An Introduction to NS2

Outline

- Overview
- Installation
- An Example
- Incorporate C++ Modules into NS2
- Summary

Overview: Network Simulation

- 3 Simulation Main Steps
- 1. Design and Implementation
 - Things to simulate
 - Assumptions
 - Performance measure
 - · Code Implementation

2. Simulation

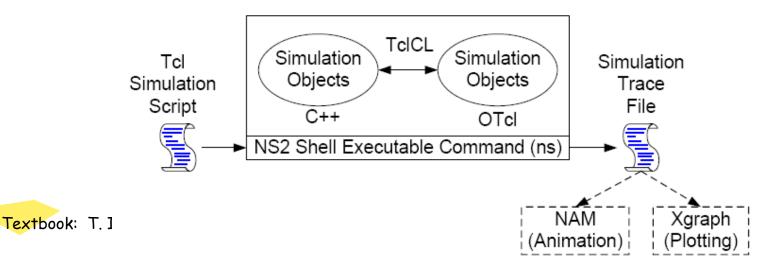
- Network Configuration Phase
- Simulation Phase

3. Result Compilation

- Debugging and Tracing
- Compute performance measures

Overview: NS2 Architecture

- NS2 = Network Simulator 2
- Consists of
 - C++: Internal mechanism
 - OTcl: User interface
 - TclCL: Connecting C++ to OTcl



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Overview: NS2 Invocation

Syntax

```
>> ns [<filename>] [<args>]
```

- No argument: Enter NS2 environment
- <filename> = Tcl simulation script; Use OTcl
 programming lauguage
- In the Tcl file, <args> is stores in the internal variable (\$argv).

Example

```
>> ns myfirst_ns.tcl 1 2 3
```

- To retrieve the second input argument (2), execute

```
(lindex $argv 1)
```

The index of the element to retrieve, starting from 0

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Installation: NS2

- 1. Go to NS2 web page:
 - NS2 Webpage: http://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/
 - **Download Link**: http://www.isi.edu/nsnam/ns/ns-build.html#allinone1.
- 2. Get all-in-one package
 - NS2, Tcl/Tk, OTcl, TclCL
 - NAM, Zlib, Xgraph
- 3. Unzip all the files
- 4. Use the installation package "./install"
- Follow the instruction
- NS2 is designed for Unix
- · For windows, install Cygwin

Note: We will focus text mode only → Not Animation!!

Installation: Cygwin

- Cygwin = Linux emulation for windows
- 1. Go to Cygwin Webpage: http://www.cygwin.com/
- 2. Get the package
- 3. Install the basic package
- 4. Install the following additional packages:

Category	Packages
Development	gcc, gcc-objc, gcc-g++, make
Utils	patch
X11	xorg-x11-base, xorg-x11-devel

Note: You may ignore warning about X11 packages

Installation: Environment

- Add NS2 path and the variable path
- In file <home>/.bashrc, add the following lines

```
PATH=${PATH}:~/ns-new-2.33/ns-2.33
export PATH

LD_LIBRARY_PATH=~/ns-new-2.33/otcl-1.13:~/ns-new-2.33/lib
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH

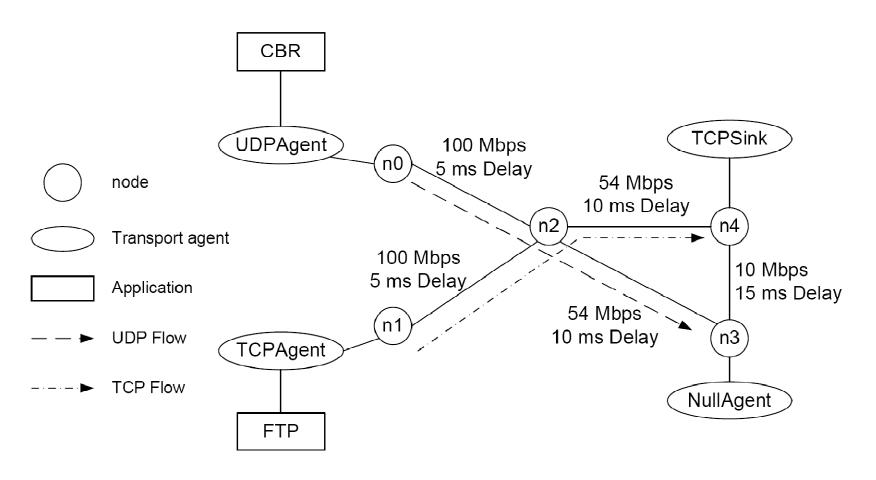
TCL_LIBRARY=~/ns-new-2.33/tcl8.4.18
export TCL_LIBRARY
```

For convenience,

```
cd /usr/local/bin
ln -s ~/ns-new-2.33/ns-2.33/ns
```

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Tcl Simulation Script

- Filename "myfirst_ns.tcl"
- Create a simulator

```
# Create a Simulator
1 set ns [new Simulator]
```

· Create trace objects

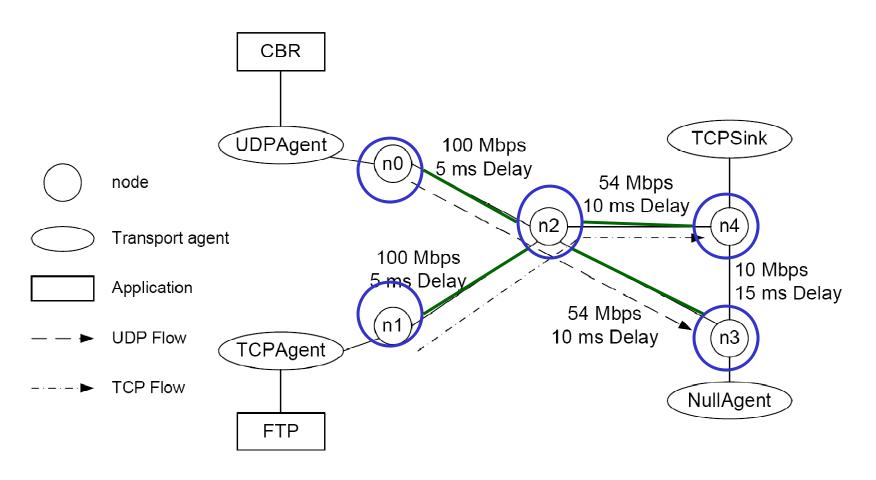
```
# Create a trace file
2 set mytrace [open out.tr w]
3 $ns trace-all $mytrace
# Create a NAM trace file
4 set myNAM [open out.nam w]
5 $ns namtrace-all $myNAM
Textbook: T. Issariyakul and E. Hossain, Introduction to Network Simulator NS2, Springer 2008.
```

· Define a "finish" proceduer

```
# Define a procedure finish
  proc finish { } {
        global ns mytrace myNAM
        $ns flush-trace
        close $mytrace
10
        close $myNAM
        exec nam out.nam &
11
12
        exit 0
13 }
```

Create nodes

```
# Create Nodes
14 set n0 [$ns node]
15 set n1 [$ns node]
16 set n2 [$ns node]
17 set n3 [$ns node]
18 set n4 [$ns node]
```



· Connect node with "duplex" links

```
# Connect Nodes with Links

19 $ns duplex-link $n0 $n2 100Mb 5ms DropTail

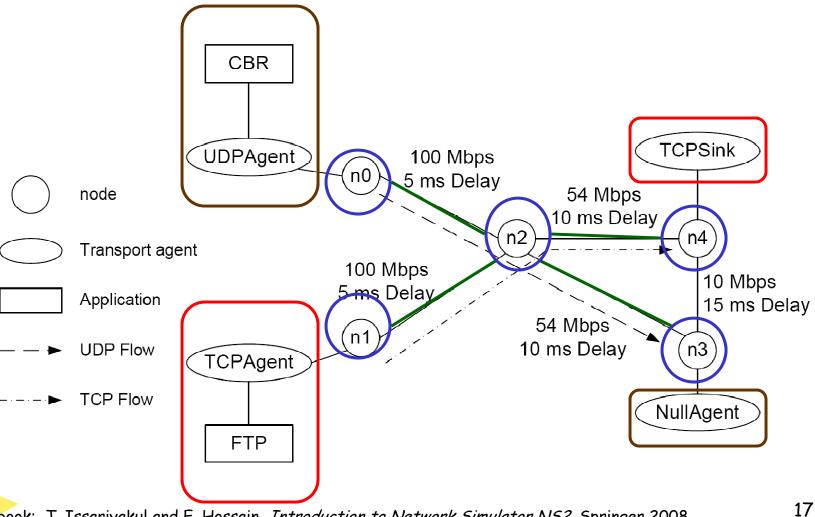
20 $ns duplex-link $n1 $n2 100Mb 5ms DropTail

21 $ns duplex-link $n2 $n4 54Mb 10ms DropTail

22 $ns duplex-link $n2 $n3 54Mb 10ms DropTail

23 $ns simplex-link $n3 $n4 10Mb 15ms DropTail

24 $ns queue-limit $n2 $n3 40
```



- Create a flow from n0 to n3
 - Create a UDP flow

```
25 set udp [new Agent/UDP]
```

26 \$ns attach-agent \$n0 \$udp

27 set null [new Agent/Null]

28 \$ns attach-agent \$n3 \$null

29 \$ns connect \$udp \$null

30 \$udp set fid_ 1

- Attach a CBR source to the UDP flow

```
31 set cbr [new Application/Traffic/CBR]
```

32 \$cbr attach-agent \$udp

33 \$cbr set packetSize_ 1000

34 \$cbr set rate_ 2Mb

- Create a flow from n1 to n4
 - Create a TCP flow

```
35 set tcp [new Agent/TCP]
36 $ns attach-agent $n1 $tcp
37 set sink [new Agent/TCPSink]
38 $ns attach-agent $n4 $sink
39 $ns connect $tcp $sink
40 $tcp set fid_ 2
```

- Attach a FTP source to the TCP flow

```
41 set ftp [new Application/FTP]
42 $ftp attach-agent $tcp
```

Schedule Events

```
43 $ns at 0.05 "$ftp start"
44 $ns at 0.1 "$cbr start"
45 $ns at 60.0 "$ftp stop"
46 $ns at 60.5 "$cbr stop"
47 $ns at 61 "finish"
```

Start simulation

48 \$ns run

We are in step two of network simulation

Sub-Step The part of the code

1. () ()

2. () ()

3. ()

Results? → (

Type

dentifier

```
+ 0.110419 1 2 tcp 1040 ----- 2 1.0 4.0 5 12
 + 0.110419 1 2 tcp 1040 ----- 2 1.0 4.0 6 13
 - 0.110431 1 2 tcp 1040 ----- 2 1.0 4.0 5 12
 - 0.110514 1 2 tcp 1040 ----- 2 1.0 4.0 6 13
 r 0.11308 0 2 cbr 1000 ----- 1 0.0 3.0 2 8
 + 0.11308 2 3 cbr 1000 ----- 1 0.0 3.0 2 8
 - 0.11308 2 3 cbr 1000 ----- 1 0.0 3.0 2 8
 r 0.11316 0 2 cbr 1000 ----- 1 0.0 3.0 3 9
 + 0.11316 2 3 cbr 1000 ----- 1 0.0 3.0 3 9
 - 0.113228 2 3 cbr 1000 ----- 1 0.0 3.0 3 9
                Packet Packet Flags Flow ID
    Source
         Destination
                                   Source
                                        Destination
                                                Sequence
                                                       Packet
Time
    Node
           Node
                 Name
                                   Address
                                         Address
                                                Number
                                                      Unique ID
```

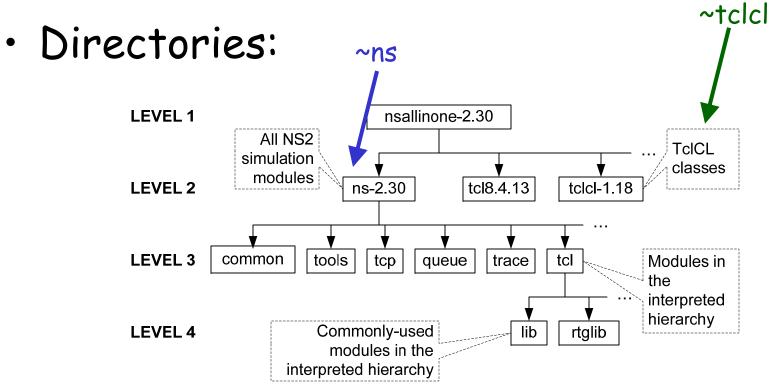
{enque(+),deque(-),receive(r),drop(d)}

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New Modules

· NS2 Modules: C++ and OTcl



See Also: http://www-rp.lip6.fr/ns-doc/ns226-doc/html/hierarchy.htm

New Modules

- New C++ or OTcl Modules
 - Need to recompile and links all NEW modules
 - Use make utility
 - Take about 5 seconds to run.
- · When adding a new OTcl module
 - We can avoid running make utility,
 - Define the new module in your simulation script

Make Utility

- "make" contains a set of things that will be done when "make" is executed from the command prompt.
- Make usage

```
>> make [-f <filename>]
```

- Executed what specified in <filename>
- <filename> is called a "file descriptor"
- No file is given → use file "Makefile"
- File descriptor
 - Syntax

- Targets are remade if any of the dependency is changed
- The change is specified in the command.

Make Utility

Example

```
channel: main.o fade.o model.o

cc -o channel main.o fade.o model.o

main.o: main.c

cc -c main.c

fade.o: fade.c

cc -c fade.c

model.o: model.c model.h

cc -c model.c
```

Make Utility

• Example: Use variables objs and com

```
OBJS = main.o fade.o model.o
COM = cc
channel : ${OBJS}
    ${COM} -o channel ${OBJS}
main.o : main.c
    ${COM} -c main.c
fade.o : fade.c
    ${COM} -c fade.c
model.o: model.c model.h
    ${COM} -c model.c
```

Makefile for NS2

- Located in ~ns
- Key components:
 - INCLUDES = : Directory
 - OBJ_CC =: All NS2 object files
 - NS_TCL_LIB = : All NS2 OTcl files
- Put your files in these three components

Makefile for NS2: Example

```
OBJ_CC =
tools/random.o tools/rng.o tools/ranvar.o common/misc.o
common/scheduler.o common/object.o common/packet.o \
                                       Use *.o
INCLUDES
-I. \
-I/home/TB/ns-allinone-2.30/tclcl-1.18 \
-I./tcp -I./sctp -I./common -I./link -I./queue \
NS_TCL_LIB =
                                        Use "\" to
tcl/lib/ns-compat.tcl \
                                        separate lines
tcl/lib/ns-default.tcl \
```

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Summary

NS2 consists of

```
- OTcl ( ) and - C++ ( )
```

- Installation: NS2 + Cygwin
- An Example
- · Make utility
 - INCLUDE: Directory
 - овј_cc: C++ Modules
 - NS_TCL_LIB: OTcl Modules