

MATT KNIGHT // BASTILLE NETWORKS

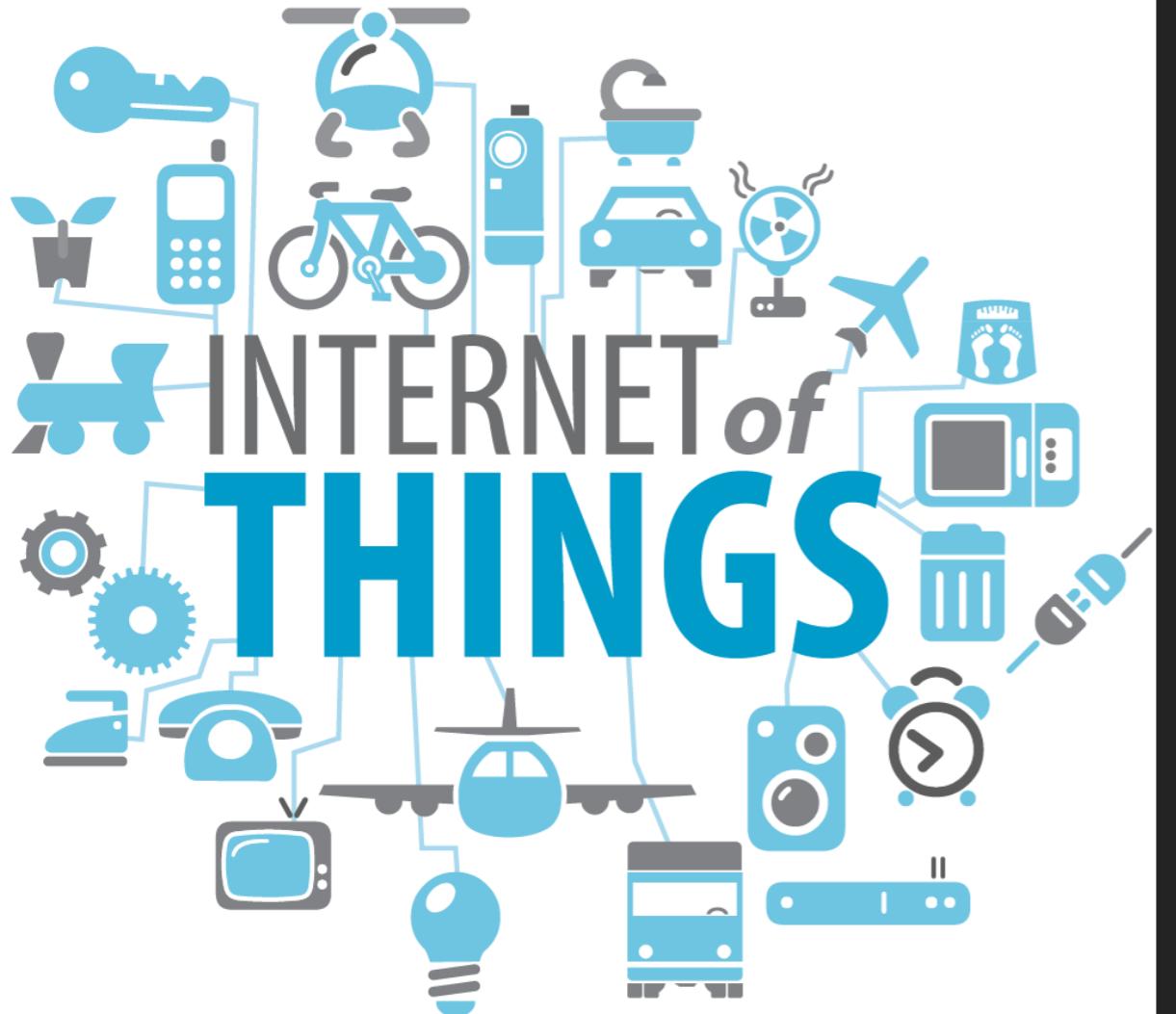
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# WIRELESS LOCKPICKING

EXPLORING 802.15.4 COMMAND INJECTION

## WHO AM I

- ▶ Matt Knight
- ▶ SWE & Threat Researcher @ Bastille Networks
- ▶ Passionate about:
  - ▶ Wireless sensor networks
  - ▶ Information security
  - ▶ Finding out what hardware actually does



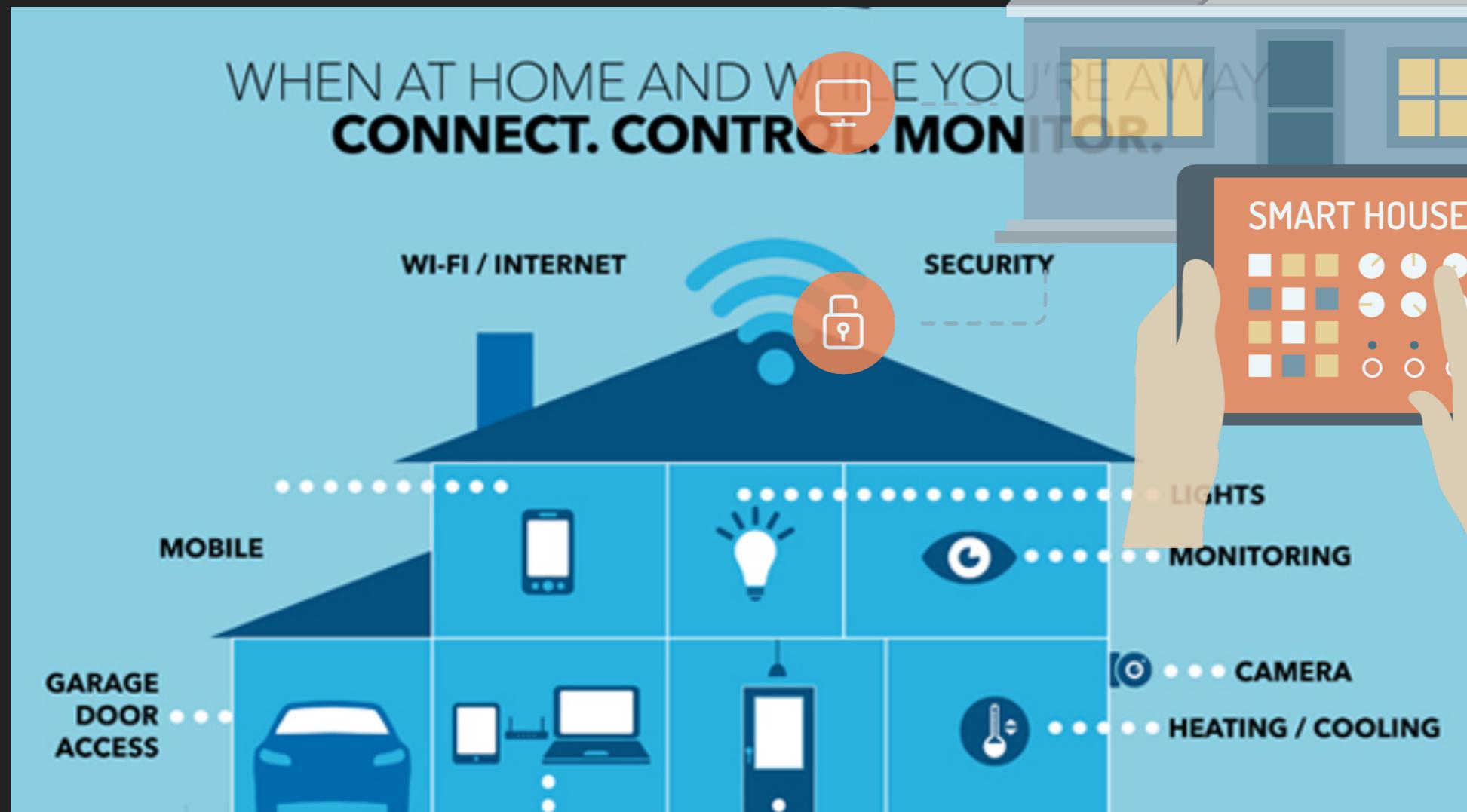
INTERNET OF THINGS

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**50 BILLION**

BY 2020

# THE CONNECTED HOME



## RSA IOT SANDBOX

- ▶ Coordinated by Balint Seeber, Jesus Molina, and Joe Gordon
- ▶ Idyllic IoT environment presented: the smart home
- ▶ Common smart home functions relate to **physical security**
  - ▶ Door locks
  - ▶ Home security systems

# THE HEIST



## THE SETUP

- ▶ Yale door lock
- ▶ DSC home security system
- ▶ Internet connected doll
- ▶ Wireless shock collar
- ▶ IoT Snake!

## THE HEIST

## THE SETUP

## THE HEIST

- ▶ Yale door lock  Unlocked wirelessly
- ▶ DSC home security system
- ▶ Internet connected doll
- ▶ Wireless shock collar
- ▶ IoT Snake!

## THE SETUP

- ▶ Yale door lock  Unlocked wirelessly
- ▶ DSC home security system  Jammed
- ▶ Internet connected doll
- ▶ Wireless shock collar
- ▶ IoT Snake!

## THE HEIST

## THE SETUP

- ▶ Yale door lock → Unlocked wirelessly
- ▶ DSC home security system → Jammed
- ▶ Internet connected doll → Spies on your kids
- ▶ Wireless shock collar
- ▶ IoT Snake!

## THE HEIST

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## THE SETUP

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## YALE DOOR LOCK

- ▶ Made smart by add-on ZigBee module
- ▶ Connected to SmartThings IoT hub



## WIRELESS PROTOCOLS

### ▶ Incumbent

- ▶ Cellular, WiFi, WiFi Direct, Bluetooth, BTLE, 802.15.4 (incl. ZigBee, 6PAN, Thread), Z-Wave, ANT, Enocean, etc.

STANDARD	DATA RATE	RANGE	OPERATING SPECTRUM
Bluetooth	0.1-3 Mbps	1-10m (HPA: 100m)	2.4Ghz
Bluetooth Low Energy	1Mbps	5-10m	2.4Ghz
Zigbee / 802.15.4	20-250 kbps	1-100m	868Mhz, 915Mhz, 2.4Ghz
Passive RFID	868 kbps	0.01-3m	860-960Mhz, 13.5Mhz
Active RFID	10's of Mbps	0.01-100m	433Mhz
WLAN	1-54 Mbps	10-100m	2.4Ghz
UWB	53-480 Mbps	3-10m	3.1-10.6Ghz
Proprietary (Sensium)	50kbps	~3m	862-870Mhz 902-928Mhz
802.11a	54Mb/s	90-100ft	5.0Ghz
802.11b	11Mb/s	250-300ft	2.4Ghz
802.11g	54Mb/s	100ft	2.4Ghz

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### ZIGBEE

- ▶ Defines NWK and APP layers on top of 802.15.4 PHY/MAC
- ▶ Mesh routing topology
- ▶ Application Profiles: flexibility to suit different applications



## ZIGBEE SECURITY

- ▶ AES-128
- ▶ Network key shared when device is added to network
- ▶ OTA key exchange encrypted with a pre-shared key... the value of which is widely known
- ▶ 2015 paper by Tobias Zillner/Cognosec: <https://www.blackhat.com/docs/us-15/materials/us-15-Zillner-ZigBee-Exploited-The-Good-The-Bad-And-The-Ugly-wp.pdf>

## BATTERY POWERED COMMS

- ▶ Battery powered devices spend most of the time asleep
- ▶ Radios require a lot of power; battery powered devices can't afford to listen promiscuously
- ▶ PANs are designed with power consumption in mind
  - ▶ Z-Wave: beaming
  - ▶ 802.15.4: indirect data request

## 802.15.4 INDIRECT DATA TRANSFER

- ▶ Battery powered device calls home and asks for updates

```
▶ Frame 141: 12 bytes on wire (96 bits), 12 bytes captured (96 bits) on interface 0
▼ IEEE 802.15.4 Command, Dst: 0x0000, Src: 0xd7b9
  ▼ Frame Control Field: 0x8863, Frame Type: Command, Acknowledge Request, Intra-PAN, Destination Addressing Mode: Short/16-bit, Source Addressing Mode: Short/16-bit
    .... .... .011 = Frame Type: Command (0x0003)
    .... .... 0... = Security Enabled: False
    .... .... ..0 ... = Frame Pending: False
    .... .... ..1. .... = Acknowledge Request: True
    .... .... .1.. .... = Intra-PAN: True
    .... 10.. .... .... = Destination Addressing Mode: Short/16-bit (0x0002)
    ..00 .... .... .... = Frame Version: 0
    10.. .... .... .... = Source Addressing Mode: Short/16-bit (0x0002)
  Sequence Number: 133
  Destination PAN: 0x3eab
  Destination: 0x0000
  Source: 0xd7b9
  Command Identifier: Data Request (0x04)
  FCS: 0x411c (Correct)
```

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    .... 10... .... = Destination Addressing Mode: Short/16-bit (0x0002)
    ..00 .... .... = Frame Version: 0
    10.. .... .... = Source Addressing Mode: Short/16-bit (0x0002)
Sequence Number: 133
Destination PAN: 0x3eab
Destination: 0x0000
Source: 0xd7b9
Command Identifier: Data Request (0x04)
FCS: 0x411c (Correct)
```

- ▶ ACK FCF signals whether data is pending

```
► Frame 142: 5 bytes on wire (40 bits), 5 bytes captured (40 bits) on interface 0
▼ IEEE 802.15.4 Ack, Sequence Number: 133
  ▼ Frame Control Field: 0x0012, Frame Type: Ack, Frame Pending, Destination Addressing Mode: None, Source Addressing Mode: None
    .... .... .... .010 = Frame Type: Ack (0x0002)
    .... .... .... 0... = Security Enabled: False
    .... .... .... 1 .... = Frame Pending: True
    .... .... .... 0. .... = Acknowledge Request: False
    .... .... .... 0... .... = Intra-PAN: False
    .... 00... .... .... = Destination Addressing Mode: None (0x0000)
    ..00 .... .... .... = Frame Version: 0
    00.. .... .... .... = Source Addressing Mode: None (0x0000)
Sequence Number: 133
FCS: 0xe388 (Correct)
```

## UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

- ▶ Lock makes data request

HUB

- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message

- ▶ Unlock message queued on hub
- ▶ Hub ACKs data request; frame pending flag set
- ▶ Hub sends unlock message

# UNLOCK SEQUENCE

699	363.673387	0xbcbe	0x0000	IEEE 802.15.4	12	Data Request
700	363.675454	0xbcbe	0x0000	IEEE 802.15.4	12	Data Request
701	363.676000			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
702	368.678182	0xbcbe	0x0000	IEEE 802.15.4	12	Data Request
703	368.678673			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
704	373.681447	0xbcbe	0x0000	IEEE 802.15.4	12	Data Request
705	373.681926			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
706	373.685013	0x0000	0xbcbe	ZigBee HA	48	Unknown Command: 0x01, Seq: 4
707	373.685537			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
708	373.698856	0xbcbe	0x0000	ZigBee	45	APS: Ack, Dst Endpt: 1, Src Endpt: 1
709	373.699353			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
710	373.702966	0xbcbe	0x0000	ZigBee HA	49	Unknown Command: 0x01, Seq: 4
711	373.703472			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
712	373.933852	0xbcbe	0x0000	IEEE 802.15.4	12	Data Request
713	373.934859			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack
714	373.938924	0x0000	0xbcbe	ZigBee HA	50	ZCL: Default Response, Seq: 4
715	373.939418			IEEE 802.15.4	5	Ack

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Lock makes data request
  - ▶ Unlock message queued on hub
  - ▶ Hub ACKs data request; frame pending flag set
  - ▶ Hub sends unlock message
- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Hub is idle
- ▶ Lock makes data request
  - ▶ Hub ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
- ▶ Hub sends unlock message
- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Hub is idle
  - ▶ Lock makes data request
    - ▶ FORGED ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
  - ▶ Hub sends unlock message
  - ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message
1. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Hub is idle
- ▶ Lock makes data request
  - FORGED**ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
  - FORGED**sends unlock message
- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message
  - 1. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set
  - 2. Inject forged unlock frame

## UNLOCK THE STACK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Hub is idle
  - ▶ Lock makes data request
    - FORGED**ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
    - FORGED**sends unlock message
  - ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message
- 0. Sniff encryption key  
1. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set  
2. Inject forged unlock frame

## ATTEMPT 1: HOST-BASED USRP

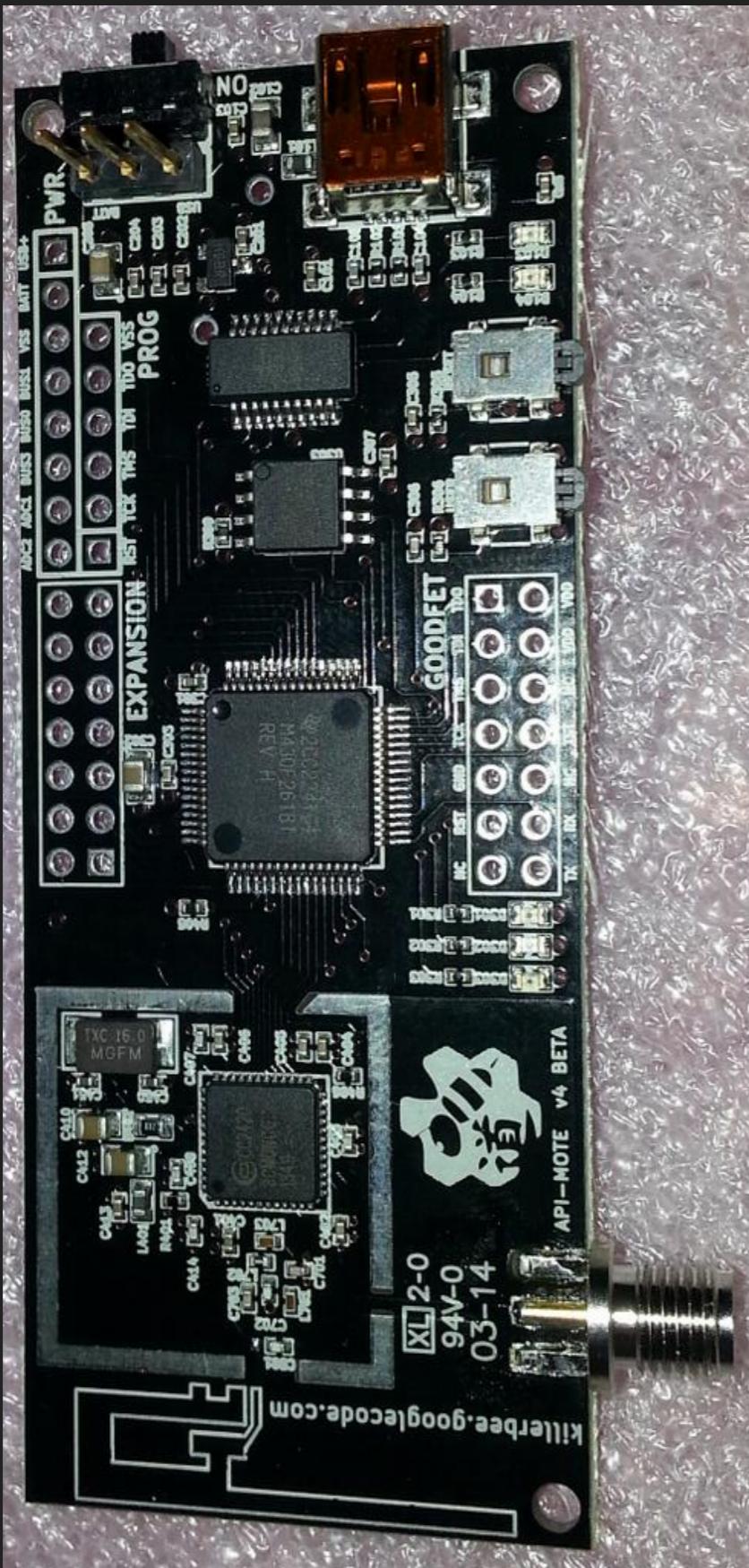
- ▶ USRP B210; gr-ieee802-15-4
- ▶ Need **sequence number** from Data Request frame to compose ACK
- ▶ 802.15.4 ACK timeout: **864 us**
- ▶ USB latency: ~ms
- ▶ Verdict:



## ATTEMPT 1: HOST-BASED USRP

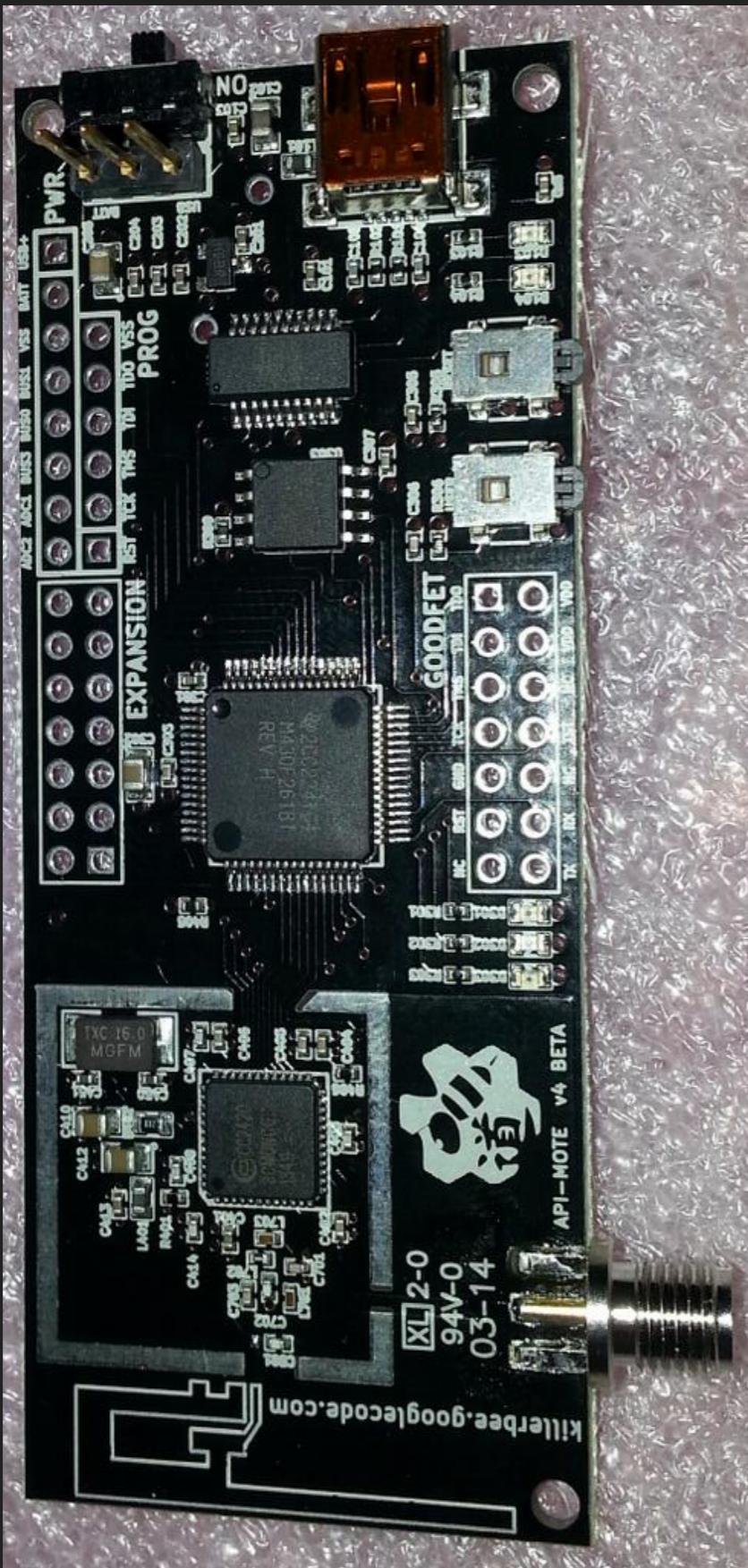
- ▶ USRP B210; gr-ieee802-15-4
- ▶ Need **sequence number** from Data Request frame to compose ACK
- ▶ 802.15.4 ACK timeout: **864 us**
- ▶ USB latency: ~ms
- ▶ Verdict: **too slow!**





## ATTEMPT 2: API-MOTE V4BETA

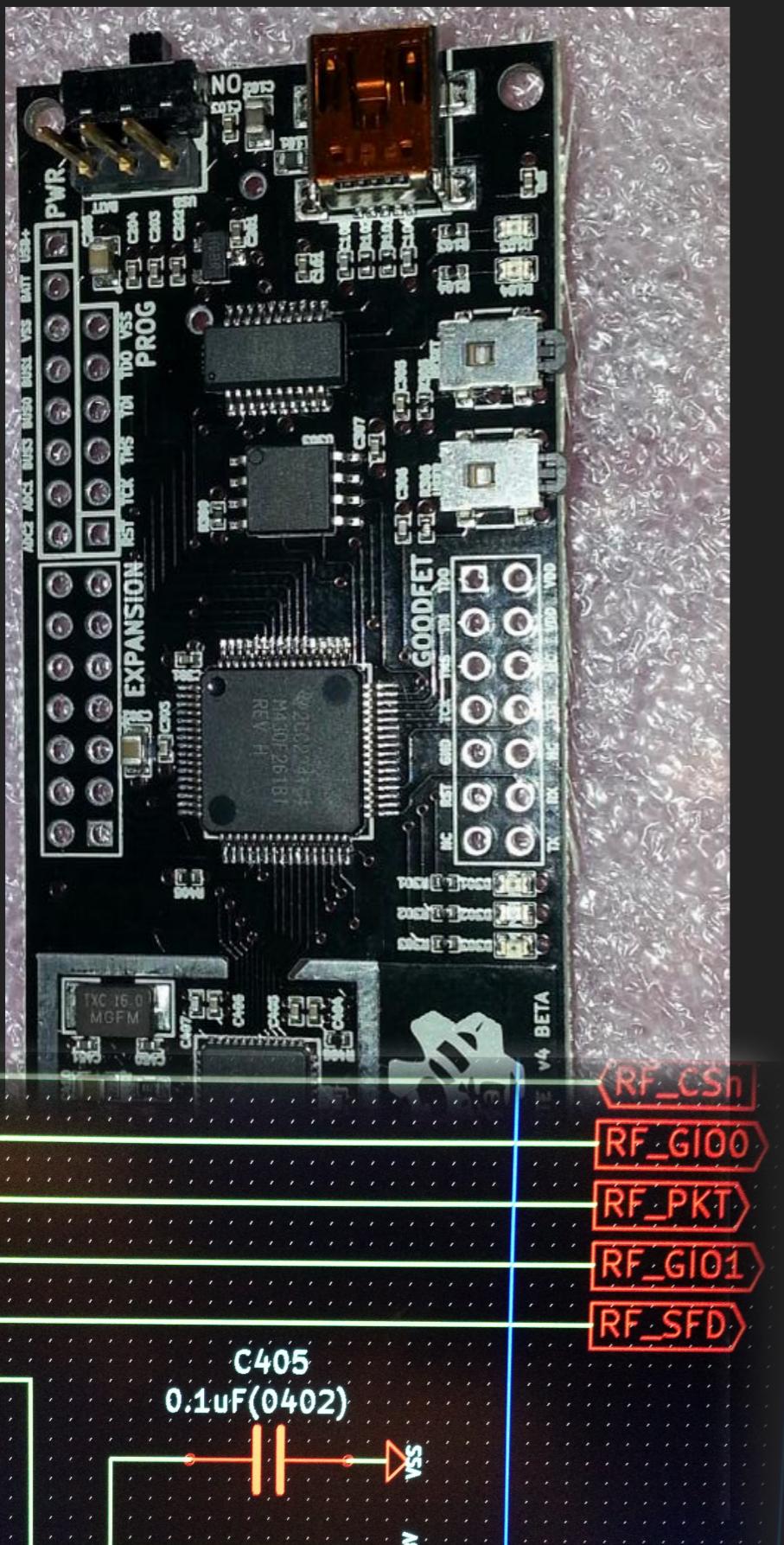
- ▶ USB 802.15.4 injection peripheral made by River Loop Security
- ▶ Host-based Killerbee attack framework
- ▶ MSP430 running GoodFET firmware
- ▶ CC2420 commodity RF IC
- ▶ USB2 to FTDI; UART to MSP430; bitbanged SPI to CC2420



## ATTEMPT 2: API-MOTE V4BETA

- ▶ USB 802.15.4 injection peripheral made by River Loop Security
- ▶ Host-based Killerbee attack framework
- ▶ MSP430 running GoodFET firmware
- ▶ CC2420 commodity RF IC
- ▶ **TOO SLOW**; UART to MSP430; bitbanged SPI to CC2420

## MODIFIED APIMOTE FIRMWARE



- ▶ Pre-load unlock command on MSP430, via host
- ▶ Reflexively jam Data Request frame from lock
- ▶ Record enough symbols before jamming to get the sequence number
- ▶ Generate ACK in firmware
- ▶ Inject ACK and unlock command

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Hub is idle
- ▶ Lock makes data request
  - ▶ Hub ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
- ▶ Hub sends unlock message
- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Hub is idle
- ▶ Lock makes data request
  - ▶ Hub ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
  - ▶ Hub sends unlock message
- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message
  - 1. Jam data request

## UNLOCK THE ATTACK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ Lock makes data request

FORGED ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set

- ▶ Hub sends unlock message
- ▶ Lock ACKs unlock message
  1. Jam data request
  2. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set

## UNLOCK THE ATTACK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

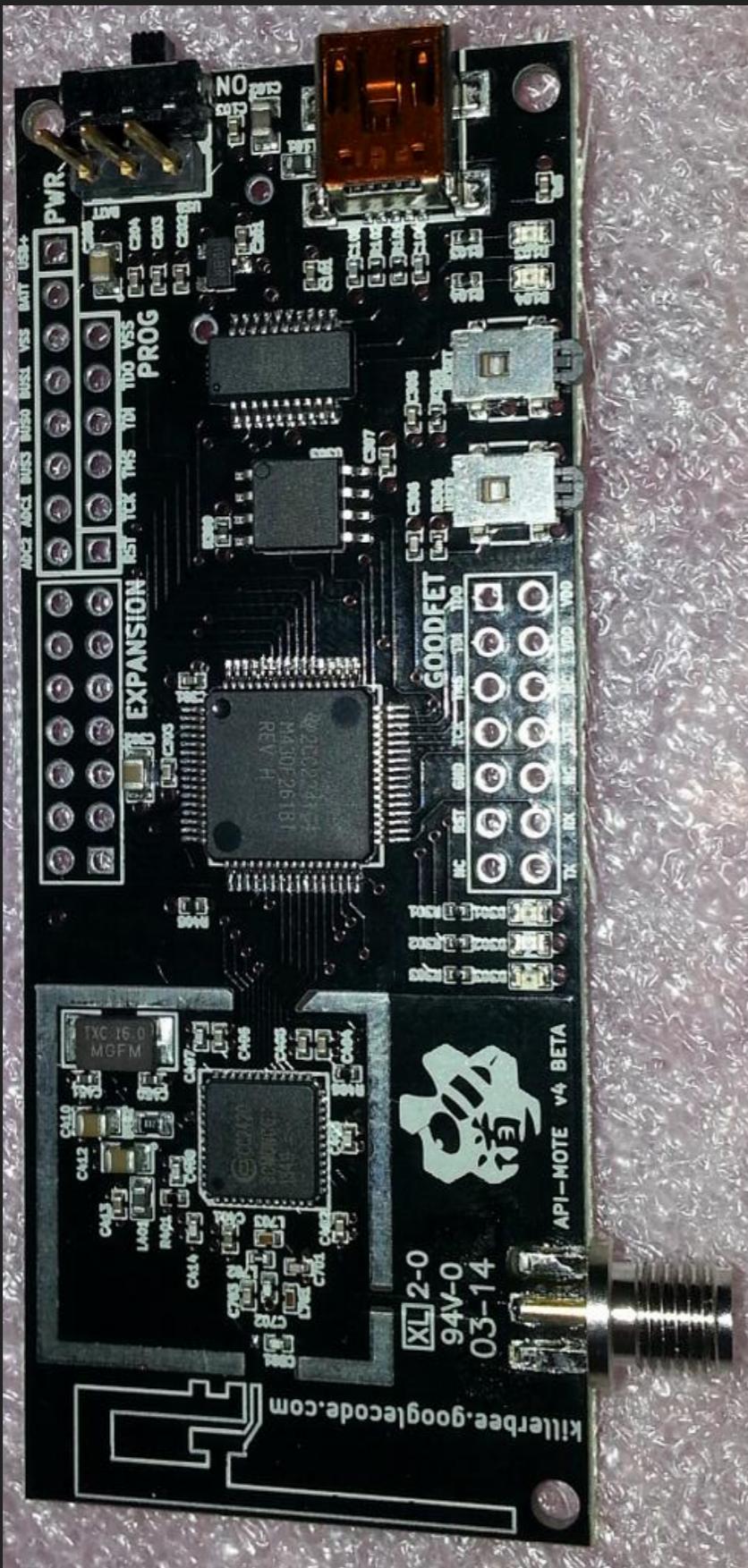
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  - ▶ FORGED sends unlock message
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  1. Jam data request
  2. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set
  3. Inject forged unlock frame

## UNLOCK THE ATTACK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~  
**FORGED**ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set
- ▶ ~~Lock ACKs unlock message~~  
**FORGED**sends unlock message
- ▶ ~~1. Jam data request~~  
**FORGED**ACK w/ frame pending set
- ▶ ~~2. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set~~  
**FORGED**unlock frame
- ▶ ~~3. Inject forged unlock frame~~  
**FORGED**ongoing traffic
- ▶ ~~4. Jam ongoing traffic~~



## ATTEMPT 2 RESULT

- ▶ Still too slow!!
- ▶ Jam works correctly but ACK arrives too late
- ▶ SPI latency is too high

## ATTEMPT 3: COMMAND PIPELINING

- ▶ ApiMote with custom firmware
- ▶ Exploits protocol retries to fit in SPI transactions
  - ▶ If a frame goes un-ACKed, sender will reattempt after a timeout
  - ▶ 3 or 4 attempts typical
- ▶ Strategy: Jam initial message and retries while reading/composing ACK

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LOCK

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- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~

**FORGED**ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set

- ▶ ~~Lock ACKs unlock message~~

**FORGED**sends unlock message

1. Jam data request
2. Inject forged ACK w/ frame pending set
3. Inject forged unlock frame
4. Jam ongoing traffic

# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~

1. Jam data request, read its sequence number

# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

► ~~Lock makes data request~~

► ~~Lock makes data request~~

1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
2. Jam data request, load forged ACK frame in CC2420's TXFIFO

# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~

1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
2. Jam data request, load forged ACK frame in CC2420's TXFIFO
3. Jam data request using forged ACK

# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

HUB

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~

**FORGED** ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set

1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
2. Jam data request, load forged ACK frame in CC2420's TXFIFO
3. Jam data request using forged ACK
4. Inject forged ACK again

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- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
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**FORGED**ACKs data request;  
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1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
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3. Jam data request using forged ACK
4. Inject forged ACK again
5. Inject forged unlock frame

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1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
2. Jam data request, load forged ACK frame in CC2420's TXFIFO
3. Jam data request using forged ACK
4. Inject forged ACK again
5. Inject forged unlock frame
6. Jam ongoing traffic

# Live Demo Time

# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
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# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

**LOCK**

**HUB**

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~

165	148.410124	0xd7b9	0x0000	IEEE 802.15.4	12	141 Data Request
166	148.410161			IEEE 802.15.4	5	141 Ack
167	153.411391			IEEE 802.15.4	4	255 Data [Malformed Packet]
168	153.413415			IEEE 802.15.4	4	255 Data [Malformed Packet]
169	153.415412			IEEE 802.15.4	5	142 Ack
170	153.415944			IEEE 802.15.4	5	142 Ack
171	153.419493	0x0000	0xd7b9	ZigBee HA	48	4 Unknown Command: 0x01, Seq: 3
172	153.420050			IEEE 802.15.4	5	4 Ack

frame pending flag set

1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
2. Jam data request, load forged ACK frame in CC2420's TXFIFO
3. Jam data request using forged ACK
4. Inject forged ACK again
5. Inject forged unlock frame
6. Jam ongoing traffic

**FORGED** sends unlock message

# PIPELINED UNLOCK SEQUENCE

LOCK

- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~
- ▶ ~~Lock makes data request~~

HUB

**FORGED**ACKs data request;  
frame pending flag set

**FORGED**sends unlock message

## 0. Still need that key!

1. Jam data request, read its sequence number
2. Jam data request, load forged ACK frame in CC2420's TXFIFO
3. Jam data request using forged ACK
4. Inject forged ACK again
5. Inject forged unlock frame
6. Jam ongoing traffic

## WHAT ABOUT THAT MAJOR CAVEAT...?

- ▶ Attacker must possess ZigBee encryption key
- ▶ Key is sent in the clear only once, when lock is added to network

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- ▶ Attacker must possess ZigBee encryption key
- ▶ Key is sent in the clear only once, when lock is added to network
- ▶ Entice user to add lock to network while you are sniffing
  - ▶ De-authentication attack
  - ▶ Denial of service
  - ▶ “Insecure rejoin” (see Zillner’s paper)

## CONCLUSIONS

- ▶ SDR is awesome, but not always the right tool for the job
- ▶ Commodity hardware is a powerful complement
- ▶ We have a long way to go to secure the IoT
- ▶ ApiMote and GoodFET enhancements to be released on Bastille RFStorm's github: [github.com/RFStorm](https://github.com/RFStorm)

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- ▶ Bastille RFStorm / Balint Seeber
- ▶ River Loop Security (ApiMote & Killerbee)
- ▶ Tobias Zillner (SecBee)
- ▶ Bastian Bloessel (gr-ieee802-15-4)
- ▶ Cyberspectrum community

# Thanks!

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Email: [\[firstname\]@bastille.io](mailto:[firstname]@bastille.io)

# Questions?

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Email: [\[firstname\]@bastille.io](mailto:[firstname]@bastille.io)