Array of folded patches

Wireless Electromagnetic Technologies - University of Rome Tor Vergata

Professor: Marrocco Gaetano, Students: Blasi Luca, Mastrofini Alessandro, Mucenica Stefan Leonard

Tchebyshev array factor design

The design of the Tchebyshev array factor will be made with five elements and a lobe/side lobe ratio of $R = 41.58 \, dB$. In order to minimize the beamwidth, let's look for the optimal inter-spacing:

$$d_{\text{max}} = \lambda \left[1 - \frac{1}{2\pi} \arccos\left(\frac{3 - x_1}{1 + x_1}\right) \right] \quad \text{with} \quad d_{\text{max}} \in \left[\frac{\lambda}{2}, \lambda\right]$$
 (1)

Parameter	Value
Feed coefficients [A]	$\begin{bmatrix} C_{-2} \\ C_{-1} \\ C_0 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9.6 \\ 29.8 \\ 41.2 \\ 29.8 \\ 9.6 \end{bmatrix}$
Tapering efficiency	$\eta_T = 79\%$
Beamwidth	Tchebyshev Uniform 50.6° 34.8°

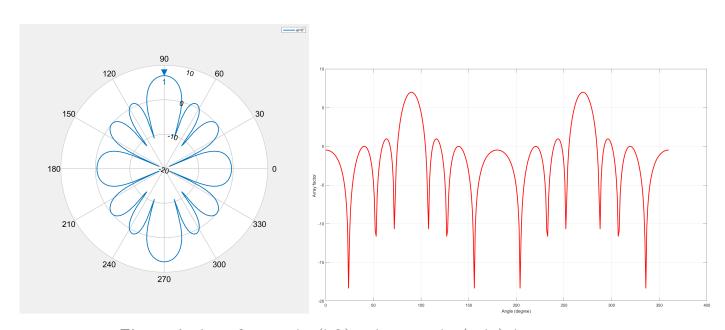


Figure 1: Array factor polar (left) and rectangular (right) diagrams

Rectangular folded patch design

Mesh density refinement

A FR4 substrate thickness of $h_{sub}=0.8\,mm$ has been selected so it could be considered as a thin one:

$$\lambda_{sub} = 0.0652 \, m \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{h_{sub}}{\lambda_{sub}} \cong \frac{1}{81}$$

In case of thin substrates $(h/\lambda \le 1/50)$, the Antenna Toolbox suggests to mesh the antenna using dielectric in auto mode. The other two available substrate thicknesses $(1.0 \, mm)$ and $1.6 \, mm$ have not

been adopted because the Antenna Toolbox reference doesn't give any information about accuracy of the results in case of $h_{sub} \in \left(\frac{\lambda}{50}, \frac{\lambda}{10}\right)$.

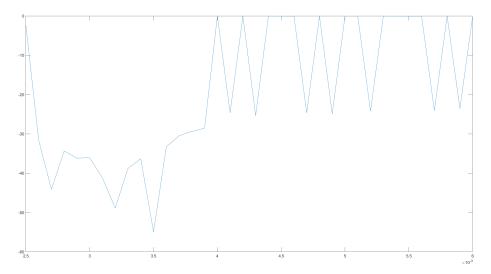


Figure 2: Minimum of the reflection coefficient $\Gamma[dB]$ in the frequency range $2.0 \div 2.2\,GHz$ depending on the varying mesh density level

Patch parameters

$$L + W - w_{SC} = \frac{\lambda}{4} + h_{sub}$$

$$W = \frac{\lambda_0}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\epsilon_r + 1}}$$
(2)

$$BW_E = 2 \arccos \sqrt{\frac{7.03 \lambda_0^2}{4 (3 L_e^2 + h^2) \pi^2}}$$

$$BW_H = 2 \arccos \sqrt{\frac{1}{2 + k_0 W}}$$
(3)

$$\ell_{feed} = \frac{L}{\pi} \arccos \sqrt{\frac{R_{in}}{R_r}} \tag{4}$$

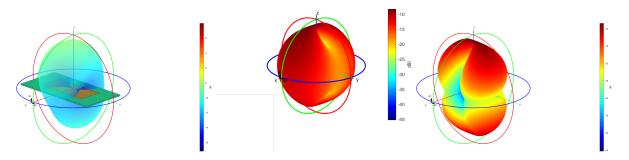


Figure 3: Gain pattern (left), gain pattern with vertical polarization (center) and with the horizontal one (right)

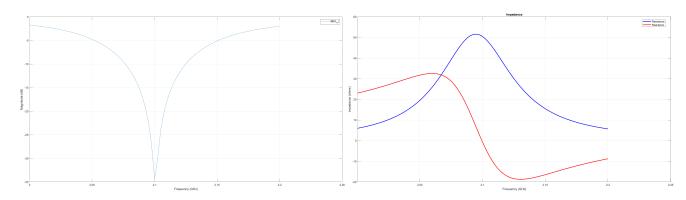


Figure 4: Reflection coefficient (left) and impedances (right) plots depending on $f \in 2.0 \div 2.1 \, GHz$

Overall array performance evaluation