## Exercise 10: Data Manipulation with Replication Exampl (Answer Key)

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## Extend the dataset

Extend the exercise we did in class up to the Senate confirmation of Associate Justice Sonia Sotomayor, following the instructions in the lecture-10.R file.

Links to the datasets required to complete this exercise:

- Harvard Dataverse entry for the Epstein et al. (2006) article (includes PDF of article for reference): https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi:10.7910/DVN/W5CV8E&version=1.0
- Poole & Rosenthal scores from 2016: https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataset.xhtml?persistentId=doi: 10.7910/DVN/W5CV8E&version=1.0
- 111th Congress roll call votes and dictionary: https://legacy.voteview.com/senate111.htm
- Segal-Cover scores: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Segal%E2%80%93Cover\_score

```
# download 111th congress roll call votes
congress111 <- read_dta(here::here("data", "sen111kh.dta"))</pre>
# V263 = Sotomayor senate vote
congress111 sotomayor <- congress111 %>%
  select(cong:name, V262) %>% # it is on row 263 meaning it is V262 (consider the header)
  filter(name != "OBAMA") # exclude Obama (president)
#1 = YES, 6 = NAY, 0 = not a member
# you want to change 6 to 0
# you want to change O to NA
congress111_sotomayor <- congress111_sotomayor %>%
   vote = ifelse(V262 == 6,
                  ifelse(V262 == 0,
                         NA,
                         V262)))
# you can confirm that this is the correct vote column by looking up "sotomayor confirmation" and see t
table(congress111_sotomayor$vote)
```

## ## 0 1 9 ## 31 68 1

```
# rename "cong" variable to "congress"
congress111_sotomayor <- rename(congress111_sotomayor, congress = cong)</pre>
# select the relevant IDs
sotomayor <- congress111_sotomayor %>%
  select(congress, id, state, name, vote)
# select relevant variables to the poole & rosenthal CS scores
poole_select <- poole %>%
  select(congress, idno, statenm, name, dwnom1, party)
# merge the senate votes with their CS scores
sotomayor_poole <- left_join(sotomayor, poole_select, by=c("id" = "idno", "congress", "name"))</pre>
# rename "dwnom1" to "cs1"
sotomayor_poole <- rename(sotomayor_poole, cs1 = dwnom1)</pre>
# now you want to build a dataframe with the following information:
# nominee, presprty, sameprty, strngprs, nomid, regime_dummy, lackqual, csnom, eucldist, interaction
sotomayor_poole$nominee <- rep("SOTOMAYOR") # name of nominee</pre>
sotomayor_poole$presprty <- rep(1) # president held party majority in Senate
# whether senator is the same party as the president
sotomayor_poole %>%
  mutate(sameprty = ifelse(party == 100,
                           1,
                           0))
## # A tibble: 111 x 11
##
      congress
                  id state name
                                  vote statenm
                                                  cs1 party nominee presprty
##
         <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                                <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1
                                    0 " ALAB~ 0.551
           111 49700
                        41 SESS~
                                                        200 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
                                     0 " ALAB~ 0.437
## 2
           111 94659
                        41 SHEL~
                                                        200 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
                                     0 " ALAS~ 0.207
## 3
           111 40300
                        81 MURK~
                                                        200 SOTOMA~
                                                                            1
## 4
           111 40900
                       81 BEGI~
                                     1 " ALAS~ -0.235
                                                       100 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
## 5
                                     0 " ARIZ~ 0.548
                                                       200 SOTOMA~
           111 15429
                       61 KYL
                                                                           1
## 6
          111 15039
                       61 MCCA~
                                     0 " ARIZ~ 0.382
                                                       200 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
## 7
                                     1 " ARKA~ -0.199
           111 40301
                       42 PRYOR
                                                       100 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
## 8
           111 29305
                        42 LINC~
                                     1 " ARKA~ -0.166
                                                        100 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
## 9
           111 15011
                        71 BOXER
                                     1 " CALI~ -0.450 100 SOTOMA~
                                                                           1
                                                       100 SOTOMA~
## 10
           111 49300
                       71 FEIN~
                                     1 " CALI~ -0.263
                                                                           1
## # ... with 101 more rows, and 1 more variable: sameprty <dbl>
sotomayor_poole$nomid <- rep(0.780) # ideology score of the judicial nominee: https://en.wikipedia.org/
sotomayor_poole$regime_dummy <- rep(1) # whether the judicial nominee was pre- or post-bork (1 is post-
sotomayor poole$lackqual <- rep(1-0.810) # you take how qualified someone is based on newspaper editori
# you will need to calculate the following (later)
sotomayor_poole$csnom <- NA # this is going to be the Segal-Cover score for each nominee "transformed"
sotomayor_poole$eucldist <- NA # this is going to be the Euclidean distance between the senator and the
```

```
sotomayor_poole$interaction <-NA # this is the interaction between ideological distance and qualificati
# bind the dataset to the bork dataset
all data <- full join(bork alito poole, sotomayor poole)
## Joining, by = c("congress", "statenm", "name", "cs1", "nominee", "vote", "presprty", "nomid", "regim
# the last two columns are just for binding datasets before
# you can just keep them there if they don't interfere with your analysis going forward
# from reading the article, you know that you need the common space scores for each president as well
# the president is coded with a congressional district (cd) number of 0, and a state number (state) of
poole_filter <- poole %>%
 filter(cd == 0 & state == 99) %>%
 select(congress, name, dwnom1)
# rename name
poole_filter <- rename(poole_filter, pres = name)</pre>
# rename dwnom1
poole_filter <- rename(poole_filter, cspres = dwnom1)</pre>
# join together the cspres scores
all_data_full <- full_join(all_data, poole_filter)</pre>
## Joining, by = "congress"
sotomayor_poole_coeffs <- lm(cspres ~ nomid, data = all_data_full)</pre>
sotomayor_poole_coeffs$coefficients
## (Intercept)
                     nomid
## 0.5832055 -0.9999904
# result:
# (Intercept)
                    nomid
# 0.5832055 -0.9999904
# scale the common space scores for sotomayor
all data full$csnom <- 0.5832055 - 0.9999904*all data full$nomid
# do the calculations for ideological distance
all_data_full$eucldist <- (all_data_full$csnom - all_data_full$cs1)^2
# do the calculations for the interaction between ideological distance and qualifications
all_data_full\$interaction <- all_data_full\$eucldist*sotomayor_poole\$lackqual
## Warning in all_data_full$eucldist * sotomayor_poole$lackqual: longer object
## length is not a multiple of shorter object length
# now you have the full dataset so you can run the analysis again from black to sotomayor (and not just
datasummary((`Senate Vote` = vote) +
              (`Lack of Qualifications` = lackqual) +
              (`Ideological Distance` = eucldist) +
              (`Strong President` = strngprs) +
              (`Same Party` = sameprty) ~
```

```
Mean + SD + Min + Max,
data = all_data_full,
output = 'markdown')
```

	Mean	SD	Min	Max
Senate Vote	0.87	0.36	0.00	9.00
Lack of Qualifications	0.22	0.26	0.00	0.89
Ideological Distance	0.21	0.25	0.00	1.21
Strong President	0.57	0.49	0.00	1.00
Same Party	0.56	0.50	0.00	1.00

Table 2:

	Senate Vote			
	CCS Nominees	Additional Nominees	Include Alito and Sotomayor	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	
Lack of Qualifications	-2.518***	-2.320***	$-2.250^{***}$	
	(0.155)	(0.122)	(0.121)	
Ideological Distance	-2.128***	$-2.242^{***}$	-2.029***	
	(0.177)	(0.151)	(0.133)	
Strong President	0.882***	0.767***	0.649***	
	(0.104)	(0.071)	(0.071)	
Same Party	0.477***	0.707***	0.625***	
	(0.093)	(0.078)	(0.080)	
Constant	1.840***	1.816***	1.909***	
	(0.094)	(0.082)	(0.086)	
Observations	2,062	3,709	3,709	
Log Likelihood	-550.328	-846.606	-833.681	
Akaike Inf. Crit.	1,110.656	1,703.213	1,677.361	

Note:

\*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01

## Replication

Find replication materials for a paper and replicate a table within the paper.

- There are many political science papers with data stored in the Stata (`.dta`) file format accompani
- If you do find replication materials in R and would like to run the entire R script, please feel free Here are some great resources for finding articles with reproducible data.
  - Political Science Replication (https://politicalsciencereplication.wordpress.com/)
  - Harvard Dataverse (https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/harvard?q=&fq0=subject\_ss%3A%22S ocial%20Sciences%22&types=dataverses%3Adatasets&sort=dateSort&order=desc)
  - Recent articles from Political Science Research and Methods, American Journal of Political Science, American Political Science Review, and Political Analysis
    - You can access articles in the top journals by signing into the UW-Madison Library website (https://library.wisc.edu) with your UW netID

## Submit

Email me (mshieh2@wisc.edu) the link to your ps811-exercises repository when you are done.