Data Preprocessing

```
In [8]:
import cv2
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
In [2]:
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelBinarizer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [3]:
img_rows , img_cols = 112 , 112
In [4]:
import os
In [5]:
data_dir = os.listdir('Dataset')
In [6]:
data_dir
Out[6]:
['without_mask', 'with_mask']
In [7]:
images = []
labels = []
```

```
In [8]:
```

```
for category in data_dir:
    folder_path = os.path.join('Dataset' , category)
    for img in os.listdir(folder_path):
        img_path = os.path.join(folder_path , img)
        img = cv2.imread(img_path)
        try:
            #converting grayscale image
            grayscale_img = cv2.cvtColor(img , cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
            # resize grayscale image to our defined rows and cols
            resized_img = cv2.resize(grayscale_img , (img_rows , img_cols))
            images.append(resized_img)
            labels.append(category)
        except Exception as e:
            print('Exception :' , e)
In [9]:
len(images)
Out[9]:
781
In [10]:
len(labels)
Out[10]:
781
In [11]:
import numpy as np
In [12]:
images = np.array(images)/255.0
images = np.reshape(images , (images.shape[0] , img_rows , img_cols , 1))
In [13]:
print(images.shape) # image data is now ready.
(781, 112, 112, 1)
```

```
In [14]:
```

```
# now we have to encode the labels
```

In [15]:

```
lb = LabelBinarizer()
labels = lb.fit_transform(labels)
```

In [16]:

```
labels = to_categorical(labels)
```

In [17]:

```
labels = np.array(labels)
print(labels)
```

```
[[0. 1.]

[0. 1.]

[0. 1.]

...

[1. 0.]

[1. 0.]

[1. 0.]
```

CNN Model Creation

In [18]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense,Conv2D,MaxPooling2D,Flatten,Dropout
```

In [19]:

```
model = Sequential()
# First Layer
model.add(Conv2D(32 , (3,3) , input_shape=(img_rows, img_cols , 1) , activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

# Second Layer
model.add(Conv2D(64 , (3,3) , activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))

# Flatten and Third Layer
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dropout(0.5))

#Fourth Layer
model.add(Dense(64 , activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(2 , activation='softmax'))
```

In [20]:

```
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Output	Shape	Param #
(None,	110, 110, 32)	320
(None,	55, 55, 32)	0
(None,	53, 53, 64)	18496
(None,	26, 26, 64)	0
(None,	43264)	0
(None,	43264)	0
(None,	64)	2768960
(None,	2)	130
	(None, (None, (None, (None, (None, (None,	Output Shape

Total params: 2,787,906 Trainable params: 2,787,906 Non-trainable params: 0

In [21]:

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam' , loss='categorical_crossentropy' , metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [22]:

```
X_train , X_test , y_train , y_test = train_test_split(images , labels , test_size = 0.25 ,
```

In [23]:

```
history = model.fit(X_train , y_train , epochs=6 , validation_split=0.2)
```

```
Train on 468 samples, validate on 117 samples
Epoch 1/5
curacy: 0.5043 - val_loss: 0.6953 - val_accuracy: 0.4957
Epoch 2/5
468/468 [============= ] - 5s 10ms/sample - loss: 0.6927 - a
ccuracy: 0.5064 - val loss: 0.6914 - val accuracy: 0.5128
Epoch 3/5
ccuracy: 0.5705 - val_loss: 0.6399 - val_accuracy: 0.8034
Epoch 4/5
468/468 [============ ] - 4s 9ms/sample - loss: 0.5895 - ac
curacy: 0.6923 - val_loss: 0.5752 - val_accuracy: 0.6154
Epoch 5/5
468/468 [=============== ] - 5s 11ms/sample - loss: 0.4023 - a
ccuracy: 0.8291 - val_loss: 0.3566 - val_accuracy: 0.8803
```

In [24]:

In [27]:

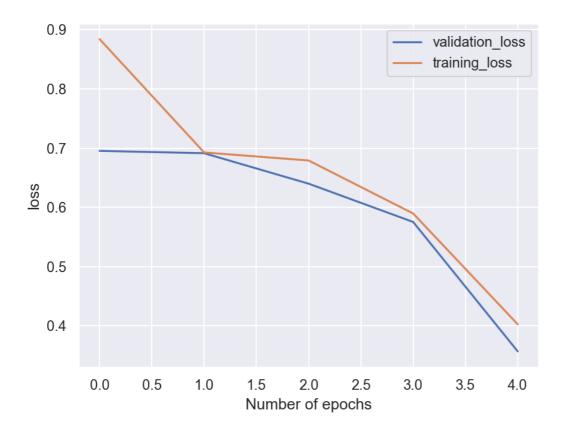
```
import seaborn as sns
sns.set()
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# %matplotlib notebook
```

In [31]:

```
# plot loss

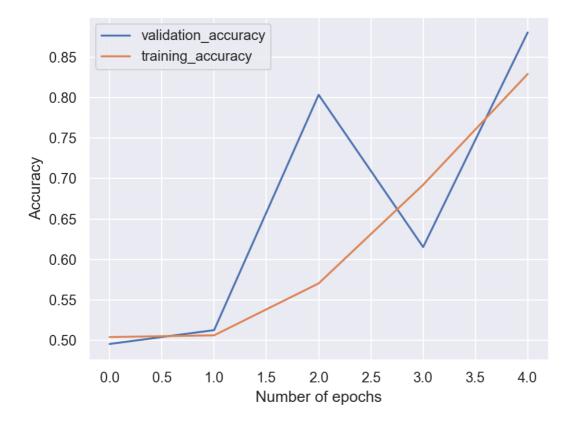
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'] , label = 'validation_loss')
plt.plot(history.history['loss'] , label = 'training_loss')
plt.xlabel('Number of epochs')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



In [32]:

```
# plot Accuracy

plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'] , label = 'validation_accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'] , label = 'training_accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Number of epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



In [33]:

```
model.save('Face_mask_detection.h5')
```

Load Model

In [1]:

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
```

In [2]:

```
%load_ext nb_black
```

```
In [3]:
```

```
model = load_model('Face_mask_detection.h5')
```

In [4]:

```
import tkinter
import smtplib
from tkinter import messagebox
import cv2
import numpy as np
```

In [5]:

```
root = tkinter.Tk()
root.withdraw()
```

Out[5]:

. .

In [6]:

```
face_det_classifier = cv2.CascadeClassifier('haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')
```

In [7]:

```
vid_source = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
```

In [8]:

```
text_dict = {0:'Mask ON' , 1:'NO Mask'}
rect_color_dict = {0:(0,255,0) , 1:(0,0,255)}
```

In [9]:

```
SUBJECT = "Access Denied"

TEXT = "One Visitor violated Face Mask Policy. See in the camera to recognize user. A Perso
```

In []:

```
while(True):
   ret, img = vid_source.read()
   grayscale img = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
   faces = face det classifier.detectMultiScale(grayscale img,1.3,5)
   for (x,y,w,h) in faces:
        face_img = grayscale_img[y:y+w,x:x+w]
        resized img = cv2.resize(face img,(112,112))
        normalized_img = resized_img/255.0
        reshaped img = np.reshape(normalized img,(1,112,112,1))
        result=model.predict(reshaped_img)
        label=np.argmax(result,axis=1)[0]
        cv2.rectangle(img,(x,y),(x+w,y+h),rect_color_dict[label],2)
        cv2.rectangle(img,(x,y-40),(x+w,y),rect_color_dict[label],-1)
        cv2.putText(img, text_dict[label], (x, y-10),cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX,0.8,(0,0,0),2
        # If Label = 1 then it means wearing No Mask and 0 means wearing Mask
        if (label == 1):
            # Throw a Warning Message to tell user to wear a mask if not wearing one. This
            #open and No Access will be given He/She wears the mask
            messagebox.showwarning("Warning", "Access Denied. Please wear a Face Mask")
            # Send an email to the administrator if access denied/user not wearing face mas
            message = 'Subject: {}\n\n{}'.format(SUBJECT, TEXT)
            mail = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)
            mail.ehlo()
            mail.starttls()
            # when person not wear a mask information send to this particular image
            mail.login('your mail','your mail password')
            mail.sendmail('mail', 'mail id password', message)
            mail.close
        else:
            pass
            break
   cv2.imshow('LIVE Video Feed',img)
   key=cv2.waitKey(1)
   if(key==27):
        break
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
source.release()
```

```
In [ ]:
```

In []:		