

Package ‘LTsurv’

June 16, 2022

Type Package

Title Pairwise Pseudo-likelihood Estimation for the Proportional Hazards Model with Left-Truncated Failure Time Data

Version 0.1.0

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Description

This package provides a general pairwise pseudo-likelihood estimation approach for the proportional hazards model with left-truncated and censored failure time data. In particular, the censoring scheme is right censoring, interval censoring or partial interval censoring.

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.8.3)

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppEigen

NeedsCompilation yes

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LTsurv-package	<i>Pairwise Pseudo-likelihood Estimation for the Proportional Hazards Model with Left-Truncated Failure Time Data</i>
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Description

This package provides a general pairwise pseudo-likelihood estimation approach for the proportional hazards model with left-truncated and censored failure time data. In particular, the censoring scheme is right censoring, interval censoring or partial interval censoring.

Author(s)

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References

Li Shao, Hongxi Li, Shuwei Li and Jianguo Sun (2022+). A Pairwise Pseudo-Likelihood Approach for Regression Analysis of Left-Truncated Failure Time Data with Various Types of Censoring. Submitted.

LTsurv	<i>Pairwise Pseudo-Likelihood Estimation for the Proportional Hazards Model with Left-Truncated Failure Time Data</i>
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Description

This function provides a general semiparametric estimation approach for the proportional hazards model with left-truncated and censored failure time data. The failure time suffers from right censoring, interval censoring or partial interval censoring.

Usage

```
s<-LTsurv(truncation, time, time2 , delta, type="interval2", Z, )
```

Arguments

truncation	a vector of the left truncation times.
time	a vector of the observed time for right-censored data or the left endpoint of the observed interval for interval-censored or partly interval-censored data. For right-censored data, time means the observed time, which equals the minimum of the right censoring time and the failure time. For interval-censored data, time denotes the left endpoint of the observed interval. If the failure time is left-censored, time should be set to be 0.
time2	for interval-censored or partly interval-censored data, time2 is a vector of the right endpoint of the observed interval. If the interval is right half-open , just set time2 to be 0. For right-censored data, the argument time2 is unnecessary.
delta	a vector indicating the type of observations. For right-censored data, 0="right-censored", 1="observed". For interval-censored data, 1="left-censored", 2="interval-censored", 3="right-censored". For partly interval-censored data, 0="observed", 1="left-censored", 2="interval-censored", 3="right-censored".
type	a character string specifying the type of censoring. type can not be missing. Possible values are "right", "interval", "partly interval".
Z	design matrix of predictor variables (in columns), should be specified without an intercept term.
time_points	a time or a vector of times at which the cumulative baseline hazard function is evaluated. The default value of time_points is the (10%, 20%,...,100%) quantiles of unique finite observation times, exactly-observed failure times and truncation times.
boot.num	the number of bootstrap to estimate standard deviation

Value

Coefficients	the estimated coefficients in the proportional hazards model
BaselineHazard	the estimated baseline hazard.
Cumulative	the estimated cumulative baseline hazard value at time_points.
sdCoefficients	the standard deviation of Coefficients estimated by bootstrap.
sdCumulative	the standard deviation of cumulative baseline hazard value at time_points, estimated by bootstrap.
sumstats	the proportions of each type

Author(s)

Li Shao, Hongxi Li, Shuwei Li

References

Li Shao, Hongxi Li, Shuwei Li and Jianguo Sun (2022+). A Pairwise Pseudo-Likelihood Approach for Regression Analysis of Left-Truncated Failure Time Data with Various Types of Censoring. Submitted.

See Also

[summary.LTsurv](#), [plot.LTsurv](#)

Examples

```
##=====Right Censored =====#
rm(list=ls())

library("LTsurv")
data("dat.right")
truncation=dat.right$truncation
time=dat.right$time
delta=dat.right$delta
Z=cbind(dat.right$gender,dat.right$preference)

sr<-LTsurv(truncation, time, , delta, type="right", Z,
           time_points = quantile(unique(sort(c(truncation,time)))[-1],seq(0.1,1,0.1)),boot.num=10)

summary.LTsurv(sr)

##### Partly Interval Censored data #####

rm(list=ls())

library("LTsurv")
data("dat.partintvl")
truncation=dat.partintvl$truncation
time=dat.partintvl$time
time2=dat.partintvl$time2
delta=dat.partintvl$delta
Z=cbind(dat.partintvl$Z1,dat.partintvl$Z2)
```

```

si<-LTsurv( truncation, time, time2, delta, type="partly interval", Z,
            time_points = quantile(unique(sort(c(truncation,time,time2)))[-1],seq(0.1,1,0.1)),
            boot.num=2)

summary.LTsurv(si)

```

plot.LTsurv	<i>Plot method for LTsurv objects</i>
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Description

Plot the estimated cumulative baseline hazard function or survival function.

Usage

```
plot.LTsurv(x)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class LTsurv, returned by the LTsurv function.
type	Character string specifying the type of plot. Default value type="hazard" means to plot the baseline cumulative hazard function. Type="survival" means to plot the baseline survival function

See Also

[LTsurv](#), [summary.LTsurv](#)

Examples

```
#### see example for LTsurv ####
```

summary.LTsurv	<i>summary.LTsurv</i>
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Description

The summary information of the parameter estimates and their estimated standard error.

Usage

```
summary.LTsurv(x)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class LTsurv, returned by the LTsurv function.
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summary.LTsurv

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See Also

[LTsurv](#), [plot.LTsurv](#)

Examples

```
#### see example for LTsurv ####
```

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