The background of the slide is a complex network diagram. It features numerous nodes of varying sizes, colored in dark blue, light blue, and yellow. These nodes are interconnected by a web of thin, dark grey lines, creating a dense, interconnected pattern that resembles a molecular or neural network. The overall color palette is cool, with blues and greys, accented by the yellow nodes.

Therapeutic potential of neurotrophic factors on cellular and molecular alterations induced by Apnea of Prematurity in the murine cerebellum.

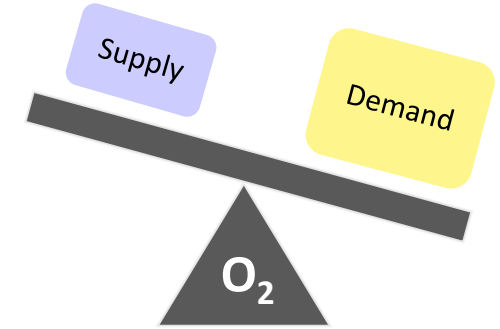
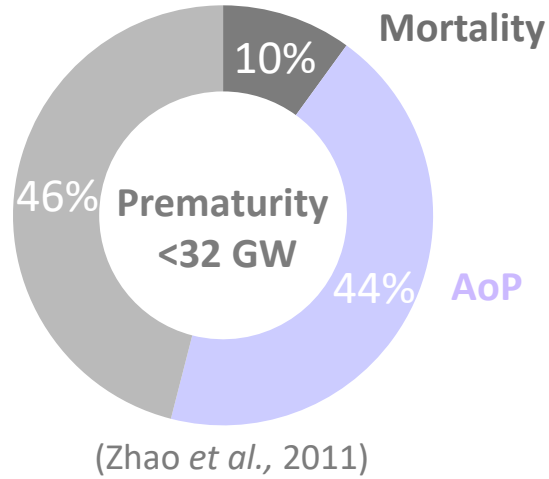
Agalic Rodriguez-Duboc, M.D.

Thesis Advisor: Dr Delphine Burel

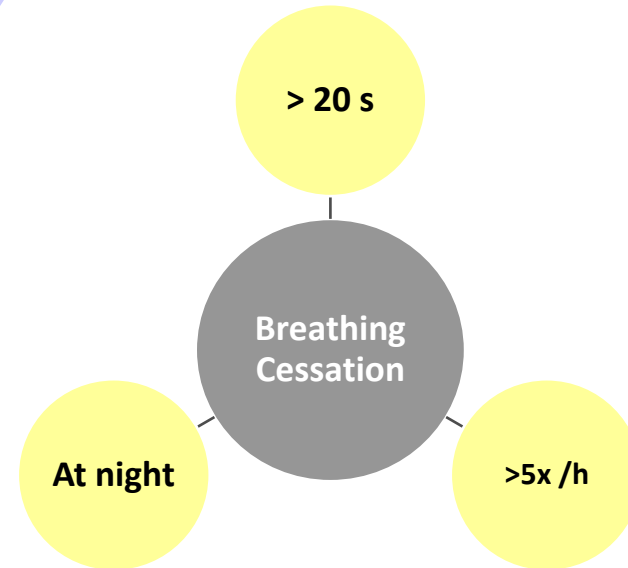
JED
May
2021

Apnea of Prematurity (AoP)

Epidemiology



Definition

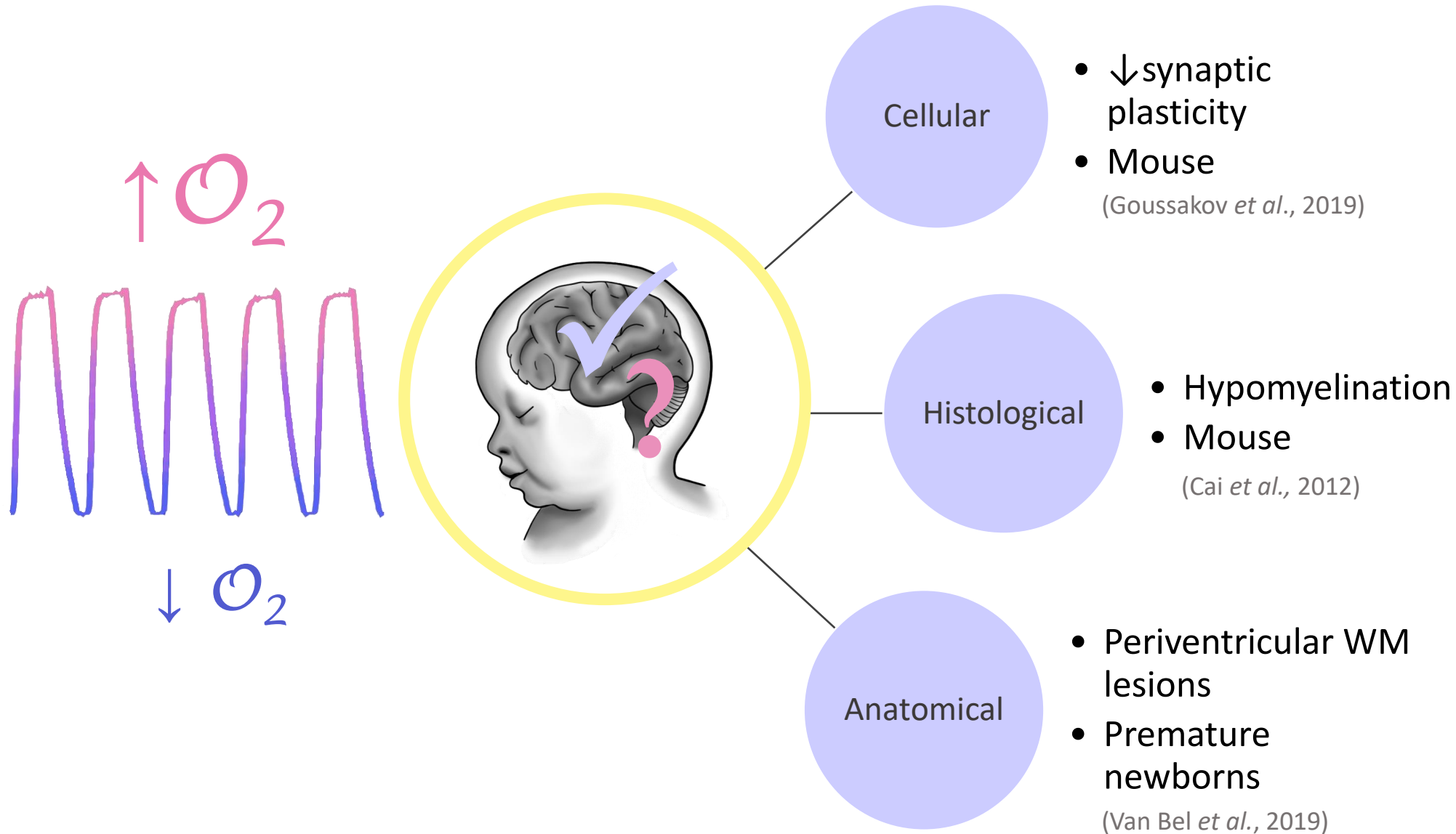


Consequences

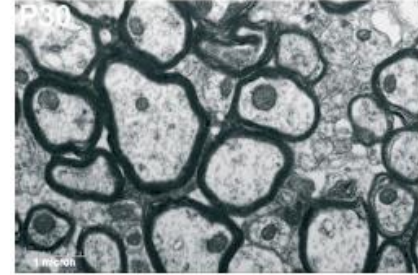


(Janvier et al., 2004 ; Pillekamp et al., 2007)

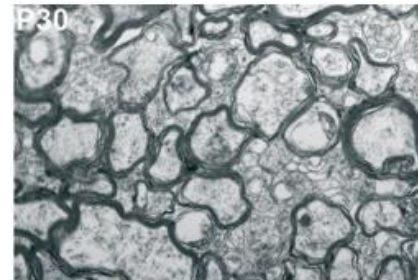
Intermittent Hypoxia and the Brain



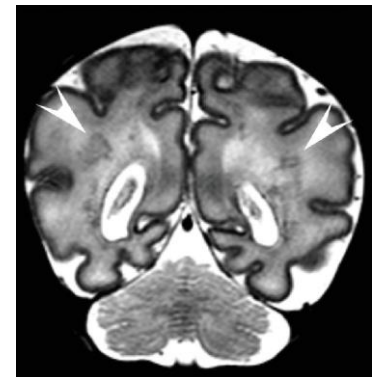
Control



Intermittent Hypoxia



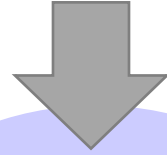
(Striatum - Cai *et al.*, 2012)



(Van Bel *et al.*, 2019) 3

Importance of the Cerebellum

Immaturity
at birth



Motor
Skills

- Balance
- Coordination

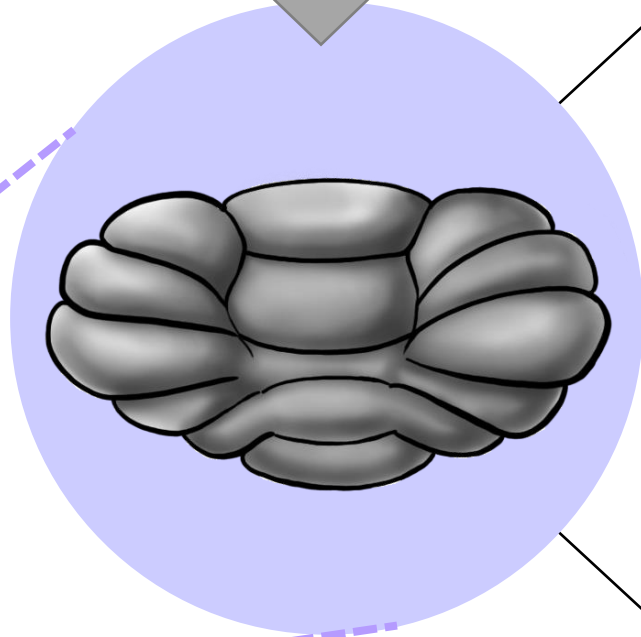
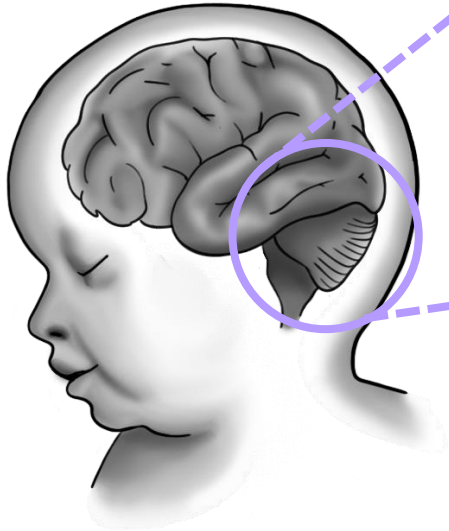
Cognition

- Attention
- Learning

Behavior

- Affect
- Conduct

AoP

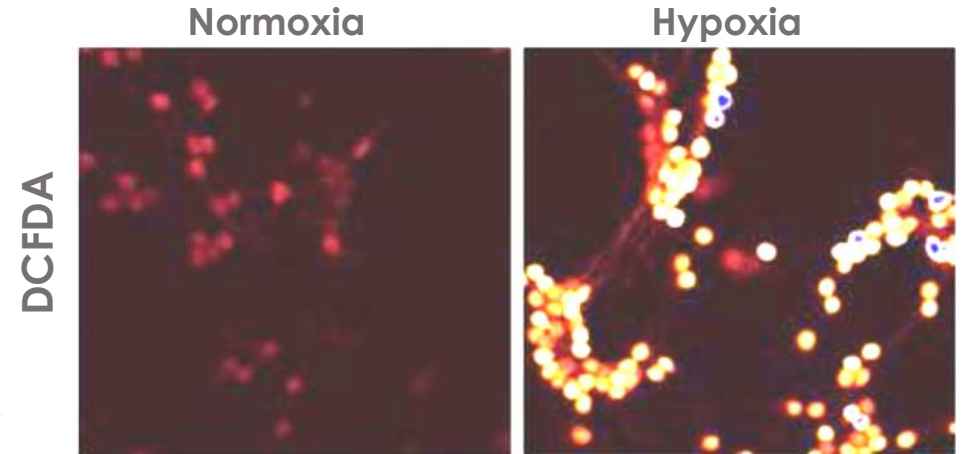


Intermittent Hypoxia and the Cerebellum

↑ROS
In vitro

- Granule cell culture
- Rat P7

(Chiu *et al.*, 2012)

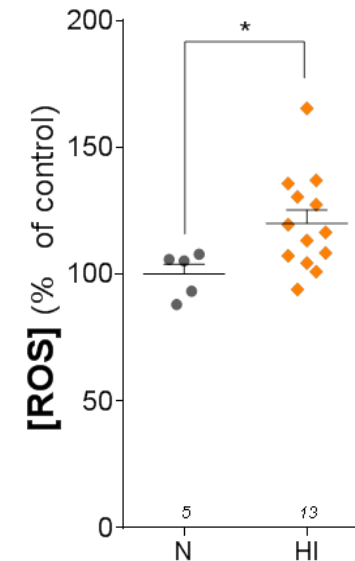


(Chiu *et al.*, 2012)

↑ROS
In vivo

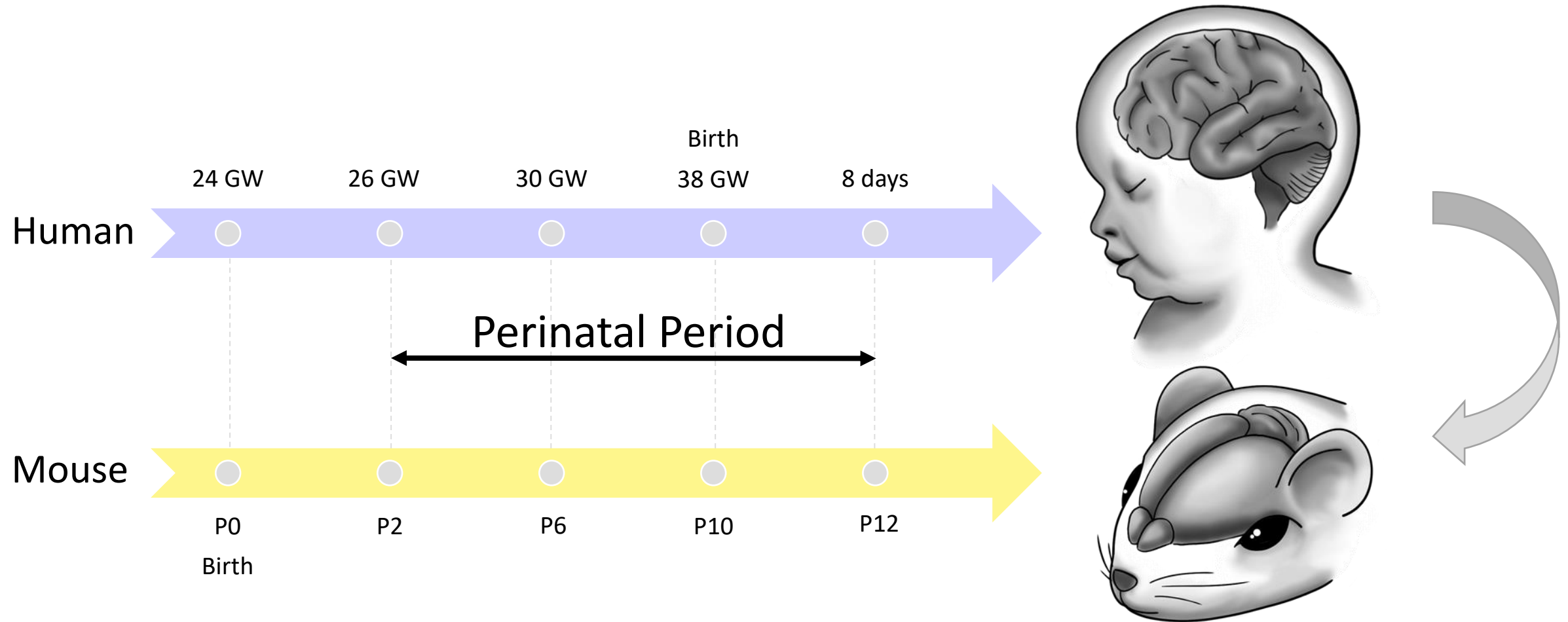
- Whole cerebellum
- Mouse P12

(Leroux *et al.*, in preparation)



(Leroux *et al.*, in preparation)

Model



Intermittent Hypoxia

Hypoxia/reoxygenation

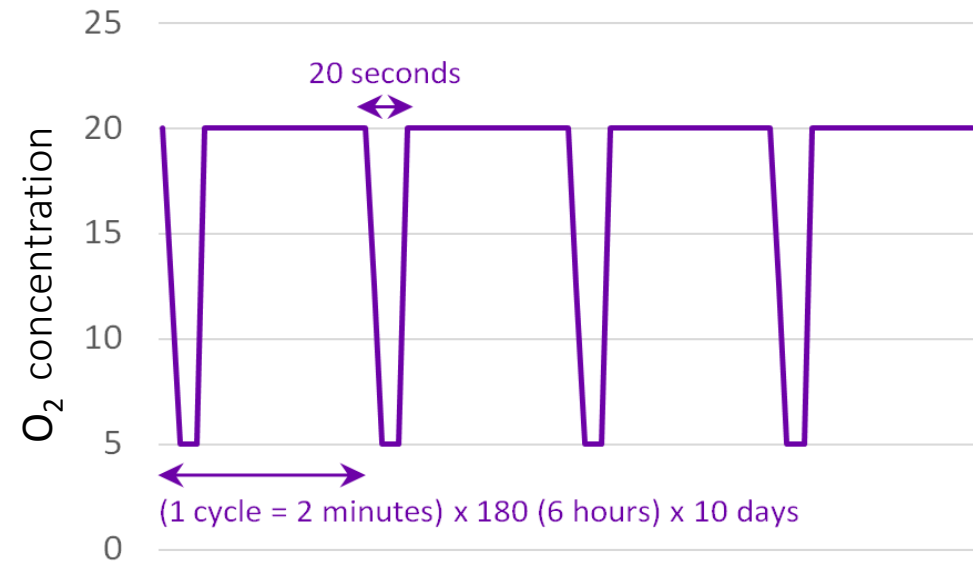
- 6 h/day, P2 → P12

1 cycle

- 2 min with 20 seconds at 5% O₂

Environment

- Same for controls



Model of Apnea of Prematurity

Immunohistochemistry

Immunohistochemical markers:

- GFAP → Astrocytes and Bergmann Glia
- Calbindin → Purkinje Cells
- DAPI → Granule Cells and Cerebellar Layers

External Granular Layer

Proliferation

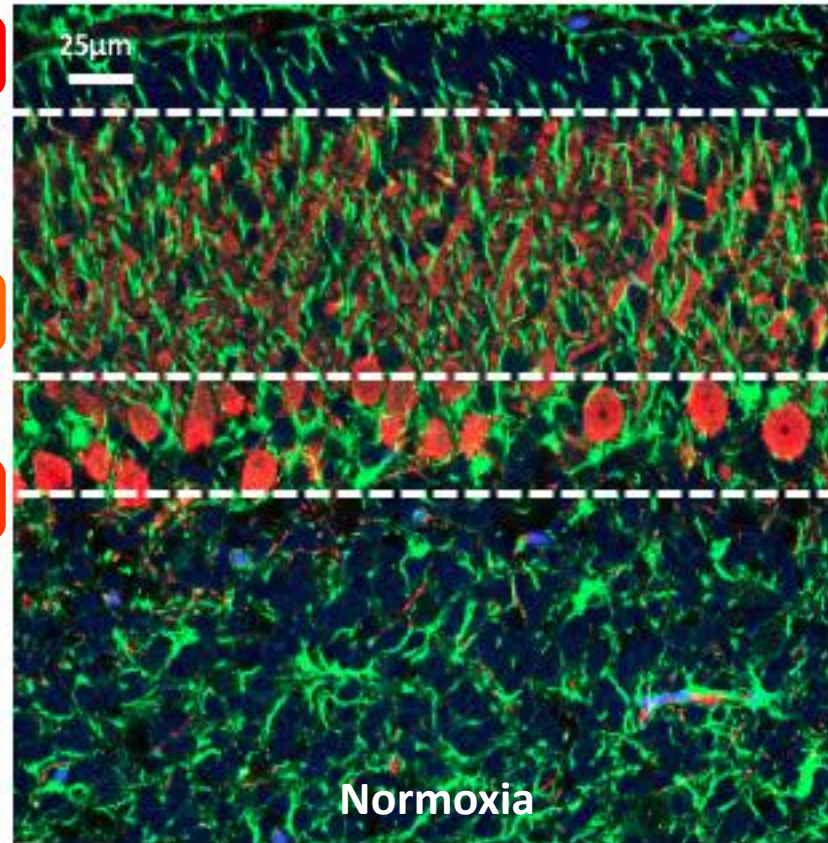
Molecular Layer

Migration

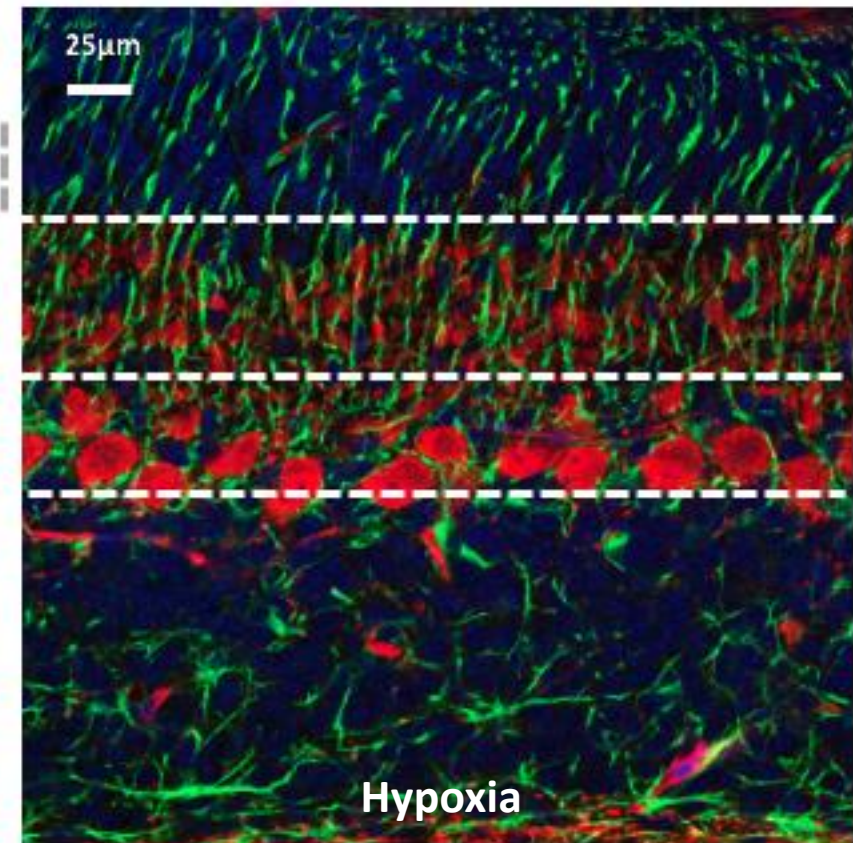
Purkinje Cell Layer

Differentiation

Internal Granular Layer



Normoxia



Hypoxia

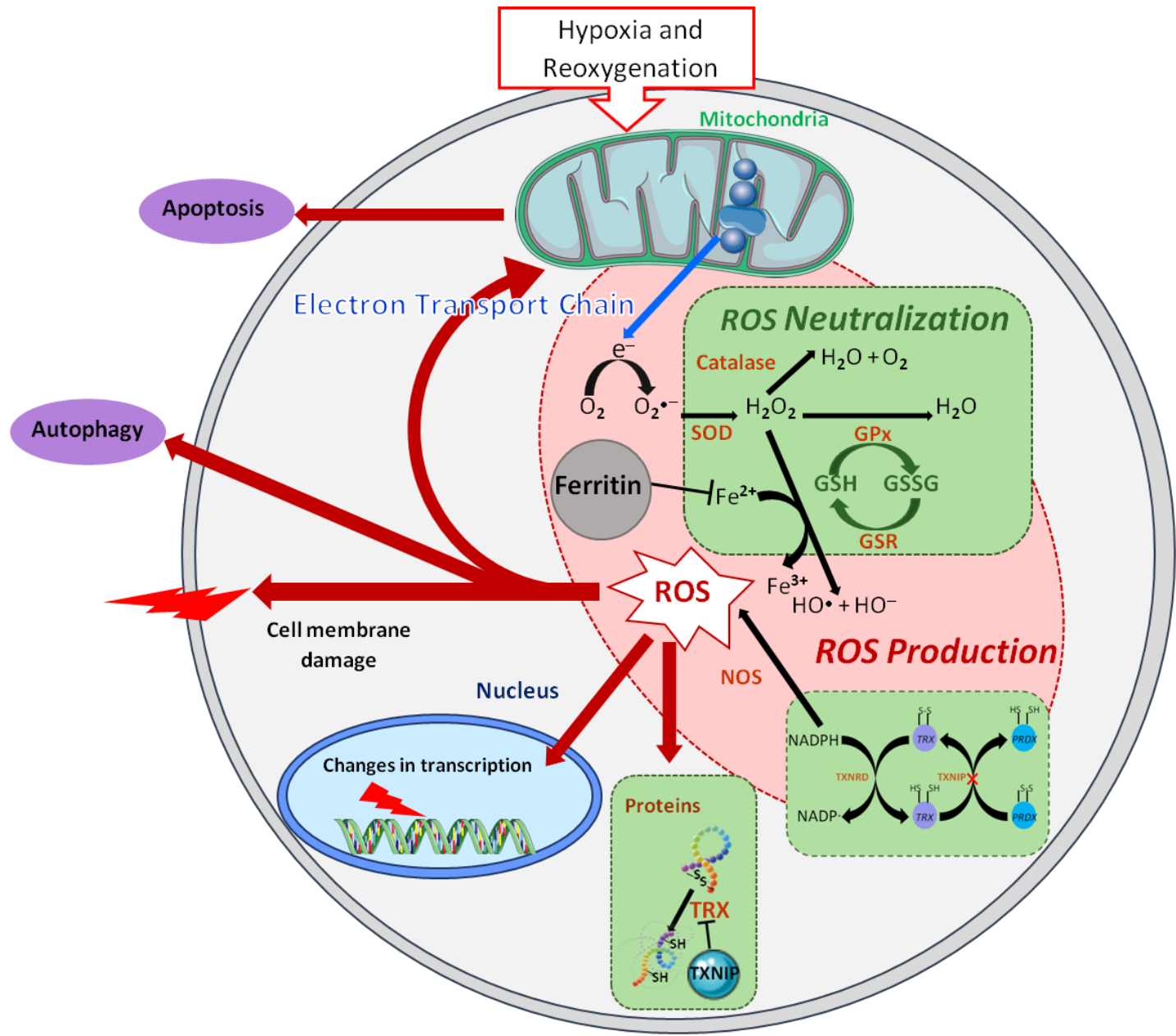
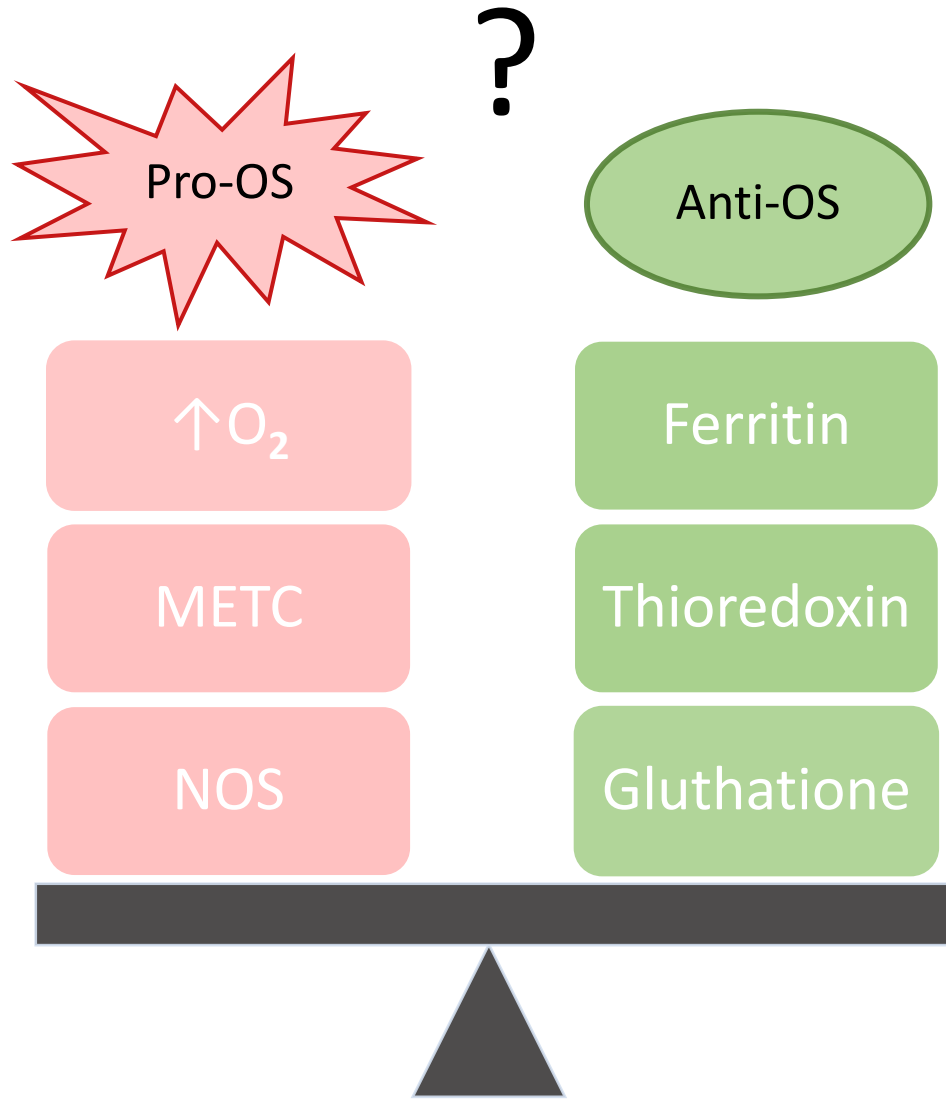
Hypoxia

Learning and
motor skills

Long term
behavioral
deficits

(Leroux *et al.*,
in preparation)

Oxidative Stress (OS)



Oxidative Stress (OS)

Pro-OS

Anti-OS

Cox4i1

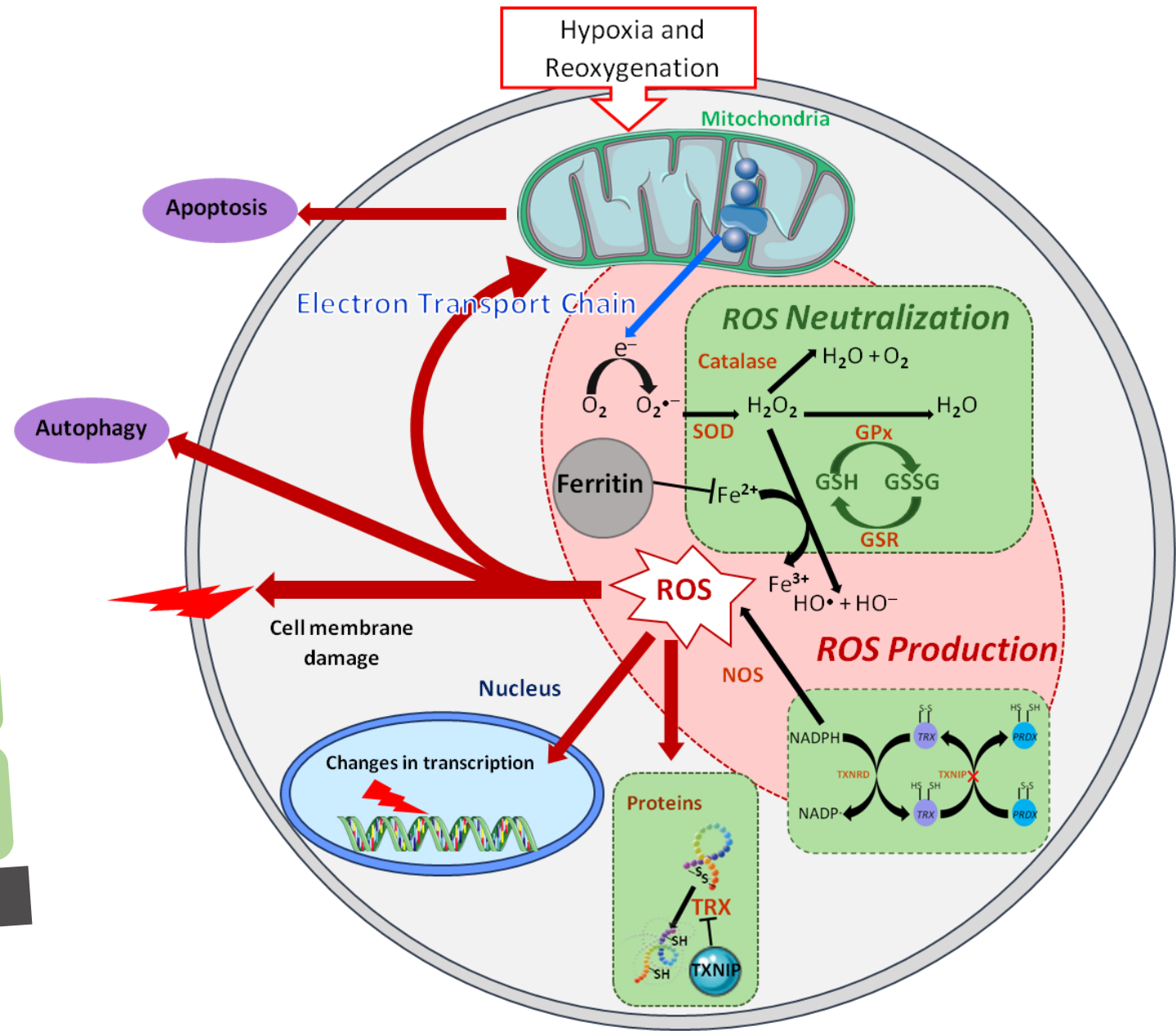
Fth1

GSH

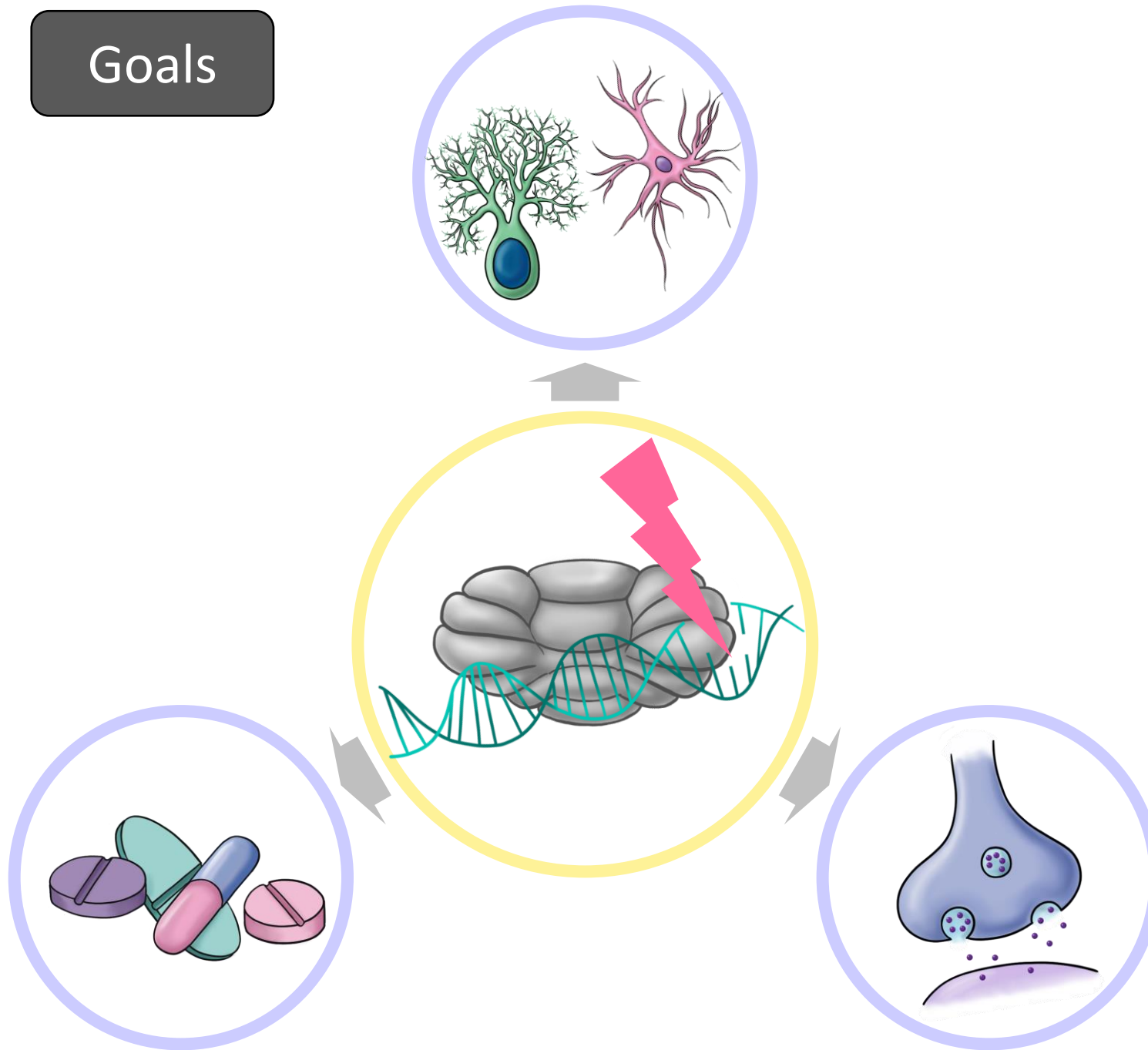
Prdx

Nos

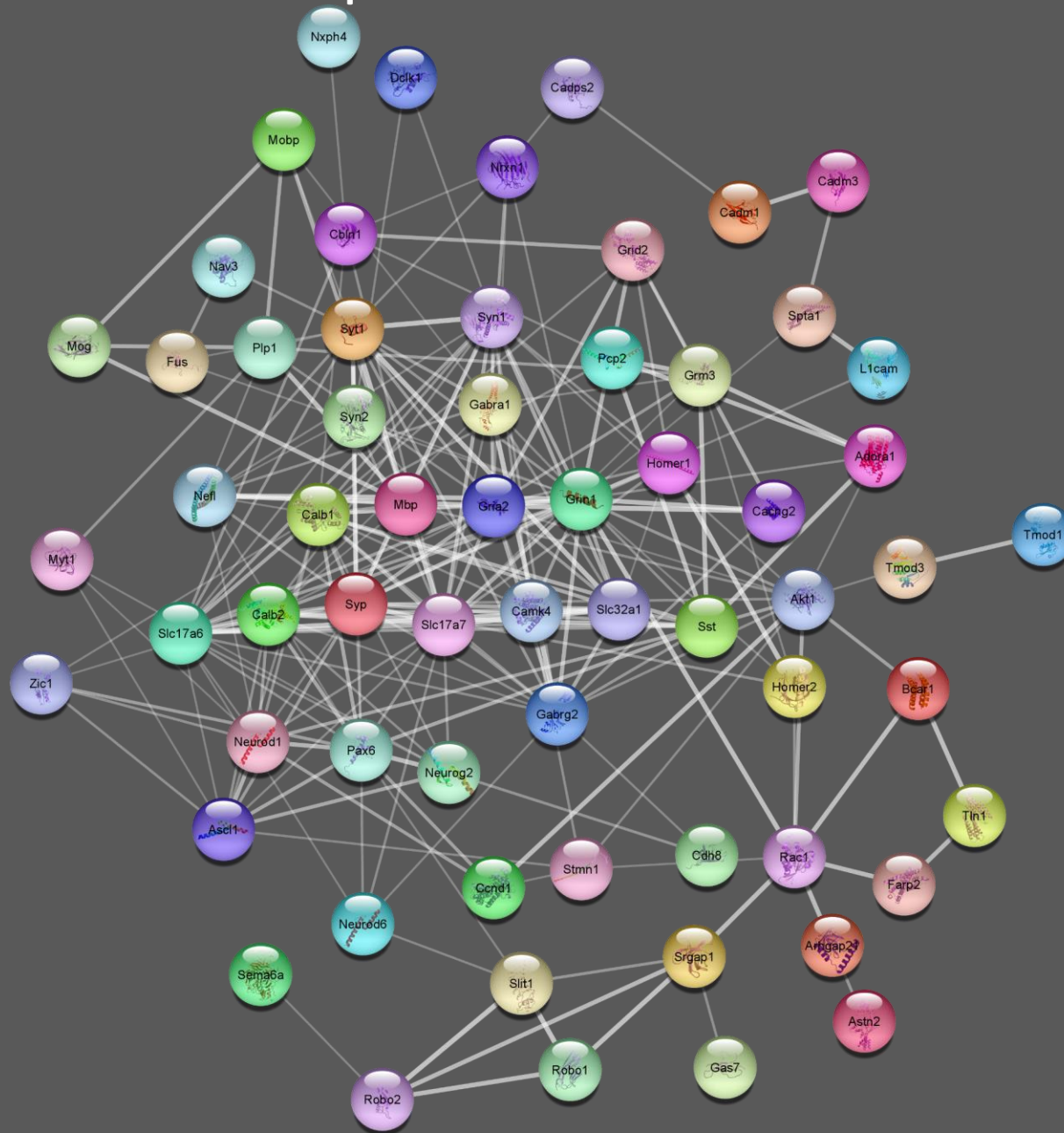
Trx



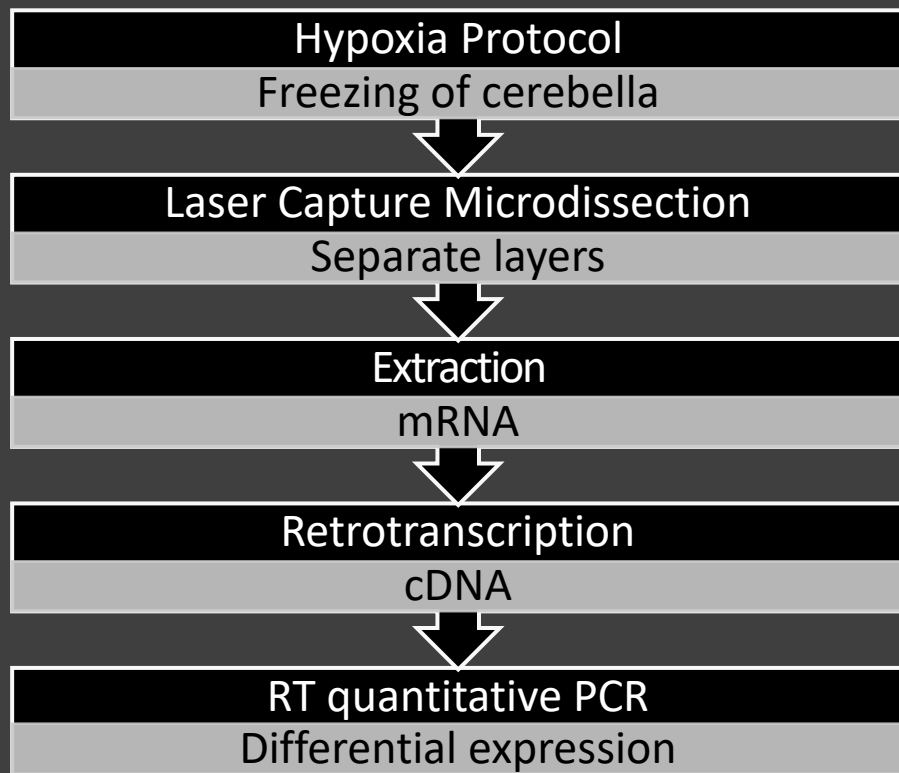
Goals



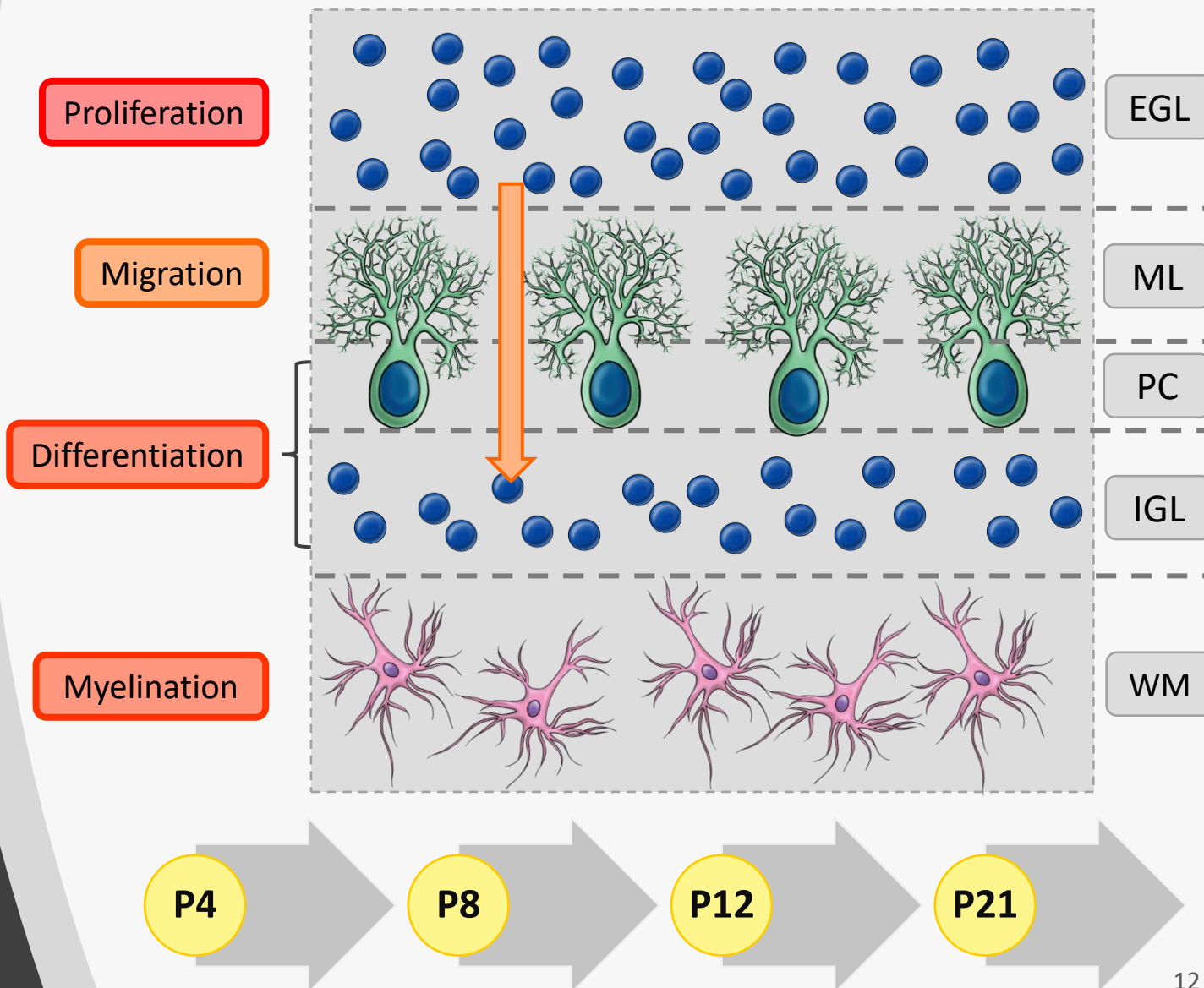
Development Gene Set



Methods

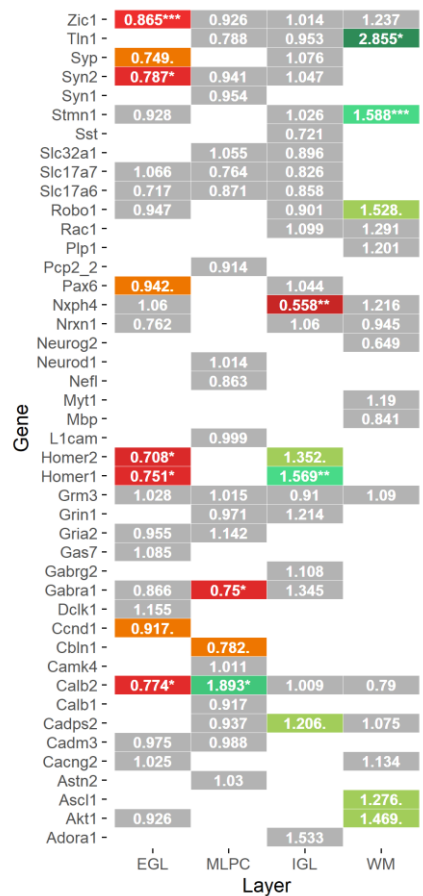


Layers and processes of the developing cerebellar cortex

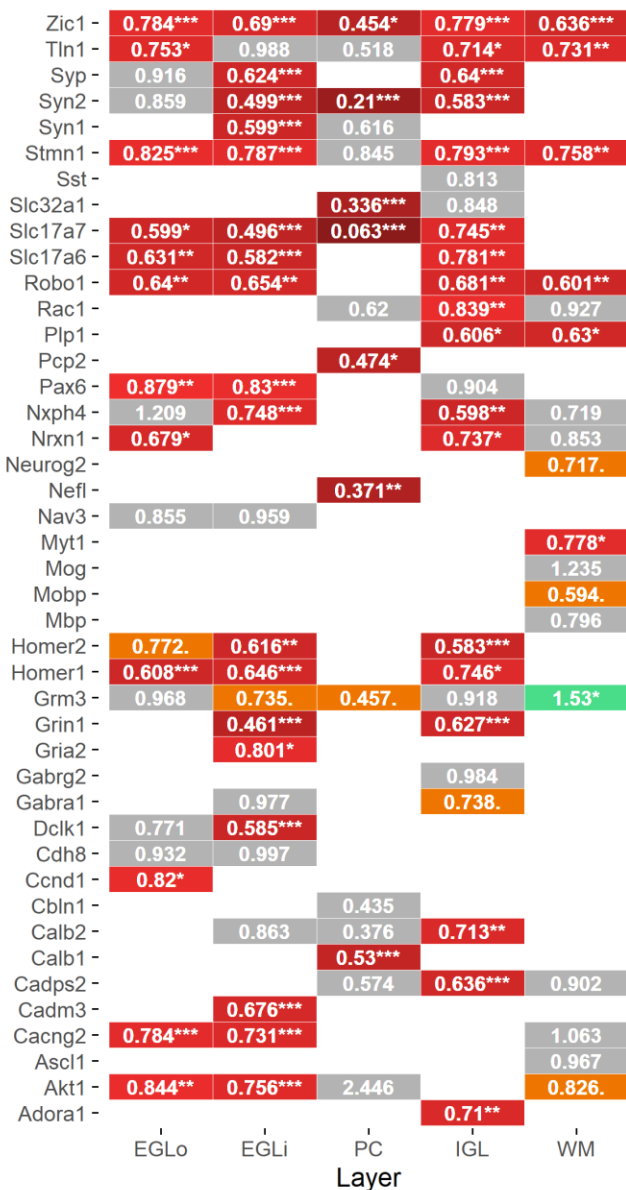


Regulation Timeline

P4

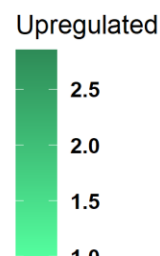
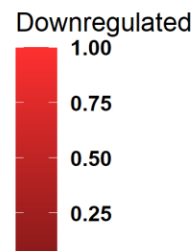


Gene

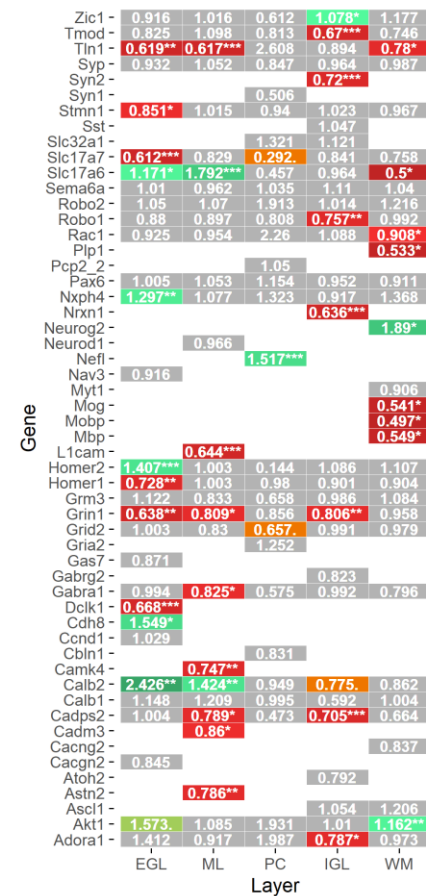


Layer

P8

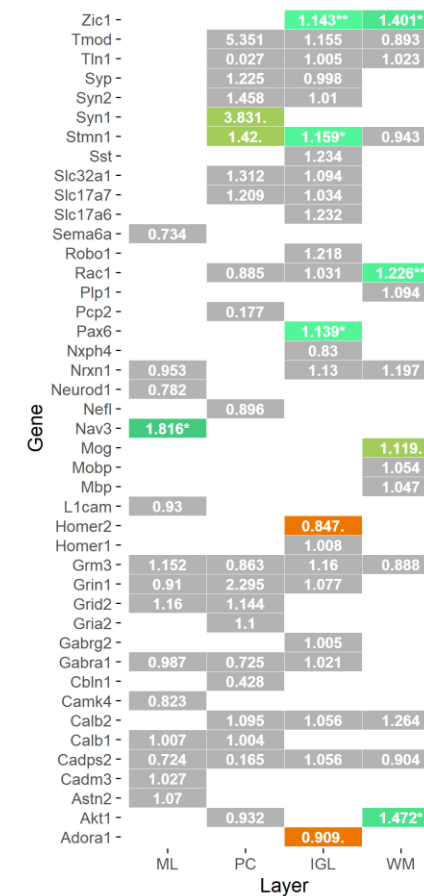


P12

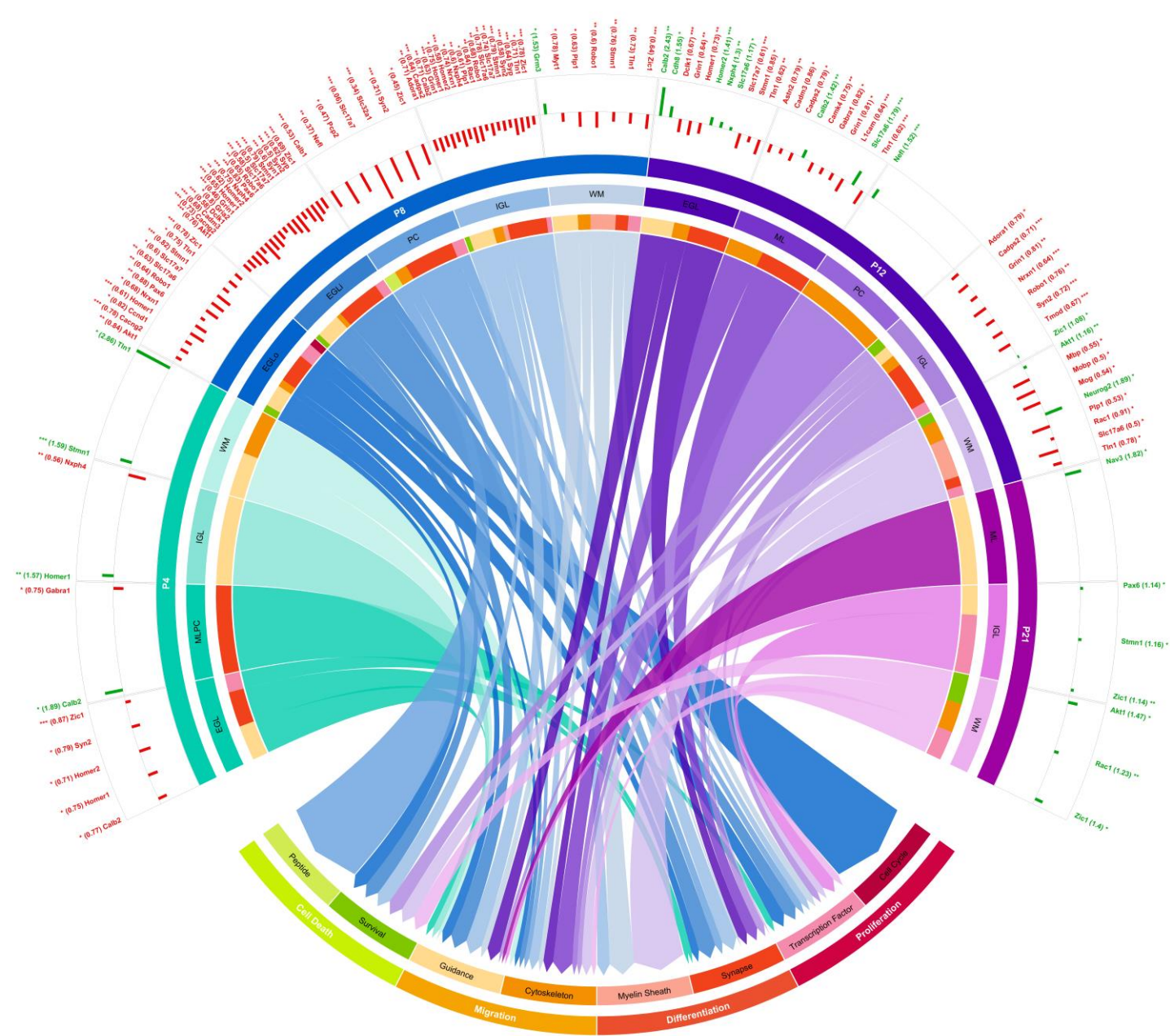


Layer

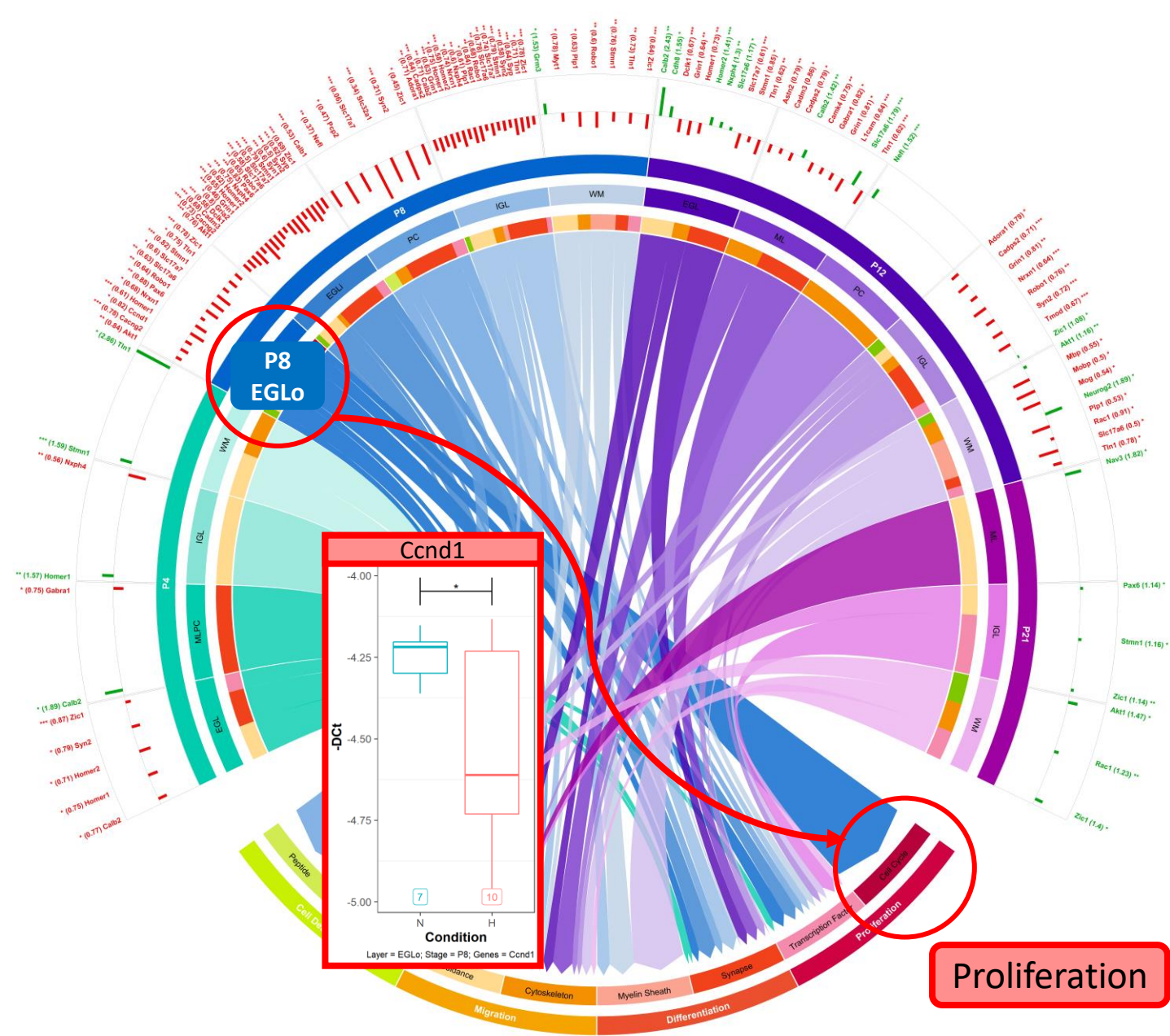
P21

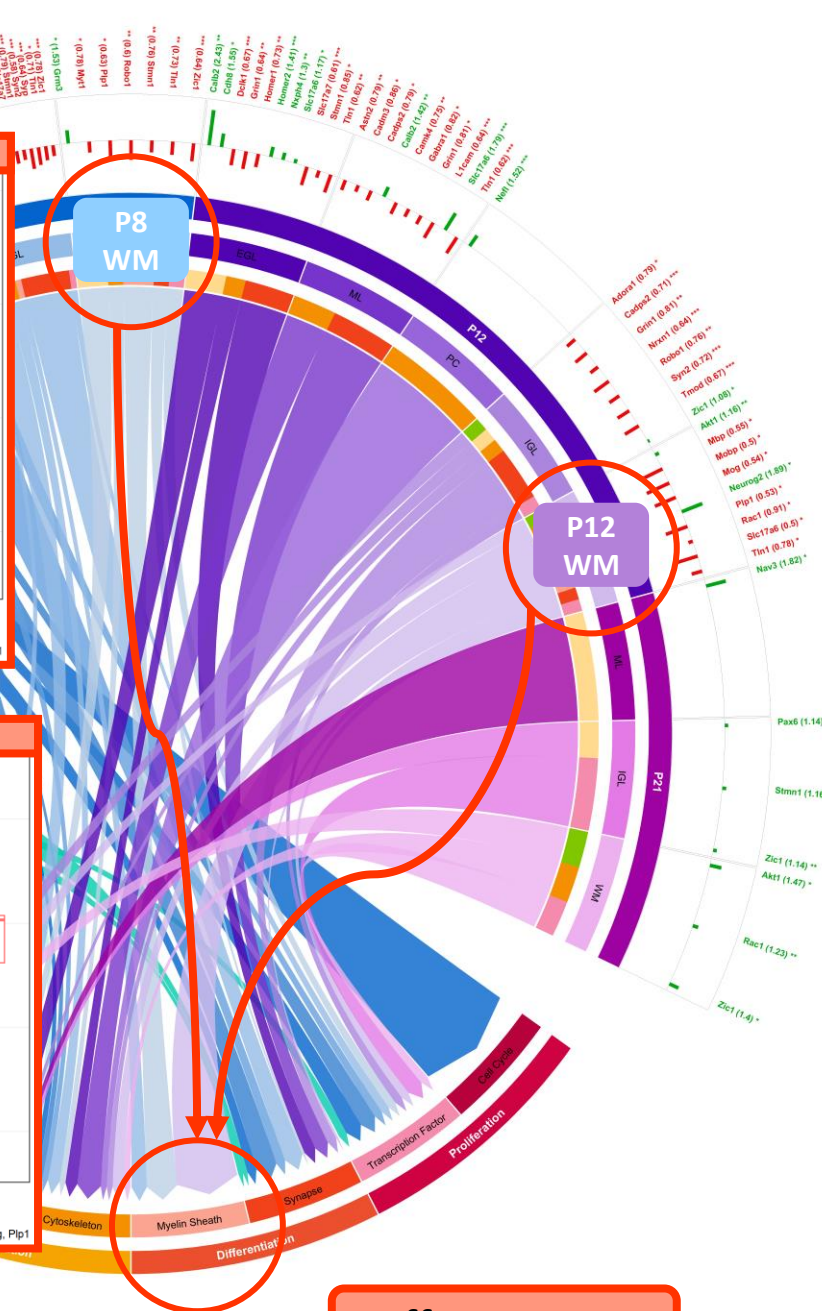
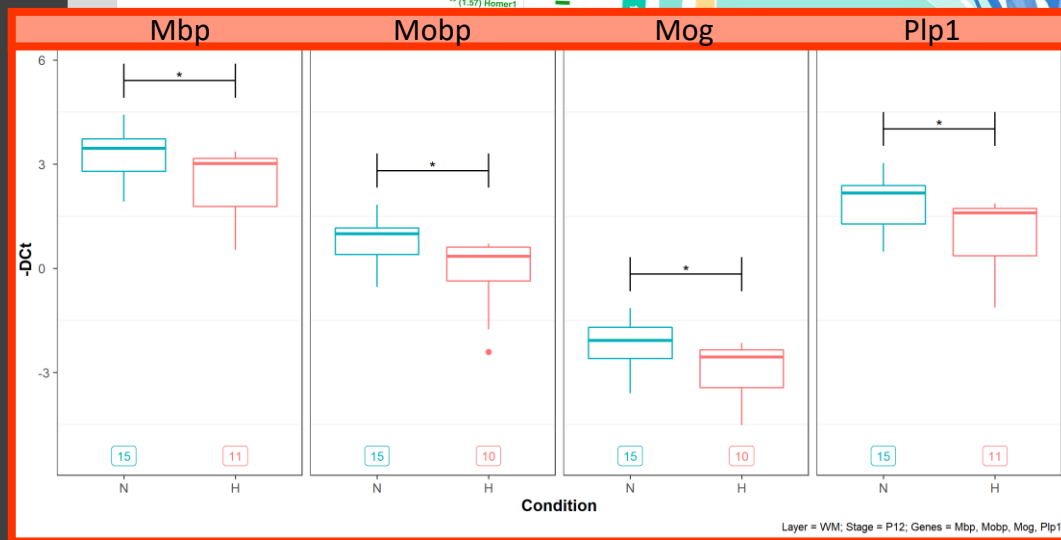
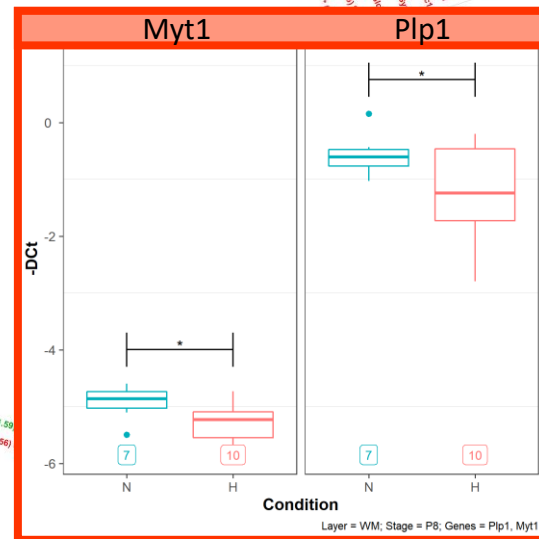


Layer



Hypoxia Influence on Gene Expression

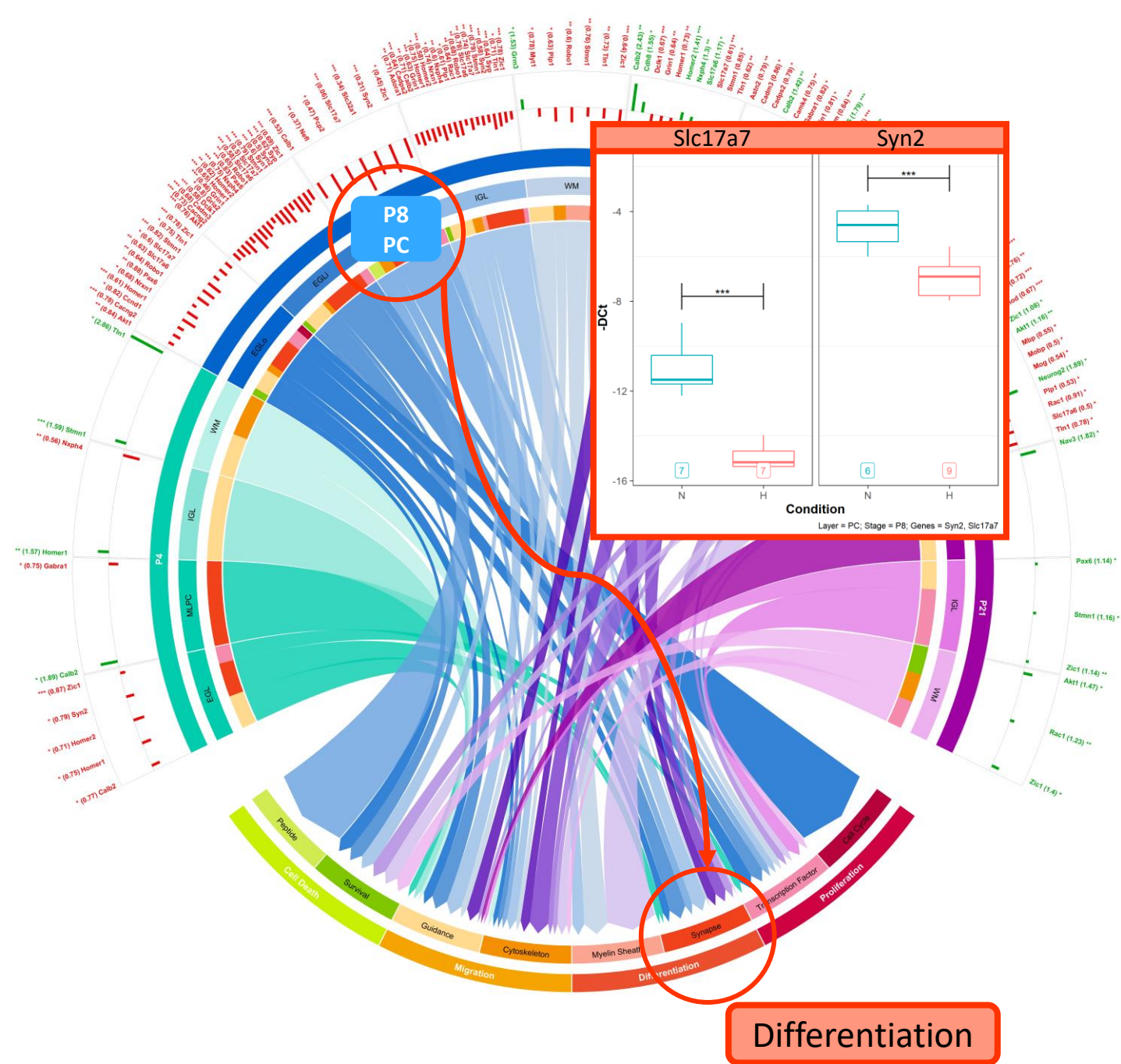


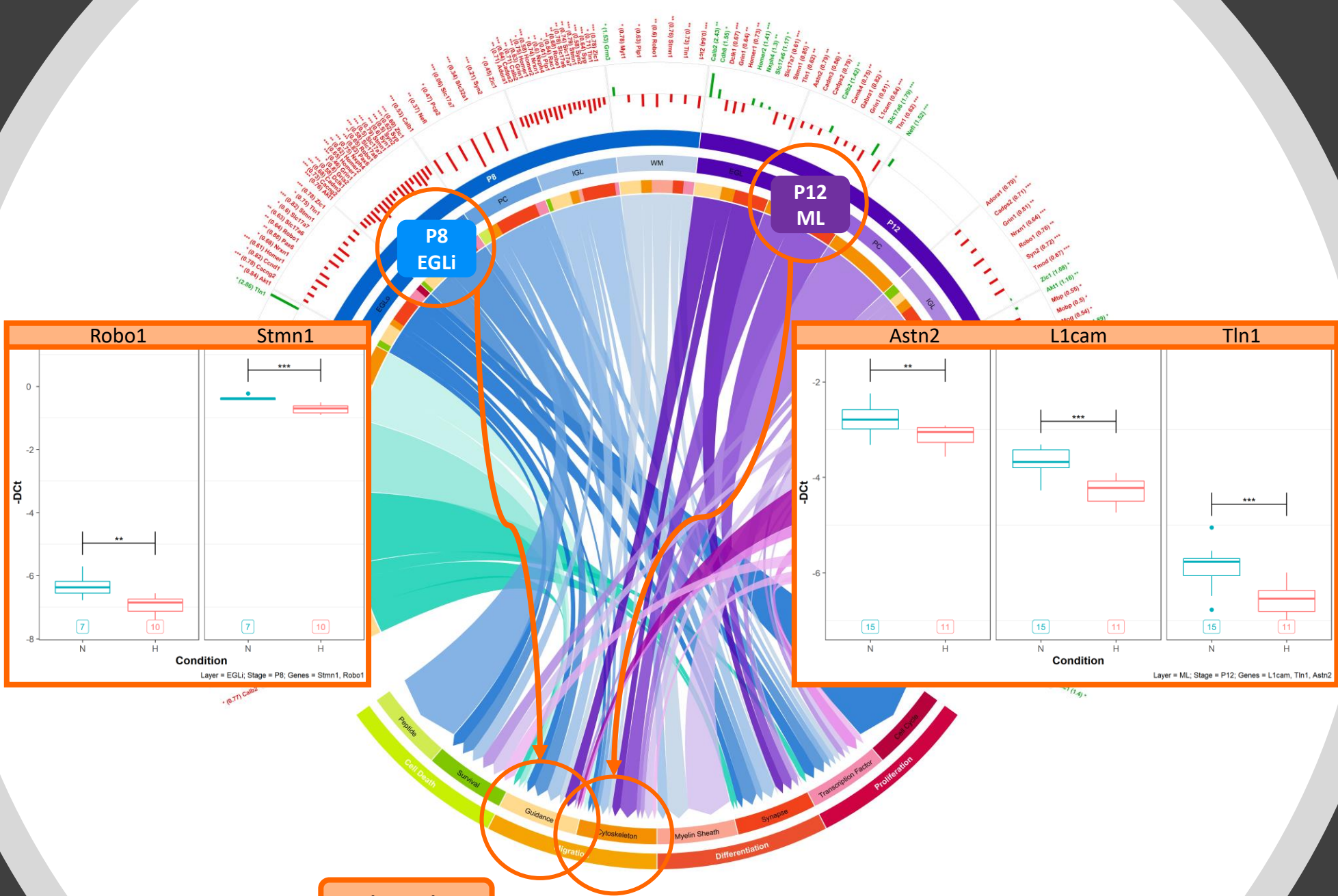


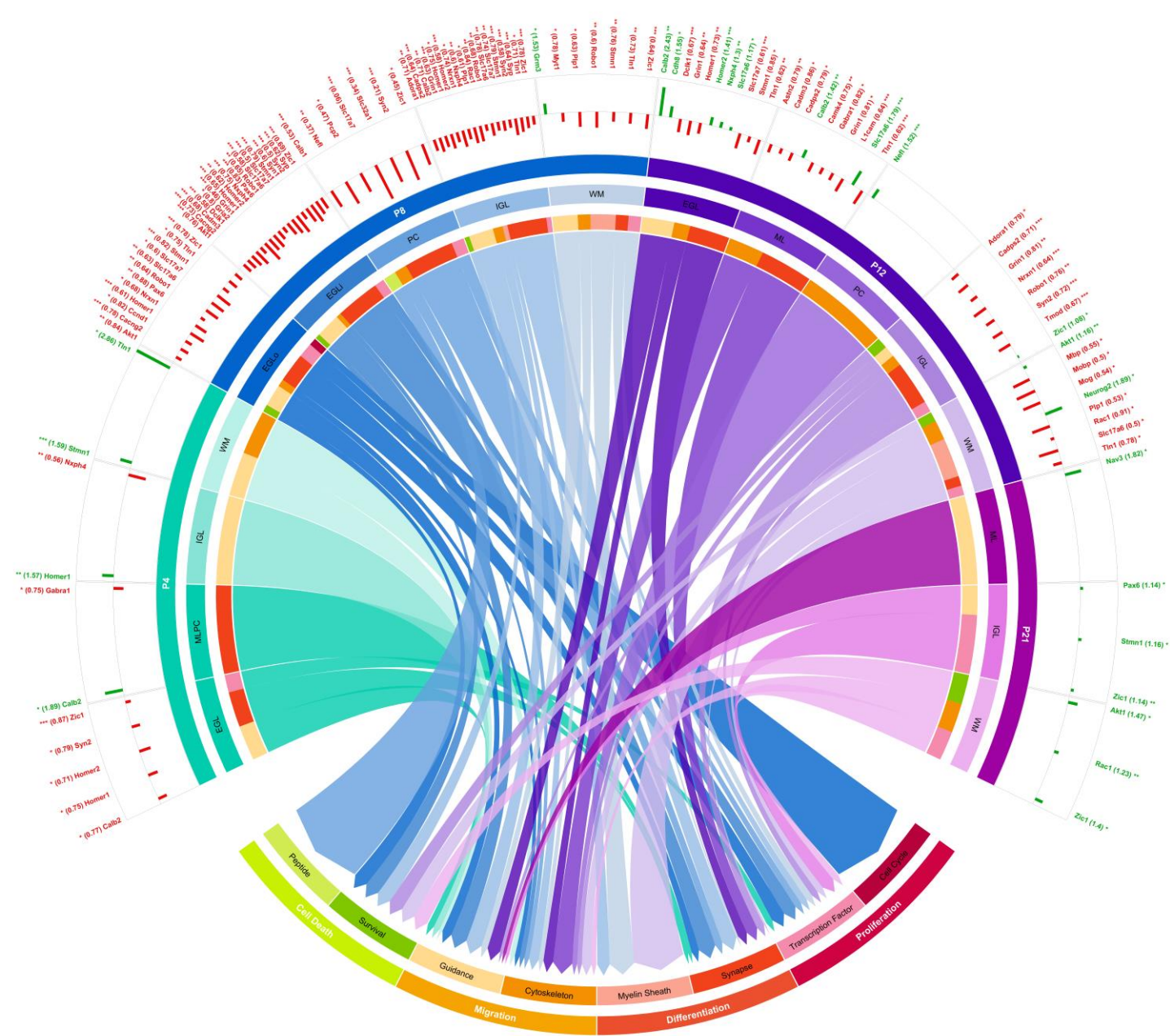
Differentiation

Hypoxia influence on gene expression

(Rodriguez-Duboc *et al.*,
in preparation)



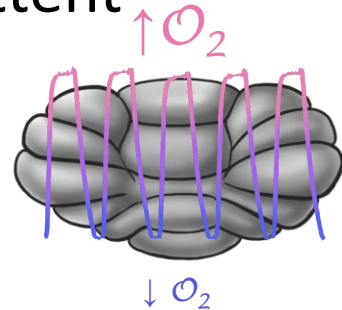




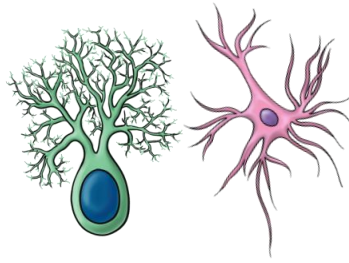
Hypoxia Influence on Gene Expression

Consequences

Intermittent Hypoxia

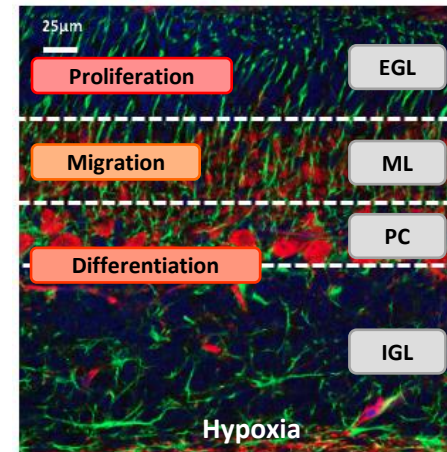


Cell Phenotype and Activity

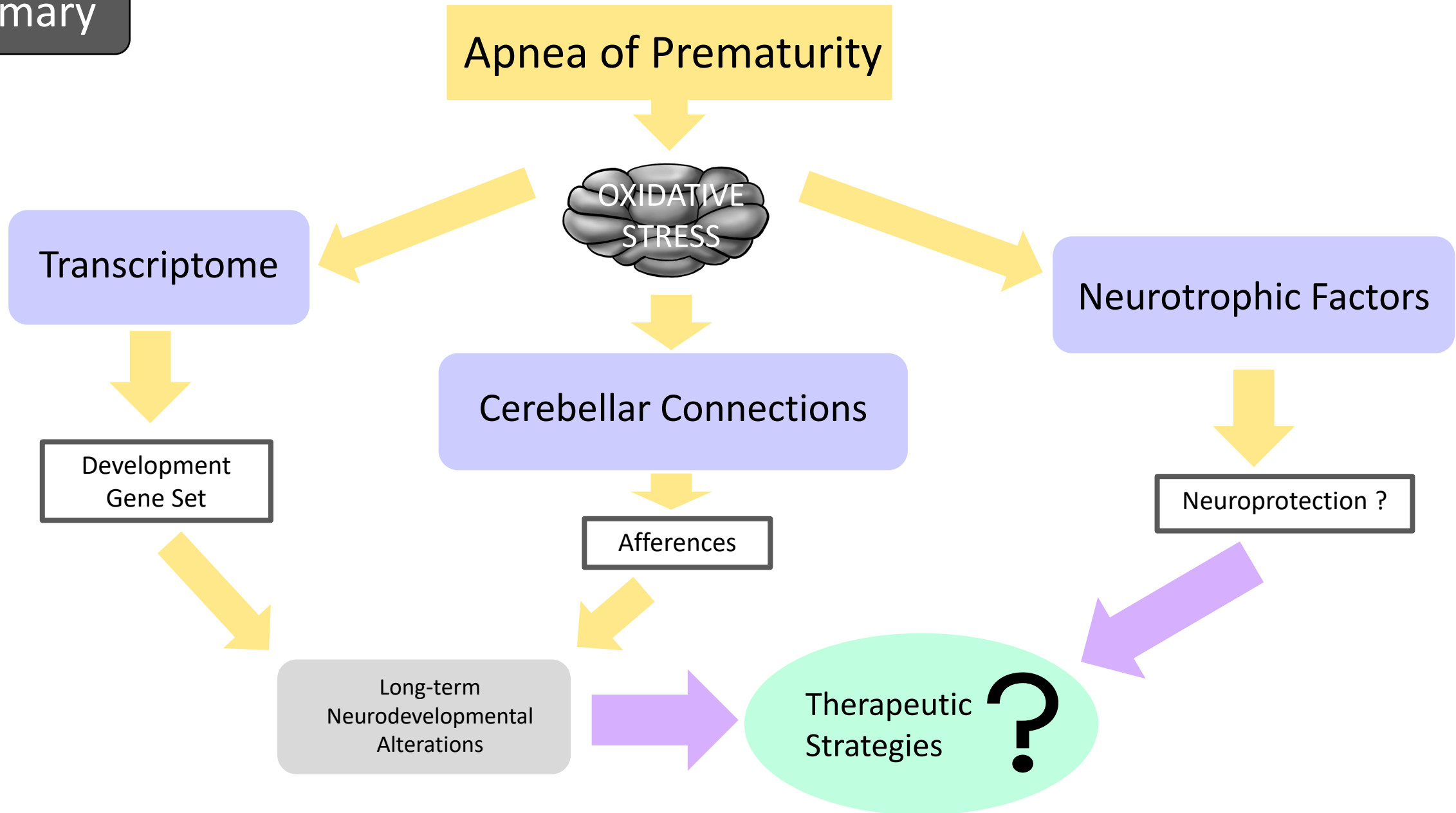


Histological Defects

Behavioral Deficits



Summary





Questions?

Laboratoire de Différenciation et de Communication Neuronale et Neuroendocrine (DC2N)
Unité INSERM U1239, IRIB, Université de Rouen-Normandie
Director : Dr Youssef Anouar



MINISTÈRE DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT
SUPÉRIEUR, DE LA RECHERCHE ET DE
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