Analyzing and Visualizing Open Precipitation Data

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Introduction

Public Data: Many public databases have been created for the purposes of making data freely accessible to the scientific community. A best practice is to assign a unique identifier to a dataset, so that it is discoverable. A common form of a unique identifier is a Digital Object Identifier or DOI® which points to the data.

Access Public Data: To access and process public data, you can use several routes.

- Download data files to your local machine and work with them in MATLAB®.
- Access data directly via an API. MATLAB's function that import data from NetCDF files from RESTful API
 used by many portals.
- If the portal offers only Python® bindings, call Python from MATLAB.

Data formats: MATLAB supports a broad range of data formats

- There is a wide range of scientific data formats that can be natively read in MATLAB. They include NetCDF, HDF5 and GRIB as well as more specialized data formats.
- In addition, the Mapping Toolbox™ contains built-in functions to read data from many online data repositories in standard geo-data formats.
- Sometimes data import functions may be written by the Geoscience community, and published on the MATLAB File Exchange - a portal for community contributions in MATLAB. All community contributions are covered by open source licenses, which means they can be re-used, modified or added to. Exact terms and conditions depend on the licenses used by the author.

Data and Resources

In this example, we use data covered by permissive license, (i.e., the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License - CC BY 4.0). It is important for Open Science to have such data since under CC BY 4.0 license you are free to share, copy, redistribute and adapt the material as long as you give appropriate credit, provide a link to the license, and indicate if any changes were made.

We access global climate data from the WCRP CMIP6 (World Climate Research Programme Coupled Intercomparison Project - Phase 6), which are located at: https://esgf-data.dkrz.de/search/cmip6-dkrz/.

The Data Space is hosted by the German Climate Computer Center (DKRZ) and the Infrastructure for the European Network for Earth System Modelling (IS-ENES), as a part of the global Earth System Grid Federation (ESGF).

The user can apply multiple filters and preferences for a large variety of climate parameters, such as see ice thickness, air pressure, phytoplankton mass concentration, etc, provided by different sources. In our example we used the following filtering:

CF Standard name: precipitation flux

Frequency: day

· Nominal Resolution: 10km, 25km

Make sure to check the box "Show all Replicas".

Example links for the data from ESGF MetaGrid (IInl.gov):

- data Link (1950 2014); e.g., data 19500101-19501231
- data Link (2015 2050); e.g., data 20450101-20451231

<u>Data Acknowledgment Statement</u> (see CMIP6 terms of use):

"We acknowledge the World Climate Research Programme, which, through its Working Group on Coupled Modelling, coordinated and promoted CMIP6. We thank the climate modeling groups for producing and making available their model output, the Earth System Grid Federation (ESGF) for archiving the data and providing access, and the multiple funding agencies who support CMIP6 and ESGF. We used the CMIP6 model data produced by the Research Center for Environmental Changes, Academia Sinica, Taiwan (AS-RCEC), which is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0; https://creativecommons.org/licenses/).

Further information about this data can be found via the further_info_url (recorded as a "Global Attributes: License" in these .nc files). The data producers and data providers make no warranty, either express or implied, including, but not limited to, warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. All liabilities arising from the supply of the information (including any liability arising in negligence) are excluded to the fullest extent permitted by law."

Import Data from the web

```
clearvars; clc; close all
```

You can read any 2 data sets from the example links indicated above, one imported as "URLpast" and a subsequent one as "URLproj".

There are a bunch of functions that you can use to interact with NetCDF files.

```
% read NETCDF data from the web
    URLpast
= "https://esgf-data1.llnl.gov/thredds/dodsC/css03_data/CMIP6/HighResMIP/AS-
RCEC/HiRAM-SIT-HR/highresSST-present/r1i1p1f1/day/pr/gn/v20210713/pr_day_HiRAM-SIT-
HR_highresSST-present_r1i1p1f1_gn_19530101-19531231.nc";
    URLproj
= "https://esgf-data1.llnl.gov/thredds/dodsC/css03_data/CMIP6/HighResMIP/AS-
RCEC/HiRAM-SIT-HR/highresSST-future/r1i1p1f1/day/pr/gn/v20210707/pr_day_HiRAM-SIT-
HR_highresSST-future_r1i1p1f1_gn_20450101-20451231.nc";
```

Read the precipitation flux as "Variable"

parent_variant_label

physics_index

product

```
ncdisp(URLpast)
Source:
          https://esgf-data1.llnl.gov/thredds/dodsC/css03 data/CMIP6/HighResMIP/AS-RCEC/HiRAM-SIT-HR/highresSST-pro
Format:
          classic
Global Attributes:
                                        = 'CF-1.7 CMIP-6.2'
          Conventions
          activity_id
                                       = 'HighResMIP'
          branch_method
                                       = 'no parent'
          contact
                                       = 'Dr. Chia-Ying Tu (cytu@gate.sinica.edu.tw)'
                                        = '2021-07-01T18:11:53Z'
          creation_date
          data_specs_version
                                       = 'forced atmosphere experiment for 1950-2014'
          experiment
          experiment_id
                                        = 'highresSST-present'
                                        = 'areacella'
          external_variables
          forcing_index
                                        = 1
                                        = 'day'
          frequency
          further_info_url
                                        = 'https://furtherinfo.es-doc.org/CMIP6.AS-RCEC.HiRAM-SIT-HR.highresSST-p
          grid
                                        = 'primarily 0.25deg; 1536 x 768 longitude/latitude'
          grid label
          history
                                         = '2021-07-01T18:11:53Z ; CMOR rewrote data to be consistent with CMIP6,
          initialization index
          institution
                                        = 'Research Center for Environmental Changes, Academia Sinica, Nankang, Ta
          institution_id
                                        = 'AS-RCEC'
                                        = 'CMIP6'
          mip era
          nominal_resolution
                                        = '25 km'
          parent activity id
                                        = 'no parent'
          parent_experiment_id
                                       = 'no parent'
          parent_mip_era
                                        = 'no parent'
          parent source id
                                        = 'no parent'
          parent time units
                                        = 'no parent'
```

= 'no parent'

= 'model-output'

= 1

```
realization_index
                                           = 1
                                           = 'atmos'
           realm
                                           = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR (2018):
           source
                                             aerosol: none
                                             atmos: GFDL-HiRAM (Cubed-sphere (c384) - 0.25 degree nominal horizontal
                                             atmosChem: none
                                             land: GFDL-LM3 (same grid as atmos)
                                             landIce: none
                                             ocean: SIT (1-D, tripolar - nominal 0.25 deg; 1440 x 1080 longitude/lat
                                             ocnBgchem: none
                                             seaIce: none'
           source_id
                                           = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR'
                                           = 'AGCM AER'
           source_type
           sub_experiment
                                           = 'none'
           sub_experiment_id
                                           = 'none'
                                           = 'day'
           table_id
           table info
                                           = 'Creation Date: (28 May 2020) MD5:7d39246ef1034245efba3e04f5c9ac59'
           title
                                           = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR output prepared for CMIP6'
           variable id
                                           = 'pr'
                                           = 'r1i1p1f1'
           variant_label
                                           = 'CMIP6 model data produced by REQUIRED is licensed under a Creative Com
           license
                                           = '3.5.0'
           cmor_version
                                           = 'hdl:21.14100/708b6a19-2ace-4e8f-b90c-23e3dcfc050f'
           tracking_id
           DODS_EXTRA.Unlimited_Dimension = 'time'
Dimensions:
           time = 365
                        (UNLIMITED)
           bnds = 2
           lat = 768
           lon = 1536
Variables:
   time
           Size:
                       365x1
           Dimensions: time
           Datatype:
                       double
           Attributes:
                                     = 'time_bnds'
                       bounds
                       units
                                     = 'days since 1948-1-1 00:00:00'
                                     = 'standard'
                       calendar
                                     = 'T'
                       axis
                       long_name
                                    = 'time'
                       standard_name = 'time'
                       _ChunkSizes
                                    = 1
   time\_bnds
           Size:
                       2x365
           Dimensions: bnds, time
                       double
           Datatype:
           Attributes:
                       _{\text{ChunkSizes}} = [1 \ 2]
    lat
           Size:
                       768x1
           Dimensions: lat
           Datatype:
                       double
           Attributes:
                                      = 'lat bnds'
                       bounds
                       units
                                      = 'degrees_north'
                                     = 'Y'
                       axis
                                     = 'Latitude'
                       long name
                       standard_name = 'latitude'
    lat bnds
           Size:
                       2x768
           Dimensions: bnds, lat
           Datatype:
                       double
           Attributes:
                       _ChunkSizes = [768
                                              2]
```

```
1536x1
           Size:
           Dimensions: lon
           Datatype:
                       double
           Attributes:
                       bounds
                                     = 'lon_bnds'
                                     = 'degrees_east'
                       units
                                     = 'X'
                       axis
                                     = 'Longitude'
                       long_name
                       standard_name = 'longitude'
    lon_bnds
           Size:
                       2x1536
           Dimensions: bnds,lon
           Datatype:
                       double
           Attributes:
                       _{\text{ChunkSizes}} = [1536]
                                                2]
    pr
           Size:
                       1536x768x365
           Dimensions: lon, lat, time
           Datatype:
                       single
           Attributes:
                       standard_name = 'precipitation_flux'
                                      = 'Precipitation'
                       long_name
                                      = 'includes both liquid and solid phases'
                       comment
                                      = 'kg m-2 s-1'
                       units
                       original_name = 'precip'
                       original_units = 'kg/m2/s'
                                      = '2021-07-01T18:11:53Z altered by CMOR: Converted units from 'kg/m2/s' to 'kg
                       history
                       cell methods = 'area: time: mean'
                       cell_measures = 'area: areacella'
                       missing_value = 1.000000020040877e+20
                       FillValue
                                      = 1.000000020040877e+20
                       _ChunkSizes
                                      = [1 384 768]
ncdisp(URLproj)
Source:
           https://esgf-data1.llnl.gov/thredds/dodsC/css03 data/CMIP6/HighResMIP/AS-RCEC/HiRAM-SIT-HR/highresSST-fu
Format:
           classic
Global Attributes:
                                          = 'CF-1.7 CMIP-6.2'
           Conventions
           activity_id
                                          = 'HighResMIP'
           branch_method
                                          = 'standard'
           branch time in child
                                          = 24472
           branch_time_in_parent
                                          = 24472
                                          = 'Dr. Chia-Ying Tu (cytu@gate.sinica.edu.tw)'
           contact
                                          = '2021-06-29T11:29:22Z'
           creation date
           data_specs_version
                                          = 'forced atmosphere experiment for 2015-2050 using SST/sea-ice derived f
           experiment
           experiment_id
                                          = 'highresSST-future'
                                          = 'areacella'
           external_variables
                                          = 1
           forcing_index
                                           = 'day'
           frequency
           further_info_url
                                           = 'https://furtherinfo.es-doc.org/CMIP6.AS-RCEC.HiRAM-SIT-HR.highresSST-f
           grid
                                          = 'primarily 0.25deg; 1536 x 768 longitude/latitude'
           grid_label
                                          = '2021-06-29T11:29:22Z ; CMOR rewrote data to be consistent with CMIP6,
           history
           initialization_index
                                          = 1
           institution
                                          = 'Research Center for Environmental Changes, Academia Sinica, Nankang, T
                                          = 'AS-RCEC'
           institution_id
                                          = 'CMIP6'
           mip_era
                                          = '25 km'
           nominal_resolution
                                           = 'HighResMIP'
           parent_activity_id
```

1on

```
parent_experiment_id
                                         = 'highresSST-present'
                                         = 'CMIP6'
          parent_mip_era
                                         = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR'
          parent_source_id
          parent_time_units
                                        = 'days since 1948-01-01 00:00:00'
                                         = 'r1i1p1f1'
           parent_variant_label
           physics_index
                                         = 1
           product
                                         = 'model-output'
           realization_index
                                         = 1
          realm
                                         = 'atmos'
                                         = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR (2018):
          source
                                           aerosol: none
                                           atmos: GFDL-HiRAM (Cubed-sphere (c384) - 0.25 degree nominal horizontal
                                           atmosChem: none
                                           land: GFDL-LM3 (same grid as atmos)
                                           landIce: none
                                           ocean: SIT (1-D, tripolar - nominal 0.25 deg; 1440 x 1080 longitude/lat.
                                           ocnBgchem: none
                                           seaIce: none'
                                         = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR'
           source id
           source_type
                                         = 'AGCM AER'
                                         = 'none'
          sub_experiment
                                         = 'none'
          sub_experiment_id
                                         = 'day'
          table_id
                                         = 'Creation Date:(28 May 2020) MD5:7d39246ef1034245efba3e04f5c9ac59'
          table_info
                                         = 'HiRAM-SIT-HR output prepared for CMIP6'
          title
                                         = 'pr'
          variable_id
                                         = 'r1i1p1f1'
          variant label
                                         = 'CMIP6 model data produced by REQUIRED is licensed under a Creative Com
          license
          cmor_version
                                         = 'hdl:21.14100/bc166568-c398-40fb-9db3-391252149fdf'
           tracking id
          DODS_EXTRA.Unlimited_Dimension = 'time'
Dimensions:
          time = 365
                       (UNLIMITED)
          bnds = 2
          lat = 768
          lon = 1536
Variables:
   time
          Size:
                      365x1
          Dimensions: time
          Datatype:
                      double
          Attributes:
                                   = 'time_bnds'
                      bounds
                                   = 'days since 1948-1-1 00:00:00'
                      units
                      calendar
                                   = 'standard'
                                   = 'T'
                      axis
                       long_name = 'time'
                       standard_name = 'time'
                       ChunkSizes
   time_bnds
                      2x365
          Size:
          Dimensions: bnds, time
          Datatype:
                      double
          Attributes:
                      _ChunkSizes = [1 2]
   lat
          Size:
                      768x1
          Dimensions: lat
          Datatype:
                      double
          Attributes:
                                   = 'lat_bnds'
                      bounds
                      units
                                  = 'degrees_north'
                                   = 'Y'
                      axis
                                   = 'Latitude'
                      long_name
```

```
standard_name = 'latitude'
    lat bnds
          Size:
                      2x768
          Dimensions: bnds, lat
          Datatype:
                      double
          Attributes:
                      ChunkSizes = [768
                                            2]
    lon
          Size:
                      1536x1
          Dimensions: lon
          Datatype:
                      double
          Attributes:
                                    = 'lon_bnds'
                      bounds
                                   = 'degrees_east'
                      units
                                   = 'X'
                      axis
                                  = 'Longitude'
                      long_name
                      standard name = 'longitude'
    lon_bnds
          Size:
                      2x1536
          Dimensions: bnds,lon
          Datatype:
                      double
          Attributes:
                      _ChunkSizes = [1536
                                              2]
    pr
          Size:
                      1536x768x365
          Dimensions: lon, lat, time
          Datatype:
                      single
          Attributes:
                      standard_name = 'precipitation_flux'
                      long_name = 'Precipitation'
                                    = 'includes both liquid and solid phases'
                      comment
                                = 'kg m-2 s-1'
                      units
                      original_name = 'precip'
                      original_units = 'kg/m2/s'
                                 = '2021-06-29T11:29:22Z altered by CMOR: Converted units from 'kg/m2/s' to 'k
                      history
                      cell_methods = 'area: time: mean'
                      cell_measures = 'area: areacella'
                      missing_value = 1.000000020040877e+20
                      FillValue = 1.000000020040877e+20
                      _ChunkSizes
                                     = [1 384 768]
Variable = "pr";
```

Read and filter Geospatial Data

read longitude and latitude from the .nc file

```
lon = double(ncread(URLpast,'lon'));
lat = double(ncread(URLpast,'lat'));
```

Filter Data in Time and Space

Select boundaries of a rectangular area

```
%minimum and maximum longitude
minlon = 25;maxlon = 40; % set values from 0 to 360
%minimum and maximum latitude
minlat = 35;maxlat = 50; % set values from -90 to 90
```

Select first day and number of days after the first (their sum must not exceed 365)

```
starttime = 100;counttime = 190;% set values from 1 to 365
```

Find the indexes of longitude and latitude that correspond to the selected geographical boundaries

```
indlon = find(lon>=minlon & lon<=maxlon);
indlat = find(lat>=minlat & lat<=maxlat);

startlon=indlon(1); countlon=numel(indlon);
startlat=indlat(1); countlat=numel(indlat);</pre>
```

Import Filtered Data

Import longitude, latitude, time and precipitation values for past and future data, as constrained in the previous section.

```
lat = double(ncread(URLpast, 'lat', startlat, countlat));
lon = double(ncread(URLpast, 'lon', startlon, countlon));
tpast = double(ncread(URLpast, 'time', starttime, counttime));
tproj = double(ncread(URLproj, 'time', starttime, counttime));
Varpast = double(ncread(URLpast, Variable, [startlon startlat starttime], [countlon countlat counttime]));
Varproj = double(ncread(URLproj, Variable, [startlon startlat starttime], [countlon countlat counttime]));
```

read the precipitation unit from the .nc file

```
unit = ncreadatt(URLpast, 'pr', 'original_units');
```

Convert units from sec-1 to day-1

```
Varpast = Varpast*86400;
Varproj = Varproj*86400;
newunit = "kg m^-^2 day^-^1"

newunit = "kg m^-^2 day^-^1"
```

Calculate dates

calculate date vectors, as days passed since the reference date in the .nc file

```
Tpast = datetime('1948-1-1')+tpast, Tproj = datetime('1948-1-1')+tproj
```

```
Tpast = 190×1 datetime

10-Apr-1953 12:00:00

11-Apr-1953 12:00:00

12-Apr-1953 12:00:00

13-Apr-1953 12:00:00

14-Apr-1953 12:00:00

15-Apr-1953 12:00:00

16-Apr-1953 12:00:00
```

```
18-Apr-1953 12:00:00
19-Apr-1953 12:00:00
Tproj = 190×1 datetime
10-Apr-2045 12:00:00
11-Apr-2045 12:00:00
12-Apr-2045 12:00:00
13-Apr-2045 12:00:00
14-Apr-2045 12:00:00
15-Apr-2045 12:00:00
16-Apr-2045 12:00:00
17-Apr-2045 12:00:00
18-Apr-2045 12:00:00
19-Apr-2045 12:00:00
Tpast.Format = 'dd-MMM-uuuu';Tproj.Format = 'dd-MMM-uuuu';
Tpast_str = string(Tpast);
Tproj_str = string(Tproj);
```

Select a day to visualize precipitation data

```
close all
```

Select a day

17-Apr-1953 12:00:00

```
t1 = Tpast_str(6);inx = Tpast_str == t1;
```

Create a grid with precipitation values

```
[lat1,lon1] = meshgrid(lat,lon);
Var1past = Varpast(:,:,inx);
Var1proj = Varproj(:,:,inx);
mV = min([min(Var1past(:)),min(Var1proj(:))])

mV = -9.0042e-16

MV = max([max(Var1past(:)),max(Var1proj(:))])

MV = 51.4354
```

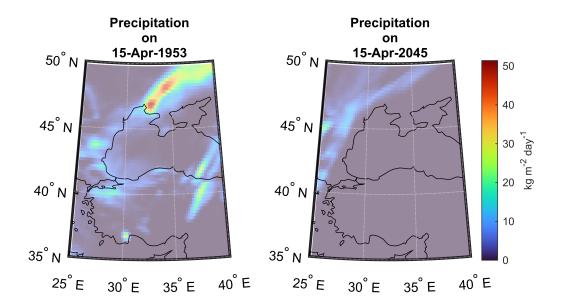
Customize colormap limits to the selected data

```
CBmin = -9.00419266706534e-16;
CBmax = 51.43537279218435;
```

Visualize and compare past and projected data

Create a 2 frame figure. Plot the past data in the left frame and the projected data in the right frame. Add the coastlines in both figures. The text displayed in the figure (title, colorbar) is also directly imported from the .nc file metadata and the parameter values we have set.

```
tiledlayout(1,2)
nexttile % past
worldmap([minlat maxlat],[minlon maxlon])
geoshow(lat1,lon1,Var1past,'DisplayType','texturemap','FaceAlpha',0.5);
geoshow('landareas.shp','EdgeColor','black','FaceColor','none')
title([ncreadatt(URLpast, Variable, 'long_name'), 'on', t1])
  clim([CBmin CBmax])
nexttile %projection
worldmap([minlat maxlat],[minlon maxlon])
geoshow(lat1,lon1,Var1proj,'DisplayType','texturemap','FaceAlpha',0.5);
geoshow('landareas.shp','EdgeColor','black','FaceColor','none')
 cb = colorbar; % display colorbar
 cb.Location='eastoutside';
 cb.Label.String = (newunit);
title([ncreadatt(URLproj,Variable,'long_name'),'on',Tproj_str(inx)])
  clim([CBmin CBmax])
 colormap turbo
```



Some Stats!

In this section a comparison is performed between the past and projected data.

- First, the precipitation time series (daily, solid lines; cumulative, dashed lines) are plotted in the same plot for direct comparison.
- Then, box charts are generated to show the daily sum average precipitation values distribution (including the outliers)
- Finally, 3 Hypothesis Tests are performed to evaluate the statistical significance of the results from the comparison of the past and projected precipitation:
- a) The Wilcoxon rank sum test: Tests the null hypothesis that past and projected data are samples from continuous distributions with equal medians, against the alternative that they are not.
- b) The 2 sample t-test: Tests the null hypothesis that past and projected data come from independent random samples from normal distributions with equal means and equal but unknown variances. The alternative hypothesis is that the past and projected data comes from populations with unequal means.
- c) The 2 sample Kolmogorov Smirnov test: Tests the null hypothesis that that past and projected data are from the same continuous distribution against the alternative hypothesis that they are from different continuous distributions.

Compare incremental and cumulative precipitation

```
N = numel(tpast)
N = 190
```

Select number of days (between 1 and N)

```
T1 = Tpast_str(1);inx1 = Tpast_str == T1;n1 = find(inx1);
T2 = Tpast_str(190);inx2 = Tpast_str == T2;n2 = find(inx2);
n = n2 - n1 +1;
if n2<=n1;error('End date (n2) should be greater than start date (n1)');end</pre>
```

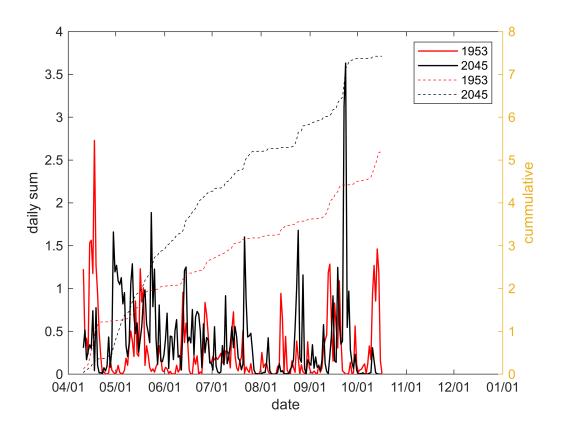
Generate Daily/Cumulative Plots and Box Charts

```
Boxp1 = zeros(size(n,1));Boxp2 = zeros(size(n,1));cou=1;
for i=n1:n2
Boxp1(cou) = sum(Varpast(:,:,i),"all");
Boxp2(cou) = sum(Varproj(:,:,i),"all");
cou=cou+1;
end
```

Daily and Cumulative plots

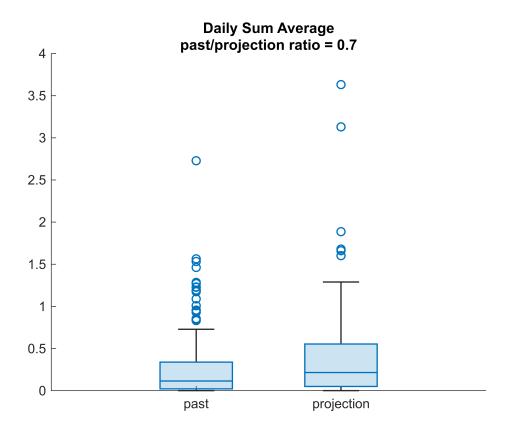
```
figure
```

```
plot(Tpast(n1:n2),Boxp1,'r-',Tpast(n1:n2),Boxp2,'k-',LineWidth=1);datetick('x',6);yl
abel('daily sum');xlabel('date');
hold on
yyaxis
right;plot(Tpast(n1:n2),cumsum(Boxp1),'r--',Tpast(n1:n2),cumsum(Boxp2),'k--');dateti
ck('x',6);ylabel('cummulative');xlabel('date');
legend(num2str(year(Tpast(1))),num2str(year(Tproj(1))),num2str(year(Tpast(1))),num2s
tr(year(Tproj(1))))
```



Box charts

```
figure
group = categorical([repmat("past", size(Boxp1));repmat("projection",
    size(Boxp2))]);
boxchart([Boxp1',Boxp2']);xticklabels({'past','projection'});
title(["Daily Sum Average","past/projection ratio = "+num2str(sum(Boxp1)/
    sum(Boxp2),'%7.1f')])
```



Perform Statistical Tests

```
[p.Wilcoxon,h.Wilcoxon] = ranksum(Boxp1,Boxp2); % null hypothesis, h0, equal medians
[h.ttest2,p.ttest2] = ttest2(Boxp1,Boxp2); % null hypothesis, h0, equal means
[h.kstest2,p.kstest2] = kstest2(Boxp1,Boxp2); % null hypothesis, h0, samples come
from the same distribution
h.ttest2 = logical(h.ttest2);

if h.Wilcoxon==0;disp(['>> The <strong>Wilcoxon</strong> rank sum test FAILS to
reject the hypothesis of equal medians at ',num2str(p.Wilcoxon) ' significance'])
else; disp(['>> The <strong>Wilcoxon</strong> rank sum test REJECTS the hypothesis
of equal medians at ',num2str(p.Wilcoxon), ' significance'])
end
```

>> The Wilcoxon rank sum test REJECTS the hypothesis of equal medians at 0.0017175 significance

```
if h.ttest2==0;disp(['>> The 2-sample <strong>t-test</strong> FAILS to reject the
hypothesis of equal means at ' ,num2str(p.ttest2) ' significance'])
else; disp(['>> The 2-sample <strong>t-test</strong> REJECTS the hypothesis of
equal means at ',num2str(p.ttest2), ' significance'])
end
```

>> The 2-sample t-test REJECTS the hypothesis of equal means at 0.011602 significance

```
if h.kstest2==0;disp(['>> The 2-sample <strong>Kolmogorov-Smirnov</strong> test
FAILS to reject the hypothesis that the two samples come from the same distribution
at ' ,num2str(p.kstest2) ' significance'])
else; disp(['>> The 2-sample <strong>Kolmogorov-Smirnov</strong> test REJECTS
the hypothesis that the two samples come from the same distribution at
',num2str(p.kstest2), ' significance'])
end
```

>> The 2-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test REJECTS the hypothesis that the two samples come from the same distribution

Publish reusable MATLAB code for reproducible results

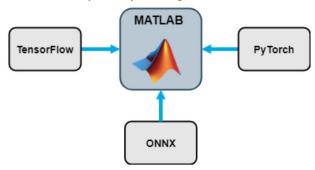
To enable collaboration partners, reviewers and the community reuse your MATLAB code and reproduce your results.

- Publish your MATLAB code (eg: on GitHub) and generate a DOI (digital object identifier) by linking it
 to a DOI generating portal (e.g. Figshare®, Zenodo®). Make your research output findable by including
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- Make sure you include a license for your code that specifies reuse and re-distribution rights for the code. Various open source licenses are available. BSD, MIT and Apache licenses are commonly used for open research software.
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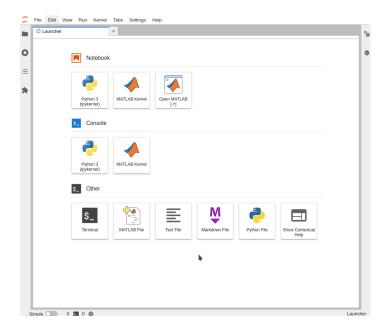


• Make your MATLAB code interoperable. MATLAB is interoperable with several other languages including C, Fortran and Python. MATLAB can be directly called from Python using the MATLAB Engine for Python® which is available as a PyPl® package and can be installed using the command pip install matlab.engine from Python. MATLAB code can also be packaged as a Python library and called from Python. Deep Learning models from other frameworks are interoperable with MATLAB either using the ONNX™ interface or via direct interfaces that exist, for example, for Pytorch® and Tensorflow™ models.

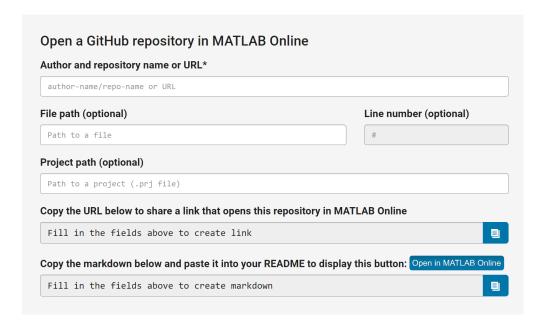
Functions that Import Deep Learning Networks



MATLAB is interoperable with cloud architectures such as JupyterHub® and MATLAB code can also be
used within Jupyter Notebooks. Here is a link to a Jupyter® notebook of the same example used here.
 There is an official MATLAB kernel for Jupyter Notebooks - read about it here. To easily convert a Live
Script into a Jupyter® notebook use the export function.



• Run your MATLAB code on the browser directly from GitHub. Copy and paste the GitHub repo address into this app. That will generate a command, which when pasted into your README, will create a "Open in MATLAB Online™" button on your GitHub repository. By clicking on this button, users will be able to run your code in the browser on MATLAB Online.

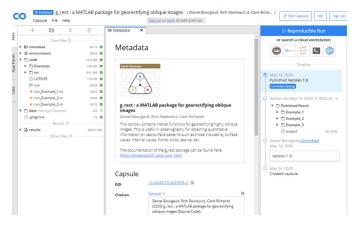


• Make your MATLAB code reproducible by using a reproducibility portals that supports MATLAB. One example is Code Ocean®. On Code Ocean, you can upload your MATLAB code including dependencies. Once uploaded, your code is tested and published as a Code Ocean "capsule" which can be run online or downloaded and run locally by users. Code Ocean also generates a DOI for your code capsule. For Live Scripts, convert the .mlx file into e.g., a .m file, a .html or a.ipynb file using the export function for best results. Here is the DOI for the Code Ocean capsule of the this code. Read more about MATLAB on Code Ocean here.

Code Reproducibility and Reuse Sites that Host MATLAB

A number of sites that focus on code reproducibility and reuse host MATLAB on the cloud. Researchers can view and download the MATLAB code for their own use, while publishers, such as Nature, use the sites to conduct peer reviews including running and verifying the code for computation-based papers.

For example, we shared information about Code Ocean a few years ago, showcasing how researchers can upload their code and run code posted by others on Code Ocean without needing to access their own MATLAB license.



• **Warning**: Before making your code available on the cloud, <u>make sure all dependencies including any</u> <u>data that is needed for your code to run is uploaded along with the code</u>. Also make sure any <u>path and/or filenames that refer to local directories are appropriately renamed</u>.

• FAIR standards: FAIR is an acronym that stands for Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reproducible. It is an accepted standard for research output (code, data) and is often required for your research results to be in compliance with "Open Science" standards. Adhering to the above pointers helps in making your MATLAB code FAIR

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