

## Homework #1

### Problem

Use the SOR method to solve the linear system  $Ax = b$ , where the entries of  $A$  and  $b$  are

$$a_{i,j} = \begin{cases} 2i, & \text{when } j = i \text{ and } i = 1, 2, \dots, N, \\ 0.5i, & \text{when } \begin{cases} j = i + 2 \text{ and } i = 1, 2, \dots, N - 2, \\ j = i - 2 \text{ and } i = 3, 4, \dots, N, \end{cases} \\ 0.25i, & \text{when } \begin{cases} j = i + 4 \text{ and } i = 1, 2, \dots, N - 4, \\ j = i - 4 \text{ and } i = 5, 6, \dots, N, \end{cases} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

and  $b_i = \pi$ , for each  $i = 1, \dots, N$ .

- Set  $N = 160$  (or larger) and run SOR for different  $\omega = 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4$ .
- Set the tolerance  $TOL = 10^{-6}$  and using the norm  $\|\mathbf{x}^{(k)} - \mathbf{x}^{(k-1)}\|_{\infty}$  as the stopping criterion.
- Output a table which shows the number of iterations and  $\|\mathbf{x}^{(k)} - \mathbf{x}^{(k-1)}\|_{\infty}$  of final approximate solutions for different values of  $\omega$ .