



Western Norway
University of
Applied Sciences

Formal Specification and Validation of a Data-driven Software System for Fire Risk Predictions

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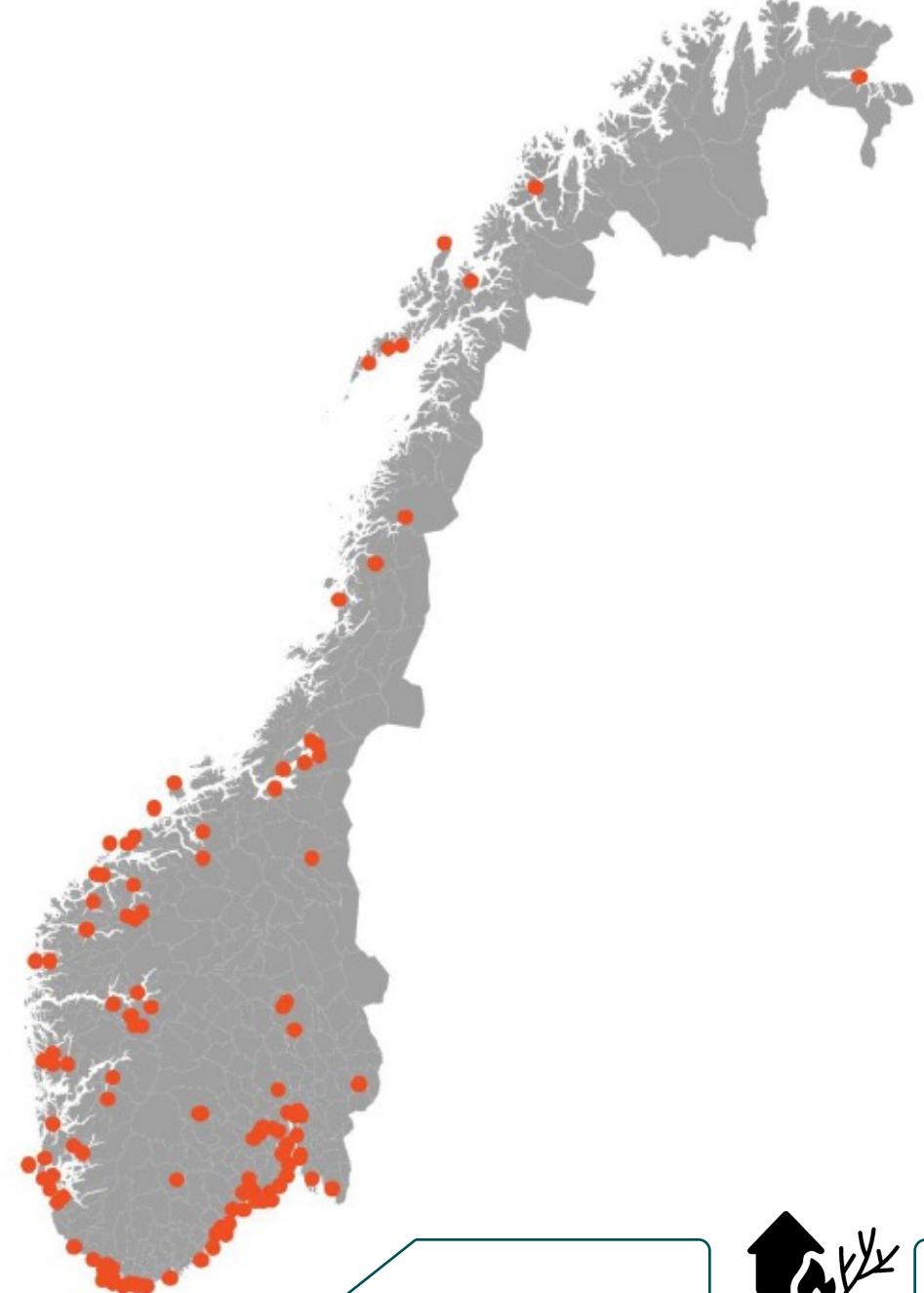
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> 200 densely built wooden settlements
worthy of preservation in Norway

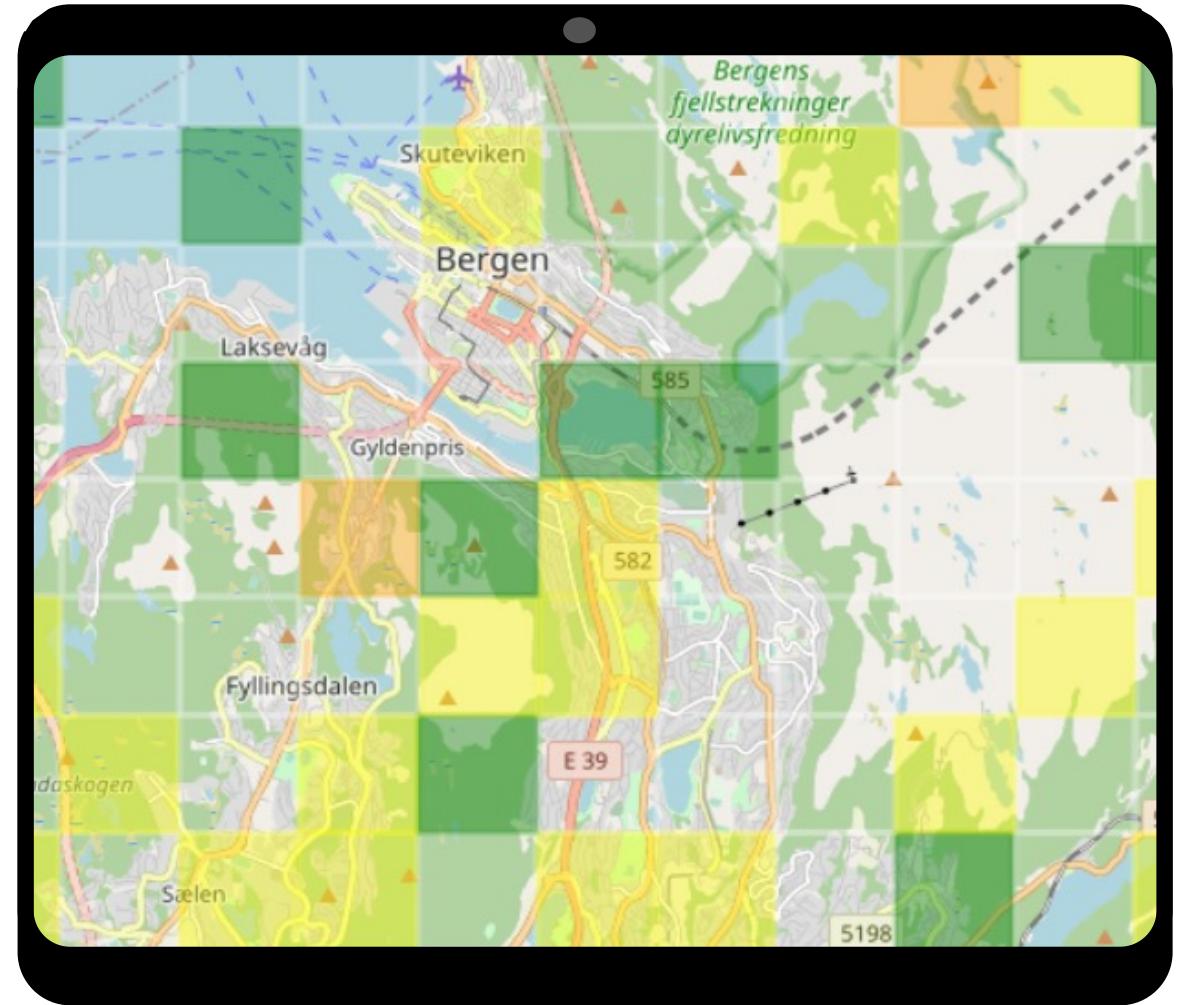
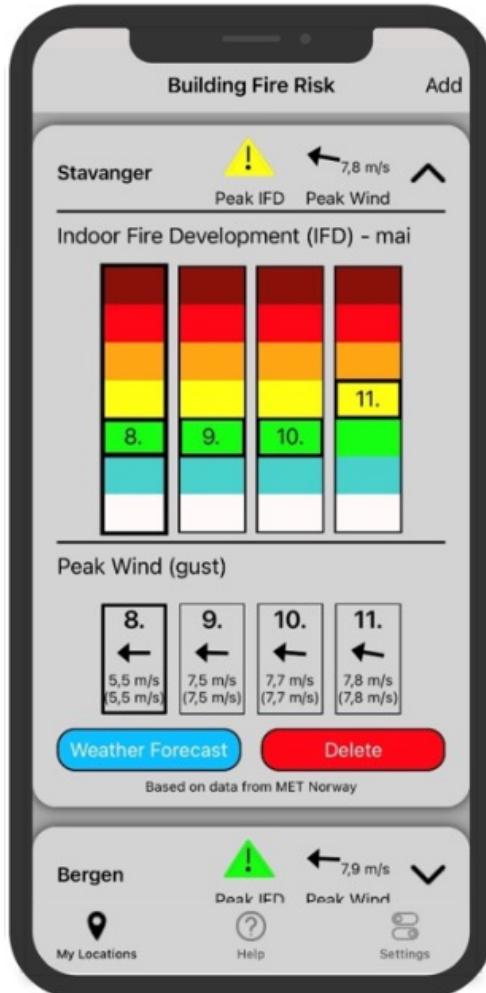


Predictive Fire Risk Notification System

CONCEPT



DEVELOPED GUI



Predictive fire risk indication

[Log (2017), Log (2018), Log(2019)]

Based on measurements of the outdoor climate

- Temperature (measured)
- Relative humidity (measured)

Estimating indoor climate

- Air change rate / ventilation (computed) \dot{m}_{AC}
- Moisture release from enclosure (computed) \dot{m}_{wall}
- Internal moisture production (from literature) \dot{m}_{supply}
- Indoor water concentration in air (computed) $V \frac{dC}{dt}$
- Relative humidity (computed)

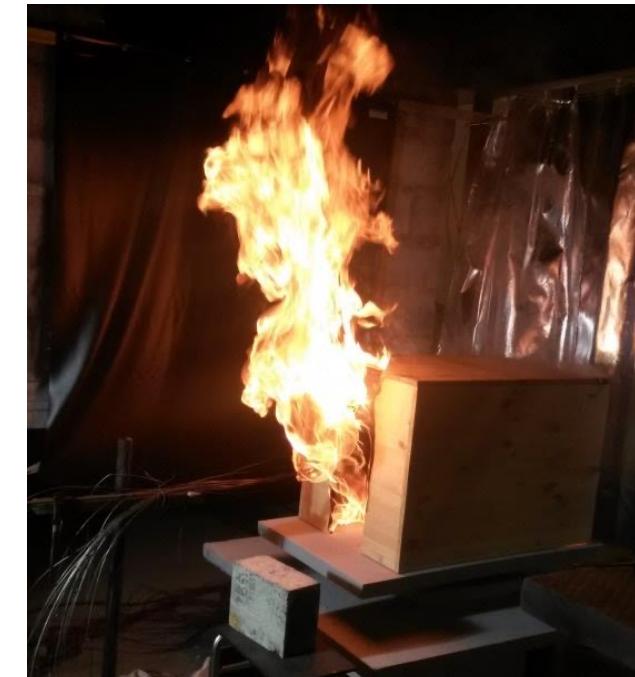
Estimate water concentration in each of the layers of wood

- Compute Fuel Moisture Content (FMC)
- Compute fire risk indication as the time to flashover (TTF)



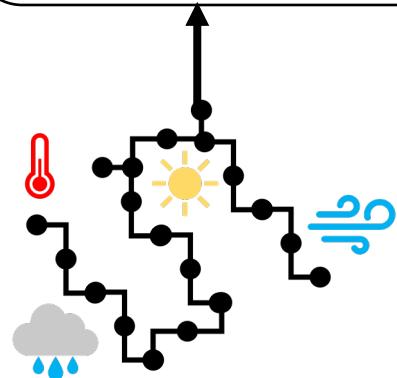
Røros

Credit: Gjermund Søreng

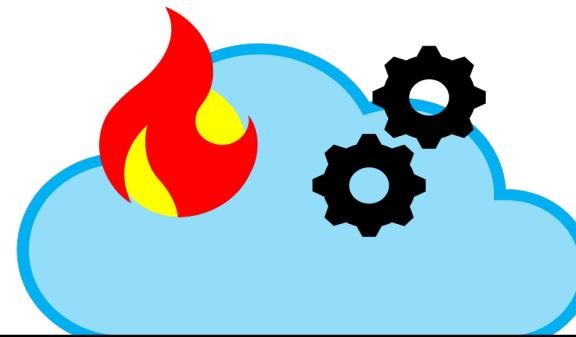


Context and overview of system

Weather data measurements and forecasting cloud-services



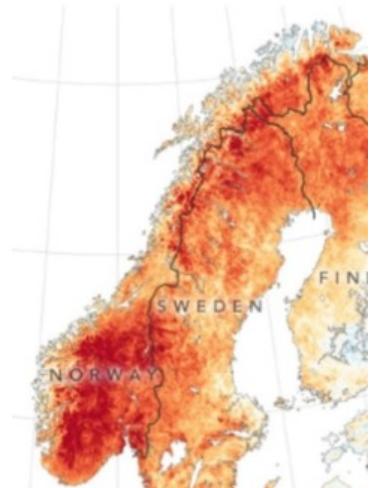
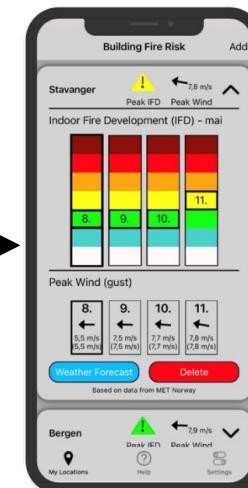
Consumer-grade IoT weather station services



Distributed cloud-based fire risk notification system

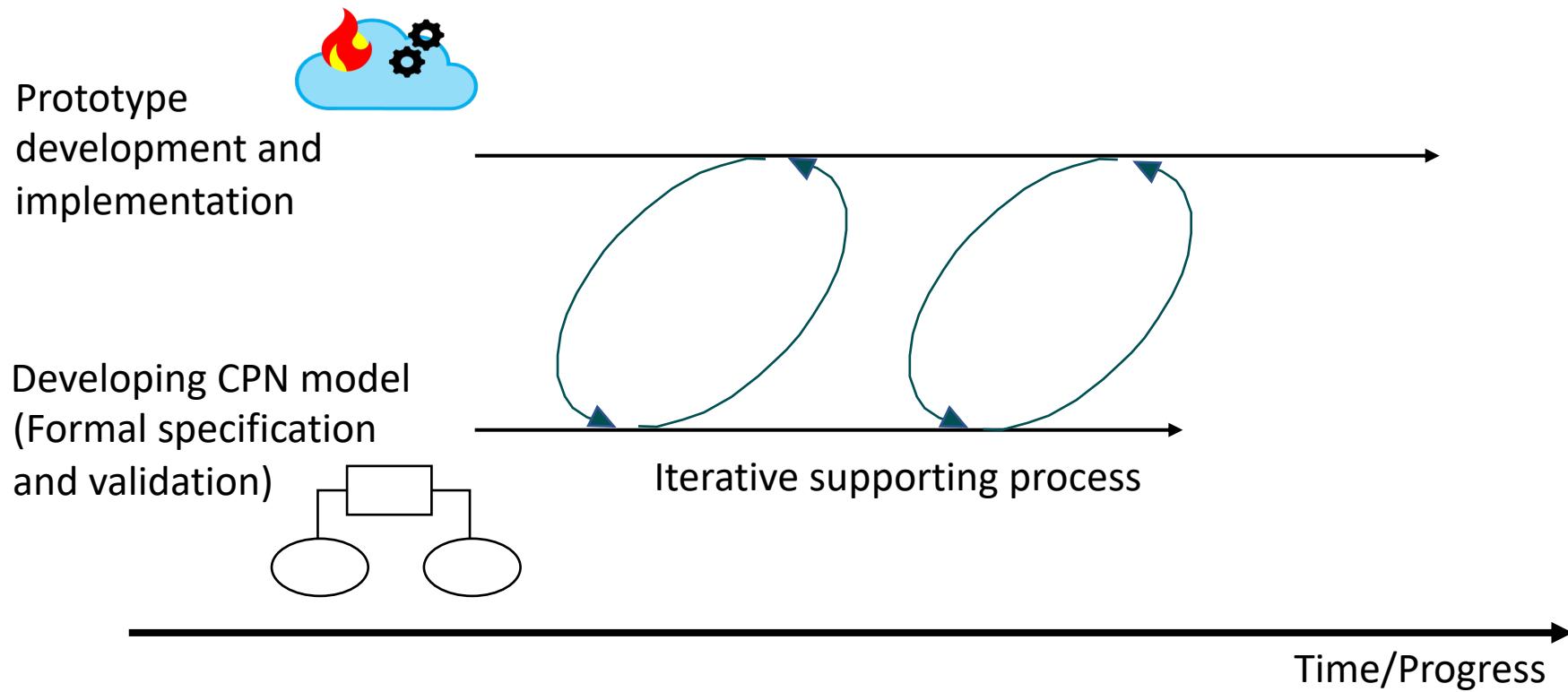
Fire risk models
[Log(2019)]

$$V \frac{dC}{dt} + \dot{m}_{AC} + \dot{m}_{wall} + \dot{m}_{supply} = 0$$



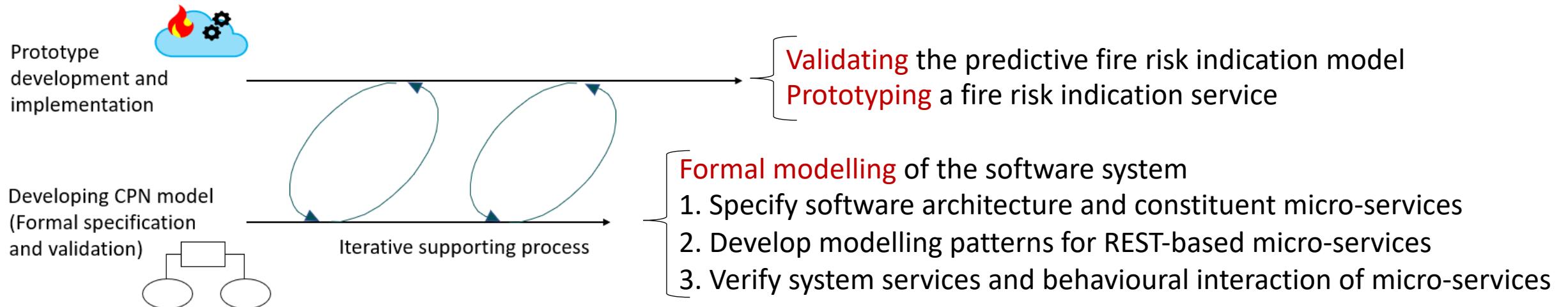
Development Process & Research Aims

Prototype development/Implementation in parallel with CPN model development



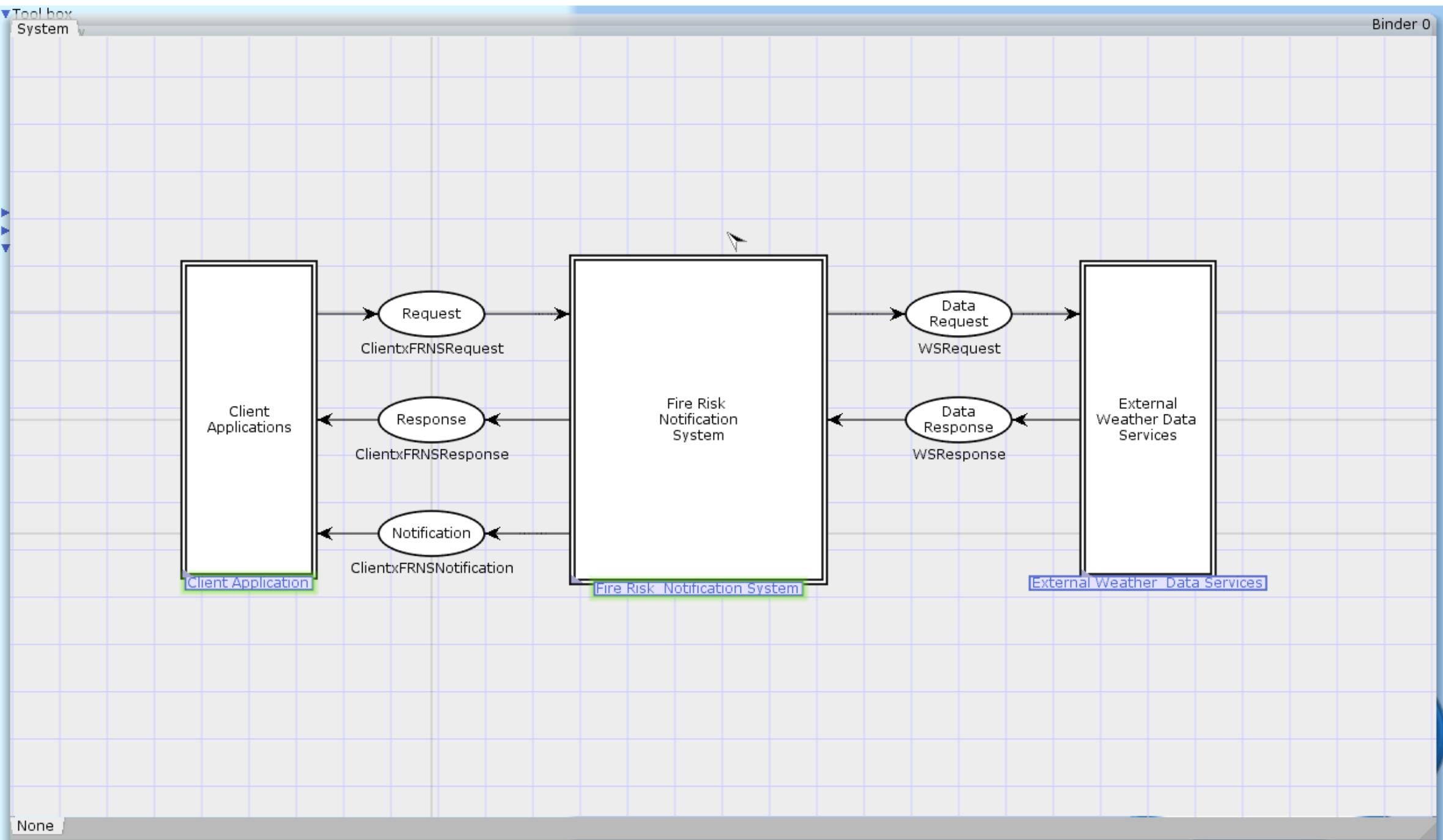
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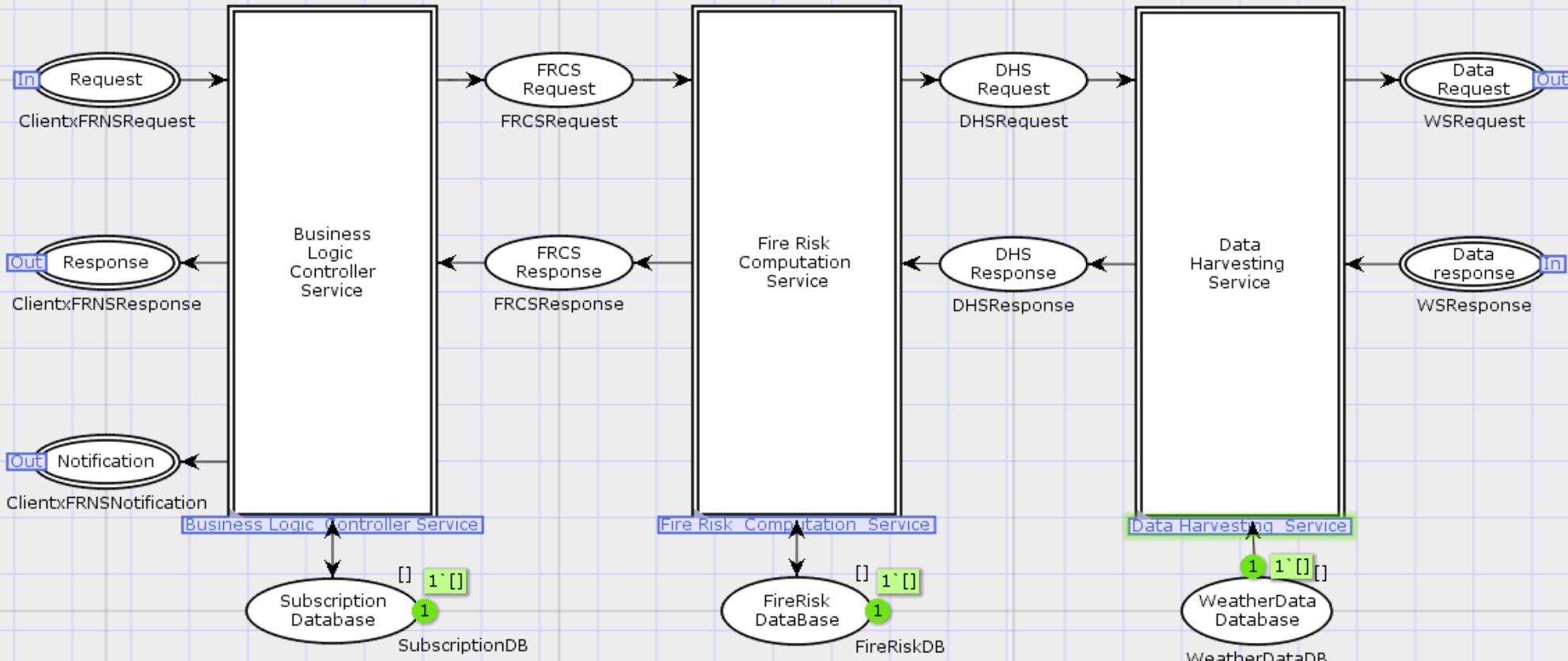
CPN model presentation





System Fire Risk Notification System

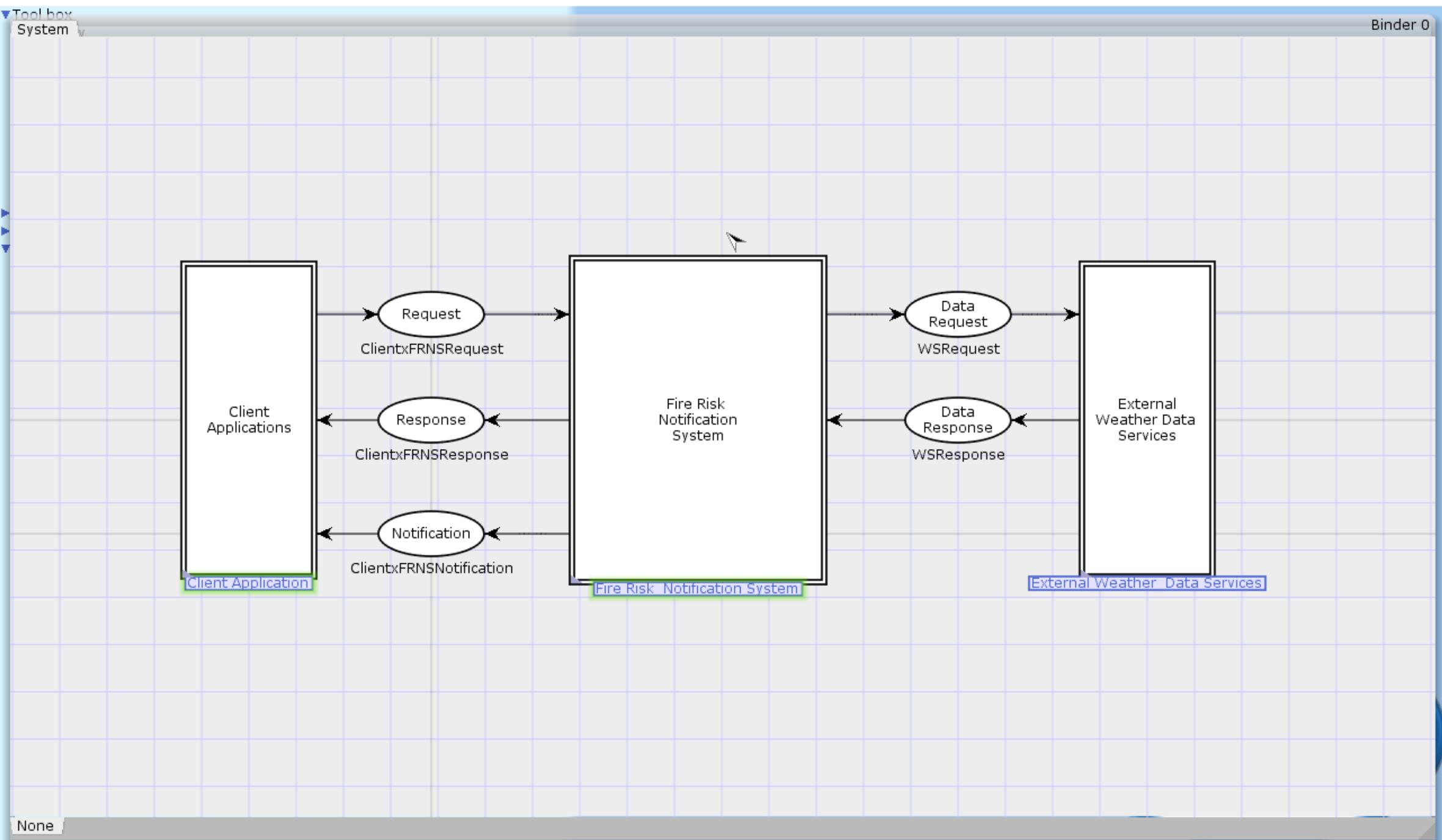
Binder 1

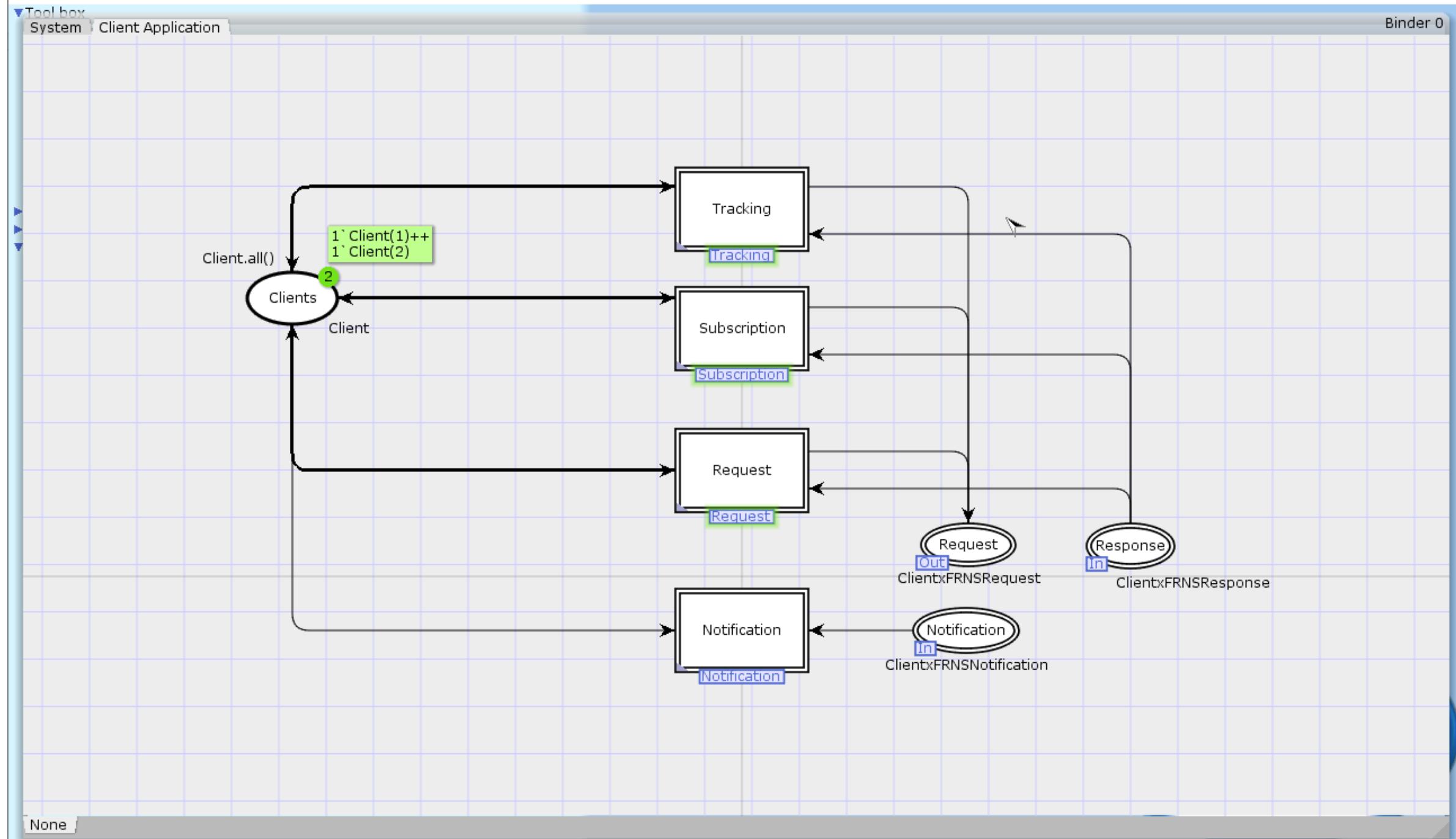


CPN model presentation

Example

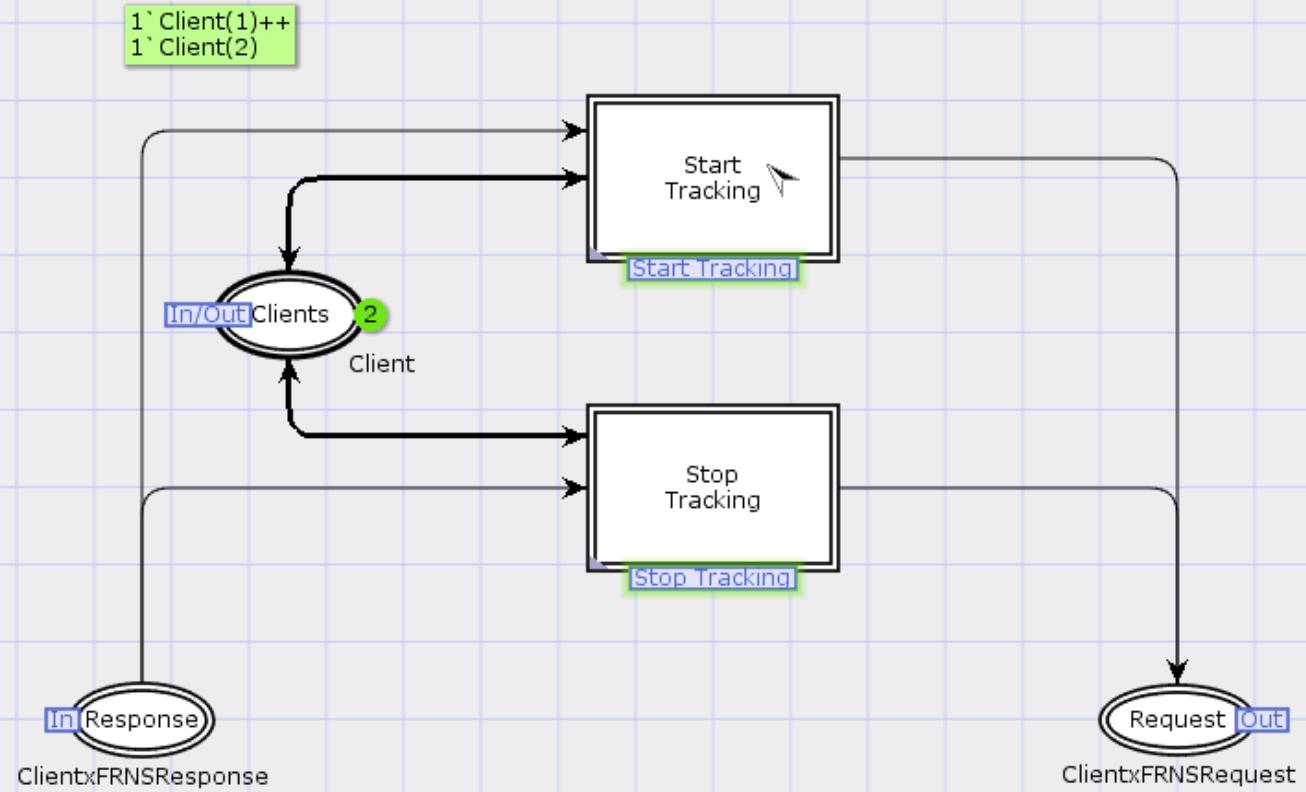






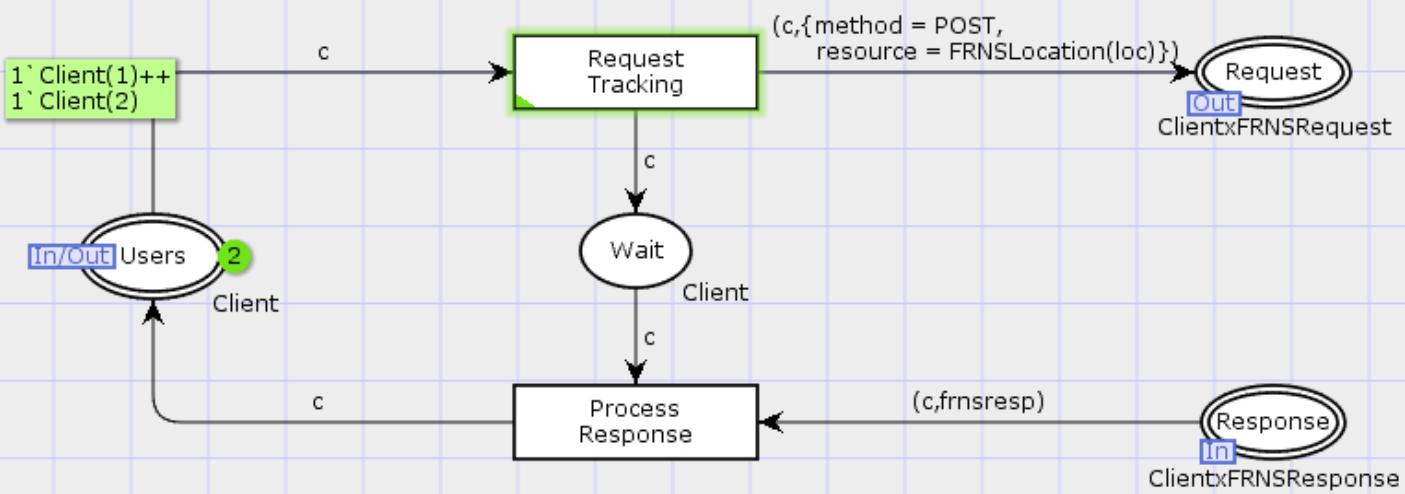
Tool box
System Client Application Tracking

Binder 0



Tool box
System Client Application Tracking Start Tracking

Binder 0



```

1 colset Method      = with GET | PUT      | POST      | DELETE;
2 colset StatusCode = with OK   | CREATED | ACCEPTED | NOTFOUND;
3 colset Component  = union BLCSTracking + BLCSUpdate + BLCSRequest;
4
5 val Cn = 2;
6 val Ln = 5;
7 colset Client      = index Client with 1..Cn;
8 colset Location     = index Loc      with 1..Ln;
9 colset Locations    = list   Location;
10 colset ClientxLocation = product Client * Location;
11
12 colset FireRisk    = with Risk | NA;
13 colset LocxFireRisk = product Location * FireRisk;
14 colset FireRisks   = list   LocxFireRisk;
15 colset FRCSResource = union   FRCSFirerisks + FRCSLocation : Location;
16 colset FRNSResource = union   FRNSLocation : Location      + FRNSFirerisk : Location +
17                               FRNSLocations : ClientxLocation + FRNSFirerisks : FireRisks;
18
19 colset FRNSRequest  = record method : Method * resource : FRNSResource;
20 colset ClientxFRNSRequest = product Client * FRNSRequest;
21
22 colset FRNSResponse = record response : StatusCode * body : FRNSResource;
23 colset ClientxFRNSResponse = product Client * FRNSResponse;

```

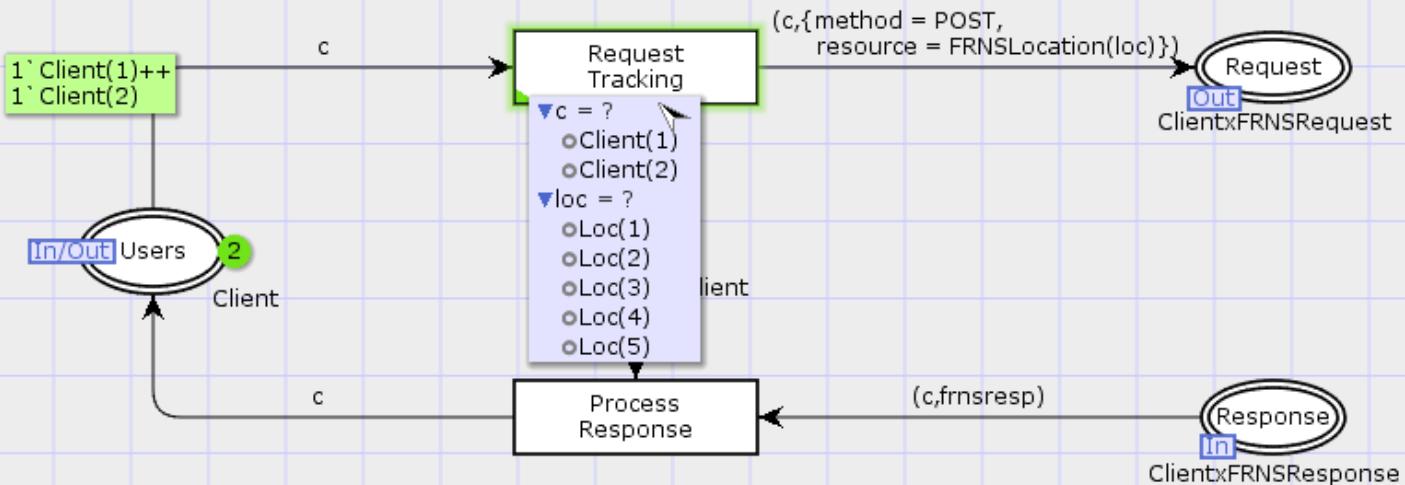
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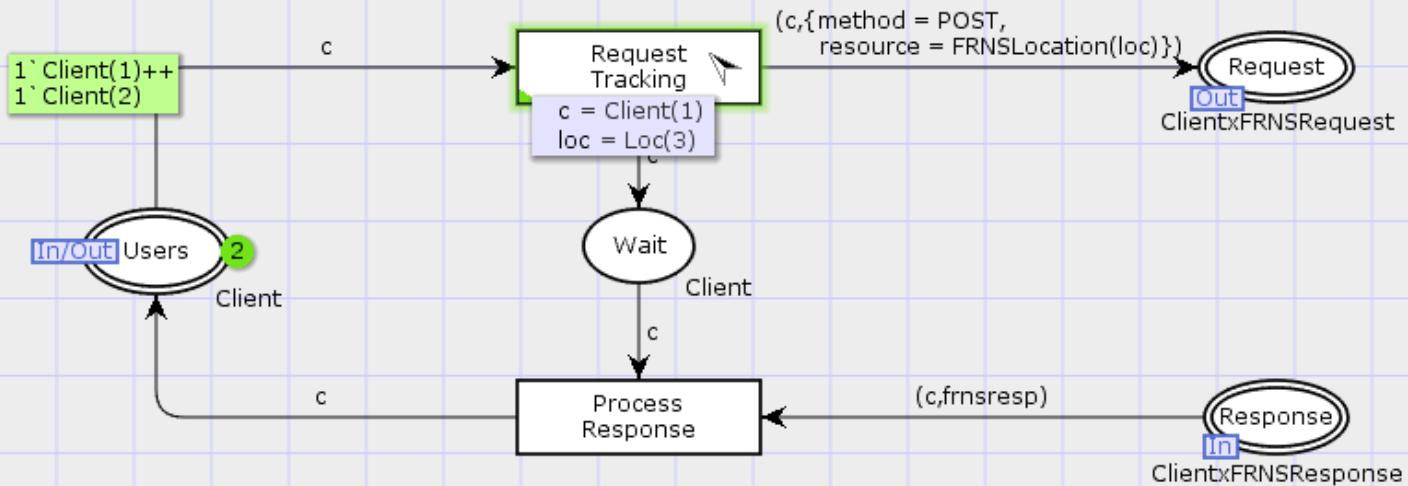
Tool box
System Client Application Tracking Start Tracking

Binder 0



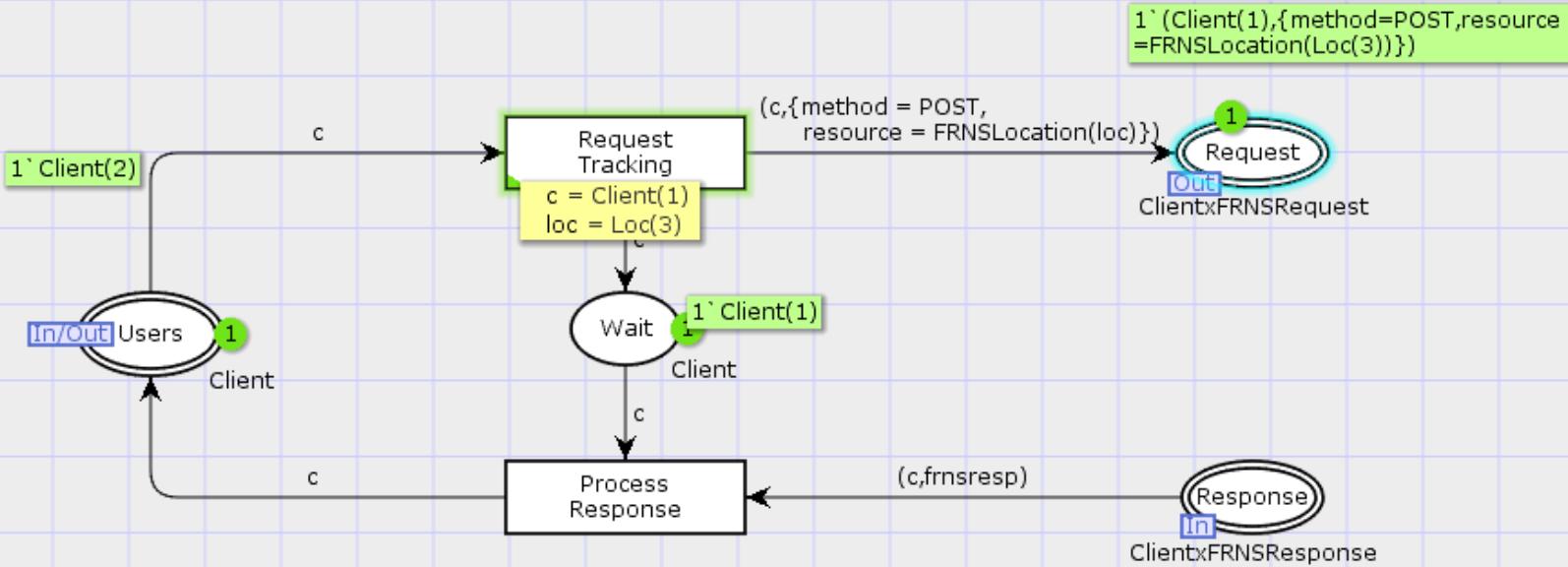
Tool box
System Client Application Tracking Start Tracking

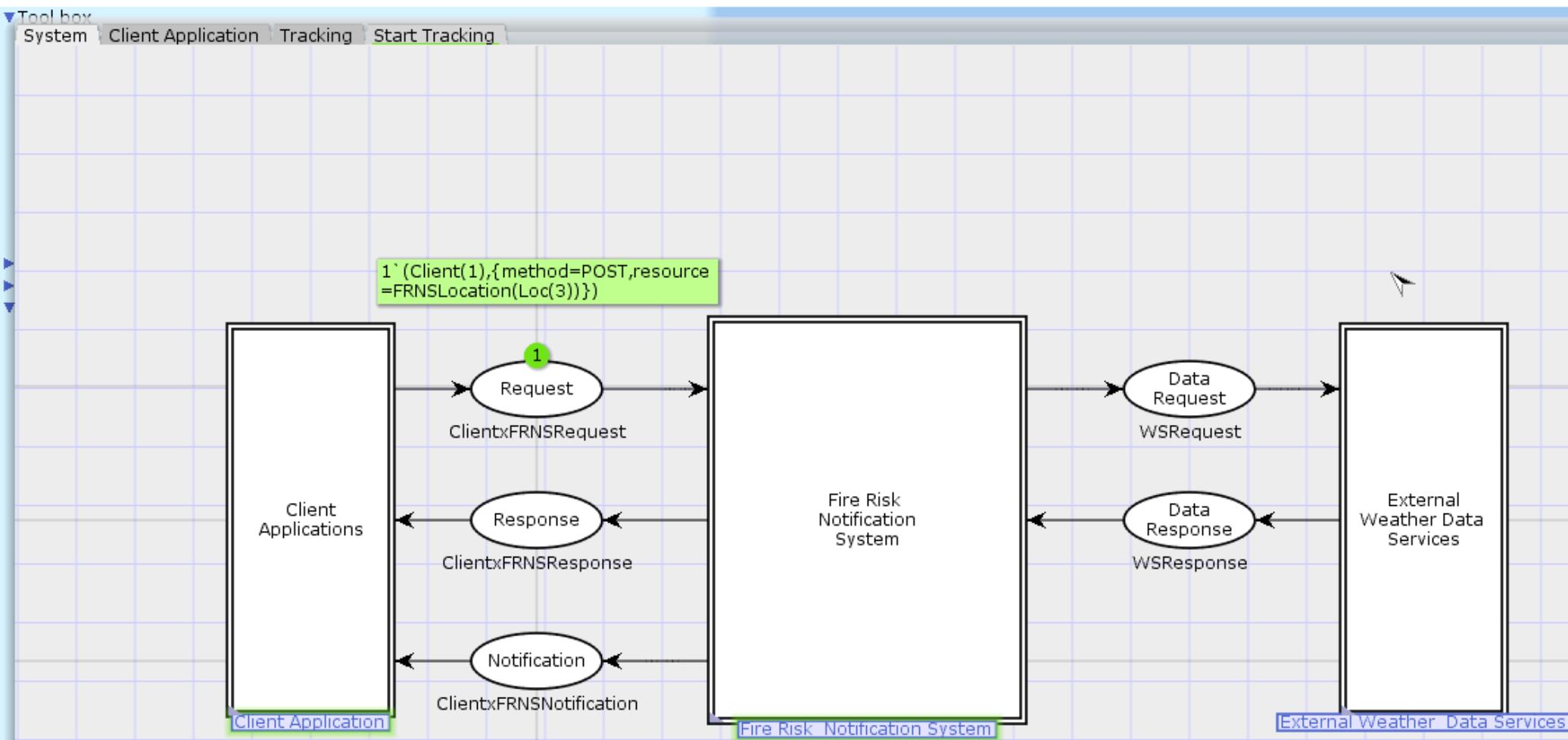
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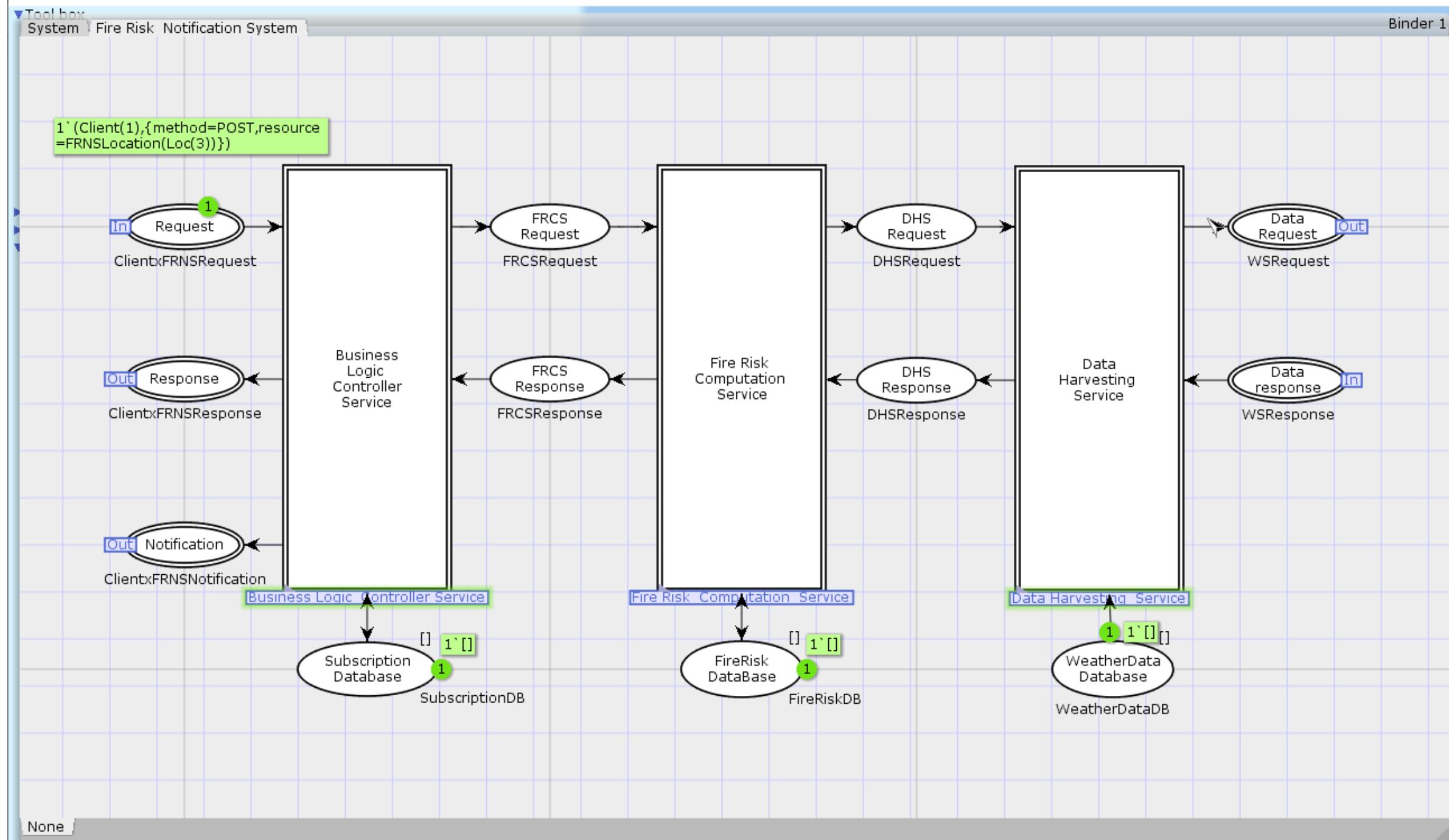


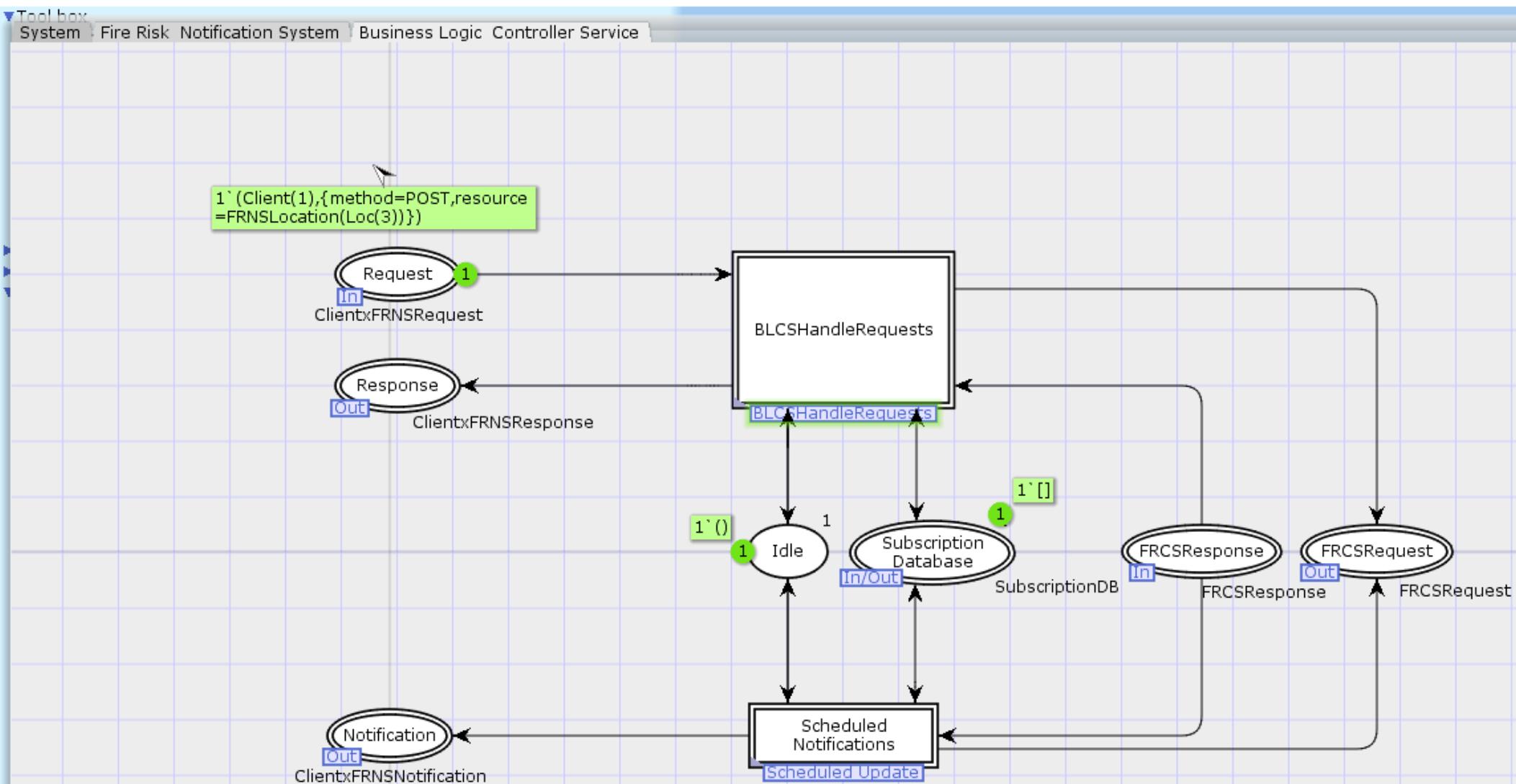
Tool box
System Client Application Tracking Start Tracking

Binder 0





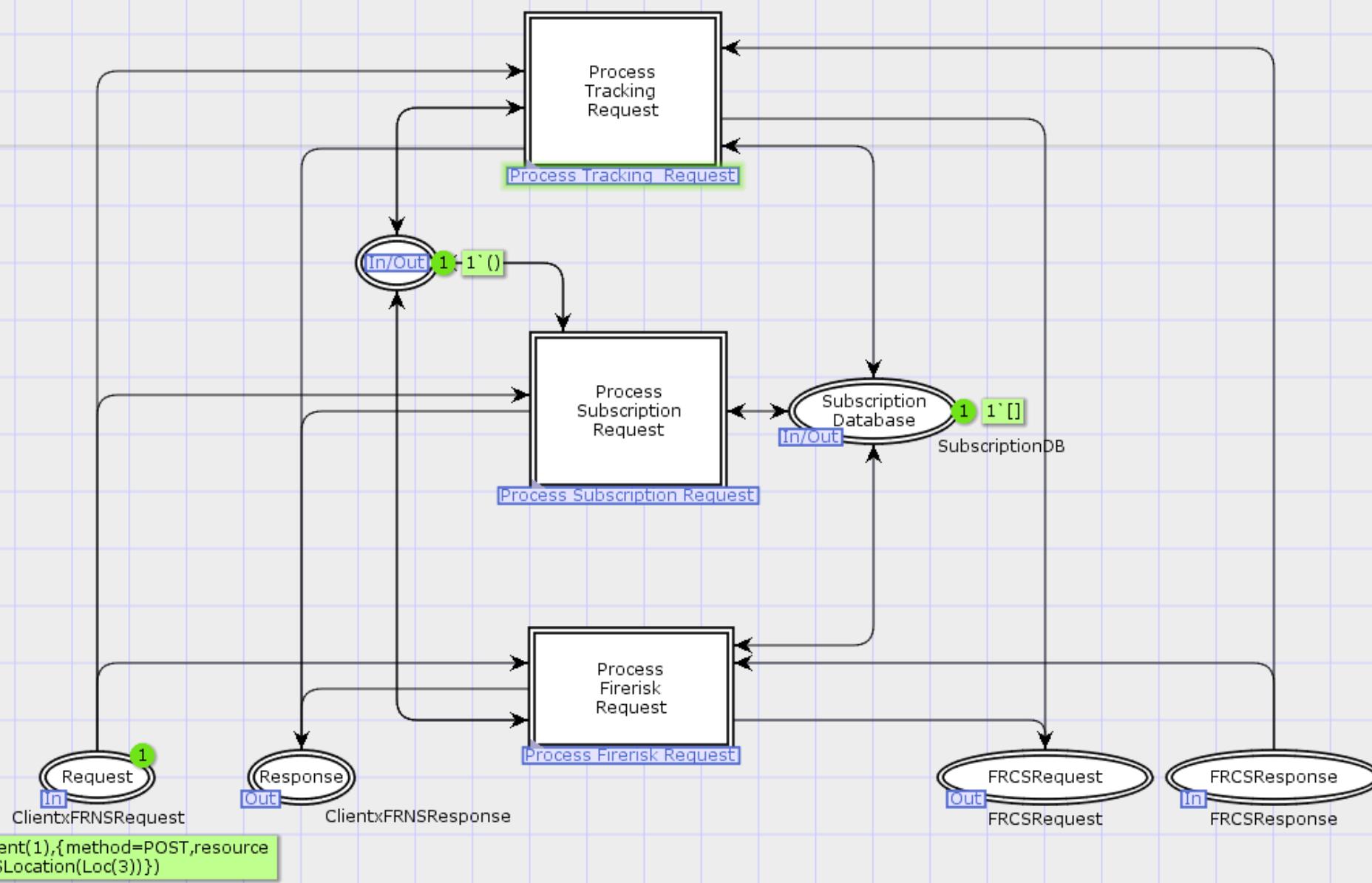


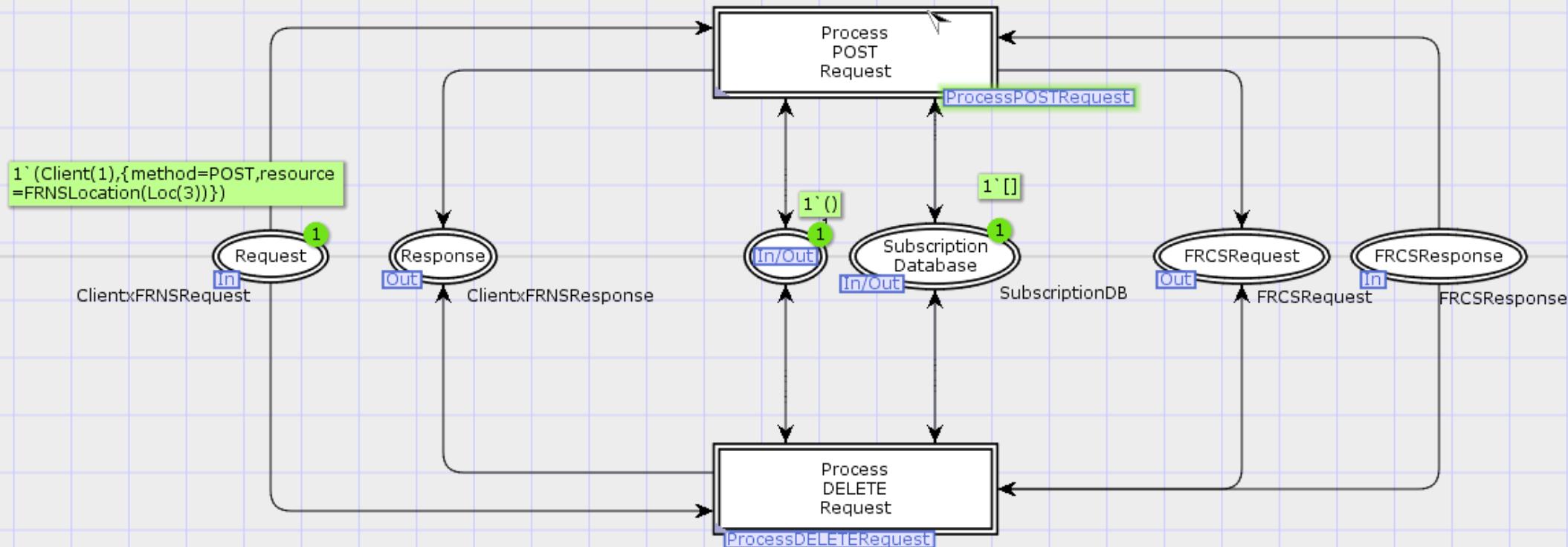


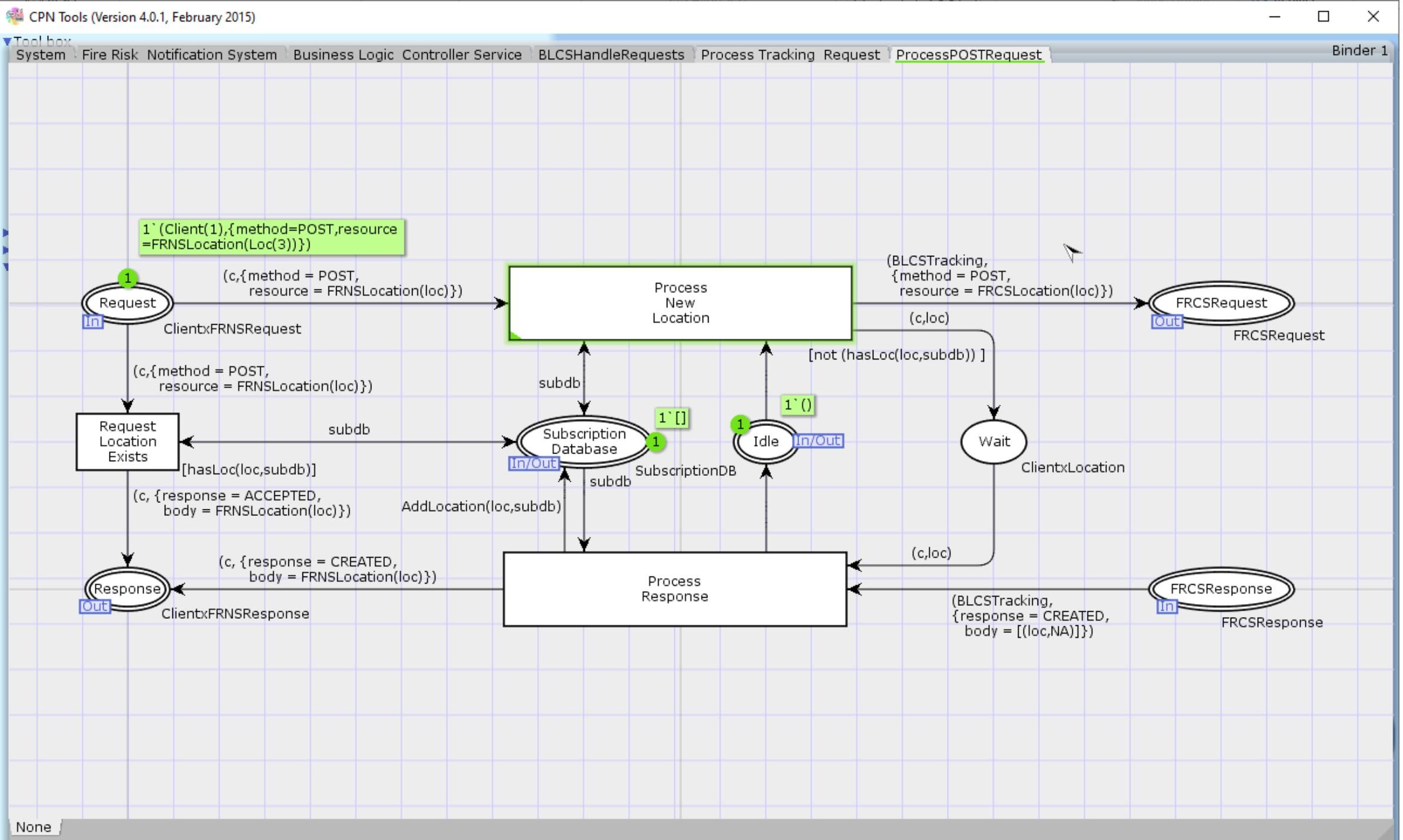
Tool box

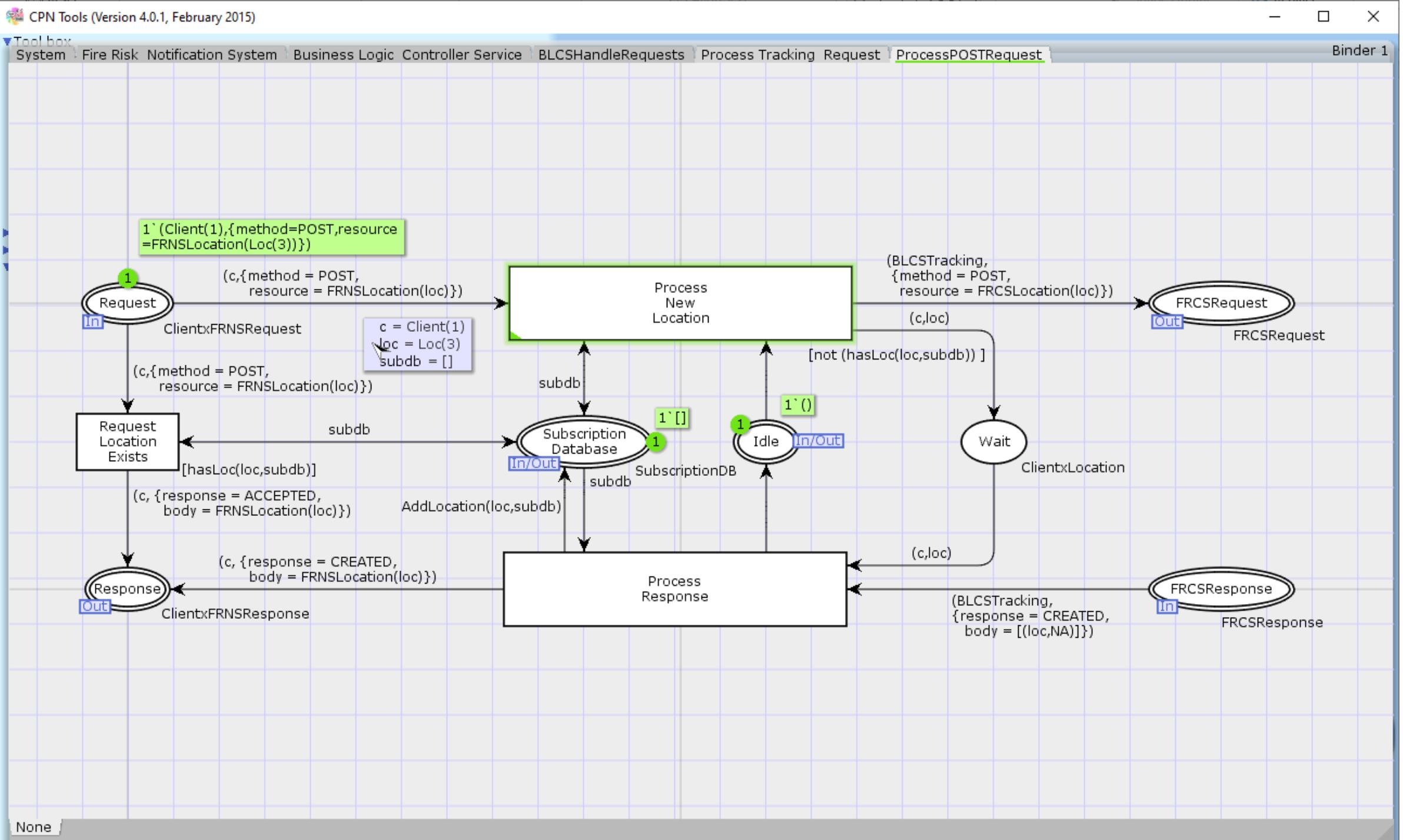
System Fire Risk Notification System Business Logic Controller Service BLCSHandleRequests

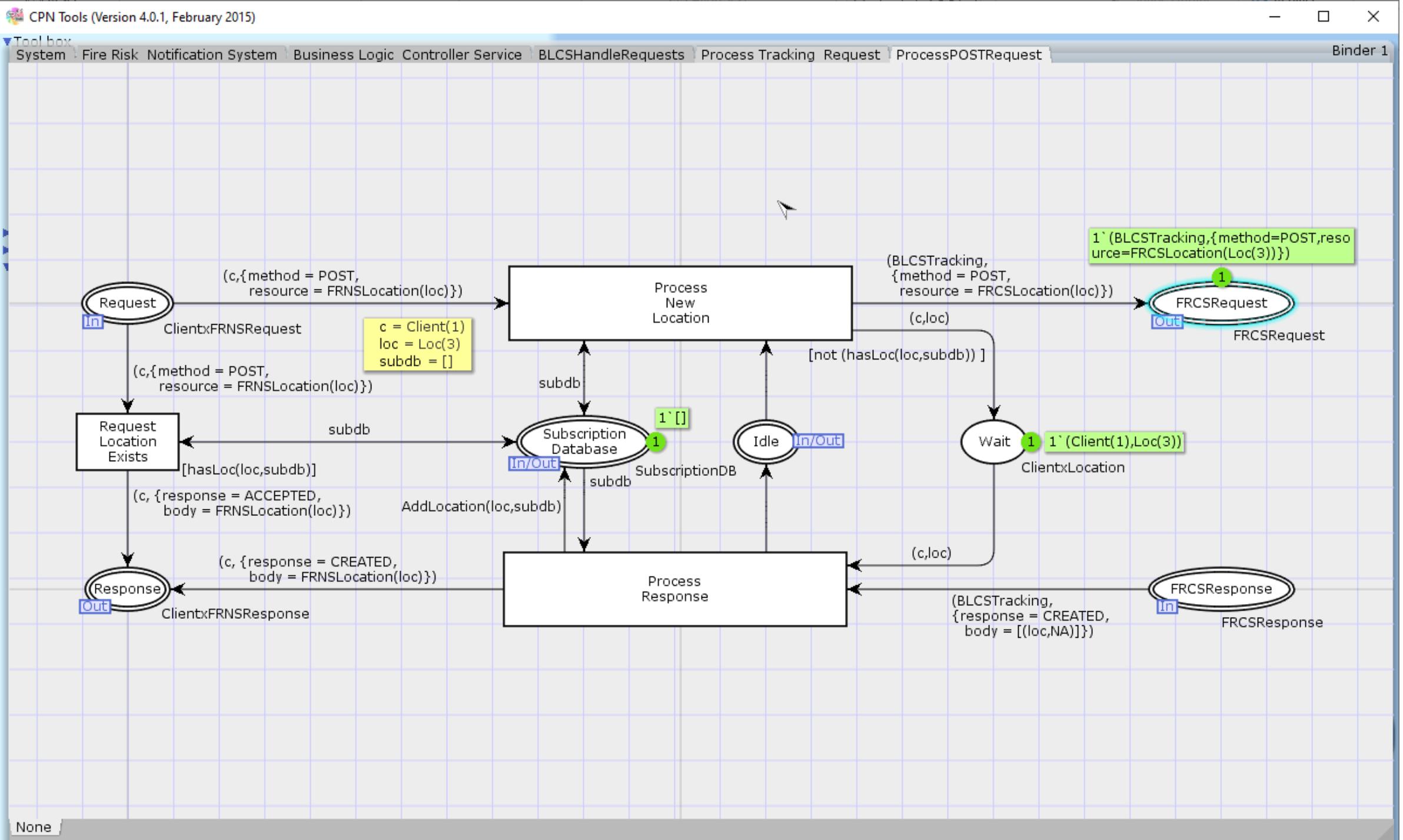
Binder 1





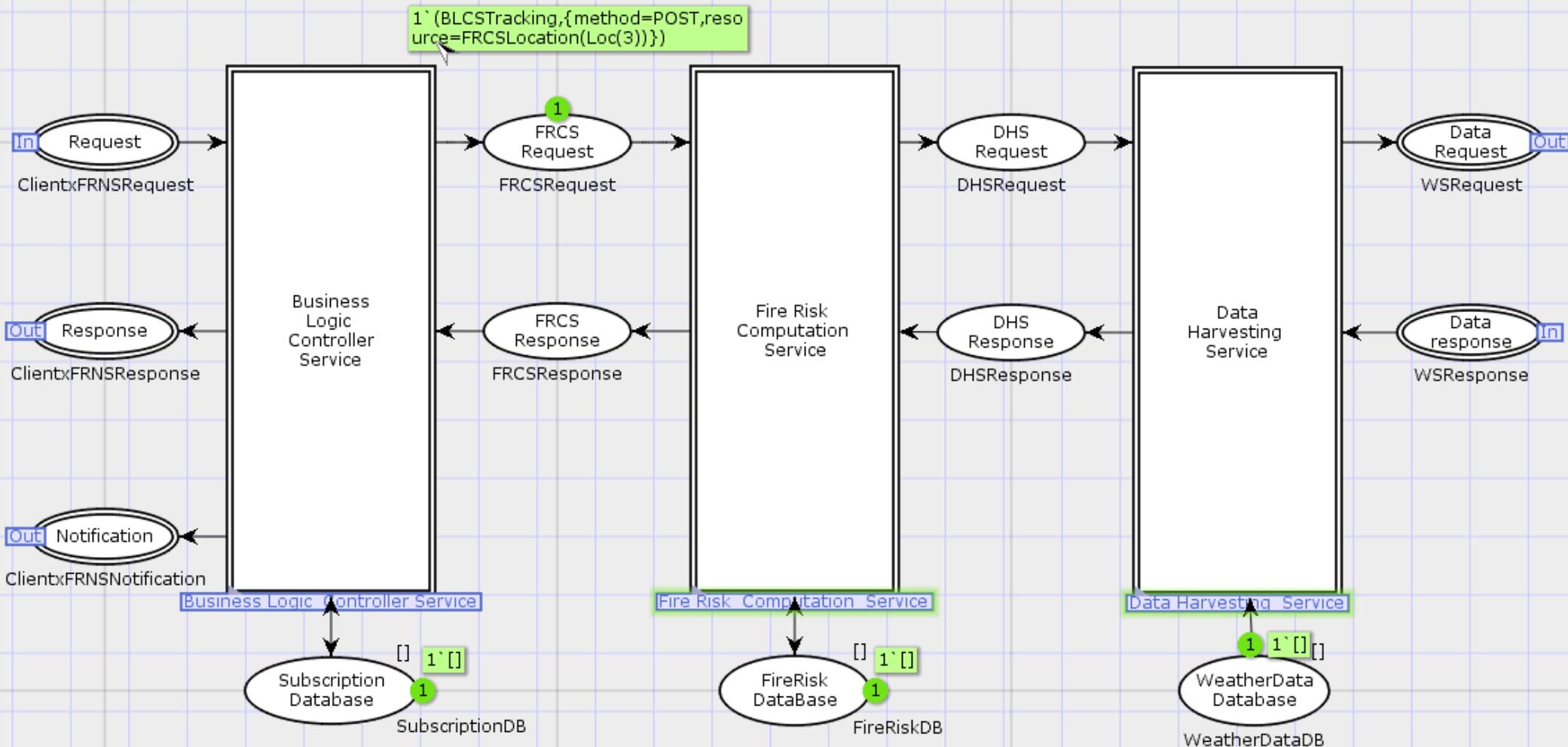






Tool box
System Fire Risk Notification System

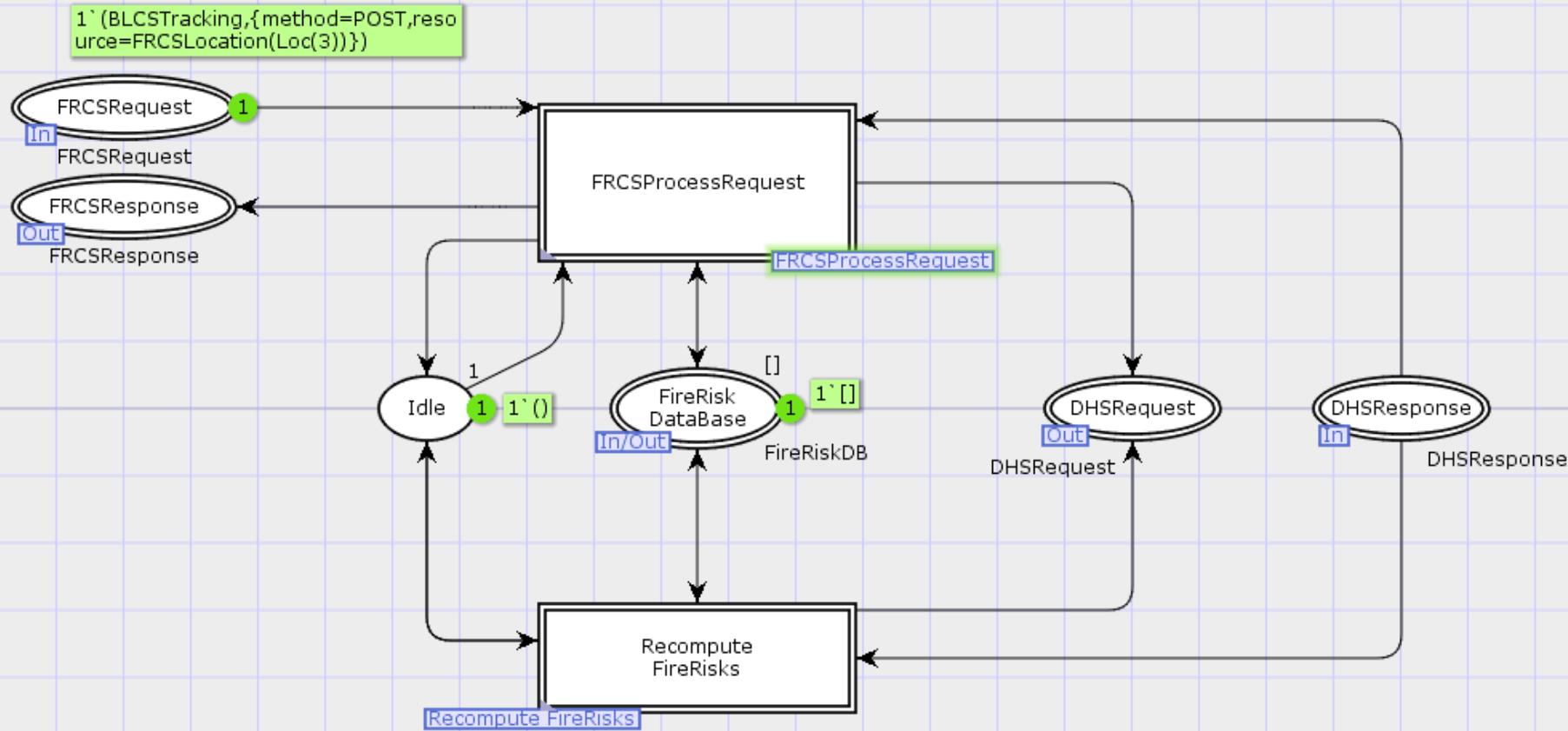
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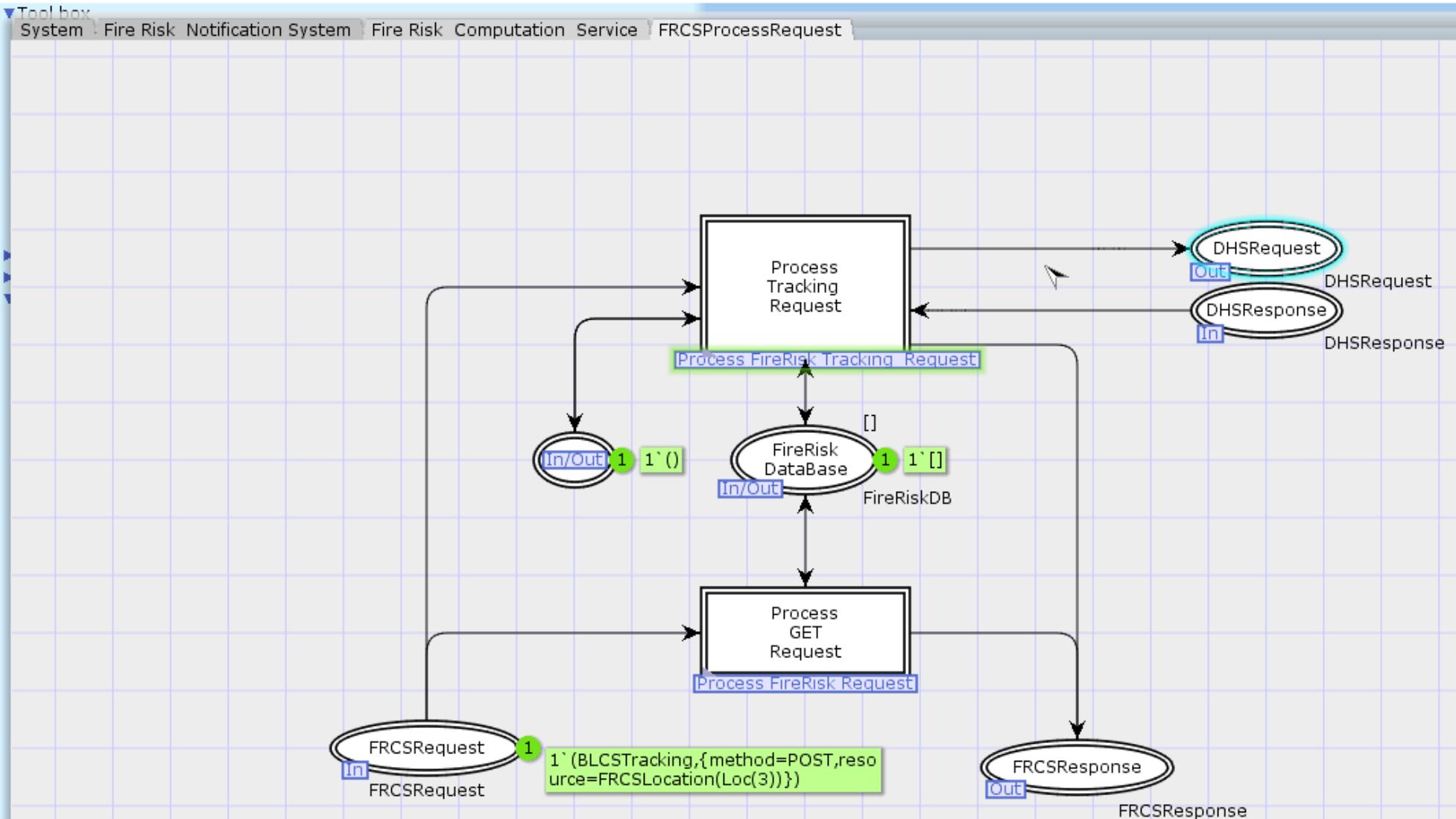


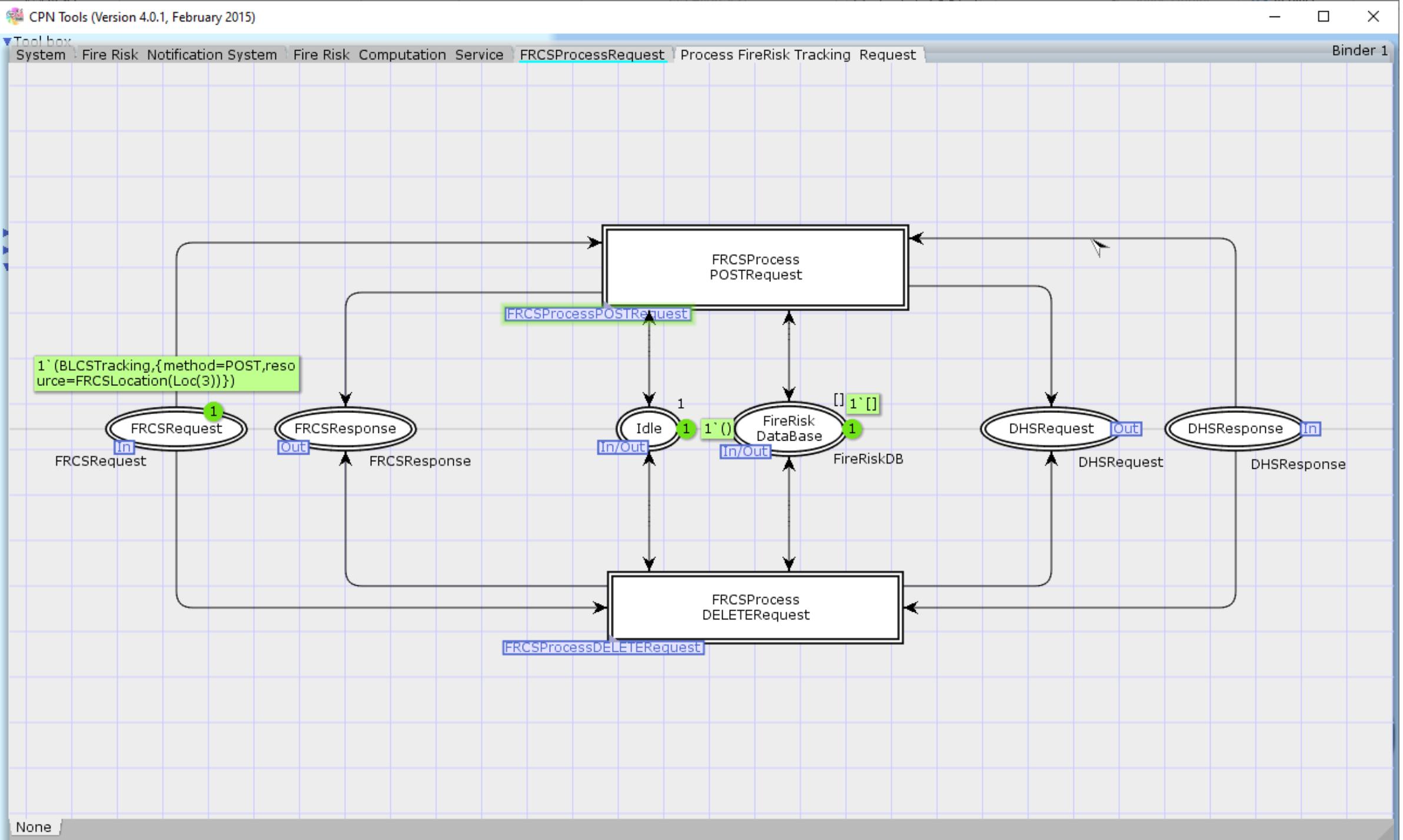
Tool box

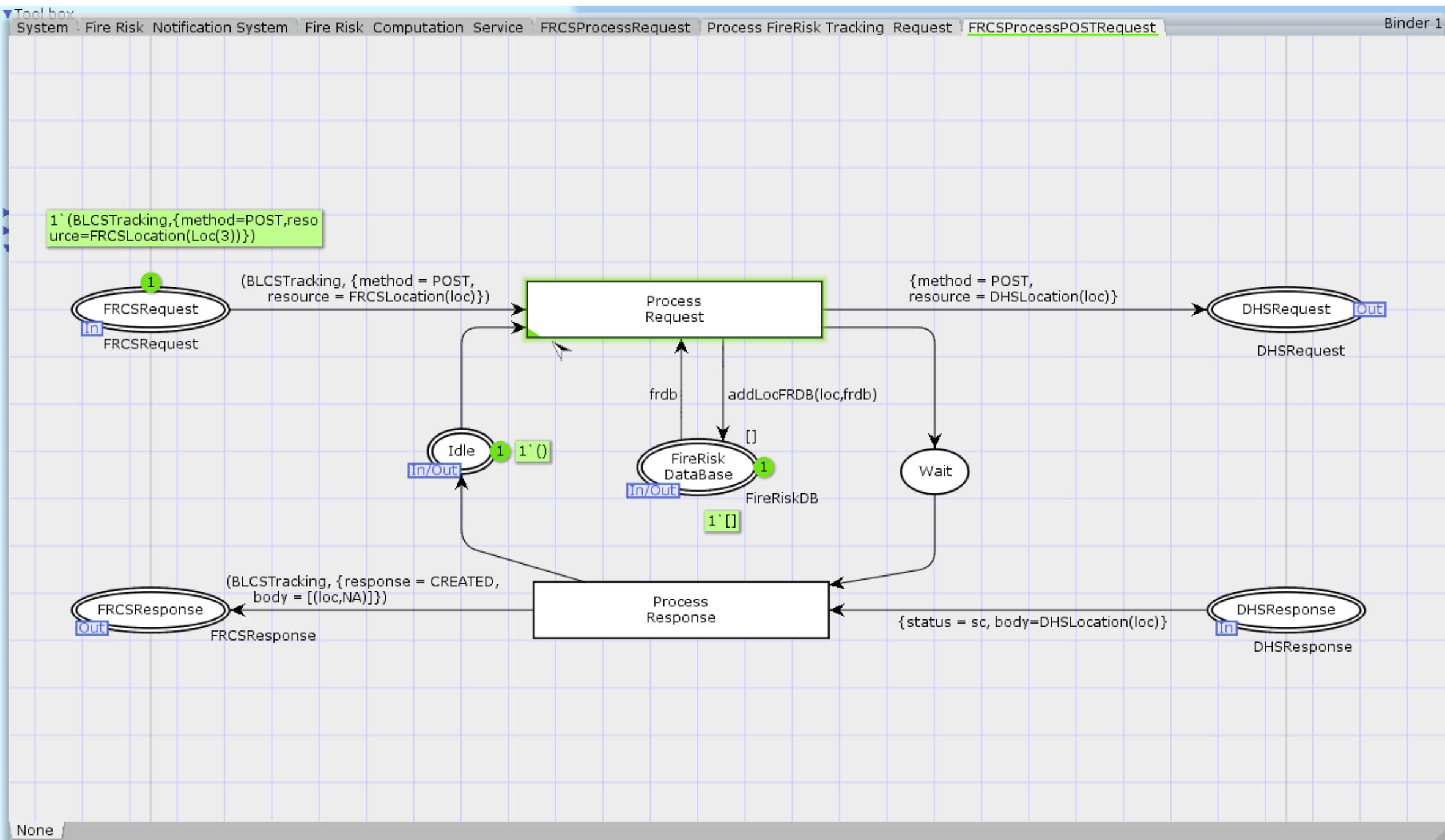
System : Fire Risk Notification System : Fire Risk Computation Service

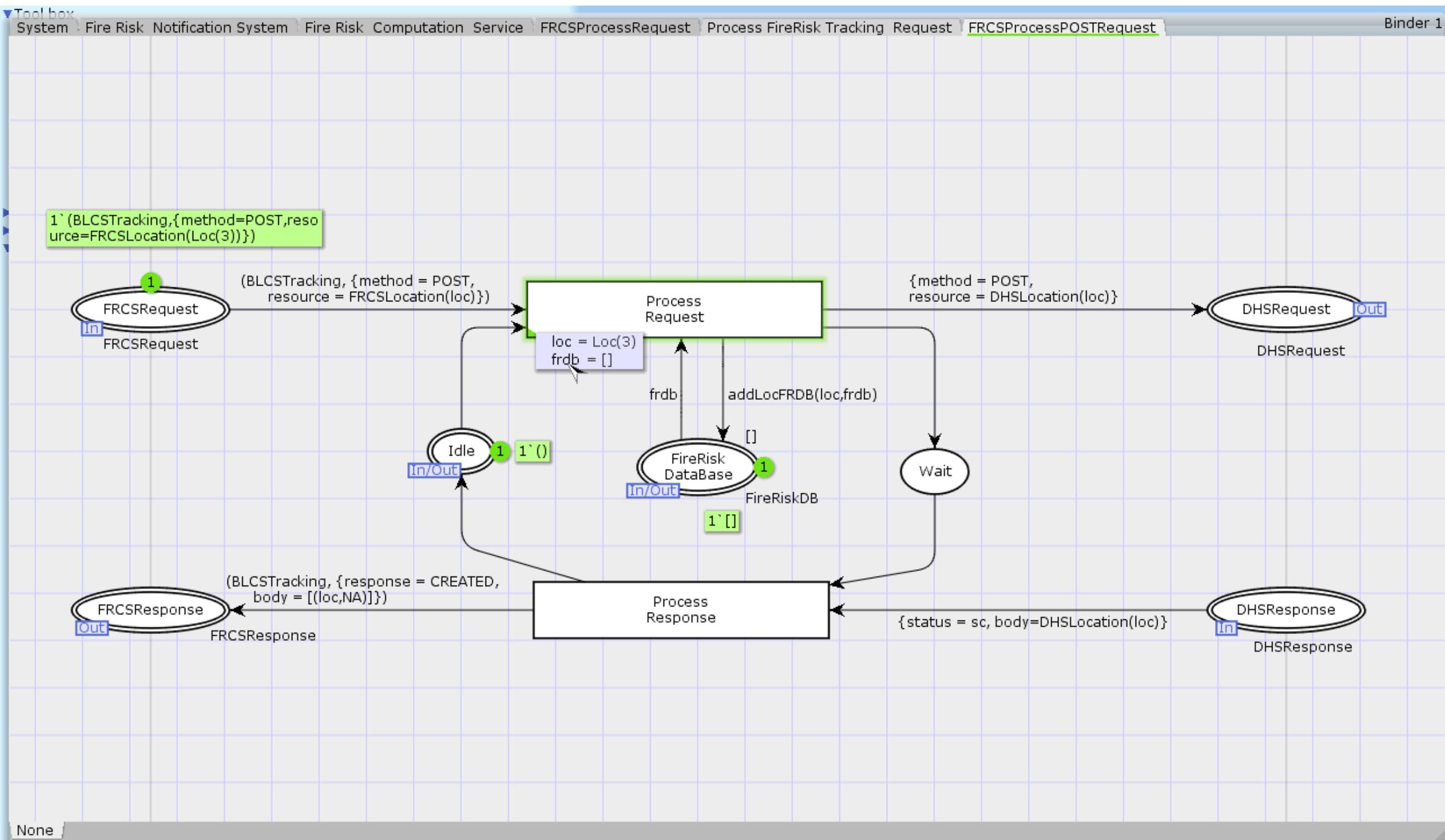
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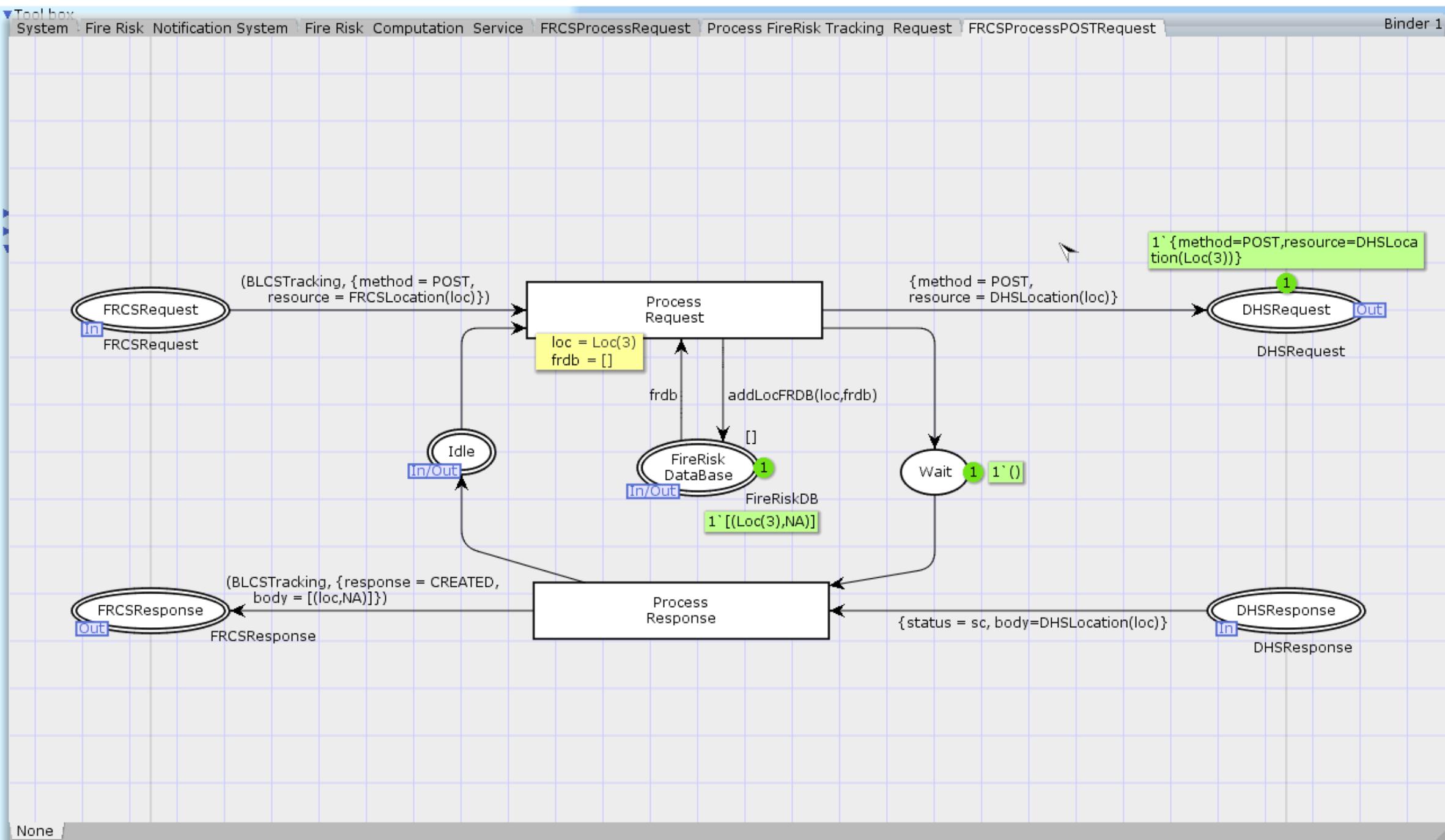


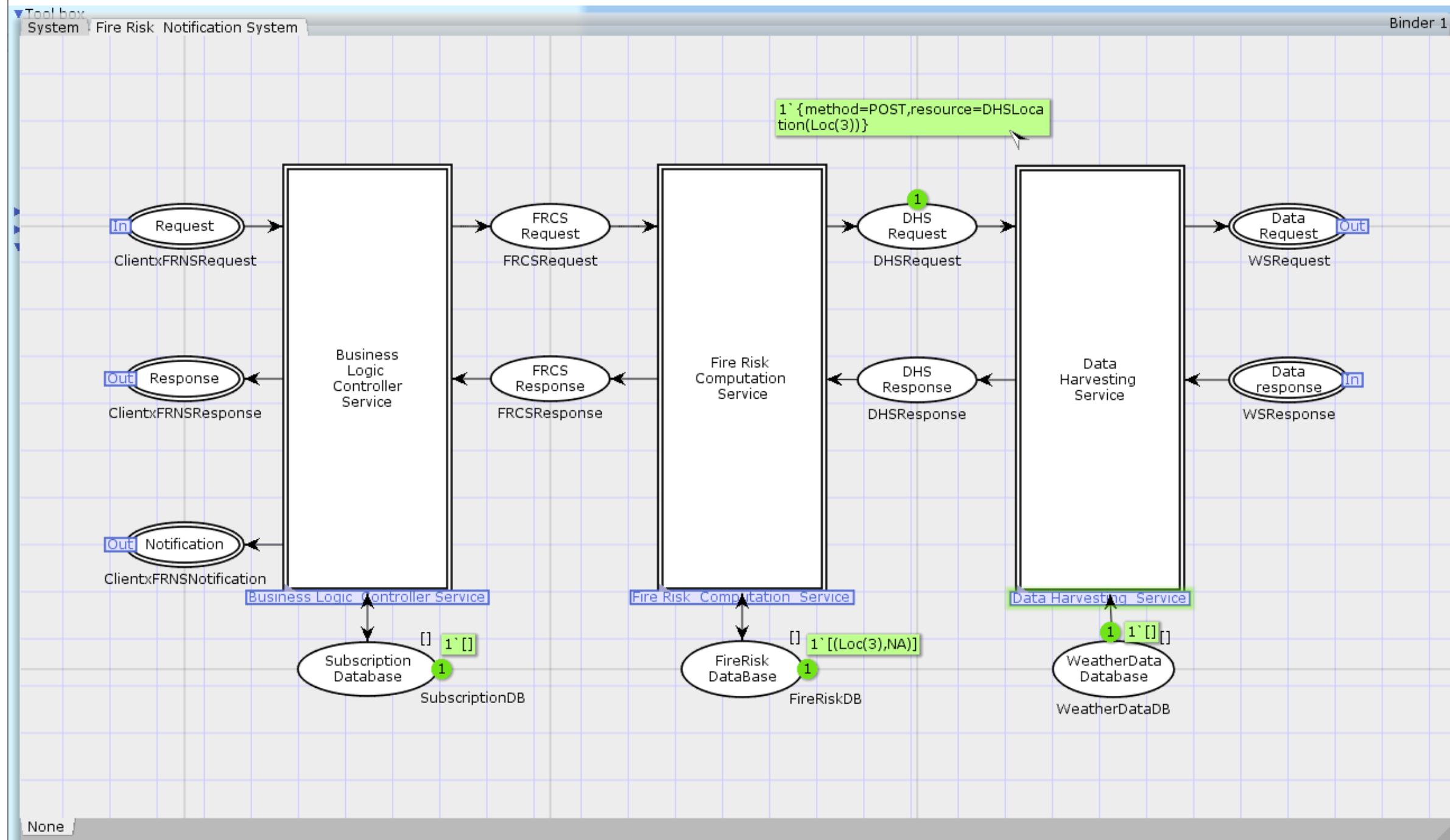


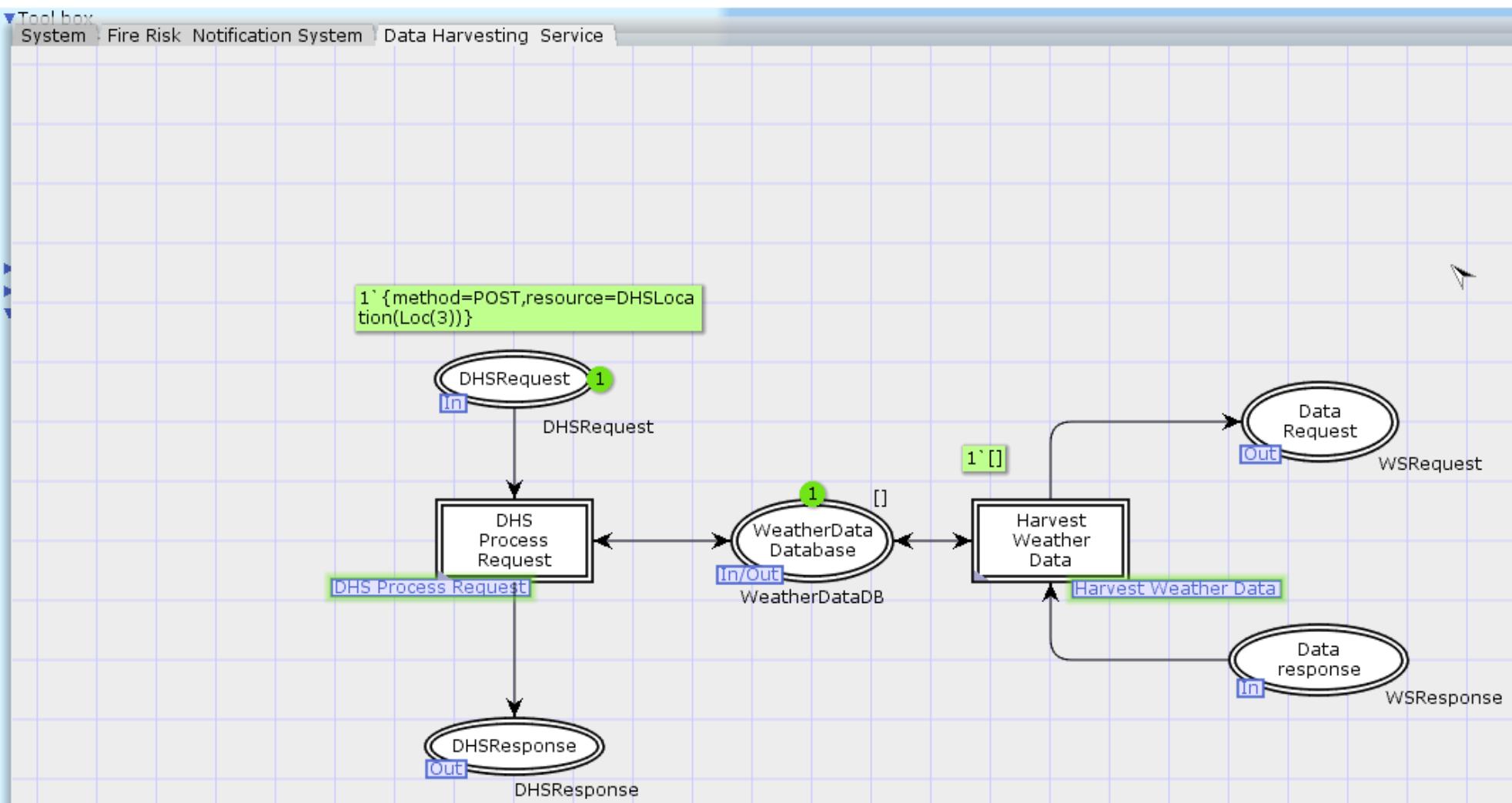


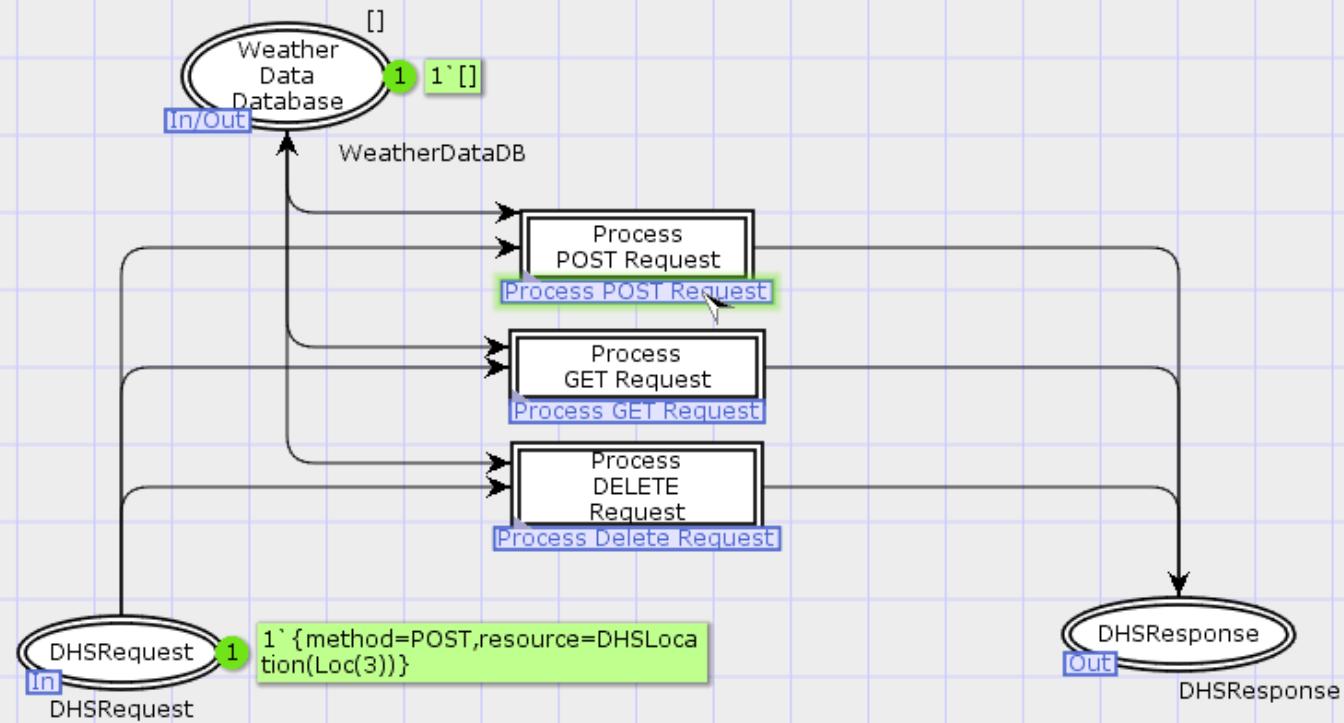


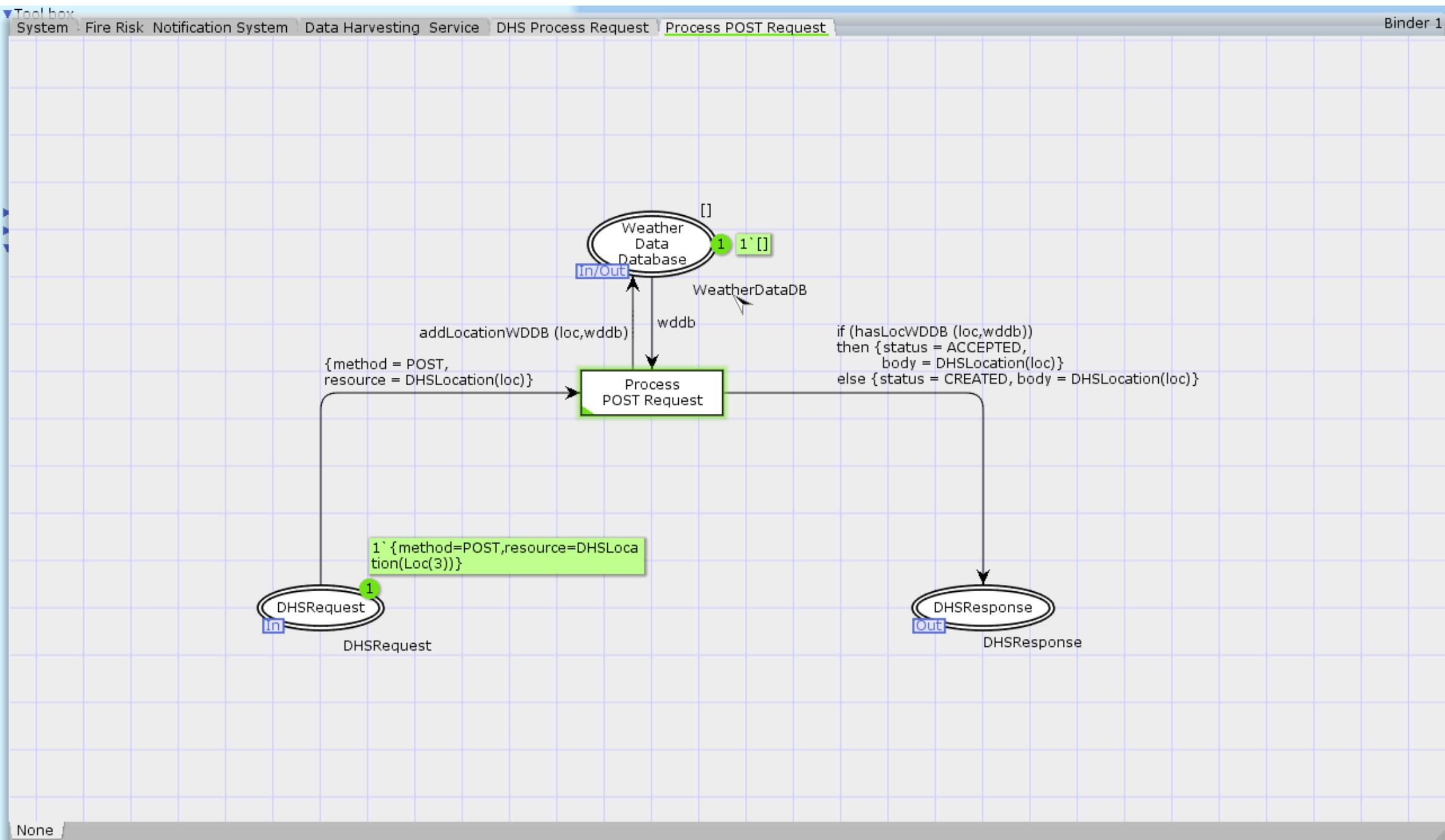








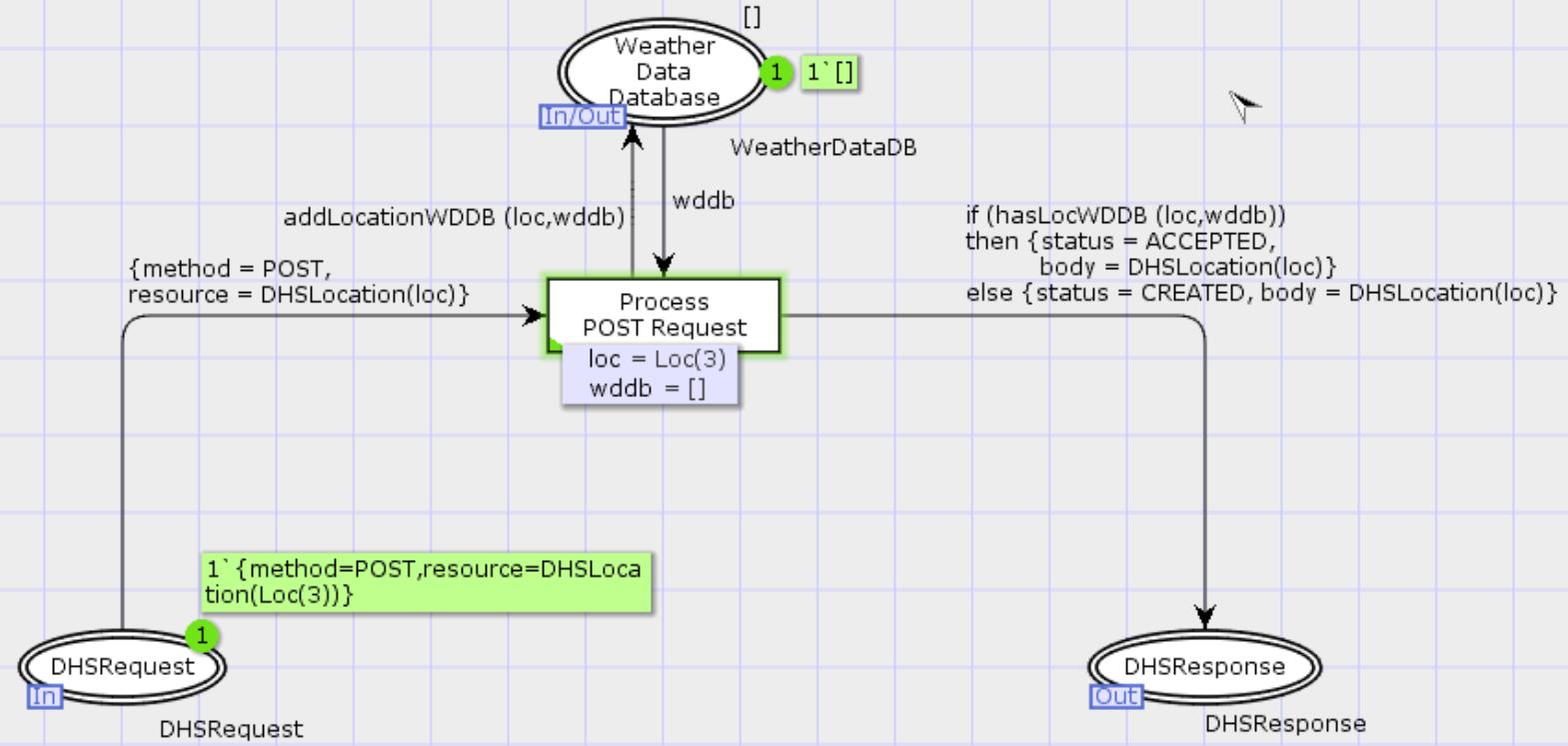




Tool box

System Fire Risk Notification System Data Harvesting Service DHS Process Request Process POST Request

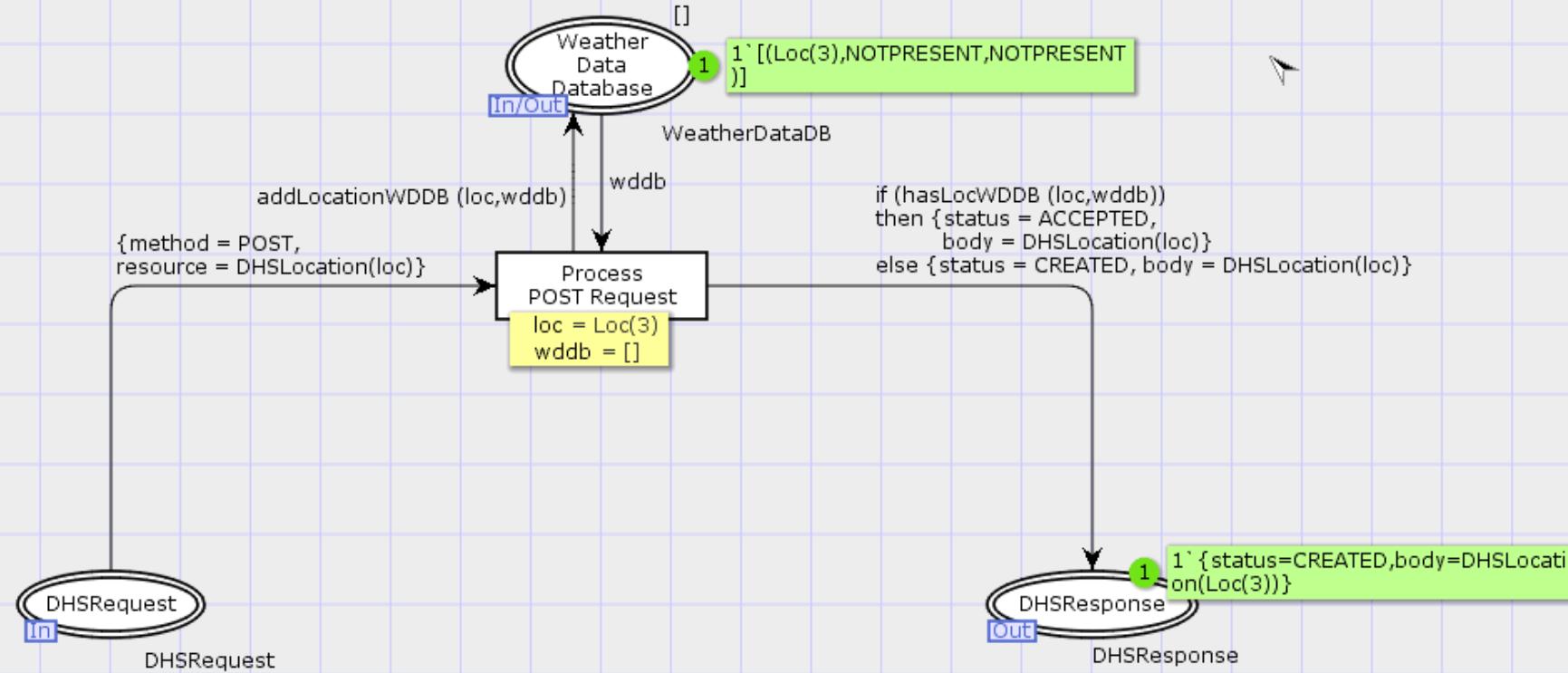
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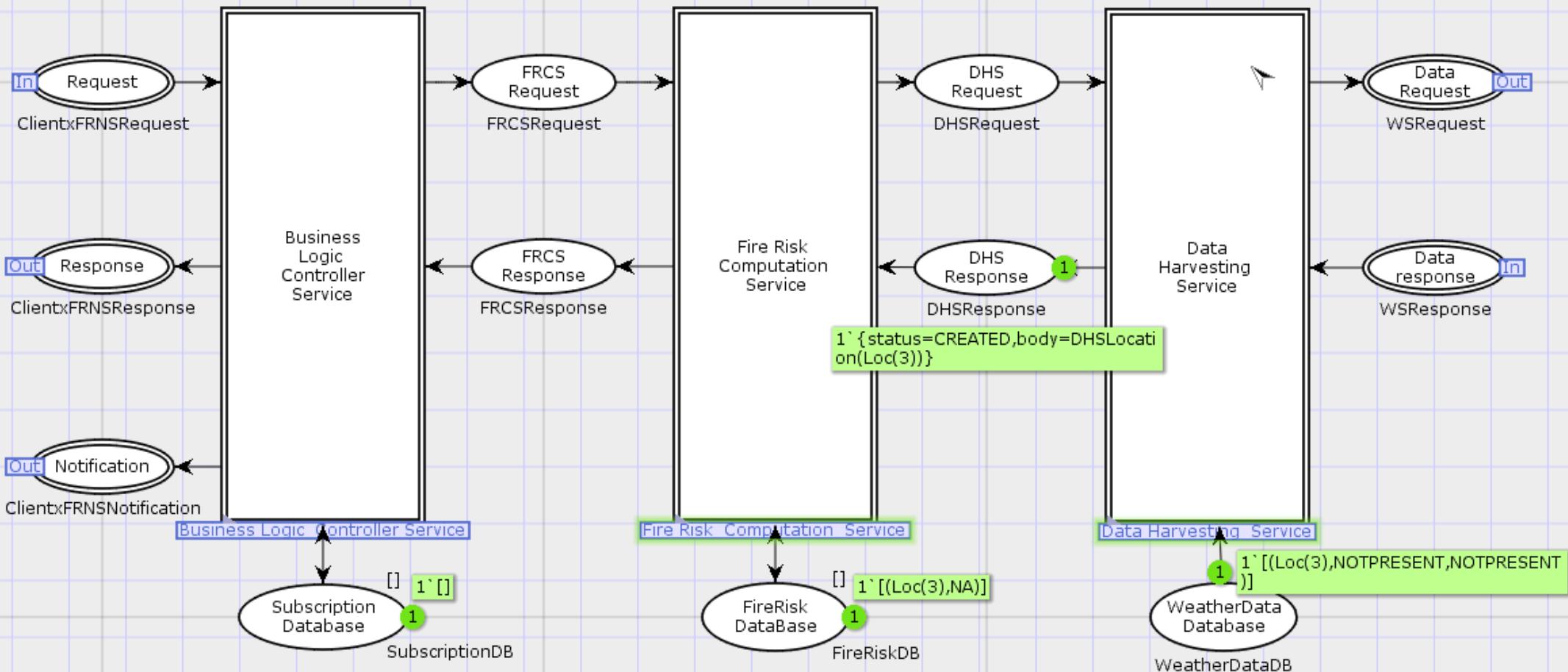


Tool box

System Fire Risk Notification System Data Harvesting Service DHS Process Request Process POST Request

Binder 1





Model Validation

Objective

- Confirm basic behaviour

Method

- Single-step execution combined with interactive and automatic simulation (during and post building the model)

Findings

- Smaller modelling errors, corrected continuously



Verification

Objective:

- Verify key behavioural properties

Method:

- State space exploration in conjunction with ASK-CTL library
 - Incremental verification approach, similar to [26]
 - Gradual verification of services
 - Verification of system-wide properties

[26] A. Rodríguez, L. M. Kristensen, A. Rutle, Formal modelling and incremental verification of the mqtt iot protocol, Trans. Petri Nets Other Model. Concurr. 14 (2019) 126–145.



Verification

Incremental process

1. Tracking
2. Subscriptions
3. Fire risk computations
4. Data harvesting
5. Inter-service properties (system wide)



Verification – Tracking properties (1)

T-P1 $\forall c \in C, l \in L : AGEF$ (c request tracking of l)

It is always possible for any client to initiate the tracking of any location.

Consider the binding of the *Request Tracking* transition in the *Client* module.

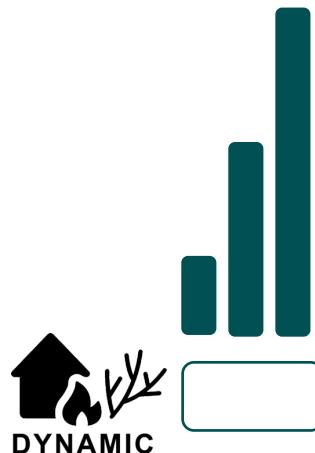
T-P2 $\forall c \in C, l \in L : AG ((c \text{ request tracking of } l) \Rightarrow EF (l \text{ is being tracked}))$

If client request tracking of location, a future state exist where the location is being tracked.

Consider the databases of the three micro-services.

T-P3...

T-P4...



Other verification properties

2. Subscriptions

S-P1 – S-P6

3. Fire risk computations

F-P1 – F-P3

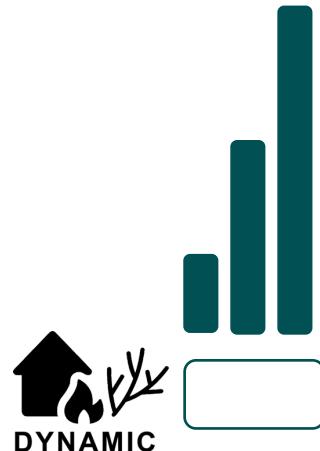
4. Data harvesting

W-P1 – W-P2

5. Inter-service (system wide)

A-P1 and A-P2

Properties relate to the purpose of the functions/services



DYNAMIC

Verification – Inter-service properties (5)

Properties which rely on collaboration between all services

A-P1 AG (no pending client requests \Rightarrow consistent databases)

If no request, then databases are consistent.

Consider marking of the three places (databases)

A-P2 $\forall c \in C, l \in L : AG(c \text{ is subscribed to } l) \Rightarrow EF(c \text{ receives fire risk notification for } l)$

If a client is subscribe to a location, it is possible to receive a notification

Consider subscription database and occurrence of *Receive notification* transition



Results

State-space and verification statistics for configurations considered in the verification

Configuration	States	Arcs	G-Time	V-Time
C1-L1	3,435	11,901	< 1 s	< 1 s
C1-L2	215,181	739,797	2,093 s	555 s
C2-L1	274,581	1,238,395	9,100 s	1,404 s
C2-L2-*	14,556	62,535	27.7 s	26.6 s
C2-L3-* Request	5,151	21,138	4 s	10.5 s
C2-L3-* Notify	216	687	< 1 s	< 1 s
C3-L2-* Request	18,654	91,596	49.5 s	67.0 s
C3-L2-* Notify	372	1,311	< 1 s	< 1 s
C3-L3-* Request	54,894	276,378	480.9 s	339.8 s
C3-L3-* Notify	372	1,311	< 1 s	< 1 s



Conclusion

- Formal specification of the micro-service based architecture for the fire risk notification system
- General approach to modelling REST APIs using CPNs
- The CPN model within this paper will serve as basis for the final system implementation

Limitations and Future work

- Limited number of system configurations
- Investigate use of fairness assumptions
- Investigate CPN model test case generation



