

3. <u>Loading from FibonacciTextReader</u> (6 points)

Write a class named FibonacciTextReader that inherits from the System.IO.TextReader. Since you've implemented a loading function in part 1 that takes a text reader, you'll be able to pass this object to your loading function after creating an instance of it. This class must:

- a. Inherit from the TextReader class
- b. Make it have a constructor that takes an integer as a parameter indicating the maximum number of lines available (the maximum number of numbers in the sequence that you can generate).
- c. Override the ReadLine method which delivers the next number (as a string) in the Fibonaci sequence. You need logic in this function to handle the first two numbers as special cases. You must return null after the nth call, where n is the integer value passed to the constructor.
- d. Override the ReadToEnd method if you used it back in the implementation for part 1. Implement it such that it repeatedly calls ReadLine and concatenates all the lines together. You can use the System.Text.StringBuilder class to append the lines together into one string.
- e. Use the <u>System.Numerics.BigInteger</u> struct for the sequence numbers. The numbers get beyond what a 64-bit integer can store very quickly, so you need this to accurately compute the first 100 numbers in the sequence. You may have to add a reference to the System.Numerics DLL in your project for this. Right-click references -> Add reference -> find System.Numerics.dll.



- f. Optional: put the line number before the sequence number as shown in the sample app screenshot.
- 4. Add three menu options (or buttons if you want) in your interface to allow for demonstration of the above functionality.
 - a. There needs to be an option to load from a file. This should prompt the user for a file name (use OpenFileDialog for convenience) and then load it as described in #2 above.
 - b. There needs to be an option to load the first 50 numbers of the Fibonacci sequence
 - c. There needs to be an option to load the first 100 numbers of the Fibonacci sequence
 - d. (note: parts b and c should have almost identical code, just with a different number passed to the FibonacciTextReader constructor)
- 5. Put your name and ID number in a comment and the top of each code file that you write. Put a reasonable number of comments in your code.

Point breakdown (the assignment is worth 10 points):

- 2 points for correct saving functionality
- 3 points for correct loading function

And as usual:

- 1 point: For a "healthy" version control history, i.e., 1) the HW assignment should be built iteratively, 2) every commit should be a cohesive functionality, 3) the commit message should concisely describe what is being committed, 4) you should follow TDD i.e., write and commit tests first and then implement and commit the functionality.
- 1 point: Code is clean, efficient and well organized.
- 1 point: Quality of identifiers.
- 1 point: Existence and quality of comments.
- 1 point: Existence and quality of test cases.

General Homework Requirements	
Quality of Version Control	 Homework should be built iteratively (i.e., one feature at a time, not in one huge commit). Each commit should have cohesive functionality. Commit messages should concisely describe what is being committed. TDD should be used (i.e, write and commit tests first and then implement and commit functionality). Include "TDD" in all commit messages with tests that are written before the functionality is implemented. Use of a .gitignore. Commenting is done as the homework is built (i.e, there is commenting added in each commit, not done all at once at the end).
Quality of Code	 Each file should only contain one public class. Correct use of access modifiers. Classes are cohesive. Namespaces make sense. Code is easy to follow. StyleCop is installed and configured correctly for all projects in the solution and all warnings are resolved. If any warnings are suppressed, a good reason must be provided. Use of appropriate design patterns and software principles seen in class.
Quality of Identifiers	 No underscores in names of classes, attributes, and properties. No numbers in names of classes or tests. Identifiers should be descriptive. Project names should make sense. Class names and method names use PascalCasing. Method arguments and local variables use camelCasing. No Linguistic Antipatterns or Lexicon Bad Smells.
Existence and Quality of Comments	 Every method, attribute, type, and test case has a comment block with a minimum of <summary>, <returns>, <param/>, and <exception> filled in as applicable.</exception></returns></summary> All comment blocks use the format that is generated when typing "///" on the line above each entity. There is useful inline commenting in addition to comment blocks that explains how the algorithm is implemented.
Existence and Quality of Tests	Normal, boundary, and overflow/error cases should be