

ASP.NET Core MVC 3.1

Tahaluf Training Center 2021



Chapter 2

1 Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

2 Route

3 CRUD Operation

4 Controller and View



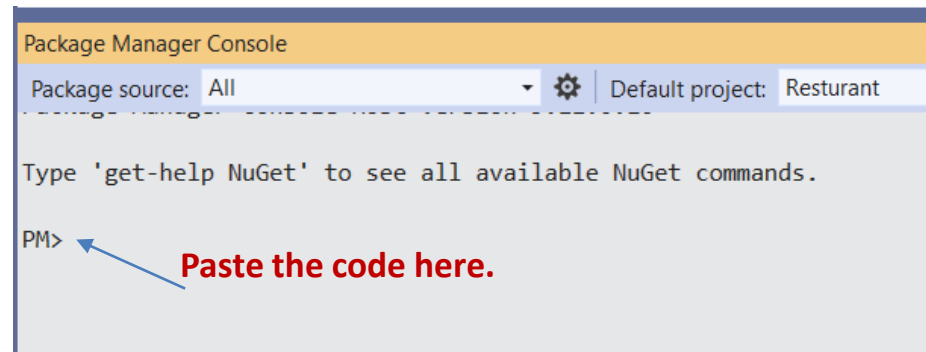
Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

- Tools => NuGet Package Manager => Package Manager Console => Paste the following command:

Code:

```
Scaffold-DbContext "USER ID=****;PASSWORD=****;DATA  
SOURCE=94.56.229.181:3488/traindb"  
Oracle.EntityFrameworkCore -outputdir Models.
```

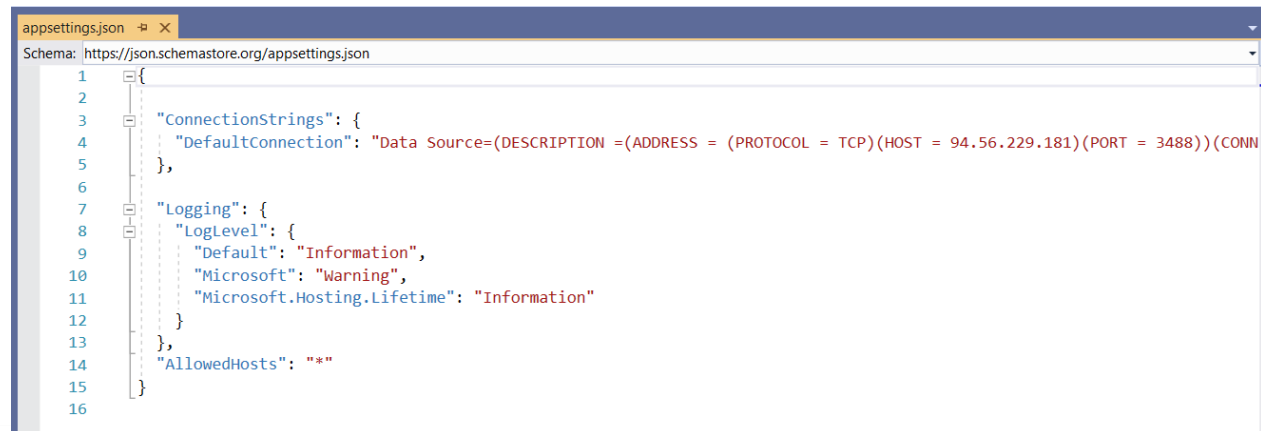
**** :put your username and password in Sql oracle server



Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

In appsettings.json:

```
"ConnectionStrings": {  
  "DefaultConnection": "Data Source=(DESCRIPTION  
=(ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST =  
94.56.229.181)(PORT = 3488))(CONNECT_DATA =(SERVER  
= DEDICATED)(SERVICE_NAME = traindb));User  
Id=****;Password=****;Persist Security Info=True;"  
},
```



Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

In Startup.cs:

```
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
{
    services.AddDbContext<ModelContext>(options =>
        options.UseOracle(
            Configuration.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnection")));
    services.AddSession(options => {
        options.IdleTimeout = TimeSpan.FromMinutes(60);});
    services.AddControllersWithViews();
    services.AddRazorPages();
}
```



Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

1

```
Startup.cs
RestAseel
RestAseel.Startup
Startup(IConfiguration configuration)

0 references
18 public Startup(IConfiguration configuration)
19 {
20     Configuration = configuration;
21 }
22
2 references
23 public IConfiguration Configuration { get; }
24
25 // This method gets called by the runtime. Use this method to add services to the container.
0 references
26 public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
27 {
28     services.AddControllersWithViews();
29     services.AddDbContext<ModelContext>(options => options.UseOracle(Configuration.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnecti
30     services.AddSession(options => {
31         options.IdleTimeout = TimeSpan.FromMinutes(60);
32     });
33     services.AddRazorPages();
34 }
35
36
```

2

3



Chapter 2

1 Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

2 **Route**

3 CRUD Operation

4 Controller and View



Route

- Route defines the URL pattern and handler information, Routing maps URL to physical file or class (controller class in MVC).
- Configure routes in startup.cs :

```
app.UseEndpoints(endpoints =>
{
    endpoints.MapControllerRoute(
        name: "default",
        pattern: "{controller=Home}/{action=Index}/{id?}");
});
```

Route Name

URL Pattern



Chapter 2

1 Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

2 Route

3 **CRUD Operation**

4 Controller and View



URL Pattern

- The URL pattern is considered only after the domain name part in the URL.
- would look like localhost:xxxx/{controller}/{action}/{id?}.
? : mean it is optional

Example:

https://localhost:44392/Home/Index

Domain Name → localhost:44392

Controller → Home

Action Method → Index

https://localhost:44392/student/edit/id

Id parameter value → id



CRUD Operation

Overview of CRUD Operation:

CRUD is an acronym that comes from the computer programming world. It refers to the four functions that are represented necessary to implement a persistent storage application.

CRUD: Create, Read, Update and Delete.



Chapter 2

1 Generate ASP.NET Core MVC Model Classes

2 Route

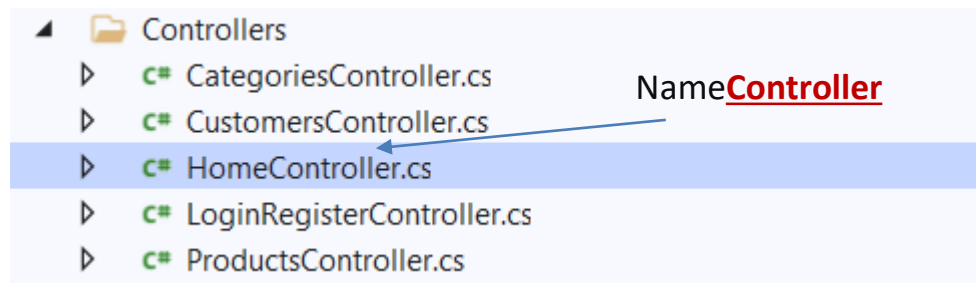
3 CRUD Operation

4 Controller and View



Controller

- The Controller handles any incoming URL request.
- Contains public methods called Action methods.
- Handles incoming browser requests, retrieves necessary model data, and returns appropriate responses.
- Every controller class name must end with the word "Controller".



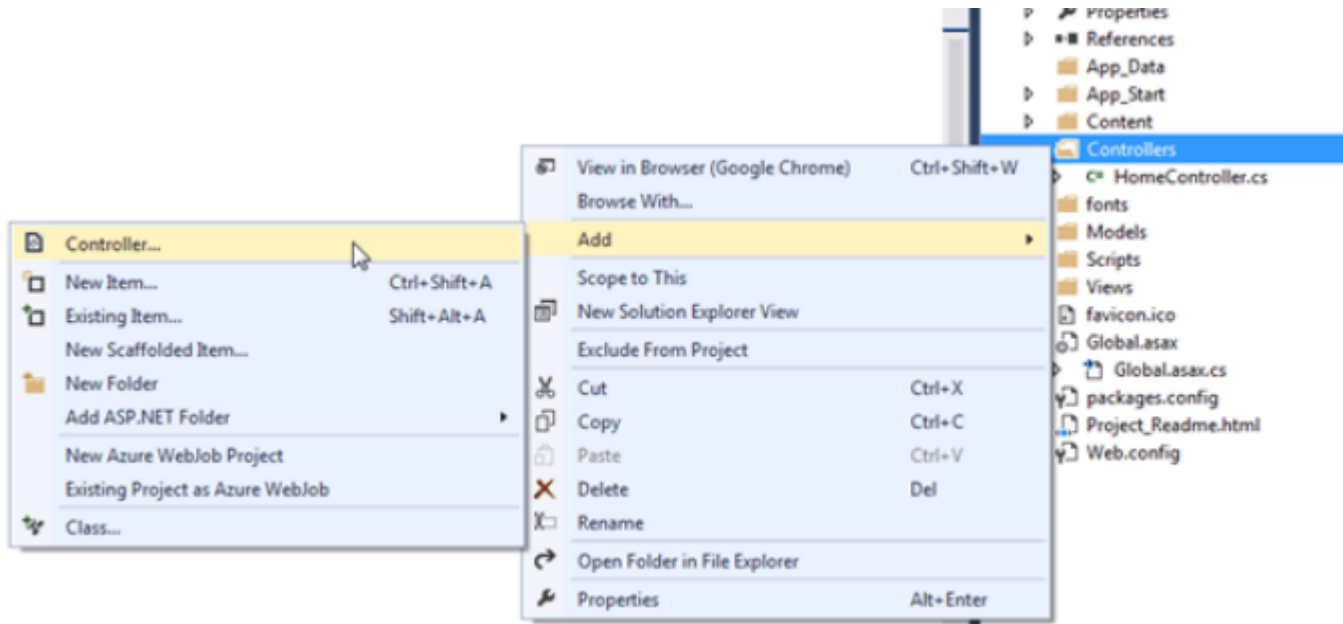
Controller

- Action method must be public. It cannot be private or protected , overloaded , static method.
- ActionResult is a base class of all the result type which returns from Action method.
- The base Controller class contains methods that returns appropriate result type.
- ActionVerbs: Handle different type of http request { HttpGet, HttpPost, HttpPut}.



Controller

- Add new Controller
 - In the Visual Studio, right click on the Controller folder -> select Add -> click on Controller.



Controller

Add New Scaffolded Item

1

2. Choose Appropriate type

3

Installed

- Common
 - API
 - MVC
 - Controller**
 - View
 - Razor Component
 - Razor Pages
 - Identity
 - Layout

MVC Controller - Empty

MVC Controller with read/write actions

MVC Controller with views, using Entity Framework

MVC Controller - Empty
by Microsoft
v1.0.0.0
An empty MVC controller.
Id: MvcControllerEmptyScaffolder

Add Cancel



Controller

- Choose which **model class** you need to create the controller for, and the **data context** class.

Add MVC Controller with views, using Entity Framework

Model class

Data context class

Views

☒ Generate views

☒ Reference script libraries

☒ Use a layout page

(Leave empty if it is set in a Razor _viewstart file)

Controller name



Controller

Student controller

Base controller class

0 references

```
public class StudentController : Controller
```

Return type

```
{
```

0 references

```
    public IActionResult Index()
```

Action Method

```
    {
```

```
        return View();
```

View() defined in base controller class

```
    }
```

```
}
```

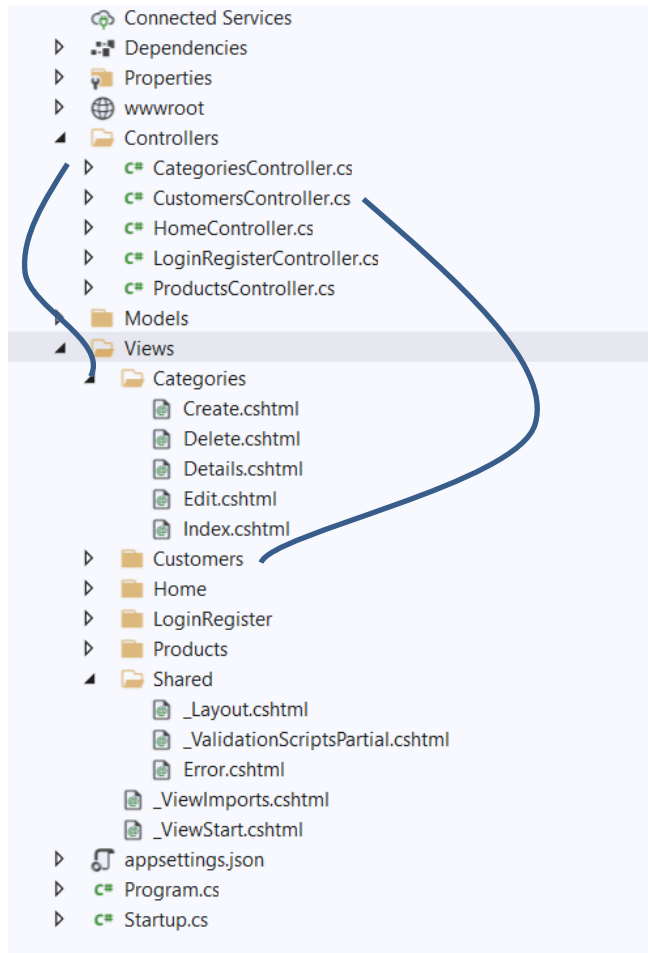


View

- View is used to display data using the model class object.
- The Shared folder contains views, layout views, and partial views, which will be shared among multiple controllers.
- A controller can render one or more views.



View



- **Each controller has a view with the same name.**



View

- Razor View: allows you to write a mix between Html tags and C#|VB code (viewname.**vbhtml** | viewname.**cshtml**).
- Razor syntax is Compact, Easy to Learn, Intellisens.
- Razor Inline expression using @ with C# code, Multi-statement Code block using @{ } with C# code.



View

Razor Syntax

```
@model IEnumerable<RestAseel.Models.Category>
@{
    ViewData["Title"] = "Index";
}

<h1>Index</h1>
```

Html Tag

Html Helper

Razor Syntax

```
<p>
    <a asp-action="Create">Create New</a>
</p>
<table class="table">
    <thead>
        <tr>
            <th>
                @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.CategoryName)
            </th>
            <th>
                @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.ImagePath)
            </th>
            <th></th>
        </tr>
    </thead>
    <tbody>
        @foreach (var item in Model) {
            <tr>
                <td>
```



View





شركة تحالف الإمارات للحلول التقنية ذ.م.م.
TAHALUF AL EMARAT TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS L.L.C.

Result:

Index

[Create New](#)

CategoryName	ImagePath	
Main Meal		Edit Details Delete
salad		Edit Details Delete



View

- To define a List of objects use **IEnumerable**, usually use it in the index view page to display all data in the table.

Example:

`@model IEnumerable<RestAseel.Models.Category>`

Project Name Folder Which contain Class Models

Class Name

- In Edit, Details, delete and create view page which returns the data from one object (row) declare :

`@model <RestAseel.Models.Category>`



Add MVC Controller with views, using Entity Framework

Task (10 Marks):

Create a Model-View-Controller for all tables in the database:

1. Category.
2. Product.
3. Customer.
4. UserLogin.

