Electronic Health Record Storage using Blockchain

Aditya Vajpayee Aryan Mishra 1809731014 MT2017004 adityavajpayee1999@gmail.com aryan.mishra@iiitb.org

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1 Motivation

In today's world, users expect an instantaneous and seamless floMarfydiandaustries have adopted or are beginning to adopt necessary technologies to guarantee their users'expectation for instant information fortunately, the healthcare industry has lagged behind egacy systems are burdensor of the patient.

Health data contained in legacy systems is siloed and difficult to share with others because of varying formats and standardshort, the current healthcare data landscape is fragmented and ill-suited to the instantaneous needs of modern users.

The relationship between healthcare professionals and patients has long been a paternalistic onem recent times howevere has been a significant shift of authority. Medicine is being democratised and patients are more empowered.

At present electronic health records (EHR) are stored on centralized databases in which medical data remains largely non-port@blæralization increases the security risk footprint and requires trust in a single author byeover centralized databases cannot ensure security and data integeign rdless of de-identification and controlled access requirement entralized health databases are legally a requirement and necessity in most countries worldwide and therefore require an added layer of technology to improve their portability and security.

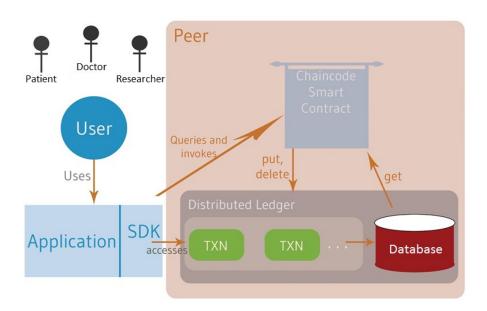
2 Objectives

- Secure,immutable and decentralized EHR database with patient owing her/his own health data
- Single version of the truth verified by the consensus of the participating hospitals
- On the tunes of upcoming digital health data bill DISHA in India
- Easy to share selective or all EHRs as consented by the patient
- Full medical history of a patient at one single point
- Easy verification of medical prescription
- Redacted EHRs for research purposes.
- Increased transparency
- No insurance fraud

3 Technica xplanation

3.1 Architecture

Application considers three types of uberctors, Patients and Researchars, one of these users interacts with our main application user interfaceser will invoke some query by Will verify global state of the blockchain and query will be submitted to the blockchain through restful service-based API. Blockchain will send the request to other peers for consensater the successful consensus, transaction will be submitted to the blockchain and the subsequent key-value pair will be created or modified according to the request.



3.2 Security

With creation of a new user, a 128-bit token is generated, and this token is stored in the database on the backenden, whenever a user logs in the application its credentials are verified and its corresponding token is fetched from the backend via REST API. Now with every querapplication passes the user's token and the backend REST API verifies the token and gets to know the identity of the Theissish the first layer of security.

Then when actuadata is being pulled from the blockchallockchallockchall verifies the user identity with the certificate it issued when the user was created on the blockchain. This forms second layer of security.

3.3 Transactions

Any interactions with health records are recorded as transactions on the answerk. actions are viewable only to the participants associated with the transactione examples of how transactions take place in the application.

Patient Granting Write Access

- Patient A grants write access to medical record to Doctor A
- Doctor A's ID is added to Patient A's authorized asset on the ledger

Patient Granting Read Access

- Patient A grants read access to medical record to Doctor A
- Doctor A's ID is added to medical record's authorized asset on the ledger

Doctor Referring Patient

- Doctor A updates the permissions to allow Doctor B to read the Patient's medical record
- Chaincode will check that Doctor A has permission to write on the medical record
- Doctor B's ID is added to medical record's authorized asset
- Patient A has to add Doctor B explicitly to his authorized list for write permission

3.4 Data Structure

Variable Type	Variable	Description
String	Record ID	A unique record ID
String	Doctor ID	Reference to a doctor
String	Patient ID	Reference to a patient
String	Encounter ID	Pointer to the encounter containing description and prescription
String	Location	Hospital where medical record is generated
String Array	Authorized	List of read permitted doc- tors
Date Time	Encounter Time	Time of the event

Table 1:Medical record

Variable Type	Variable	Description
String	Encounter ID	A unique encounterID mapped to a unique record ID
String	Description	Description ofhe diagnosis
String	Prescription	Medical prescription

Table 2:Encounter

Variable Type	Variable	Description
String	Patient ID	A unique patient ID
String	Array Authorized	List of write permitted doctors
String	Patient Profile	Referenceto the patient profile ID containing demographic data

Table 3:Patient

Variable Type	Variable	Description
String	Doctor ID	A unique doctor ID
String	Doctor Profile	Referenceto the doctor profile ID containing de- mographic data

Table 4:Doctor

Variable Type	Variable	Description
String	Profile ID	A unique profile ID
String	Patient ID	Reference to a patient
String	First Name	First name of the patient
String	Last Name	Last name of the patient
String	Email Address	Email addressof the pa-
		tient
String	Address	Address of the patient
Date Time	Date of birth	To calculate age of the pa tient

Table 5:Patient profile

Variable Type	Variable	Description
String	Profile ID	A unique profile ID
String	Doctor ID	Reference to a doctor
String	First Name	First name of the doctor
String	Last Name	Last name of the doctor
String	Email Address	Email address ofhe doc-
		tor
String Array	Qualifications	List of qualifications of the
		doctor
String	Address	Address of the doctor
Date Time	Date of birth	To calculate age of the doc-
		tor

Table 6:Doctor profile

4 Technologies

4.1 Hyperledger Fabric

Hyperledger Fabric is a blockchain framework implementation and the Hyperledger projects hosted by The Linux Foundal Warnare using it as the foundation for developing our application with a modular architecture, Hyperledger Fabric allows components, such as consensus and membership services, to be plughtyperplandinger Fabric leverages container technology to host smart contracts called "chaincode" that comprise the application logic of the system.

4.2 Hyperledger Composer

Hyperledger Composer is a setcoflaboration tools for building blockchain business networks that make it simple and fast for business owners and developers to create smart contracts and blockchain applications to solve business problem by JavaScript, leveraging modern tools including nodering, CLI and popular editors Composer offers business-centric abstractions as a seed hample apps with easy to test devOps processes to create robust blockchain solutions that drive alignment across business requirements with technical velopment we used it to interact with our underlying blockchain.

4.3 JavaScript

As a multi-paradigm language vaScript supports event-drivennctional and imperative (including object-oriented and prototype-based) programm in the styles. API for working with text, arrays, dates, regular expressions, and basic manipulation of the DOM, but the language itself does not include any support as networking torage, or graphics facilities elying for these upon the host environment in which it is embedded. We used it to write our chaincode for the blockchain.

4.4 node.js

node.js is an open-source, cross-platform JavaScript run-time environment that executes JavaScript code server-side.js enabled us to use JavaScript for server-side scripting—running scripts server-side to produce dynamic web page content before the page is sent to the user's web browser.

4.5 npm

npm is a package manager for the JavaScript programming lattigisation. default package manager for the JavaScript runtime environment Noodensists of a command line client, also called npm, and an online database of public and paid-for private packages, called the npm registry used it to get packages for JavaScript.

4.6 HTML

Hypertext Markup Language (HTML) is the standard markup language for creating web pages and web application browsers receive HTML documents from a web server or from localstorage and render the documents into multimedia web pages. describes the structure of a web page semantically and originally included cues for the appearance of the documents into create our user interface.

4.7 jQuery

jQuery is a cross-platform JavaScript library designed to simplify the client-side scripting of HTML. We used it to send POST and GET ajax API calls to our back-end.

5 Learning

Blockchain blockchain is a continuously growing list of records, called blocks, which are linked and secured using cryptography block typically contains a cryptographic hash of the previous block, a timestamp and transaction design, a blockchain is inherently resistant to modification two data. It is "an open, distributed ledger that can record transactions between two parties efficiently and in a verifiable and permanent wary." use as a distributed ledger, a blockchain is typically managed by a peer-to-peer network collectively adhering to a protocol for inter-node communication and validating new blocks: ecorded, the data in any given block cannot be altered retroactively without the alteration of subsequent blocks, which requires collusion of the network majority.

Importance of blockchaßlockchain technology has a large potential to transform business operating models in the long telepickchain distributed ledger technology is more a foundationatchnology—with the potential create new foundations for global economic and social systems—than a disruptive technology, which typically "attack a traditional business model with a lower-cost solution and overtake incumbent firms quickly The use of blockchains promises to bring significant efficiencies to global supply chains, financial transactions, asset ledgers and decentralized social networking.

Difference between public and private block The isole distinction between public and private blockchain is related to who is allowed to participate in the network, execute the consensus protocol and maintain the share obtaining blockchain network is completely open and anyone can join and participate in the network. The network typically has an incentivizing mechanism to encourage more participants to join the network is one of the largest public blockchain networks in production toda One of the drawbacks of a public blockchain is the substantial amount of computational power that is necessary to maintain a distributed ledger at a large scale More specifically pachieve consenses, ch node in a network must solve a complexe source-intensive cryptographic problem called a proof of work to ensure all are in sync.

Importance of Electronic Health RecoEddRs and the ability to exchange health information electronically can help you provide higher quality and safer care for patients while creating tangible enhancements for your orgatilizet incells providing accurate, up-to-date, and complete information about patients at the point of care. It helps securely sharing electronic information with patients and other clinicians. It promotes legible, complete documentation and accurate, streamlined coding and billing. It enhances privacy and security patient data. It reduces costs through decreased paper wire participation of testing, and improved health.

5.1 Learning sources

- Hyperledger Fabric documentation
- Hyperledger Fabric on GitHub
- Hyperledger Composer documentation
- Hyperledger Composer on GitHub
- Blockchain online learning course on Coursera
- Medicalchain whitepaper

5.2 Challenges

- Since the blockchain technology is very new, the documentation available is limited and it is not updated regularly
- There is no proper "EHR using blockchain" sample use-case to follow
- ChaincodeModeling,Access ControList and Query needs different syntactical knowledge

6 Installation

6.1 Pre-requisites

The following are prerequisites for installing the required development tools:

- Operating System&buntu 16.04 (64-bit)
- Docker EngineVersion 17.03 or higher
- Docker-Compose ersion 1.8 or higher
- Node: 8.9 or higher (version 9 is not supported)
- npm: v5.x
- git: 2.9.x or higher
- Python: 2.7.x

Then you can download the required development tools using the following commands:

- \$ curl -O https://hyperledger.github.io/composer/latest/prereqs-ubuntu.sh
- \$ chmod u+x preregs-ubuntu.sh
- \$./prereqs-ubuntu.sh

Click here for more info.

6.2 Development Environment

- 1. Install the CLI tools: There are a few useful tools for Composer developers.

 The most important one is composer-cli, which contains all the essential operations, so we'll install that firstext, we'll also pick up generator-hyperledger-composer, composer-rest-server and Yeoman plus the generator-hyperledger-composer.
 - (a) Essential CLI tools:
 - \$ npm install -g composer-cli
 - (b) Utility for running a REST Server on your machine to expose your business networks as RESTful APIs:
 - \$ npm install -g composer-rest-server
 - (c) Useful utility for generating application assets:
 - \$ npm install -g generator-hyperledger-composer
 - (d) Yeoman is a tool for generating applications, which utilises generator-hyperledger-composer:
 - \$ npm install -g yo
- 2. Install PlaygroundBrowser app for simple editing and testing Business Networks:
 - \$ npm install -g composer-playground
- 3. Install Hyperledger Fabrīchis step gives you a local Hyperledger Fabric runtime to deploy your business networks to.
 - (a) In a directory of your choice (we waissume/fabric-tools) get the .tar.gz file that contains the tools to install Hyperledger Fabric:
 - \$ mkdir ~/fabric-tools && cd ~/fabric-tools
 - \$ curl -O https://raw.githubusercontent.com/hyperledger /composer-tools/master/packages/fabric-dev-servers /fabric-dev-servers.tar.gz
 - \$ tar -xvf fabric-dev-servers.tar.gz

A zip is also available if you prefer replace the .tar.gz file with fabric-devservers.zip and the tar -xvf command with a unzip command in the preceding snippet.

- (b) Use the scripts you just downloaded and extracted to downloadHaylocal perledger Fabric runtime:
 - \$ cd ~/fabric-tools
 - \$./downloadFabric.sh

Click here for more info.

6.3 Deploying a Hyperledger Composer blockchain business network to Hyperledge Fabric

Click here for full guide.

7 Future work

- EHR structure can be modeled to suit specific disease or can be modeled on established standards like openEHR
- Mechanism to access patient's medical history in emergency situations
- Insurance companies can be given limited access for fairer claims
- Pharmacists can be added to monitor medical sales