

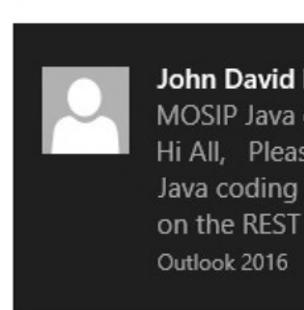


uth/login?error

essful, try again.

d

Password



John David L...
MOSIP Java
Hi All, Please
Java coding
on the REST
Outlook 2016



application.yml | restaurantclien | application.pro | application.yml | application.yml | EurekaDiscovery | application.yml | application.pro

```

1 spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/db-service
2 spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
3 spring.datasource.username=root
4 spring.datasource.password =Welcome123
5 #spring.datasource.testWhileIdle=true
6 #spring.datasource.validationQuery=SELECT 1
7 spring.jpa.show-sql=true
8 spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
9 spring.jpa.hibernate.naming-strategy=org.hibernate.cfg.ImprovedNamingStrategy
10 spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5Dialect
11 spring.application.name=db-serice
12 server.port=8082
13 server.context-path=/auth
14 #security.user.name=kishan
15 #security.user.password=kishan

```

Properties Source

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress JUnit Palette

<terminated> restaurantclient - SimpleClientApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 26, 2018, 8:30:28 PM)

```

at org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication.run(SpringApplication.java:303) [spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication.run(SpringApplication.java:1118) [spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication.run(SpringApplication.java:1107) [spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at com.mindtree.restaurant.restaurantclient.SimpleClientApplication.main(SimpleClientApplication.java:14) [classes/:na]
Caused by: java.lang.IllegalStateException: Ambiguous mapping. Cannot map 'restaurantController' method
public java.util.List<com.mindtree.restaurant.restaurantclient.dto.RestaurantDto> com.mindtree.restaurant.restaurantclient.controller.RestaurantController.getAllRestaurants()
to {[/restaurants/getAllRestaurants],methods=[GET]}: There is already 'restaurantController' bean method
public java.lang.String com.mindtree.restaurant.restaurantclient.controller.RestaurantController.getName() mapped.
at org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMethodMapping$MappingRegistry.assertUniqueMethodMapping(AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.java:250)
at org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMethodMapping$MappingRegistry.register(AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.java:540)
at org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.registerHandlerMethod(AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.java:264) ~[spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.detectHandlerMethods(AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.java:250) ~[spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.initHandlerMethods(AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.java:214) ~[spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at org.springframework.web.servlet.handler.AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.afterPropertiesSet(AbstractHandlerMethodMapping.java:184) ~[spring-boot-1.5.14.RELEASE.jar:1.5.14.RELEASE]
at org.springframework.web.method.annotation.RequestMappingHandlerMapping.afterPropertiesSet(RequestMappingHandlerMapping.java:184)
at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.invokeInitMethods(AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.java:168)
at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.initializeBean(AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.java:148)
... 16 common frames omitted

```

```

application.yml   restaurantclien RestaurantContr application.pro application.yml EurekaDiscovery application.yml application.pro
  36     public RestaurantDto getAllRestaurants(@PathVariable final int rid){
  37         Map<String, String> uriVariables = new HashMap<>();
  38
  39         ResponseEntity<RestaurantDto> getResponse=restTemplate.
  40                         getForEntity("http://localhost:8081/rest/restaurant/getAllRestaurant"+ rid,Rest
  41                         //exchange("http://localhost:8081//rest/restaurant/getAllRestaurant", HttpMethod.GET, null, new ParameterizedTypeReference<
  42
  43         RestaurantDto restaurants=getResponse.getBody();
  44
  45
  46         return restaurants;
  47
  48     }/*
  49
  50     @GetMapping("/getAllRestaurants")
  51     public List<RestaurantDto> getAllRestaurantsFeign(){
  52
  53         List<RestaurantDto> response=proxy.getAllRestaurants();
  54
  55         return response;
  56     }
  57
  58 }
```

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress JUnit Palette

eurekaDiscovery - EurekaDiscoveryApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 26, 2018, 8:18:15 PM)

```

at org.apache.http.impl.client.CloseableHttpClient.execute(CloseableHttpClient.java:55) ~[httpclient-4.5.5.jar:4.5.5]
at com.sun.jersey.client.apache4.ApacheHttpClient4Handler.eurekaDiscovery - EurekaDiscoveryApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 26, 2018, 8:18:15 PM)
... 10 common frames omitted

2018-07-26 20:29:59.667 ERROR 15172 --- [get_localhost-7] c.n.e.cluster.ReplicationTaskProcessor : Network level connection to peer localhost;

com.sun.jersey.api.client.ClientHandlerException: org.apache.http.conn.ConnectTimeoutException: Connect to localhost:8761 timed out
at com.sun.jersey.client.apache4.ApacheHttpClient4Handler.handle(ApacheHttpClient4Handler.java:187) ~[jersey-apache-client4-1.19.1.jar:1.19.1]
at com.netflix.eureka.cluster.DynamicGZIPContentEncodingFilter.handle(DynamicGZIPContentEncodingFilter.java:48) ~[eureka-core-1.9.2.jar:1.9.2]
at com.netflix.discovery.EurekaIdentityHeaderFilter.handle(EurekaIdentityHeaderFilter.java:27) ~[eureka-client-1.9.2.jar:1.9.2]
at com.sun.jersey.api.client.Client.handle(Client.java:652) ~[jersey-client-1.19.1.jar:1.19.1]
at com.sun.jersey.api.client.WebResource.handle(WebResource.java:682) ~[jersey-client-1.19.1.jar:1.19.1]
at com.sun.jersey.api.client.WebResource.access$200(WebResource.java:74) ~[jersey-client-1.19.1.jar:1.19.1]
at com.sun.jersey.api.client.WebResource$Builder.post(WebResource.java:570) ~[jersey-client-1.19.1.jar:1.19.1]
at com.netflix.eureka.transport.JerseyReplicationClient.submitBatchUpdates(JerseyReplicationClient.java:116) ~[eureka-core-1.9.2.jar:1.9.2]
at com.netflix.eureka.cluster.ReplicationTaskProcessor.process(ReplicationTaskProcessor.java:80) ~[eureka-core-1.9.2.jar:1.9.2]
at com.netflix.eureka.util.batcher.TaskExecutors$BatchWorkerRunnable.run(TaskExecutors.java:187) [eureka-core-1.9.2.jar:1.9.2]
at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:748) [na:1.8.0_152]

Caused by: org.apache.http.conn.ConnectTimeoutException: Connect to localhost:8761 timed out
at org.apache.http.conn.scheme.PlainSocketFactory.connectSocket(PlainSocketFactory.java:123) ~[httpclient-4.5.5.jar:4.5.5]
at org.apache.http.impl.conn.DefaultClientConnectionOperator.openConnection(DefaultClientConnectionOperator.java:180) ~[httpclient-4.5.5.jar:4.5.5]
```





default	Uptime	00:18
	Lease expiration enabled	false
	Renews threshold	8
	Renews (last min)	4

MAY BE INCORRECTLY CLAIMING INSTANCES ARE UP WHEN THEY'RE NOT. RENEWALS ARE LESSER THAN THRESHOLD AND HENCE JUST TO BE SAFE.

Recently registered with Eureka

AMIs	Availability Zones	Status
n/a (1)	(1)	UP (1) - A2MD19250.mindtree.com:authDb-service:8082
n/a (2)	(2)	DOWN (1) - A2MD19250.mindtree.com:db-serice:8082 UP (1) - A2MD19250.mindtree.com:db-serice:8083
n/a (1)	(1)	UP (1) - A2MD19250.mindtree.com:Restaruant-service:8081

Value

345mb

test

4

176mb (51%)

00:18



```
application.yml RestaurantContr application.pro RestaurantContr dbService/pom.x GetRestaurants. application.yml application

1 spring:
2   application:
3     name: eureka-service

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restaurantclient - SimpleClientApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\javaw.exe (Jul 27, 2018, 11:54:02 AM)
2018-07-27 11:54:28.642 INFO 8760 --- [nio-8081-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialized from [DispatcherServlet.java:70]
2018-07-27 11:54:28.666 INFO 8760 --- [nio-8081-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 2 ms
2018-07-27 11:55:07.377 ERROR 8760 --- [nio-8081-exec-9] o.a.c.c.C.[.[.[/ui].[dispatcherServlet]] : Servlet.service() for servlet [dispatcherServlet] in context with path [/ui] threw exception [null] with root cause
org.springframework.web.client.HttpClientErrorException: 404 null
    at org.springframework.web.client.DefaultResponseErrorHandler.handleError(DefaultResponseErrorHandler.java:86) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate.handleResponse(RestTemplate.java:708) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate.doExecute(RestTemplate.java:661) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate.execute(RestTemplate.java:621) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate.exchange(RestTemplate.java:567) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at com.mindtree.restaurant.restaurantclient.controller.RestaurantController.getAllRestaurants(RestaurantController.java:75) ~[classes:/ui]
    at sun.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke0(Native Method) ~[na:1.8.0_152]
    at sun.reflect.NativeMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(NativeMethodAccessorImpl.java:62) ~[na:1.8.0_152]
    at sun.reflect.DelegatingMethodAccessorImpl.invoke(DelegatingMethodAccessorImpl.java:43) ~[na:1.8.0_152]
    at java.lang.reflect.Method.invoke(Method.java:498) ~[na:1.8.0_152]
    at org.springframework.web.method.support.InvocableHandlerMethod.doInvoke(InvocableHandlerMethod.java:205) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.method.support.InvocableHandlerMethod.invokeForRequest(InvocableHandlerMethod.java:133) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.mvc.method.annotation.ServletInvocableHandlerMethod.invokeAndHandle(ServletInvocableHandlerMethod.java:104) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.mvc.method.annotation.RequestMappingHandlerAdapter.invokeHandlerMethod(RequestMappingHandlerAdapter.java:877) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.mvc.method.annotation.RequestMappingHandlerAdapter.handleInternal(RequestMappingHandlerAdapter.java:770) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.mvc.method.AbstractHandlerMethodAdapter.handle(AbstractHandlerMethodAdapter.java:85) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet.doDispatch(DispatcherServlet.java:967) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet.doService(DispatcherServlet.java:901) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.FrameworkServlet.processRequest(FrameworkServlet.java:970) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.FrameworkServlet doGet(FrameworkServlet.java:861) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet.service(HttpServlet.java:635) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.springframework.web.servlet.FrameworkServlet.service(FrameworkServlet.java:846) ~[spring-webmvc-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet.service(HttpServlet.java:742) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain.internalDoFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:231) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain doFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:166) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.tomcat.websocket.server.WsFilter doFilter(WsFilter.java:52) ~[tomcat-embed-websocket-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain.internalDoFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:193) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain doFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:166) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.springframework.boot.web.filter.ApplicationContextHeaderFilter doFilterInternal(ApplicationContextHeaderFilter.java:55) ~[spring-boot-2.0.2.RELEASE.jar:2.0.2.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.filter.OncePerRequestFilter doFilter(OncePerRequestFilter.java:107) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain.internalDoFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:193) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain doFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:166) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.springframework.boot.actuate.trace.WebRequestTraceFilter doFilterInternal(WebRequestTraceFilter.java:111) ~[spring-boot-actuator-2.0.2.RELEASE.jar:2.0.2.RELEASE]
    at org.springframework.web.filter.OncePerRequestFilter doFilter(OncePerRequestFilter.java:107) ~[spring-web-4.3.18.RELEASE.jar:4.3.18.RELEASE]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain.internalDoFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:193) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
    at org.apache.catalina.core.ApplicationFilterChain doFilter(ApplicationFilterChain.java:166) ~[tomcat-embed-core-8.5.31.jar:8.5.31]
```





LOG TICKET MY TICKETS APPROVE TICKETS HELP FEEDBACK

To Enabling Function *

Area *

Sub Area *

Category * Eg: Anything (applications, equipment etc.) that is not working as per specification or as intended.

Status

Contact Number *

Seat Number *

Severity *

User Location *

User Details

Cubicle/Desktop Location *

Project *

PRJ-011469
No Records Found

Completed Ergo Class?? Yes No

Client Height *

Duration of Complaints

Seen by Doctor Yes No

Reason for the request *

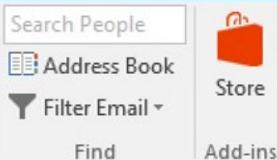
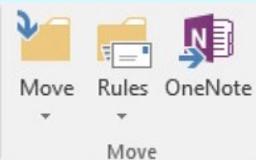
Detailed Description

Upload File

No file chosen



Folder View ? Tell me what you want to do...



Search Current Mailbox ... Current Mailbox

All Unread By Date Newest

Today

Jyoti Prakash Nayak
[/svn/MOSIP COMMIT] r152 ... 10:20 AM
Author: m1030448

Absent.Reminders@...
Action Required : Apply Lea... 10:12 AM
Dear Kishan Rathore,

Rounak Nayak
WFH Today 9:54 AM
Hi Team, Due to some

Yesterday

Ragavendar Narasim...
Need Volunteers! Mon 10:34 PM
(Bcc' d to Campus Minds)

Pranav Kumar (IN174...
[/svn/MOSIP COMMIT] r151 ... Mon 9:29 PM
Author: m1041740

Arunbose Subashcha...
[/svn/MOSIP COMMIT] r150 ... Mon 6:55 PM
Author: M1046368

Arunbose Subashcha...
[/svn/MOSIP COMMIT] r149 ... Mon 6:51 PM
Author: M1046368

Arunbose Subashcha...
[/svn/MOSIP COMMIT] r148 ... Mon 6:50 PM
Author: M1046368

Arunbose Subashcha...
[/svn/MOSIP COMMIT] r147 ... Mon 6:50 PM
Author: M1046368

Arunbose Subashcha...

Tue 8/14/2018 10:10 AM



Absent.Reminders@mindtree.com

Action Required : Apply Leave or NIO

To Kishan Rathore

Dear Kishan Rathore,

Our records show that you do not have minimum business hours / approved Leave / approved NIO for the following day(s):

Date	Attendance Entry	NIO Category	NIO Status	Leave Category	Leave Status
11 Aug 2018	00:00	No	No	No	No

As per the Working Hours and Attendance policy, all India-based Mindtree Minds must adhere to the following:

- If you are in office for less than or equal to four (4) hours, you are required to apply for Full Day Leave or NIO. If this auto "PAY" deduction will be automatically registered by the system.
- If you are in office for greater than four (4) hours, but less than or equal to seven (7) hours, please apply for Half Day Leave. If not taken, a "NO PAY" deduction will be automatically updated by the system.

What you can do to avoid an auto deduction of salary from your payroll:

- Apply for [NIO](#) (apart from NIO - WFH) or [Leave](#).
- If you have already applied for Leave or NIO and are waiting for approval - please speak to your approver and get it approved.

Please note: This is an auto generated mail; please do not respond to this mail. For any queries please raise a [Genie](#) ticket.

Please ignore this communication if your Leave or NIO request has been approved today.

```
\code\ng5 (master) clear
```

```
\code\ng5 (master) ng generate service data  
app/data.service.spec.ts (362 bytes)  
app/data.service.ts (110 bytes)
```

```
\code\ng5 (master) ng build  
-05T16:24:02.529Z  
8158f0c1d52b9
```

```
} inline.bundle.js, inline.bundle.js.map (inline) 5.83 kB [entry] [rendered]  
main.bundle.js, main.bundle.js.map (main) 22.9 kB [initial] [rendered]  
lls} polyfills.bundle.js, polyfills.bundle.js.map (polyfills) 200 kB [initial]  
} styles.bundle.js, styles.bundle.js.map (styles) 12.1 kB [initial] [rendered]  
} vendor.bundle.js, vendor.bundle.js.map (vendor) 3.26 MB [initial] [rendered]
```

```
\code\ng5 (master) ng build --prod  
set optimization|
```

employment activities. We request you to assess the implications of withdrawing consent before placing a request for such withdrawal of consent.

2.Data recipients

Your Personal Data will only be available to the persons within the Company who need such access for the purposes listed above or where required by law. These parties include human relations personnel, information technology personnel, relevant business managers access limited to their supervisory organization), and authorized representatives of internal control functions, such as Audit, Compliance, Legal and Government bodies. Access to the internal business directory will be provided to all employees of the Mindtree Group of companies and may also be provided to Mindtree Ltd's agents, clients, contractors, and third-party service providers when necessary for the performance of their contract with such companies.

In the course of the proper running of Mindtree Ltd's business, we may need to share certain of your Personal Data for business and communication purposes with third-party organizations that provide services to us.

To comply with our statutory and other obligations and for the proper management of the Mindtree Group, Mindtree Ltd and our service providers may also provide information to other third parties, including, but not limited to, auditors, accountants, lawyers and other professional advisers, as well as to administrative authorities, courts, law enforcement and/or regulatory authorities, arbitrators, experts, adverse parties and/or their advisors.

Working on it ...

3.Personal Data Security

Mindtree utilizes appropriate physical, technical and administrative procedures to safeguard the information we collect. We also take reasonable steps to ensure that all dealings in Personal Data is processed fairly & lawfully,

Mindtree may retain your Personal Data as long as there is a valid purpose, or if otherwise required under applicable laws.

Once the purpose for the Personal Data ceases to exist, we follow appropriate data destruction techniques to protect against unauthorized access, disclosure or use of your Personal Data.

4.Data Transfers from to India when you are based outside India

As Mindtree entities is part of a global group ("the Mindtree Group"), when you are based outside India or employed at a branch of Mindtree outside India , your Personal Data may be transferred to Mindtree Ltd in India which is a country that does not presently provide the same level of legal protection of personal data as may be applicable in the other countries in particular the EEA and , in particular for the above mentioned data processing operations purposes and, also the hosting and IT support of the global IT tools the Companies uses for HR management purposes etc. We will ensure that any such communications take place in accordance with our obligations under the applicable data privacy law.

In addition, we may also provide your Personal Data to third-party service providers outside the country of your location for the hosting and IT support of the global IT tools used by the Mindtree Group to the extent permitted by and in accordance with the local data privacy laws.



EMPLOYEES INFORMATION NOTICE AND CONSENT CONCERNING PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA

1.Your Personal Data

For the purposes of your employment with Mindtree Limited¹ ("Mindtree Ltd" or the "Company") or with our branches outside India, we collect, hold, process and transfer Personal Data² about you (such as your name, date of birth, education, home contact information, marital status, salary, occupation and social security number) as it is necessary for the administration, management and performance of your employment or is otherwise in the legitimate interest of the Company.

Generally speaking, these Personal Data are collected by the Company for employee administration and management purposes, such as:

Working on it ...

- Administrative management of personnel (including employment agreements, offer letters, bonus plans, employees records, administering and managing the employment relationship, directory management, payroll management, leave management, travel management, expense management, timesheets for utilization, career management, immigration matters, employee mobility, transfers in and out, compensation and benefits planning and workflow management, reference check requests from third parties, Mindtree's own required reference checks and requests from customers)
- Performance assessment and evaluation, training history, etc.
- Telephony management, IT support services, management of the emails and instant messaging systems, employee's monitoring concerning the use of Internet and emails, etc.
- Operation of the information technology (IT) helpdesk and support services, IT maintenance and security and employee authentication, etc.
- Security management and access control management.
- Gathering evidence for disciplinary action, or termination.

Concerning any other purposes than listed above for which your Personal Data are processed by the Company, please refer to any related specific information notice that shall be drafted on a case-by-case basis.

```
vn clean install -DskipTests=true
```

```
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\MultiErrorException.java:58: warning: no @param for mes
ception validate(boolean valid,
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\MultiErrorException.java:58: warning: no @param for arg
ception validate(boolean valid,
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\MultiErrorException.java:58: warning: no @return
ception validate(boolean valid,
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:63: warning: no @return
g getMessage(String messageKey, Object... args) {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:77: error: @param name not found
the condition to check for
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:78: error: @param name not found
y key of the error message
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:79: error: @param name not found
any message arguments
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:81: warning: no @param for <T>
void validate(String name, T object, Class<?>... groups) {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:81: warning: no @param for name
void validate(String name, T object, Class<?>... groups) {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:81: warning: no @param for object
void validate(String name, T object, Class<?>... groups) {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:81: warning: no @param for groups
void validate(String name, T object, Class<?>... groups) {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:97: warning: no @return
ErrorException validate(
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:112: warning: no @return
ErrorException validate(
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:122: warning: no description for @pa
m
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:124: warning: no @param for <T>
void ensureFound(T entity) {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:135: warning: no @return
ier<MultiErrorException> notFoundSupplier() {
^
master\spring-lemon-exceptions\src\main\java\com\naturalprogrammer\spring\lemon\exceptions\util\LexUtils.java:35: warning: no description for @pa
rce
```



- Account Center
-  My Trips
-  My Hotels
-  My Profile
-  Happy Wallet
-  My Coupons
-  Print Ticket
-  Cancellation

Flight Information

Trip ID : 583777207634237417

Bangalore → Jaipur Thu, 25 Oct 2018

AirAsia

I51728

BLR 16:30

Thu, 25 Oct 2018

Kempegowda Int'l Airport

JAI 19:15

Thu, 25 Oct 2018

Jaipur Int'l Airport

 Baggage information

Check-in:15kg/person

Cabin:7kg/person

Note: Indigo (6E 2000 to 6E 2999) & SpiceJet (SG 8000 to SG 8999) expand to Delhi Airport Terminal-2 (T2) from March 25, 2018. [Know more](#)

Print & Amendment Services

 Print ticket Print invoice Email itinerary Cancel flights Change flights

cancel this in 3 easy steps

Change this in 3 easy steps

Ticket Details

Bangalore → Jaipur

Name	Sector	PNR	Ticket No.	Seat No.	Status
KISHAN/RATHORE (Adult)	BLR→JAI	PI8QTR	PI8QTR	...	Upcoming

Trip Price Details

Can You Expect from This Training?

Java developers and architects interested in developing microservices.

-level understanding and fundamental prerequisites that should be met to be successful with a microservice architecture.

a dive into a Java framework for implementing microservices.

Discuss issues around deployment, clustering, failover, and how Spring Cloud, NetflixOSS, ELK, Mesos/ Marathon, Docker, Kubernetes deliver solutions in these areas.

ervices are not a technology-only discussion.

itization of Technology

source is leading the charge in the technology space.

drives communities to build things like operating systems (Linux), programming languages (Go), message queues (Apache ActiveMQ), and web servers (httpd).

en source and open ecosystems have become the norm, we're starting to see a lot of innovation in software technology coming directly from open source communities

, Apache Spark, Docker, and Kubernetes).

Organization Agility

build agile software systems, we must start with building agile organizations.

This structure will facilitate the prerequisites we need for Microservices

way's law: "organizations which design systems...are constrained to produce designs which are copies of the communication structures of these organizations."

What Is a Microservice Architecture?

In microservices, we can scope the boundaries of a service, which helps us:

- Understand what the service is doing without being tangled into other concerns
- Build the service locally.

Use the right technology for the problem.

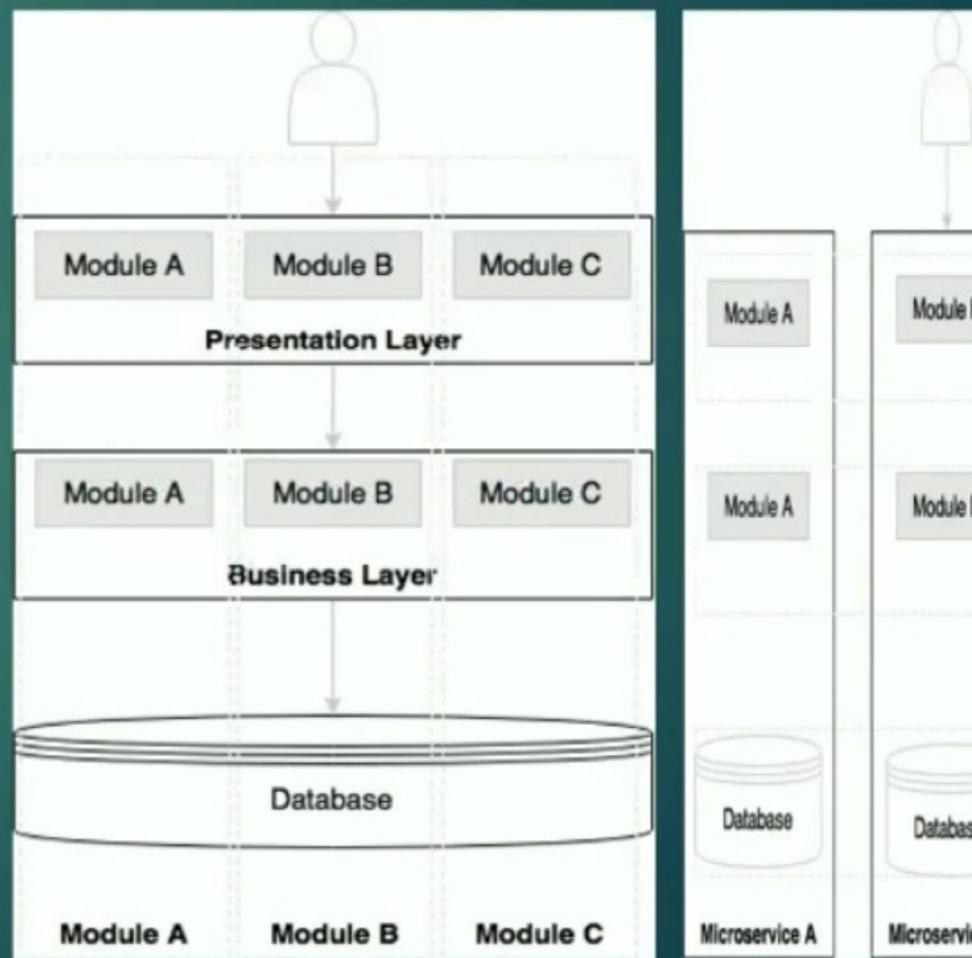
Own the service.

Deploy/release at a cadence necessary for the business

Identify and horizontally scale parts of the architecture where needed



Improve the resiliency of the system as a whole



What Is a Microservice Architecture?

Services help solve the “how do we decouple our services and teams to move



holistically.

transaction.

What Is a Microservice Architecture?

Microservices help solve the “how do we decouple our services and teams to move faster?” problem

Microservices.

Microservices are not efficient.

Microservices can be more resource intensive.

Microservices may end up with what looks like duplication.

Microservices functional complexity is a lot higher.

Microservices makes it very difficult to understand the system holistically.

Microservices makes it significantly harder to debug problems.

Microservices require some areas you may have to relax the notion of transaction.

Microservices may not have been designed to work like this.

Challenges

Building cloud-native applications following a Microservices approach requires thinking differently about how to build, deploy and operate them.

Design for Faults

Building distributed systems is different from building shared memory single process, monolithic applications.

- Networks are inherently unreliable.

- Latent network calls can be very difficult to debug.

Design with Dependencies in Mind

Need loose coupling in our teams, in our technology, and our governance.

Challenges

Design with the Domain in Mind

Identify and explicitly separate the different models and ensure they are cohesive and unambiguous within their own bounded context.

A bounded context is a set of domain objects that implement a model tries to simplify and communicate a part of the business, code, and organization.

This deep understanding of the domain takes time.

Challenges

Design with Promises in Mind

it's very important to keep in mind the relationship between service and service consumer.



In the course of trying to keep a promise, it helps to have empathy for the system and the service quality we're trying to uphold.

Spring Boot?

Spring Boot has many features that make it suitable for:

- Cloud Native Applications that follow the 12 factor patterns
- Productivity increases by reducing time of development and deployment
- Enterprise-production-ready Spring applications
- Non-functional requirements, such as the Spring Boot Actuator (a management endpoint for monitoring metrics, health checks, and management easily) and embedded containers for running web applications (such as Tomcat, Undertow, Jetty)

The term “Microservices” is getting attention for creating scalable, highly available, and robust applications, and Spring Boot fits there perfectly, allowing developers to focus only on the business logic and to leave the configuration to the Spring Framework.

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Project Explorer:** Shows the project structure with files like `pom.xml` and `SimpleSpringBootApplication.java`.
- Code Editor:** Displays the `SimpleSpringBootApplication.java` file content. The code is annotated with Spring annotations: `@RestController`, `@SpringBootApplication`, `@RequestMapping`, and `@GetMapping`. The `index()` method returns the string "`<h1> Hello World </h1>`".
- Toolbars:** Standard Eclipse toolbars for file operations, search, and navigation.
- Bottom Bar:** Shows various Eclipse perspectives: Markers, Properties, Servers, Data Source Explorer, Snippets, Console, and Progress. The "Console" tab is selected.
- Status Bar:** Shows the path `t/src/main/java/com/boot/SimpleSpringBootApplication.java`.

```

simple-spring-boot/pom.xml  SimpleSpringBootApplication.java ×
4 import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
5 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
6 import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
7 import org.springframework.web.servlet.ModelAndView;
8
9 @RestController
10 @SpringBootApplication
11 public class SimpleSpringBootApplication
12 {
13
14     public static void main(String[] args)
15     {
16         SpringApplication.run(SimpleSpringBootApplication.class, args);
17     }
18
19     @RequestMapping("/")
20     public String index()
21     {
22         return "<h1> Hello World </h1>";
23     }
24
25     @RequestMapping("/message")
26     public ModelAndView welcome(ModelAndView model)
27     {
28         model.addObject("message", "Hello World");
29         model.setViewName("welcome");
30         return model;
31     }
32 }
33

```

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

simple-spring-boot - SimpleSpringBootApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (13-Nov-2017, 11:56:07 AM)

```

2017-11-13 11:56:14.152 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Mapped URL path [/**] onto handler of type [com.boot.SimpleSpringBootApplication]
2017-11-13 11:56:14.195 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Mapped URL path [/**/favicon.ico] onto handler of type [org.springframework.web.servlet.resource.ResourceHttpRequestHandler]
2017-11-13 11:56:14.226 WARN 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Cannot find template location: classpath:/templates/
2017-11-13 11:56:14.586 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.j.e.a.AnnotationMBeanExporter : Registering beans for JMX exposure on startup
2017-11-13 11:56:14.645 INFO 9664 --- [           main] s.b.c.e.t.TomcatEmbeddedServletContainer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http)
2017-11-13 11:56:14.651 INFO 9664 --- [           main] com.boot.SimpleSpringBootApplication : Started SimpleSpringBootApplication in 2.872 seconds (JVM running for 4.004)
2017-11-13 11:56:26.681 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/] : Initializing Spring FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet'
2017-11-13 11:56:26.682 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 13 ms
2017-11-13 11:56:26.710 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 13 ms

```

Project Run Window Help



```
simple-spring-boot/pom.xml  SimpleSpringBootApplication.java  welcome.html
```

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
3 <head>
4 <meta charset="ISO-8859-1">
5 <title>Insert title here</title>
6 </head>
7 <body>
8
9 </body>
10 </html>
```

ication.java

0]

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

simple-spring-boot - SimpleSpringBootApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (13-Nov-2017, 11:56:07 AM)

```
2017-11-13 11:56:14.152 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Mapped URL path [/**] onto handler of type [
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:14.195 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Mapped URL path [/**/favicon.ico] onto handler of type [
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:14.226 WARN 9664 --- [           main] .t.AbstractTemplateResolverConfiguration : Cannot find template location: classpath:/te
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:14.586 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.j.e.a.AnnotationMBeanExporter : Registering beans for JMX exposure on startup
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:14.645 INFO 9664 --- [           main] s.b.c.e.t.TomcatEmbeddedServletContainer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http)
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:14.651 INFO 9664 --- [           main] com.boot.SimpleSpringBootApplication : Started SimpleSpringBootApplication in 2.872 seconds (JVM running for 3.001)
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:26.681 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/] : Initializing Spring FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet'
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:26.682 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 13 ms
```

```
2017-11-13 11:56:26.710 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 13 ms
```

Writable

Smart Insert

2:43

Project Run Window Help

simple-spring-boot/pom.xml SimpleSpringBootApplication.java welcome.html *

```

1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html xmlns:th="http://www.thymeleaf.org">
3 <head>
4 <meta charset="ISO-8859-1">
5 <title>Insert title here</title>
6 </head>
7 <body>
8   <h1>
9     <span th:text="${message}"></span>
10    </h1>
11  </body>
12 </html>

```

ication.java

0]

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

simple-spring-boot - SimpleSpringBootApplication [Spring Boot App] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (13-Nov-2017, 11:56:07 AM)

```

2017-11-13 11:56:14.152 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Mapped URL path [/**] onto handler of type [ 
2017-11-13 11:56:14.195 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.w.s.handler.SimpleUrlHandlerMapping : Mapped URL path [/**/favicon.ico] onto handler of type [ 
2017-11-13 11:56:14.226 WARN 9664 --- [           main] .t.AbstractTemplateResolverConfiguration : Cannot find template location: classpath:/te 
2017-11-13 11:56:14.586 INFO 9664 --- [           main] o.s.j.e.a.AnnotationMBeanExporter : Registering beans for JMX exposure on startup 
2017-11-13 11:56:14.645 INFO 9664 --- [           main] s.b.c.e.t.TomcatEmbeddedServletContainer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http) 
2017-11-13 11:56:14.651 INFO 9664 --- [           main] com.boot.SimpleSpringBootApplication : Started SimpleSpringBootApplication in 2.8722222222222223 seconds 
2017-11-13 11:56:26.681 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[] : Initializing Spring FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet' 
2017-11-13 11:56:26.682 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 13 ms 
2017-11-13 11:56:26.710 INFO 9664 --- [nio-8080-exec-1] o.s.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet : FrameworkServlet 'dispatcherServlet': initialization completed in 13 ms

```

Writable

Smart Insert

9:36

Spring Boot?

Spring Boot has many features that make it suitable for:
Cloud Native Applications that follow the 12 factor patterns
Productivity increases by reducing time of development and deployment
Enterprise-production-ready Spring applications

Non-functional requirements, such as the Spring Boot Actuator (a management endpoint for monitoring metrics, health checks, and management easily) and embedded containers for running web applications (such as Tomcat, Undertow, Jetty).

The term “Microservices” is getting attention for creating scalable, highly available, and robust applications, and Spring Boot fits there perfectly, allowing developers to focus only on the business logic and to leave the configuration to the Spring Framework.

Spring Boot Features

SpringApplication class. In a Java Spring Boot application, the `main` method executes this singleton class. This particular class provides a convenient way to initiate a Spring application.

Spring Boot allows you to create applications without requiring any configuration. Spring Boot doesn't generate code.

Spring Boot is an “opinionated” technology.

Spring Boot allows you to execute code after the application has started.

Spring Boot allows you to externalize configurations by using an `application.properties` or `application.yml` file.

Spring Boot allows you to have profiles that will help your application run in different environments.

Spring Boot provides a simple way to configure and manage your dependencies using starter poms.

Spring Boot Features

Spring Boot provides out-of-the-box non-functional requirements by using Spring Boot Actuator.

Spring Boot provides `@Enable<feature>` annotations that help you to configure, and use technologies like databases (SQL and NoSQL), caching, scheduling, messaging, Spring integration, Spring cloud, and more.

Search



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Problems with Spring

- Huge framework
- Multiple setup steps
- Multiple configuration steps
- Multiple build and deploy steps

Spring Boot Quick Start

Java Brains - 4 / 34



- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| | Spring and some problems
Spring Boot Guide 4 6:09 | Spring Boot Quick Start 4 - Spring and some of its problems
Java Brains |
| | What Spring Boot gives us
Spring Boot Guide 5 1:54 | Spring Boot Quick Start 5 - What Spring Boot gives us
Java Brains |
| | Setting up
Spring Boot Guide 6 2:26 | Spring Boot Quick Start 6 - Setting Up Development Environment
Java Brains |
| | Maven Intro
Spring Boot Guide 7 2:15 | Spring Boot Quick Start 7 - Maven
Java Brains |
| | Creating a Spring Boot project
Spring Boot Guide 8 9:53 | Spring Boot Quick Start 8 - Creating a Spring Boot project
Java Brains |
| | Starting a Spring Boot app
Spring Boot Guide 9 6:08 | Spring Boot Quick Start 9 - Starting a Spring Boot application
Java Brains |

oot Quick Start 4 - Spring and some of its problems

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1,649

17

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Java Brains

Published on Dec 23, 2016

Access the full course here: <https://javabrains.io/courses/spring...>

Here's a quick introduction to Spring, some of it's strengths (and possible weaknesses too!)



/www.youtube.com/watch?v=h581CNFdjDc&list=PLqq-6Pq4ITTbx8p2oCgcAQGQyqN8XeA1x&index=10&pbjreload=10%3Futm_campaign%3D

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Starting Spring Boot

- Sets up default configuration
- Starts Spring application context
- Performs class path scan
- Starts Tomcat server

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Spring Boot Quick Start 10 - Spring Boot startup steps

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421 4 SHARE ...

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Java Brains

Published on Dec 23, 2016

Access the full course here: <https://javabrains.io/courses/spring...>

In this video, we'll examine some of the steps that happened when Spring Boot started up.



Spring Boot Quick Start

Java Brains - 10 / 34



	Spring Boot startup steps Spring Boot Quick Start 10 - Spring Boot startup steps	3:27
11	Adding a REST controller Spring Boot Quick Start 11 - Adding a REST Controller	7:56
12	Returning objects from controller Spring Boot Quick Start 12 - Returning Objects From Controller	7:50
13	Understanding Bill of materials Spring Boot Quick Start 13 - What's Happening Here: Bill Of Materials	3:41
14	Understanding Embedded Servlet Container Spring Boot Quick Start 14 - What's Happening Here: Embedded Servlet	3:17
15	How Spring MVC works Spring Boot Quick Start 15 - How Spring MVC Works	4:31

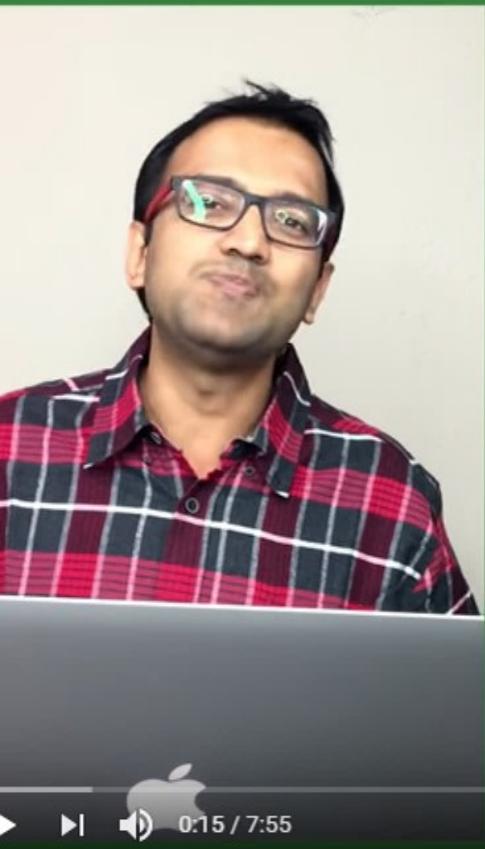
Google Cloud Platform

Future-proof Infrastructure.
Powerful Data & Analytics.
No Ops, Just Code.

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Let's add a controller

- A Java class
- Marked with annotations
- Has info about
 - What URL access triggers it?
 - What method to run when accessed?

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▶ <small>Jerry Becker</small>	Adding a REST controller	#11
Spring Boot Quick Start	7:56	
Java Brains		
▶ <small>Jerry Becker</small>	Returning objects from controller	#12
Spring Boot Quick Start	7:50	
Java Brains		
▶ <small>Jerry Becker</small>	Understanding Bill of materials	#13
Spring Boot Quick Start	3:41	
Java Brains		
▶ <small>Jerry Becker</small>	Understanding Embedded Servlet Container	#14
Spring Boot Quick Start	3:17	
Java Brains		
▶ <small>Jerry Becker</small>	How Spring MVC works	#15
Spring Boot Quick Start	4:31	
Java Brains		
▶ <small>Jerry Becker</small>	The REST API we'll build	#16
Spring Boot Quick Start	4:41	
Java Brains		

oot Quick Start 11 - Adding a REST Controller

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Java Brains

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Access the full course here: https://javabrains.io/courses/spring_...

Learn how to create a new REST endpoint by creating a brand new Spring MVC controller.



 Google Cloud Platform

Scale on Google's Infrastructure with Security at its Core.

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```

package io.javabrains.springbootstarter.topic;

import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.List;

import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

@RestController
public class TopicController {

    @RequestMapping("/topics")
    public List<Topic> getAllTopics() {
        return Arrays.asList(
            new Topic("spring", "Spring Framework", "Spring Framework Description"),
            new Topic("java", "Core Java", "Core Java Description"),
            new Topic("javascript", "JavaScript", "JavaScript Description")
        );
    }
}

```

The generated JSON has key names corresponding to property names of the Topic class.
The JSON values are the values of those properties.

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Spring Boot Quick Start

Java Brains - 12 / 34

- 12 Returning objects from controller Spring Boot Guide 7:50 Java Brains
- 13 Understanding Bill of materials Spring Boot Guide 3:41 Java Brains
- 14 Understanding Embedded Servlet Container Spring Boot Guide 3:17 Java Brains
- 15 How Spring MVC works Spring Boot Guide 4:31 Java Brains
- 16 The REST API we'll build Spring Boot Guide 4:41 Java Brains
- 17 Creating a business service Spring Boot Guide 6:04 Java Brains

Spring Boot Quick Start 12 - Returning Objects From Controller

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 7
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Return a JSON payload from your REST API endpoint by returning objects from your Spring MVC



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Embedded Tomcat Server

- Convenience
- Servlet container config is now application config
- Standalone application
- Useful for microservices architecture

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Spring Boot Quick Start

Java Brains - 14 / 34



- | | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------|
| 13 | Bill of materials | Spring Boot Quick Start 3:41 | Java Brains | |
| ► | James_Davis | Understanding Embedded Servlet Container | Spring Boot Quick Start 3:17 | Java Brains |
| 15 | James_Davis | How Spring MVC works | Spring Boot Quick Start 4:31 | Java Brains |
| 16 | James_Davis | The REST API we'll build | Spring Boot Quick Start 4:41 | Java Brains |
| 17 | James_Davis | Creating a business service | Spring Boot Quick Start 6:04 | Java Brains |
| 18 | James_Davis | Getting a single resource | Spring Boot Quick Start 6:31 | Java Brains |
| 19 | James_Davis | Creating a new | Spring Boot Quick Start 6:31 | Java Brains |

Spring Boot Quick Start 14 - What's Happening Here: Embedded Servlet Container

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In this "What's happening here" video, we'll look at the Embedded Tomcat Servlet container. We'll



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Course API

javabrains.io

Resources:

Topic, Course, Lesson

A Topic can have multiple Courses and a Course can consist of multiple Lessons.

▶ 0:51 / 4:40



Spring Boot Quick Start

Java Brains - 16 / 34



- ▶ 16 The REST API we'll build Spring Boot Quick Start 4:41
- 17 Creating a business service Spring Boot Quick Start 6:04
- 18 Getting a single resource Spring Boot Quick Start 6:31
- 19 Creating a new resource with POST Spring Boot Quick Start 10:30
- 20 Implementing update and delete Spring Boot Quick Start 9:55
- 21 Unit Overview Spring Boot Quick Start 1:28

Spring Boot Quick Start 16 - The REST API we'll build

views

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Java Brains

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Access the full course here: <https://javabrains.io/courses/spring...>

Let's quickly go over the API we'll be building - what the resources and the methods are.



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Course API

javabrains.io

Topics:

GET	/topics	Gets all topics
GET	/topics/{id}	Gets the topic
POST	/topics	Create new topic
PUT	/topics/{id}	Updates the topic
DELETE	/topics/{id}	Deletes the topic

Spring Boot Quick Start

Java Brains - 16 / 34



- ▶ [v16] **The REST API we'll build** [4:41] Spring Boot Quick Start 16 - The REST API we'll build Java Brains
- 17 [v17] **Creating a business service** [6:04] Spring Boot Quick Start 17 - Creating a business service Java Brains
- 18 [v18] **Getting a single resource** [6:31] Spring Boot Quick Start 18 - Getting a single resource Java Brains
- 19 [v19] **Creating a new resource with POST** [10:30] Spring Boot Quick Start 19 - Creating a new resource using POST Java Brains
- 20 [v20] **Implementing update and delete** [9:55] Spring Boot Quick Start 20 - Implement Update and Delete Java Brains
- 21 [v21] **Unit Overview** [1:28] Spring Boot Quick Start 21 - Unit Overview Java Brains

Spring Boot Quick Start 16 - The REST API we'll build

views

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5

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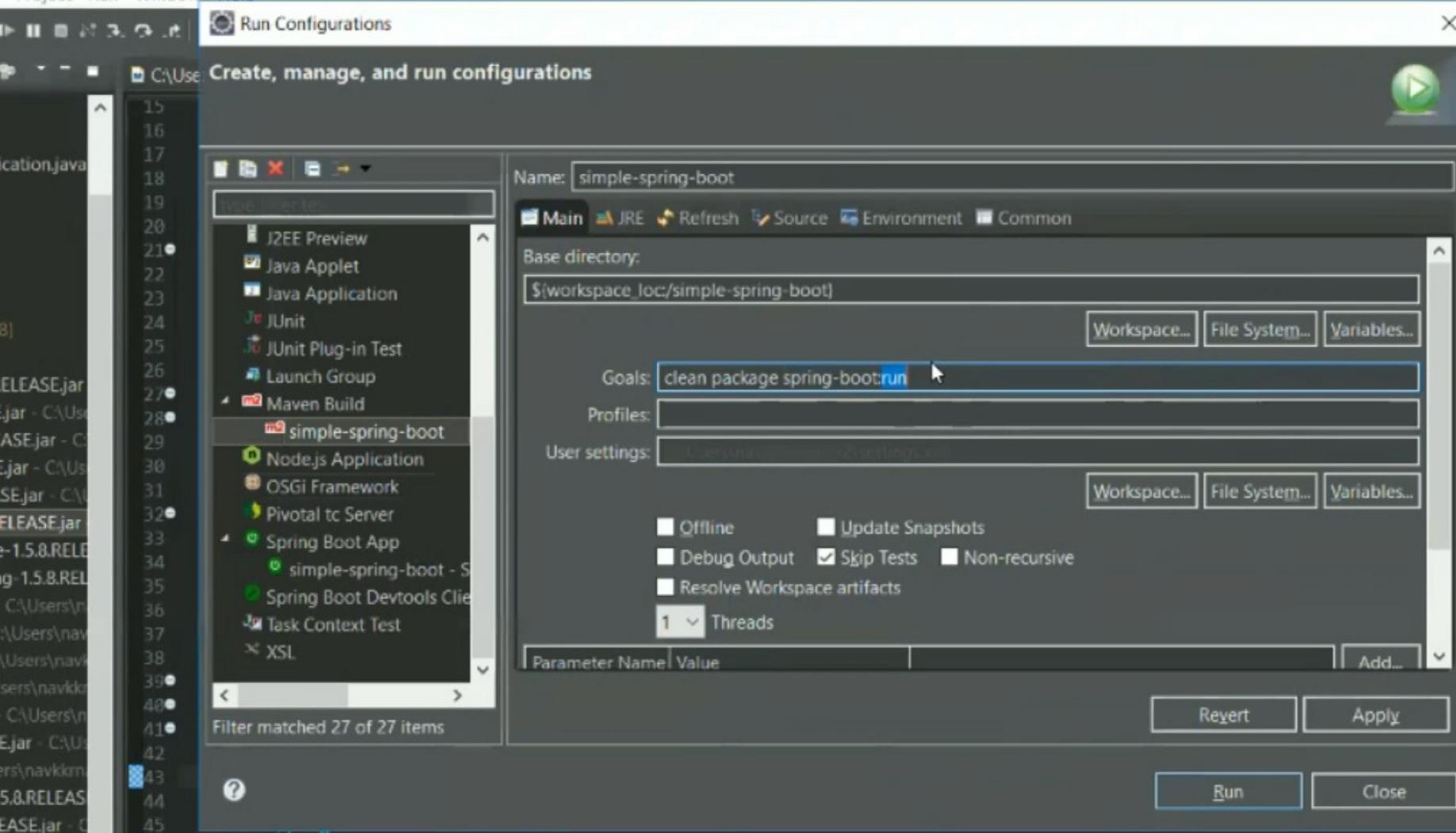


Develop e-portfolio in AI and ML
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Access the full course here: <https://javabrains.io/courses/spring...>

Let's quickly go over the API we'll be building - what the resources and the methods are.





Overview Dependencies Dependency Hierarchy Effective POM pom.xml

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

No consoles to display at this time.

Spring Boot using External tool

ing Boot Using the Spring Initializr

<http://start.spring.io/> (It's hosted by Pivotal WebServices.)

The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Inbox', 'Spring Boot', 'Index of release/org/springframework/boot', and 'Spring Initializr'. Below the tabs is a navigation bar with links like 'Projects', 'Astrology', 'MyJava', 'Clustering', 'Movies', 'Ramana Maharshi', 'Kerala Police Payment', 'Virtual Malayalam K...', 'Spirituality', 'BSNL', 'My Car', 'Water', 'KSEB', 'School', and 'A...'. The main content area has a dark header with 'SPRING INITIALIZR' and 'bootstrap your application now'. Below this, there's a form to 'Generate a Maven Project' with a version dropdown set to '1.5.3'. The 'Project Metadata' section contains fields for 'Group' (com.example) and 'Artifact' (demo). The 'Dependencies' section includes a search bar ('Web, Security, JPA, Actuator, Devtools...') and a 'Selected Dependencies' list. A large green button at the bottom right says 'Generate Project alt + d'. At the bottom left, there's a note about switching to the full version. The bottom of the screen shows a taskbar with icons for various applications and a search bar.

Inbox - navikkmaier@gn... > Spring Boot > Index of release/org/springframework/boot > Spring Initializr

start.spring.io

Projects Astrology MyJava Clustering Movies Ramana Maharshi Kerala Police Payment Virtual Malayalam K... Spirituality BSNL My Car Water KSEB School A...

SPRING INITIALIZR bootstrap your application now

Generate a with Spring Boot

Project Metadata

Artifact coordinates

Group

Artifact

Dependencies

Add Spring Boot Starters and dependencies to your application

Search for dependencies

Selected Dependencies

Generate Project alt + d

Don't know what to look for? Want more options? [Switch to the full version](#).

spring-boot-cli-1.3....zip Canceled

Type here to search

```
Journal.java  spring-boot-journal-1/pom...  JournalRepository.java  JpaRepository.class  JournalController.java  index.html  *SpringBootJournalApplication.java
```

```
1 package com.spring;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11 @SpringBootApplication
12 public class SpringBootJournalApplication
13 {
14     // |
15
16     @Bean
17     InitializingBean saveData(JournalRepository repo)
18     {
19         return () ->
20         {
21             repo.save(new Journal("Get to know Spring Boot", "Today I will learn Spring Boot", "01/01/2016"));
22             repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
23             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Reading", "Read more about Spring Boot", "02/01/2016"));
24             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "Spring Boot using Cloud Foundry", "03/01/2016"));
25         };
26     }
27
28     public static void main(String[] args)
29     {
30         SpringApplication.run(SpringBootJournalApplication.class, args);
31     }
32 }
33
```

application.java

s.css

8]

How Spring Boot works

```
org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.  
AnnotationElementDiscoverer  
RetentionType  
RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME  
@ComponentScan  
@Configuration  
@EnableAutoConfiguration  
@ComponentScan  
@  
@interface  
public interface SpringApplication {  
    Class<?>[] exclude() default {};  
    String[] excludeName() default {};  
    @AliasFor(annotation = ComponentScan.class, attribute = "basePackages")  
    String[] scanBasePackages() default {};  
    @AliasFor(annotation = ComponentScan.class, attribute = "basePackageClasses")  
    Class<?>[] scanBasePackageClasses() default {};
```

```

 1 package com.spring;
 2
 3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
 4
 5
 6
 7 @EnableAutoConfiguration(exclude={})
 8 @SpringBootApplication
 9 public class SpringBootJournalApplication
10 {
11
12     @Bean
13     InitializingBean saveData(JournalRepository repo)
14     {
15         return () ->
16         {
17             repo.save(new Journal("Get to know Spring Boot", "Today I will learn Spring Boot", "01/01/2016"));
18             repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
19             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Reading", "Read more about Spring Boot", "02/01/2016"));
20             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "Spring Boot using Cloud Foundry", "03/01/2016"));
21         };
22     }
23
24     public static void main(String[] args)
25     {
26         SpringApplication.run(SpringBootJournalApplication.class, args);
27     }
28
29 }
30
31
32
33 }
34

```

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

New_configuration [Maven Build] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (14-Nov-2017, 11:16:10 AM)

- @ConditionalOnBean (types: org.springframework.boot.jta.XADataSourceWrapper; SearchStrategy: all) did not find any beans (OnBeanCondition)
- Matched:
- @ConditionalOnClass found required classes 'javax.sql.DataSource', 'javax.transaction.TransactionManager', 'org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.lookup.JdbcLookupParser'

Exclusions:

Writable Smart Insert 12:34

spring-boot-journal-1/pom.xml SpringBootJournalApplication.java

```

1 package com.spring;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
4
5 @EnableAutoConfiguration(exclude = { ActiveMQAutoConfiguration.class })
6 @SpringBootApplication
7 public class SpringBootJournalApplication
8 {
9
10    @Bean
11    InitializingBean saveData(JournalRepository repo)
12    {
13        return () ->
14        {
15            repo.save(new Journal("Getting Started with Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/01/2016"));
16            repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
17            repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "02/01/2016"));
18            repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "03/01/2016"));
19        };
20    }
21
22    public static void main(String[] args)
23    {
24        SpringApplication.run(SpringBootJournalApplication.class, args);
25    }
26
27 }
28
29
30 }
```

Problem Occurred

Refreshing resources has encountered a problem. Spring Boot, "01/01/2016"));
 repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
 repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "02/01/2016"));
 repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "03/01/2016"));
 eclipse.debug.core/launches/New_configuration.launch does not exist.

OK Details >

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

<terminated> spring-boot-journal-1 [Maven Build] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (14-Nov-2017, 11:16:10 AM)

2017-11-14 11:16:32.639 INFO 7156 --- [main] s.b.c.e.t.TomcatEmbeddedServletContainer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http)
 2017-11-14 11:16:32.659 INFO 7156 --- [main] com.spring.SpringBootJournalApplication : Started SpringBootJournalApplication in 12.8

```

spring-boot-journal-1/pom.xml  SpringBootJournalApplication.java x
1 package com.spring;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
4
5 @EnableAutoConfiguration(exclude = { ActiveMQAutoConfiguration.class })
6 @SpringBootApplication
7 public class SpringBootJournalApplication
8 {
9
10    @Bean
11    InitializingBean saveData(JournalRepository repo)
12    {
13        return () ->
14        {
15            repo.save(new Journal("Get to know Spring Boot", "Today I will learn Spring Boot", "01/01/2016"));
16            repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
17            repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Reading", "Read more about Spring Boot", "02/01/2016"));
18            repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "Spring Boot using Cloud Foundry", "03/01/2016"));
19        };
20    }
21
22    public static void main(String[] args)
23    {
24        SpringApplication.run(SpringBootJournalApplication.class, args);
25    }
26 }
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34 }
35

```

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Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

<terminated> spring-boot-journal-1 [Maven Build] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (14-Nov-2017, 11:16:10 AM)

2017-11-14 11:16:32.639 INFO 7156 --- [main] s.b.c.e.t.TomcatEmbeddedServletContainer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http)

2017-11-14 11:16:32.659 INFO 7156 --- [main] com.spring.SpringBootJournalApplication : Started SpringBootJournalApplication in 12.8

```

spring-boot-journal-1/pom.xml  SpringBootJournalApplication.java ×
1 package com.spring;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
4
5 @EnableAutoConfiguration(exclude = { ActiveMQAutoConfiguration.class })
6 @SpringBootApplication
7 public class SpringBootJournalApplication
8 {
9
10     @Bean
11     InitializingBean saveData(JournalRepository repo)
12     {
13         return () ->
14         {
15             repo.save(new Journal("Get to know Spring Boot", "Today I will learn Spring Boot", "01/01/2016"));
16             repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
17             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Reading", "Read more about Spring Boot", "02/01/2016"));
18             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "Spring Boot using Cloud Foundry", "03/01/2016"));
19         };
20     }
21
22     public static void main(String[] args)
23     {
24         SpringApplication.run(SpringBootJournalApplication.class, args);
25     }
26 }

```

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

spring-boot-journal-1 [Maven Build] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (14-Nov-2017, 11:22:55 AM)

Exclusions:

```

-----  

[ org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.jms.activemq.ActiveMQAutoConfiguration

```

Unconditional classes:

```

-----  

org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.PropertyPlaceholderAutoConfiguration  

org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.web.WebClientAutoConfiguration

```

```

1 package com.spring;
2
3 import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
4
5 @EnableAutoConfiguration(exclude = { ActiveMQAutoConfiguration.class })
6 @SpringBootApplication
7 public class SpringBootJournalApplication
8 {
9
10     @Bean
11     InitializingBean saveData(JournalRepository repo)
12     {
13         return () ->
14         {
15             repo.save(new Journal("Get to know Spring Boot", "Today I will learn Spring Boot", "01/01/2016"));
16             repo.save(new Journal("Simple Spring Boot Project", "I will do my first Spring Boot Project", "01/02/2016"));
17             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot Reading", "Read more about Spring Boot", "02/01/2016"));
18             repo.save(new Journal("Spring Boot in the Cloud", "Spring Boot using Cloud Foundry", "03/01/2016"));
19         };
20     }
21
22     public static void main(String[] args)
23     {
24         SpringApplication.run(SpringBootJournalApplication.class, args);
25     }
26 }

```

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress

spring-boot-journal-1 [Maven Build] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_111\bin\javaw.exe (14-Nov-2017, 11:22:55 AM)

Exclusions:

org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.jms.activemq.ActiveMQAutoConfiguration

Unconditional classes:

org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.PropertyPlaceholderAutoConfiguration

org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.web.WebClientAutoConfiguration



Personal Info

Review

E-Signature

Saving Account

1

2

3

4

Congrats! Your Savings Account has been created successfully. These details have been sent to your email id.

Savings Account Number

309005894363

Customer ID

101880409

IFSC code of Branch

RATN0000195

Branch details

JP NAGAR, BANGALORE

- For any further assistance related to your account please call Customer Service on 1800 123 8040
- Download RBL MoBank
 - Go to Google Play Store/ App Store/ Windows Phone Store and search for the "RBL MoBank" App
 - Download and install it on your smart phone



duction. It is a Hibernate feature (and has nothing to do with Spring).

.3 Initialize a Database

Spring Boot can automatically create the schema (DDL scripts) of your `DataSource` and initialize it (DML scripts). It loads SQL from the standard root classpath locations: `schema.sql` and `data.sql`, respectively. In addition, Spring Boot processes the `schema-${platform}.sql` and `data-${platform}.sql` files (if present), where `platform` is the value of `spring.datasource.platform`. This allows you to switch to database-specific scripts if necessary. For example, you might choose to set it to the vendor name of the database (`hsqldb`, `h2`, `oracle`, `mysql`, `postgresql`, and so on).

Spring Boot automatically creates the schema of an embedded `DataSource`. This behavior can be customized by using the `spring.datasource.initialization-mode` property (and it can also be `always` or `never`).

By default, Spring Boot enables the fail-fast feature of the Spring JDBC initializer. This means that, if the scripts cause exceptions, the application fails to start. You can change that behavior by setting `spring.datasource.continue-on-error`.

In a JPA-based app, you can choose to let Hibernate create the schema or use `schema.sql`, but you cannot do both. Make sure to disable `spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto` if you use `schema.sql`.

.4 Initialize a Spring Batch Database

If you use Spring Batch, it comes pre-packaged with SQL initialization scripts for most popular database platforms. Spring Boot can detect your database type and execute those scripts on startup. If you use an embedded database, this happens by default. You can also enable it for any database type, as shown in the following example:

```
spring.batch.initialize-schema=always
```

You can also switch off the initialization explicitly by setting `spring.batch.initialize-schema=never`.

.5 Use a Higher-level Database Migration Tool

Spring Boot supports two higher-level migration tools: `Flyway` and `Liquibase`.





The `GreeterServiceImpl` class is annotated with the `@Service` annotation, so that Spring will identify it as a service. It has auto-wired into it a `MessageChannel` named `helloWorldChannel`. Because the name of the channel matches the one defined in the `applicationContext.xml` file, Spring will just find it for you. If you wanted to override that name, you could add a `@Qualifier` annotation to the `MessageChannel` to give it the name of the channel bean with which you want to communicate. When the `GreeterServiceImpl`'s `greet()` method is invoked, it creates and sends a message to the `helloWorldChannel`.

The `MessageChannel` is an interface that defines two variants of the `send()` method: one that accepts a timeout and one that does not (which can, depending on the implementation, block indefinitely). The `MessageBuilder` class, an implementation of the [Builder design pattern](#), helps you build `Messages`. In this case, we passed `MessageBuilder` a single `String`, but it could be used to specify message headers, expiration dates, priority, correlation IDs, reply and error channels, and more. Once we're finished configuring the `MessageBuilder`, invoking the `build()` method returns a `Message` that can be sent to any channel.

Listing 6 shows the source code for a command-line application that pulls all of our code together.

Listing 6. App.java

```
package com.geekcap.springintegrationexample.main;
```



Quick Start 19 - Creating a new resource using POST

The screenshot shows the Spring Tool Suite interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** Shows the title "Quick Start 19 - Creating a new resource using POST" and the path "Spring - com-project/src/main/java/io/javabrains/springbootstarter/topic/TopicController.java - Spring Tool Suite - /Users/kkothagal/Documents/springboot".
- Toolbar:** Standard Eclipse-style toolbar with icons for file operations, search, and help.
- Quick Access:** A button in the top right corner labeled "Quick Access".
- Code Editor:** The main workspace displays the `TopicController.java` file. The code defines a `TopicController` class with three methods: `getAllTopics()`, `getTopic(id)`, and `addTopic(topic)`. The `addTopic` method uses `@RequestMapping(method=RequestMethod.POST, value="/topics")` to handle POST requests to the "/topics" endpoint. The `topicService.addTopic(topic);` line is highlighted with a blue selection bar.
- Dashboard:** A sidebar on the left containing links to "Dashboard", "Project", "Sources", "Library [JavaSE-1.8]", and "Dependencies".
- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows the status "Writable", "Smart Insert", the page number "31 : 26", and a timestamp "9:54 / 10:29".



```
TopicController.java X TopicService.java
package io.javabrains.springbootstarter.topic;

import java.util.Arrays;

@RestController
public class TopicController {

    @Autowired
    private TopicService topicService;

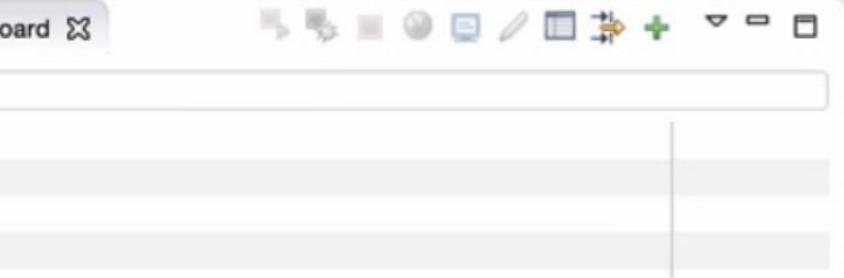
    @RequestMapping("/topics")
    public List<Topic> getAllTopics() {
        return topicService.getAllTopics();
    }

    @RequestMapping("/topics/{id}")
    public Topic getTopic(@PathVariable String id) {
        return topicService.getTopic(id);
    }

    @RequestMapping(method=RequestMethod.POST, value="/topics")
    public void addTopic(@RequestBody Topic topic) {
        topicService.addTopic(topic);
    }

    @RequestMapping(method=RequestMethod.PUT, value="/topics/{id}")
    public void updateTopic(@RequestBody Topic topic, @PathVariable String id) {
        topicService.updateTopic(id, topic);
    }

    @RequestMapping(method=RequestMethod.DELETE, value="/topics/{id}")
    public void deleteTopic(@PathVariable String id) {
        topicService.deleteTopic(id);
    }
}
```





```
public class TopicService {  
  
    @Autowired  
    private TopicRepository topicRepository;  
  
    private List<Topic> topics = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(  
        new Topic("spring", "Spring Framework", "Spring Framework Description"),  
        new Topic("java", "Core Java", "Core Java Description"),  
        new Topic("javascript", "JavaScript", "JavaScript Description")  
    ));  
  
    public List<Topic> getAllTopics() {  
        // return topics;  
        List<Topic> topics = new ArrayList<>();  
        topicRepository.findAll()  
            .forEach(topic::add);  
        return topics;  
    }  
  
    public Topic getTopic(String id) {  
        return topics.stream().filter(t -> t.getId().equals(id)).findFirst().get();  
    }  
  
    public void addTopic(Topic topic) {  
        topics.add(topic);  
    }  
  
    public void updateTopic(String id, Topic topic) {  
        for (int i = 0; i < topics.size(); i++) {  
            Topic t = topics.get(i);  
            if (t.getId().equals(id)) {  
                topics.set(i, topic);  
                return;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    public void deleteTopic(String id) {  
        topics.removeIf(t -> t.getId().equals(id));  
    }  
}
```

Quick Start 29 - Making Crud Operations with Repository

```
TopicService.java course-api-data/ Topic.java TopicRepository.java CourseAp...
```

```
application.java
bootstarter.topic
ava
java
a
avaSE-1.8]

@Autowired
private TopicRepository topicRepository;

private List<Topic> topics = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(
    new Topic("spring", "Spring Framework", "Spring Framework Description"),
    new Topic("java", "Core Java", "Core Java Description"),
    new Topic("javascript", "JavaScript", "JavaScript Description")
));

public List<Topic> getAllTopics() {
    //
    List<Topic> topics = new ArrayList<>();
    topicRepository.findAll()
        .forEach(topics::add);
    return topics;
}

public Topic getTopic(String id) {
    // return topics.stream().filter(t -> t.getId().equals(id)).findFirst()
    return topicRepository.findOne(id);
}

public void addTopic(Topic topic) {
    topicRepository.save(topic);
}

public void updateTopic(String id, Topic topic) {
    for (int i = 0; i < topics.size(); i++) {
        Topic t = topics.get(i);
        if (t.getId().equals(id)) {
            topics.set(i, topic);
            return;
        }
    }
}

public void deleteTopic(String id) {
    topics.removeIf(t -> t.getId().equals(id));
}
```

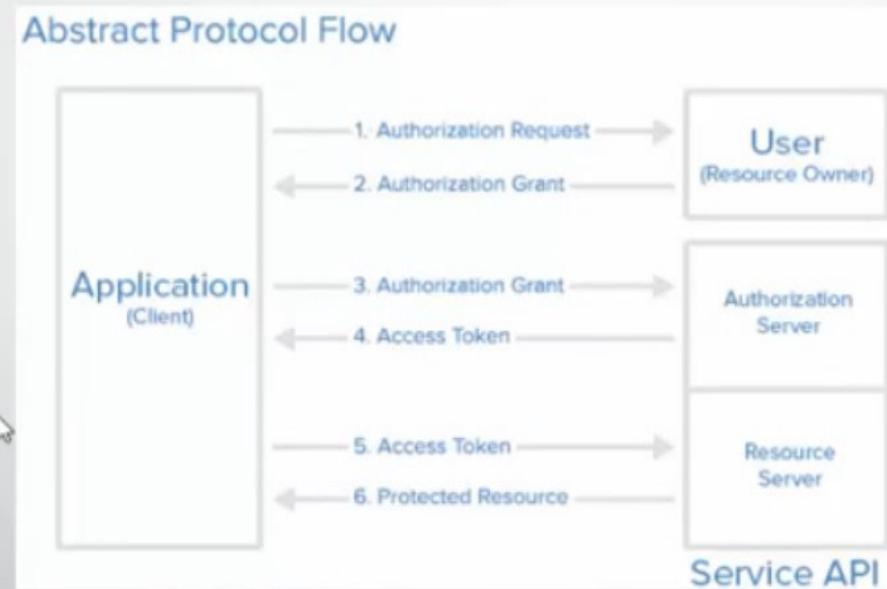
8:28 / 14:13

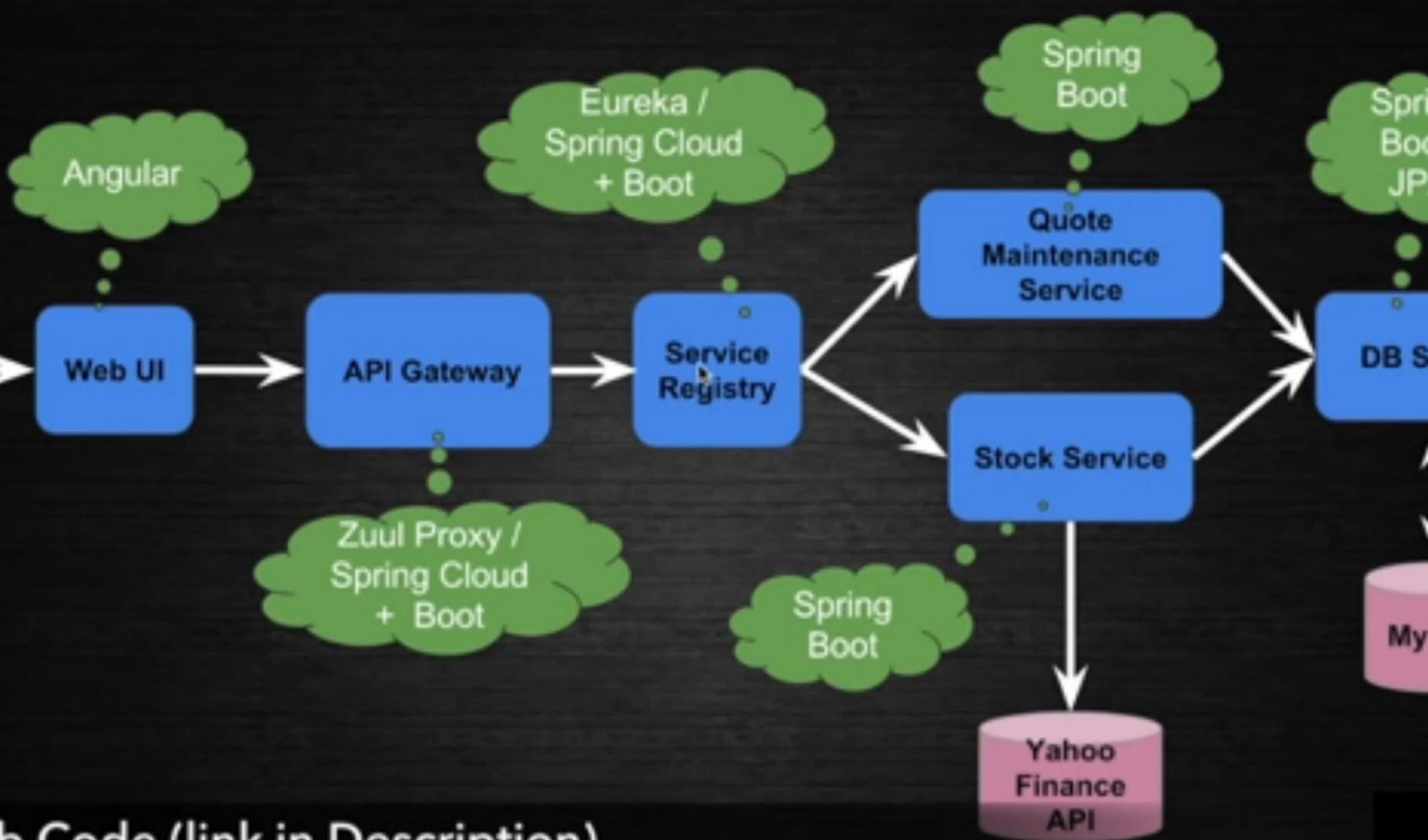
Writable

Smart Insert

33 : 42

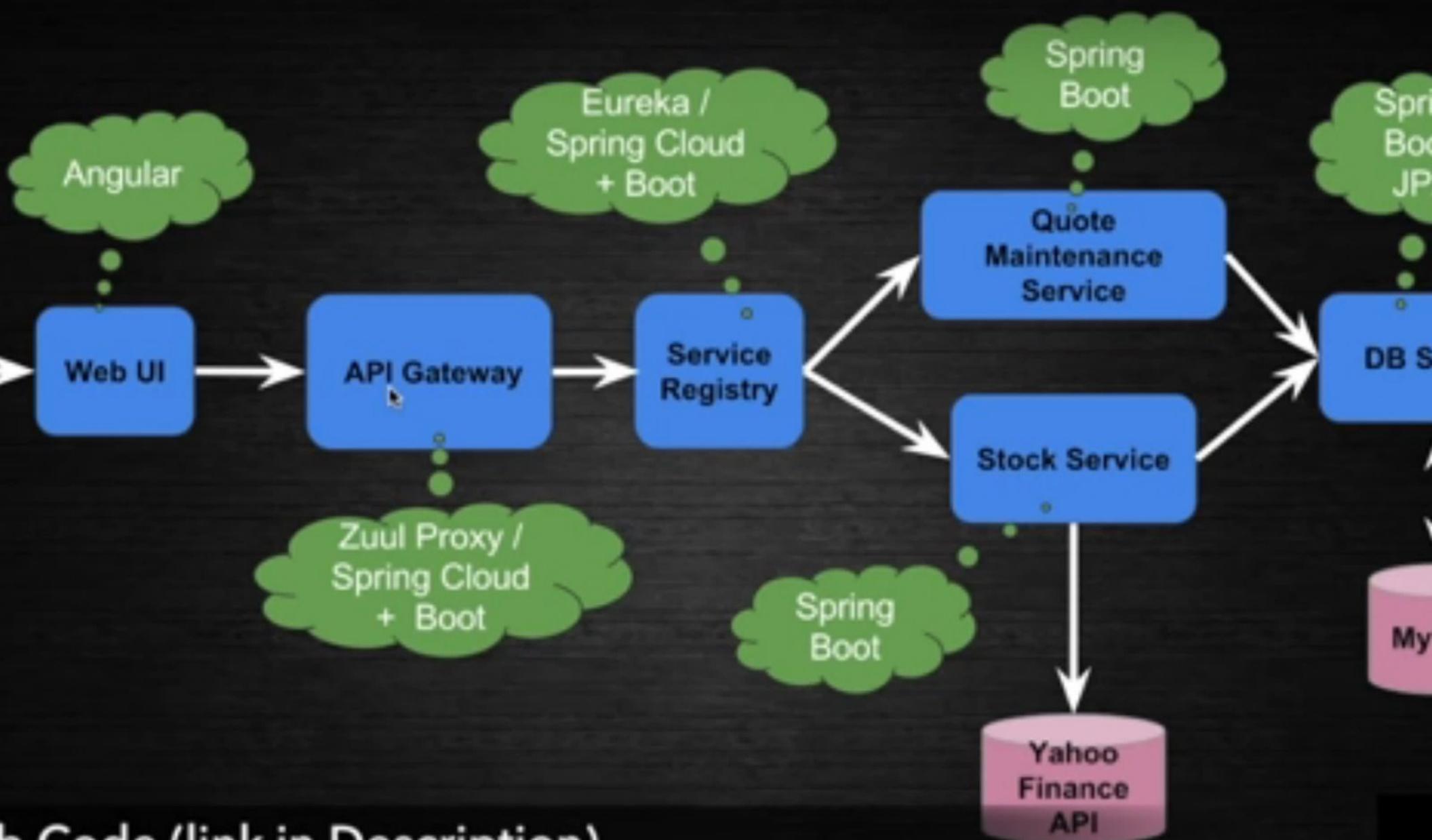
How does OAuth2 work





b Code (link in Description)

github.com/TechPrimers/stock-price-viewer-microservices-part1

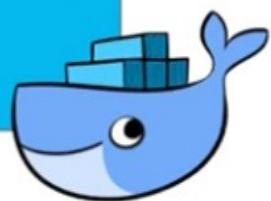


b Code (link in Description)

github.com/TechPrimers/stock-price-viewer-microservices-part1



Docker makes the process of application deployment very easy and efficient and resolves a lot of issues related to deploying applications



Docker for Beginners



0 0 0

INTRODUCTION TO DOCKER

00.44.



What is DOCKER

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00.06.01



How DOCKER works ?

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00.04.20



Benefits of DOCKER

Source : YouTube

00.02.46



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INTELECTUAL

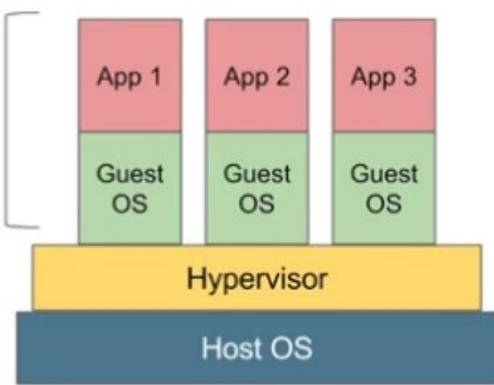
REST API

HBS-SIS

AEM

+

r Beginner Tutorial 2 - How DOCKER works ?

**VMs - resource allocation is fixed and does not change as per application needs**

Virtualization

2:05 / 4:19

YouTube



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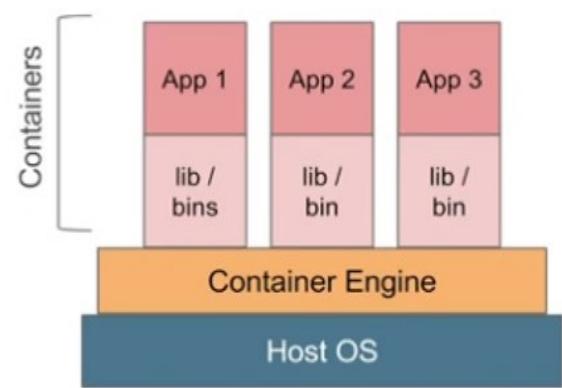
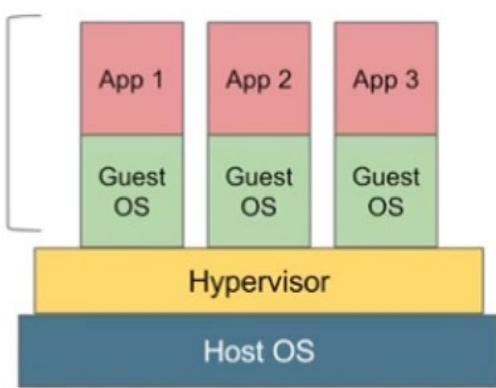
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Virtualization

Containerization



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INTRODUCTION TO DOCKER

00:44:00



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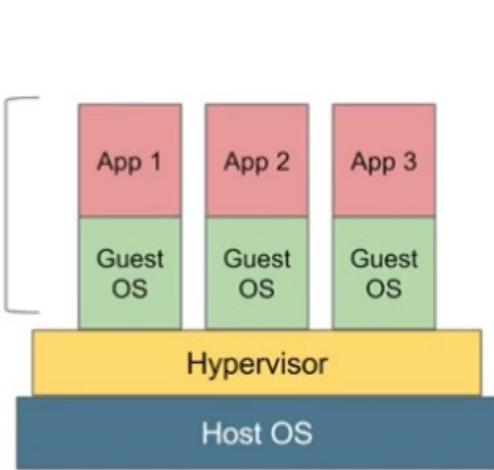
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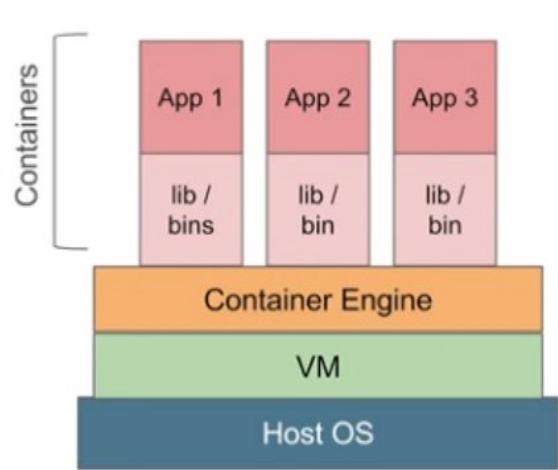


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Virtualization



Containerization



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Docker has a client-server architecture



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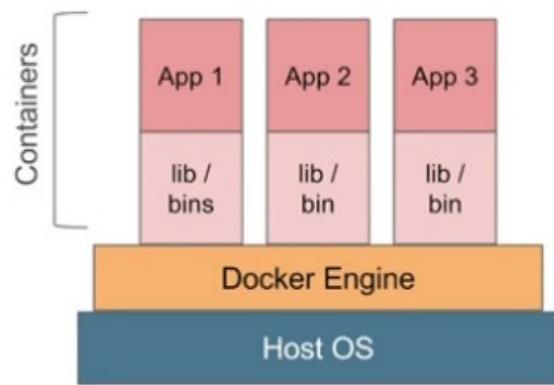
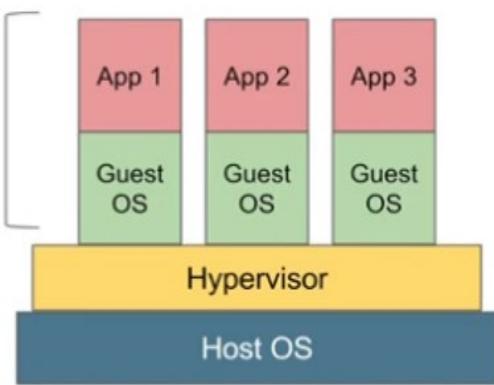


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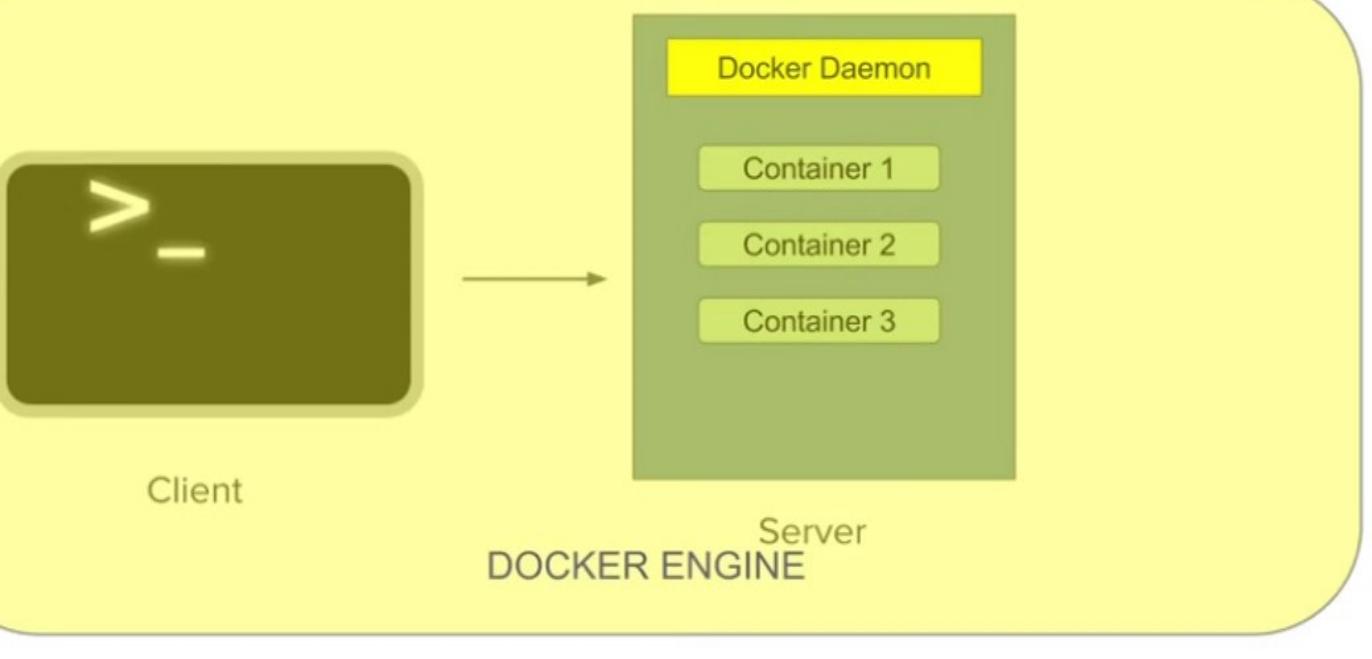
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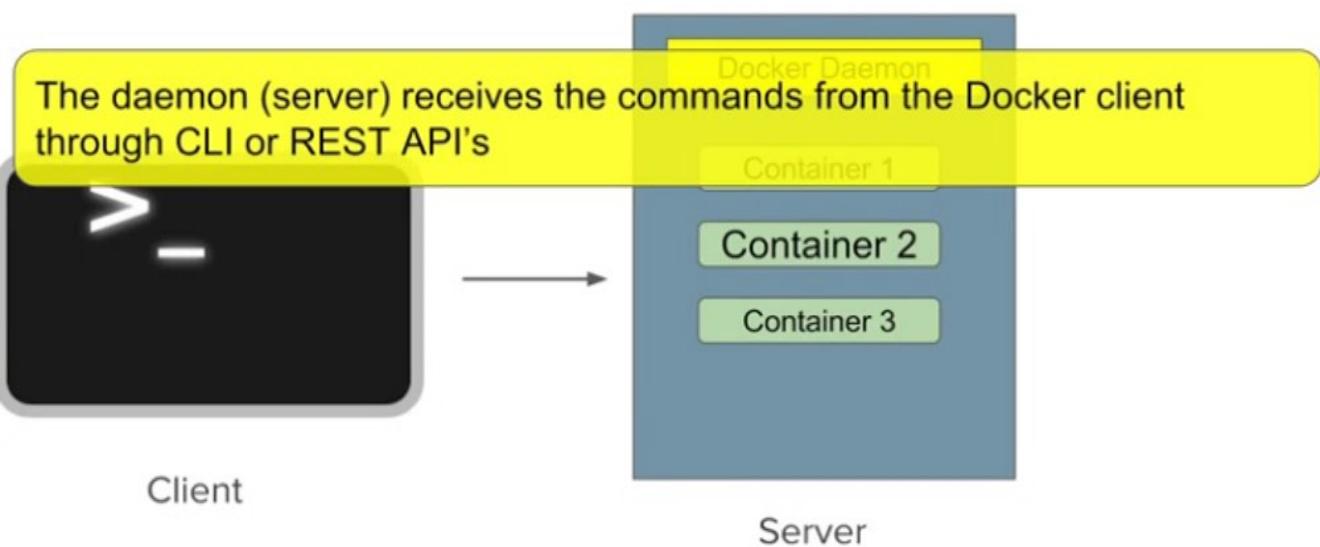


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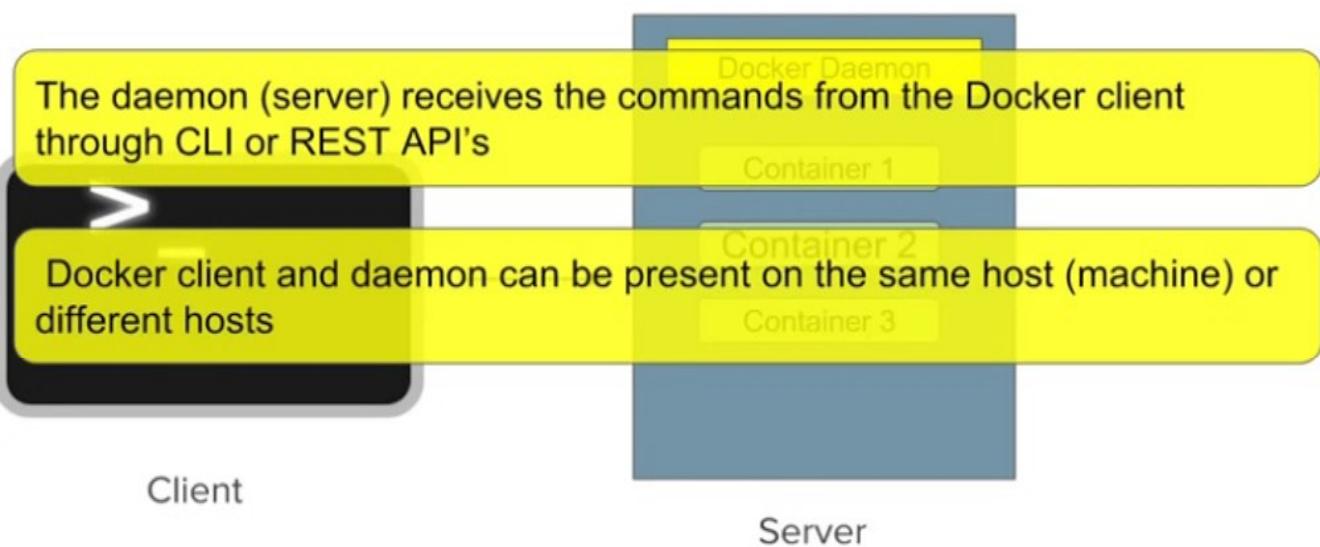
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Build app only once



An application inside a container can run on any system that has Docker installed. So there is no need to build and configure app multiple times on different platforms

Docker is an open source project

0:21 / 2:45

Docker library is written in Go



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More sleep and less worry

With Docker you test your application inside a container and ship it inside a container.

This means the environment in which you test is identical to the one on which the app will run in production.

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Portability



Docker containers can run on any platform.

It can run on your local system,
Amazon ec2, Google Cloud platform,
Rackspace server, VirtualBox..etc.

A container running on AWS can easily be ported to VirtualBox



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ndtree.com/#/mylearningplan/learningpath

Beginner tutorial 3 - Benefits of DOCKER

Version Control

Like Git, Docker has in-built version control system

Docker containers work just like GIT repositories, allowing you to commit changes to your Docker images and version control them

1:30 / 2:45

YouTube

INTRODUCTION TO DOCKER

How to install DOCKER on LINUX ?
Source : YouTube
🕒 00.08.38

How to install DOCKER on WINDOW...
Source : YouTube
🕒 00.10.54

How to install DOCKER on MAC ? Step 6,507 view...
Source : YouTube
🕒 00.11.45

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Isolation

With Docker every application works in isolation in its own container and does not interfere with other applications running on the same system.

So multiple containers can run on same system without interference.

For removal also you can simply delete the container and it will not leave behind any files or traces on the system.



YouTube



INTRODUCTION TO DOCKER

00.44.1



How to install DOCKER on LINUX ?

Source : YouTube
00.08.38

How to install DOCKER on WINDOW

Source : YouTube
00.10.54

How to install DOCKER on MAC ? S

Step 6,507 view...

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IED MANDATORY INTELECTUAL REST API HBS-SIS AEM +

Beginner Tutorial 5 - How to install DOCKER on WINDOWS ? Step by Step



Some useful information

If you install the Docker Toolbox on a Windows machine, the installer automatically installs Oracle Virtualbox to run the Docker virtual machine.

Docker Toolbox required if not using Windows 10 Pro

0:47 / 10:53

CC YouTube

Docker for Beginners

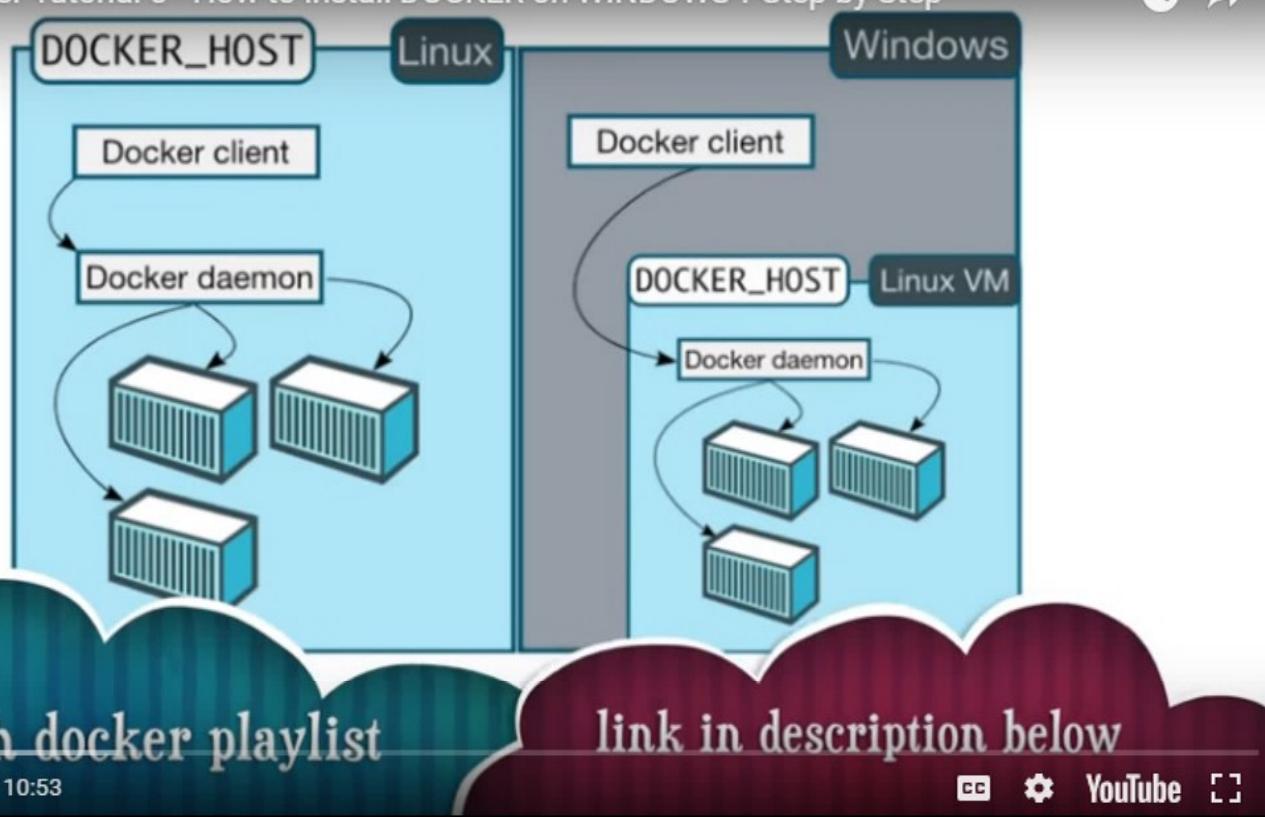
INTRODUCTION TO DOCKER 00:44

How to install DOCKER on LINUX ?
Source : YouTube 00:08.38

How to install DOCKER on WINDOW...
Source : YouTube 00:10.54

How to install DOCKER on MAC ? S...
Step 6,507 view...
Source : YouTube 00:11.45

r Beginner Tutorial 5 - How to install DOCKER on WINDOWS ? Step by Step



Docker for Beginners

Like 0 Share 0

INTRODUCTION TO DOCKER

00:44



How to install DOCKER on LINUX ?

Source : YouTube

00:08:38



How to install DOCKER on WINDOW

Source : YouTube

00:10:54



How to install DOCKER on MAC ? Step 6,507 view...

Source : YouTube

00:11:45





as Tutorial - Part 01: Introduction & installation

Jenkins

➤ Jenkins is a free & open source continuous integration.

- Continuous Build
- Continuous Deployment
- Testing

➤ It's a Web Application (Jenkins.war).

➤ Every web application able to run by using any web/application server



Jenkins for beginners



CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION USING JEN...

Source : YouTube
00:08.00



Creating & Configuring Slaves/Nod...

Source : YouTube
00:11.00



User Administration

Source : YouTube
00:09.00



Configuring Maven Projects using C...

Source : YouTube



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INTELECTUAL

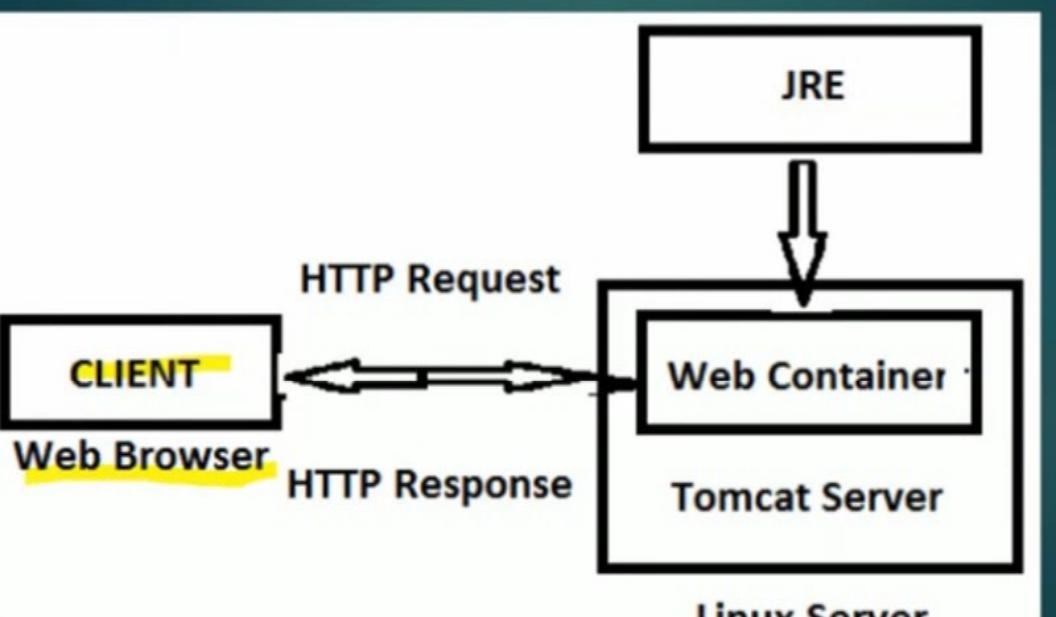
REST API

HBS-SIS

AEM

+

Work flow of the Web Application



Jenkins for beginners

0

2

0

CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION USING JEN...

01.19.0

Source : YouTube
00:08.00Creating & Configuring Slaves/Nod...
Source : YouTube
00:11.00User Administration
Source : YouTube
00:09.00Configuring Maven Projects using C...
Source : YouTube

AWS CLOUD PLATFORM

- AWS Platform has been divided into following categories:
 - Compute and Networking
 - Storage and CDN
 - Databases
 - Application Services
 - Deployment and Management

STORAGE AND CONTENT DELIVERY

- Amazon S3
- Amazon Glacier
- Amazon CloudFront

COMPUTE AND NETWORKING

- Amazon EC2
 - RHEL
 - CentOS
 - Ubuntu
 - Debian
 - Fedora
 - Amazon Linux
 - Oracle Linux
 - Microsoft Windows Servers
- Amazon Route53
- Amazon VPC

You can r
lecture or
the video

Amazon Web Services

APP SERVICES

- Amazon SES
- Amazon SNS



Amazon Web Services

DEPLOYMENT AND MANAGEMENT

- Amazon CloudWatch
- Amazon IAM

Request Instances Wizard

Cancel

CHOOSE AN AM

INSTANCE DETAILS

CREATE KEY PAIR

Number of Instances: 1

Availability Zone: No Preference

Storage Device Configuration

Your instance will be launched with the following storage device settings. Edit these settings to add EBS volumes, instance store volumes, or edit the settings of the root volume.

Type	Device	Snapshot ID	Size	Volume Type	IOPS	Delete on Termination
Root	/dev/sda1	snap-f270dca8	8	standard		true

0 EBS Volumes

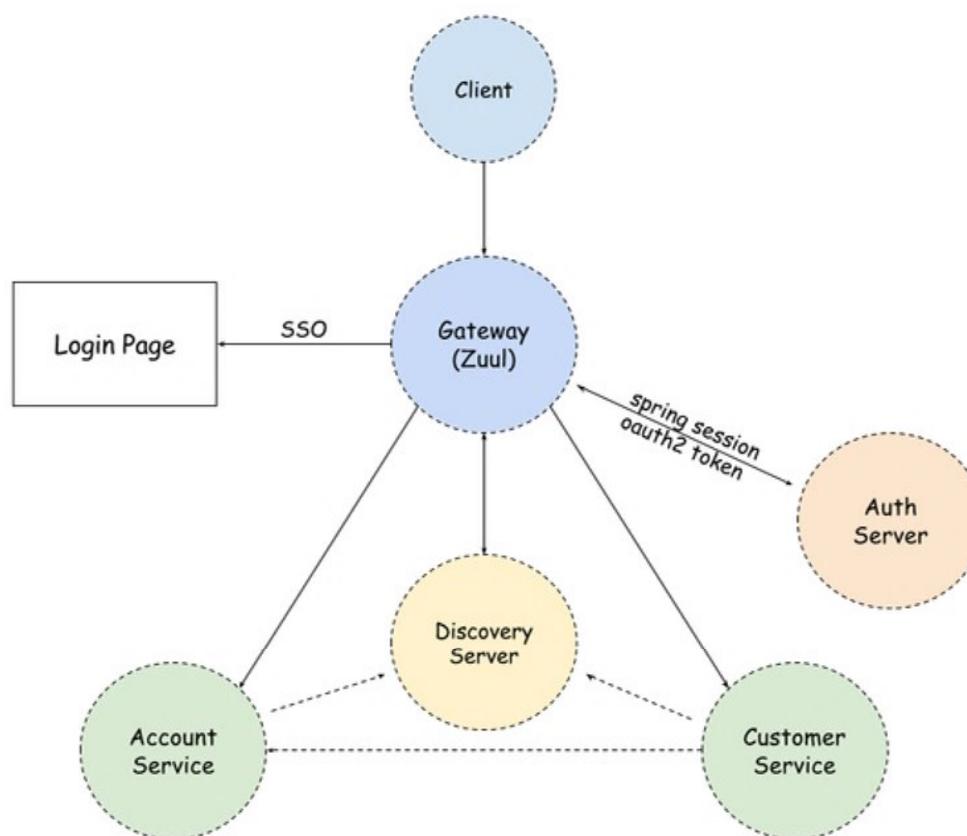


people bookmarked this moment.

[Continue](#)

Spring boot, spring-security

details.



Requests to the microservices and authorization server are proxied by the gateway. First request is redirected to the login page. We need to authenticate. User authentication data is stored in MySQL database. After login there is also stored user HTTP session data using Spring Session library. Then you should to perform next steps to obtain OAuth2

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May 21, 2018

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[Learn more](#)

	Price	Quantity
-XB55 Extra-Bass in-Ear Headphones (Blue) by Sony	₹1,499.00	1

a gift [Learn more](#)

for later

ng Shoes-6 UK/India (39 EU)(RLO0023A-... was removed from Shopping Cart.

's Black and Grey Sandals - 7 UK (SS-105)	₹674.00	1
---	---------	---

a gift [Learn more](#)

for later

Subtotal (2 items): ₹2,173.00

Amazon.in are subject to change. The shopping cart is a temporary place to store a list of your items and reflects each item's most recent price.

I'll ask you to enter your claim code when it's time to pay.



her with Sony MDR-XB55 Extra-Bass in-Ear Headphones (Blue)



Folder View ? Tell me what you want to do...Search Current Mailbox ... Current Mailbox**All** Unread By Date Newest

Today

Frontoffice Mtw

NIO Temp Access Card Req... 10:38 AM

Dear Kishan Rathore, NIO -

Employee referral

Double referral bonus alert... 10:35 AM

Refer your friends to the

Rekha N

Seating Allocation for MOS... 9:56 AM

Dear All,

Yesterday

CIS GlobalServiceDesk

CIS NOTIFICATION : Sched... Thu 9:14 PM

Zoojoobe

Thank you for participatin... Thu 8:28 PM

* You are receiving this mail

CIS GlobalServiceDesk

CIS NOTIFICATION : Sched... Thu 8:04 PM

CIS GlobalServiceDesk

CIS NOTIFICATION : Sched... Thu 6:52 PM

Surendra Kumar Pen...

Poster design competition

Do you want to design a

Hari Rajendran (Asso...

Change in Course Procedur...

Dear Mindtree Mind,

Mindtree Foundation...

Reply Reply All Forward IM

Fri 6/8/2018 9:56 AM



Rekha N

Seating Allocation for MOSIP

To: Rekha N; Tejeshwar Reddy Kothakapa; Pranav Kumar (IN1740); Rajath Kotebailu Raghuchandra; Chetan N. Patil; Manjunath G; Jaladi Lydia; N...

Rupika Radhe Sham; Shwetha Mruthyunjaya; Raj Kumar Mahanty; Kishan Rathore; Jyoti Prakash Nayak; Tapaswini Behera; Sadanandegowda Dm...

Girish Managoli; Gulipillirama Gangadhara Naidu; Dharmesh Khandelwal; Romila Mattu; Monobikash Das; Prabhashankar Krishnamurthy; Nagashree...

Urvi Joshi (IN4287); Amandeep Khanuja; Vyas Vemuri; Rounak Nayak; Manjunatha P; Priya Soni (IN4288); Sidhant Agarwal; Ranjani Sundarraj...

Cc: Romila Mattu

PLEASE FIND THE SEATING ALLOCATION DETAILS BELOW...

Seats	Zone Details	Mapped to Minds
WCP2-1F-069		Rekha N
WCP2-1F-070		Tejeshwar Reddy Kothakapa
1 additional seat		Pranav Kumar5
WCP2-1F-071		Rajath Kotebailu Raghuchandra
WCP2-1F-072		Chetan N. Patil
WCP2-1F-073		Manjunath G
1 additional seat		Jaladi Lydia
WCP2-1F-074		Nagalakshmi Nithyanandan
WCP2-1F-075	Zone2 - 9 seats	Rupika Radhe Sham
WCP2-1F-068		Shwetha Mruthyunjaya
WCP2-1F-076		Raj Kumar Mahanty
WCP2-1F-077		Kishan Rathore
WCP2-1F-078		Jyoti Prakash Nayak
WCP2-1F-079		Tapaswini Behera
WCP2-1F-080		Sadanandegowda Dm...
WCP2-1F-081		John David Panneerselvam
WCP2-1F-082		Girish Managoli
Additional seat		Gulipillirama Gangadhara Naidu
Additional seat		Dharmesh Khandelwal
WCP2-1F-084		Romila Mattu



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WCP2-1F-079		Tapaswini Behera
WCP2-1F-080		Sadanandegowda Dm
WCP2-1F-081		John David Panneerselvam
WCP2-1F-082		Girish Managoli
Additional seat		Gulipillirama Gangadhara Naidu
Additional seat		Dharmesh Khandelwal
WCP2-1F-084		Romila Mattu



```

SpringBootJournalApplicationTests.java
19 import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
20 import org.junit.runners.MethodSorters;
21 import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
22 import org.springframework.boot.test.context.SpringBootTest;
23 import org.springframework.http.MediaType;
24 import org.springframework.http.converter.json.MappingJackson2HttpMessageConverter;
25 import org.springframework.mock.http.MockHttpOutputMessage;
26 import org.springframework.test.context.junit4.SpringRunner;
27 import org.springframework.test.web.servlet.MockMvc;
28 import org.springframework.web.client.RestTemplate;
29 import org.springframework.web.context.WebApplicationContext;
30
31 import com.boot.model.Greet;
32 import com.boot.model.JournalEntry;
33
34 @RunWith(SpringRunner.class)
35 @SpringBootTest
36 @FixMethodOrder(MethodSorters.NAME_ASCENDING)
37 public class SpringBootJournalApplicationTests
38 {
39     private final String SPRING_BOOT_MATCH = "Spring_Boot";
40     private final String CLOUD_MATCH = "Cloud";
41
42     @Autowired
43     private MappingJackson2HttpMessageConverter mappingJackson2HttpMessageConverter;

```

Markers Properties Servers Data Source Explorer Snippets Console Progress JUnit

Finished after 6.815 seconds

Runs: 3/3 Errors: 0 Failures: 0

- com.boot.SpringBootJournalApplicationTests [Runner: JUnit 4] (1.286 s)
 - add (0.872 s)
 - findByTitle (0.376 s)
 - getAll (0.040 s)

Failure Trace

Development with Spring Boot

```
org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;  
com.apress.spring.domain.JournalEntry;
```

public interface JournalRepository extends JpaRepository<JournalEntry, Long> {

spring-boot:run



(Hypertext Application Language) is a representation of media, such as

used by the HATEOAS (Hypermedia as the Engine of Application State) as
REST endpoints through media links.

is a REST service pattern in which navigation links are provided as part of the
metadata. The client application determines the state and follows the
navigation URLs provided as part of the state.

localhost:8080/journal/s X Extensions X

/journal/search/created-after?after=2015-01-01

Projects Astrology MyJava Clustering TechGurus Training Docker Movies Ramana Maharshi Kerala Police Paymen Virtual Malayalam Ke Spiritu

```
to know Spring Boot",
day I will learn Spring Boot",
-01-2016",

http://localhost:8080/journal/1

try: {
http://localhost:8080/journal/1

le Spring Boot Project",
will do my first Spring Boot project",
-01-2016",

http://localhost:8080/journal/2

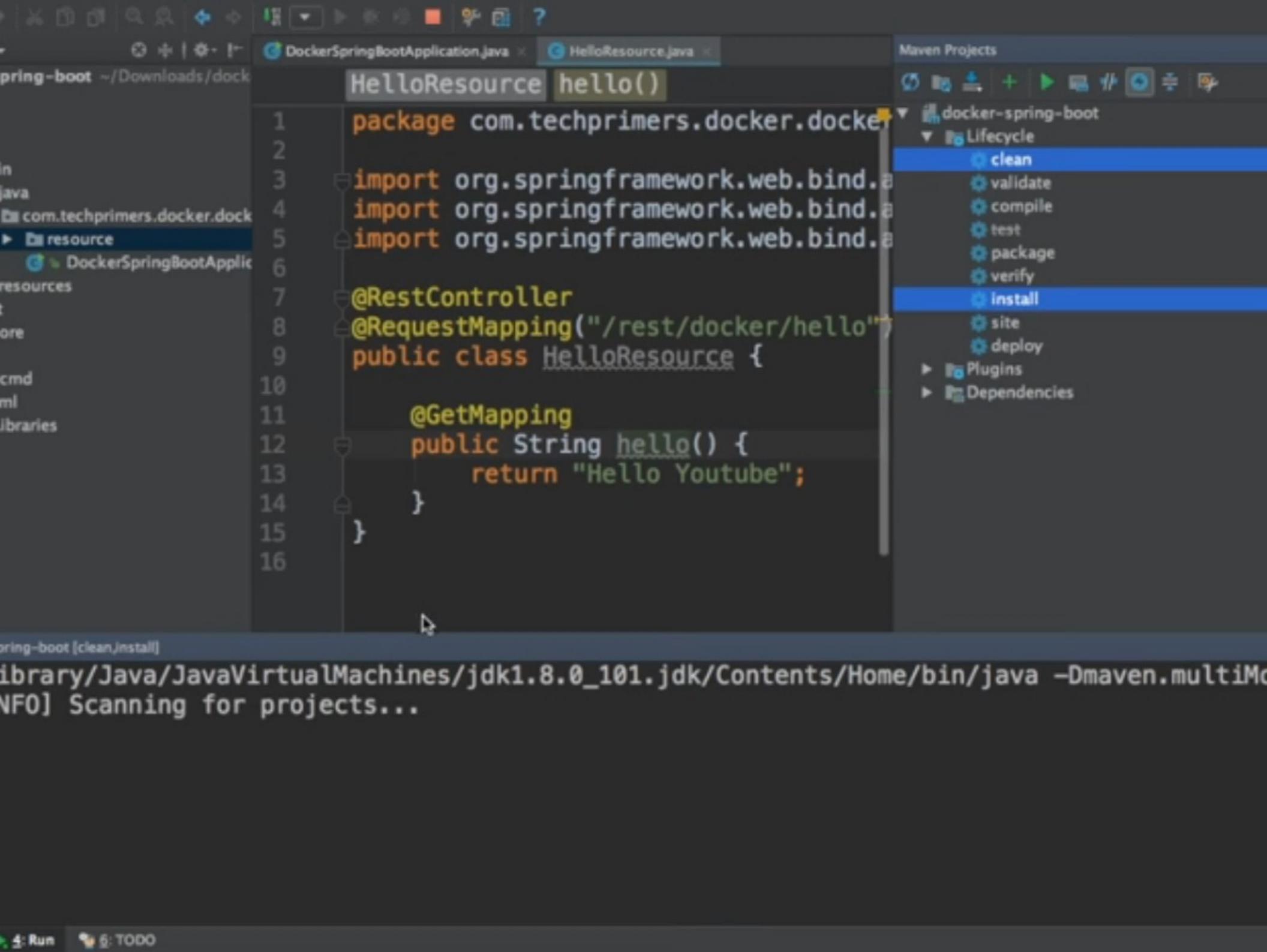
try: {
http://localhost:8080/journal/2

ng Boot Reading",
had more about Spring Boot",
-02-2016",

http://localhost:8080/journal/3

try: {
http://localhost:8080/journal/3
```





y refers to the speed of data ingestion.

f webpages are added every day.

created from different sources such as:

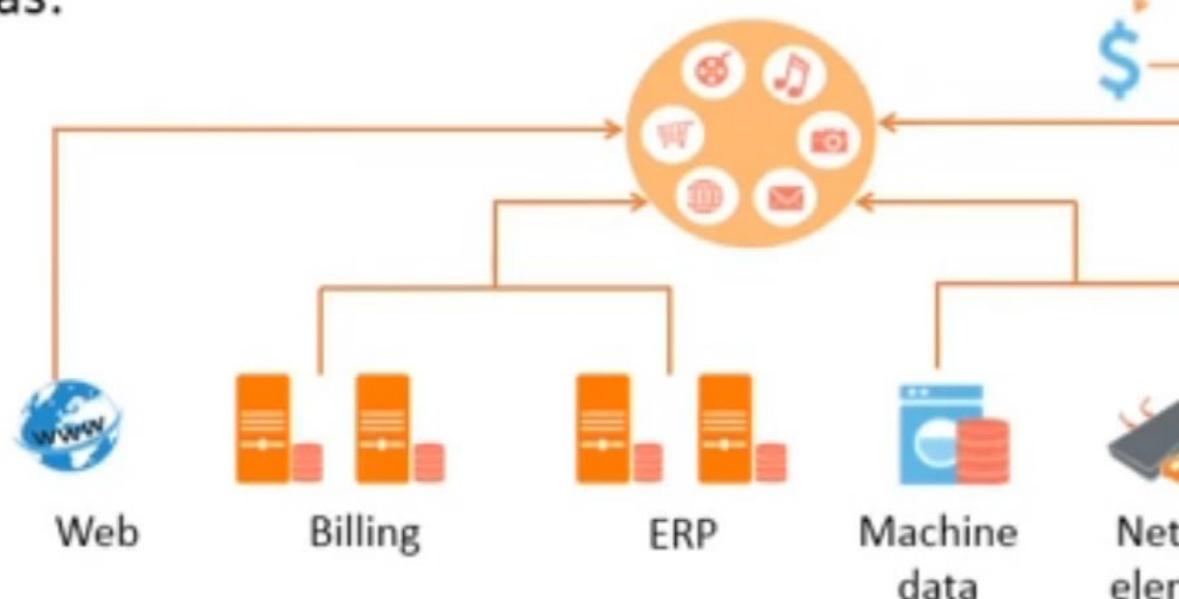
ops

ps

es

CS

rs



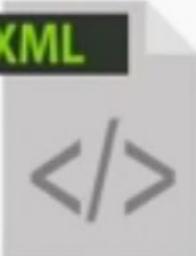
ers to types of data such as text, images, audio, video, XML, and HTML. The three typ



Structured data:

Data that is represented in a tabular format.

Example: MySQL databases.



Semi-structured data:

Data that does not have a formal data model.

Example: XML files.



Unstructured data:

Data that does not have a predefined data model.

Example: Text files.

one through a cycle starting with, unstructured data.

ured data



a handling, and spreadsheets



Databases



Warehouse and Storage Area Networks



ctured data



ured data

The quick brown
fox jumped over
the lazy dog

A	B	C
1	2	3

Select * from
employee

DW DW DW
SAN

[camera:iphone 6, taken 12-09-2014 03:24PM]

```
<property>
  <name>storage</name>
  <value>hdfs</value>
</property>
```

Update Status Add Photos/Video

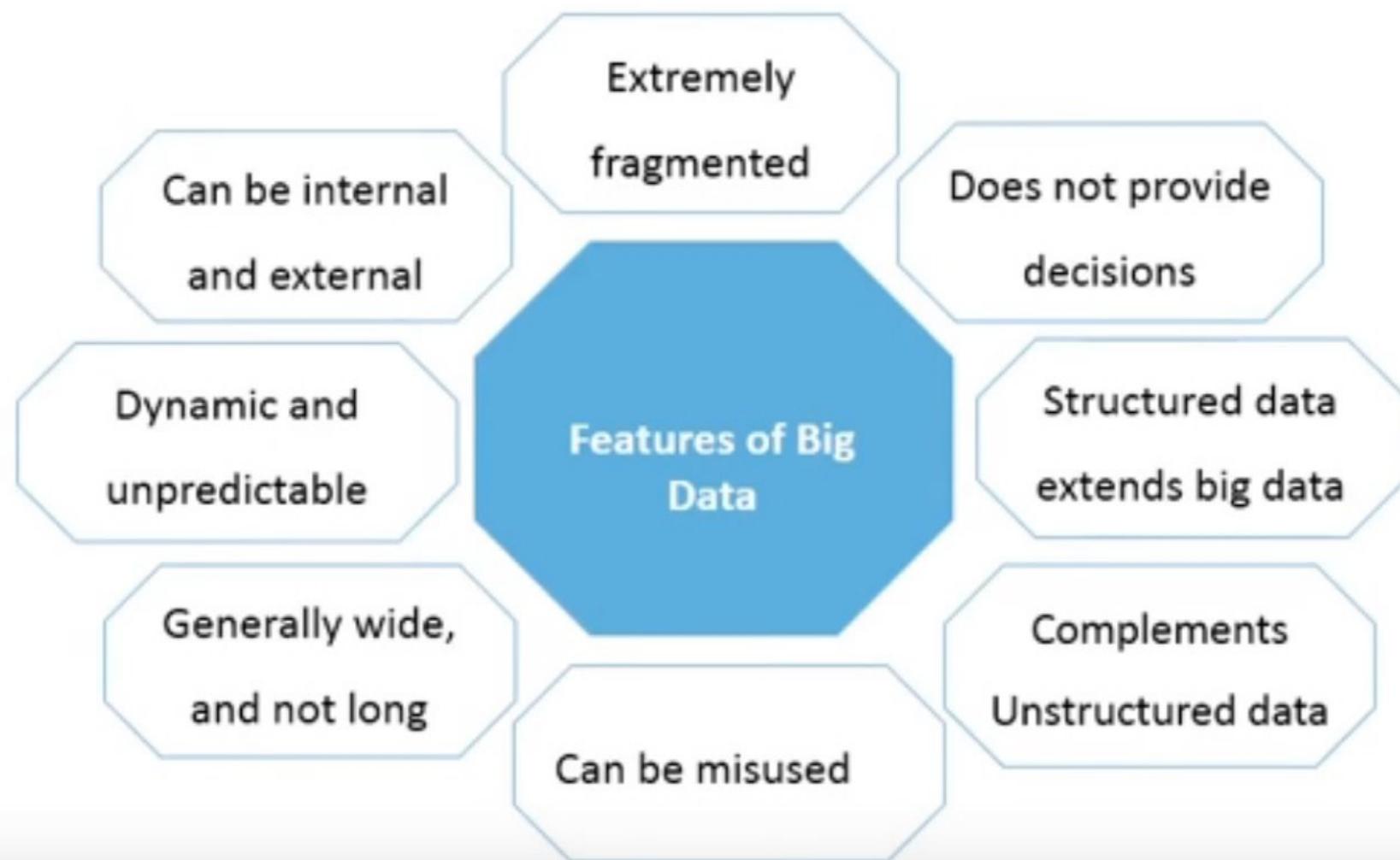
Hello, here is a selfie from my new iphone, it came out



Friends

Post

features of big data are as follows:



try examples of big data are as follows:

Community detection
Basket analysis

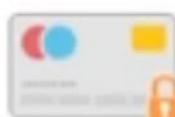


Digital marketing



Genetics

Card fraud
Detection

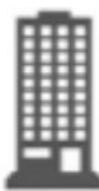


Algorithmic trading



Power grid load
forecast

Risk
Management



Insurance risk
management



Healthcare
diagnostics



Advertising



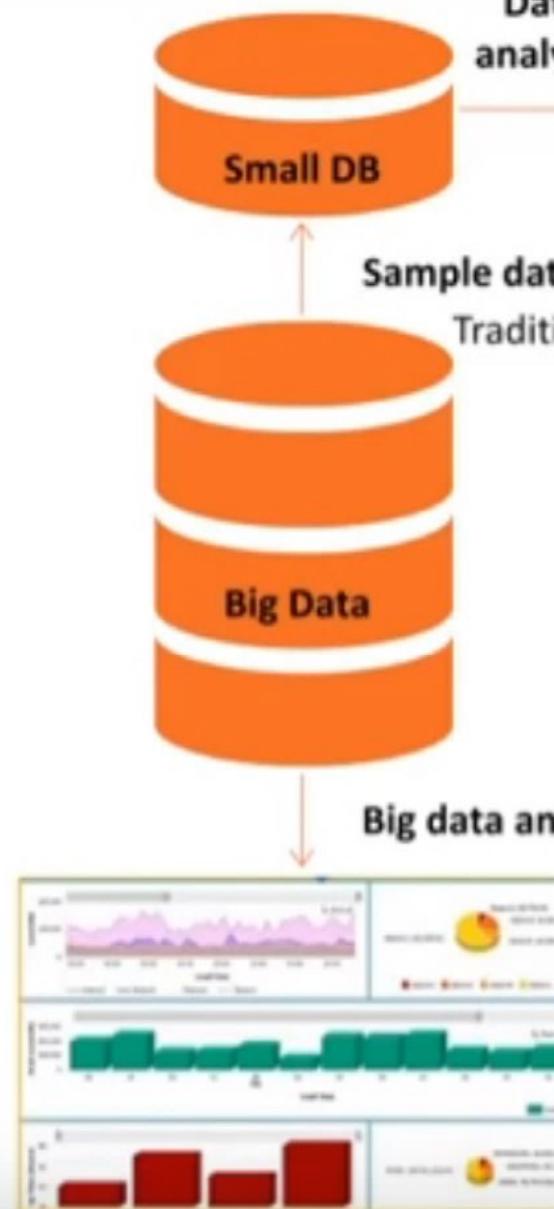
big data analysis are as follows:

A dataset can be used for analysis instead of sample data.

nd associations in data, predict future outcomes, and
rescriptive analysis.

ake data-driven decisions instead of intuition-based

anizations to increase safety standards, reduce maintenance
prevent failures.



technology can be compared with big data technology in the following ways:

Traditional Technology

Scalability.

parallel processors.

processors may be distributed with data in a

machine.

hardware (>\$40000/TB).

orage Area Network (SAN).

Big Data Technology

- Highly scalable.
- Distributed processing.
- Data is distributed to multiple machines.
- Commodity hardware (< \$5000/TB)
- Uses distributed data with data redundancy.

g, a stream represents a continuous sequence of bytes of data.

eristics of a stream are as follows:

uced by one program and consumed by another.

med in a first-in-first-out sequence.

ounded or unbounded.

a stream: Linux pipe.

and: `cat logfile | wc -l`

roduces a stream that is consumed by `wc -l` to display the number of lines in the file

oop is the most popular framework for big data



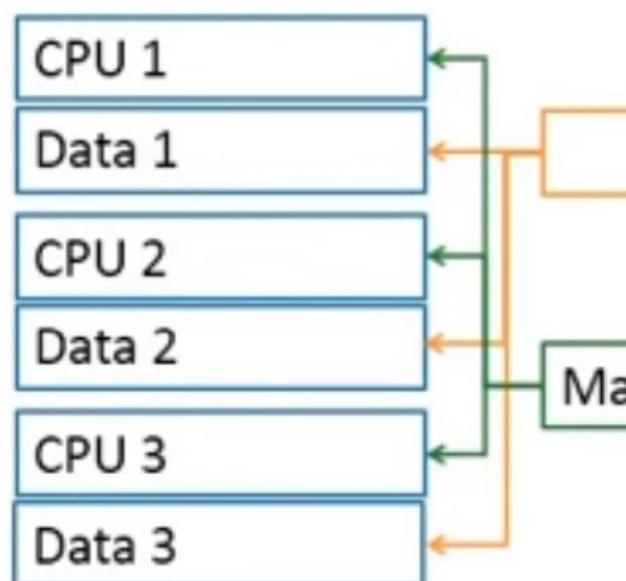
core components HDFS and MapReduce.

FS to distribute the data to multiple machines.

pReduce to distribute the processing to multiple

e principle of moving processing to data instead of

rocessing.



Distributed File System (HDFS) is the storage component of Hadoop.

Some of the characteristics of HDFS:

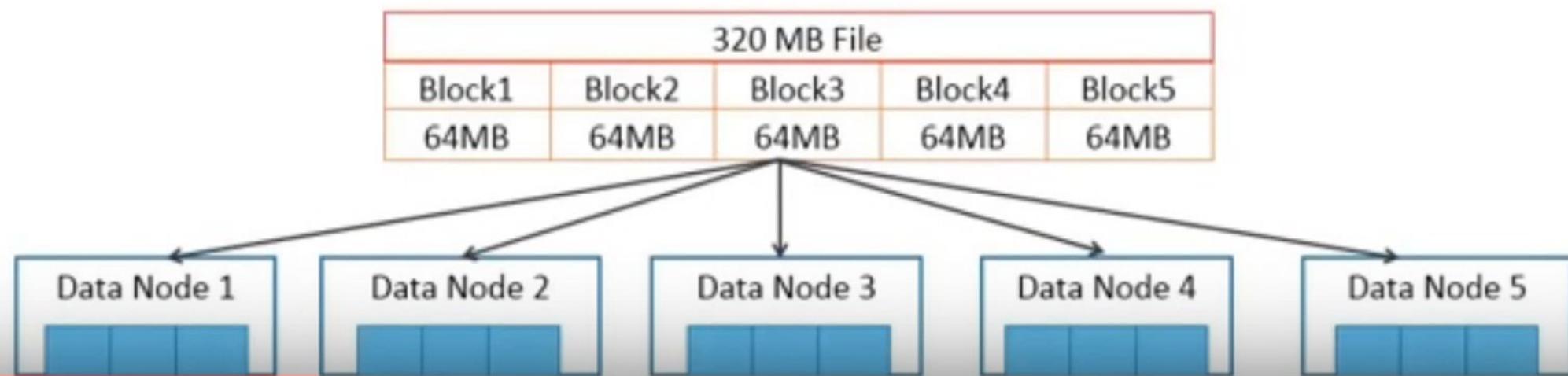
- Stores each file as blocks.

- Block size is 64MB.

- Use Write-Once Read-Many-Times (WORM) form of file system.

- Replicas are replicated across many nodes in a cluster.

- Three default replications.



is the processing framework on Hadoop. The characteristics of MapReduce are as fault-tolerant distributed processing.

are tasks that run in parallel on different nodes in the cluster.

-value pair

Completion of map tasks, results are gathered and aggregated by reduce tasks.

ummarize, consolidate

give the final output.

Mapper runs on the data block of that node; data locality is preferred.

The paradigm of taking the process to the data.

tools to handle real-time big data are as follows:

Real-Time Big Data Tools

Kafka

Apache Storm

Apache Spark™

Apache Cassandra™

Apache HB

high-performance real-time messaging system. It is an open source tool, and is a part

e the characteristics of Apache Kafka:

distributed and partitioned messaging system that is highly fault-tolerant.

ss millions of messages per second and send to many receivers.

real-time stream processing system. It is an open source tool, and is a part of Apache

e the characteristics of Apache Storm:

ast and reliable processing.

ss unbounded streams.

ace with message queues such as Kafka to get data to get input message data and :

data into a real-time big data database such as Cassandra.

rk is considered to be the next generation MapReduce. It is an Apache open source

e the characteristics of Apache Spark:

s distributed data.

lata transforms beyond map and reduce.

n Hadoop MapReduce.

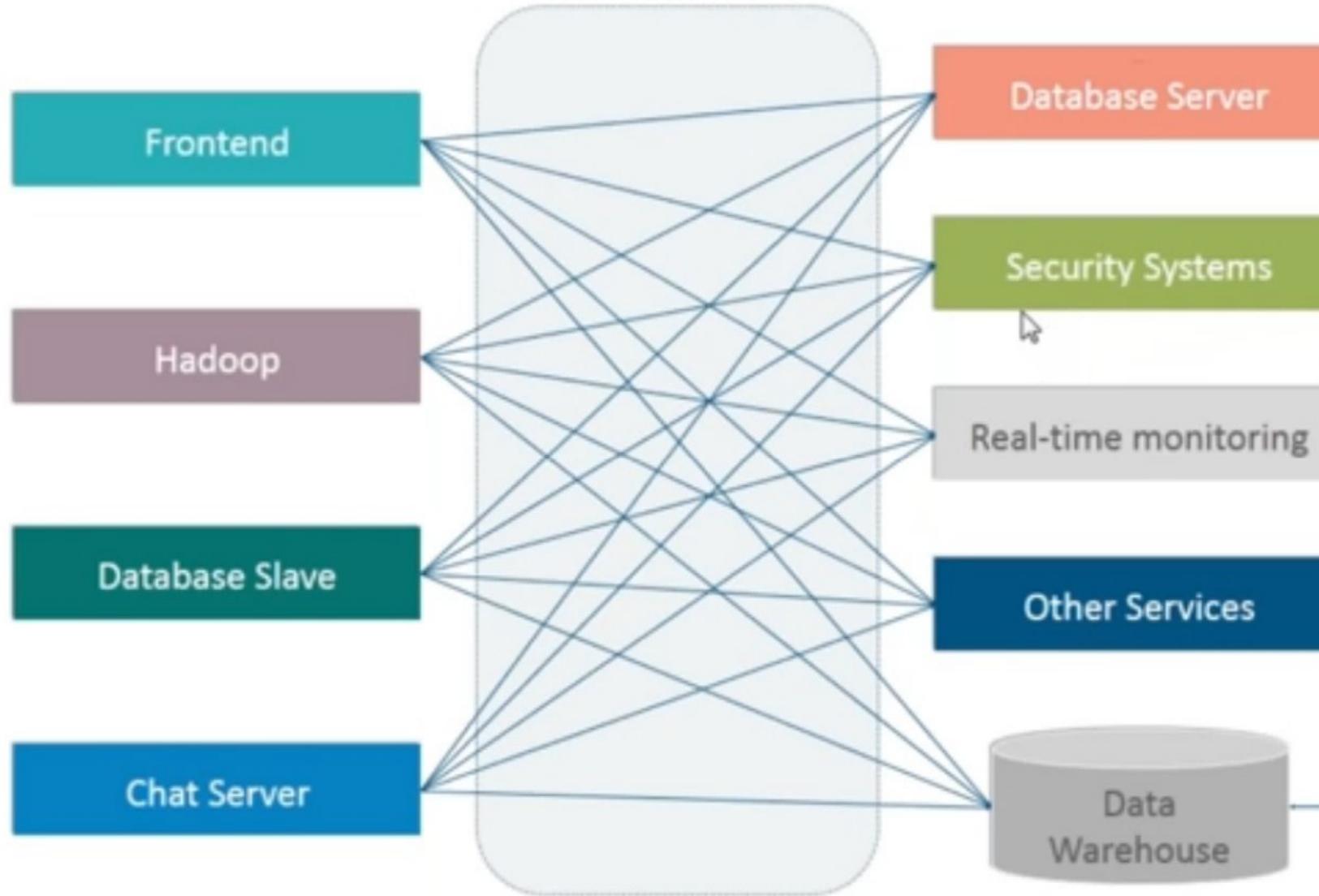
or batch and real-time processing.

park-sql for sql interface to big data.

built-in libraries for machine learning and graph processing.

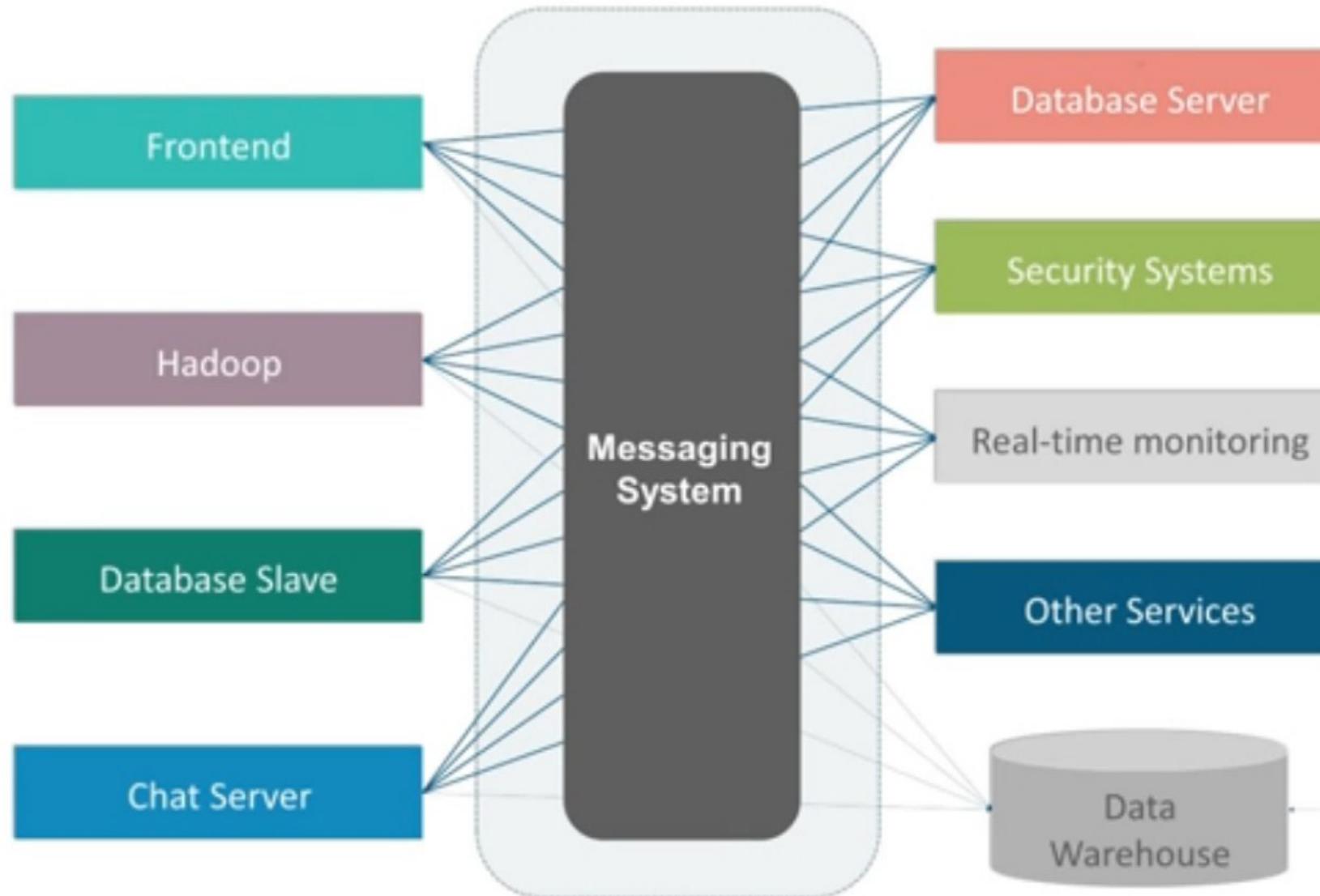
Complex Data Pipelines

... applications
... also be
... nicipating with
... monitoring and
... vices in real-
... scenario

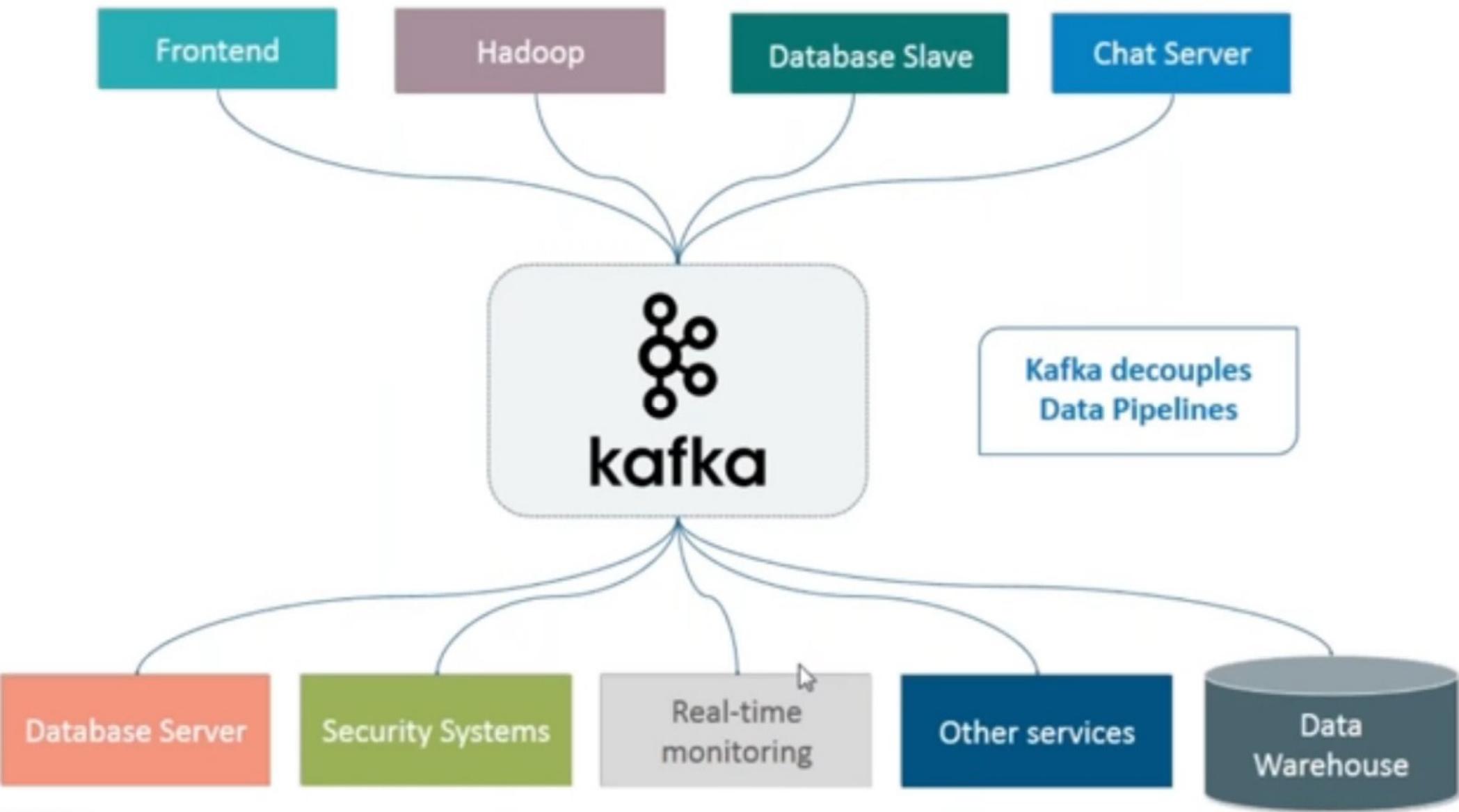


Introduction to the Complex Data Pipelines

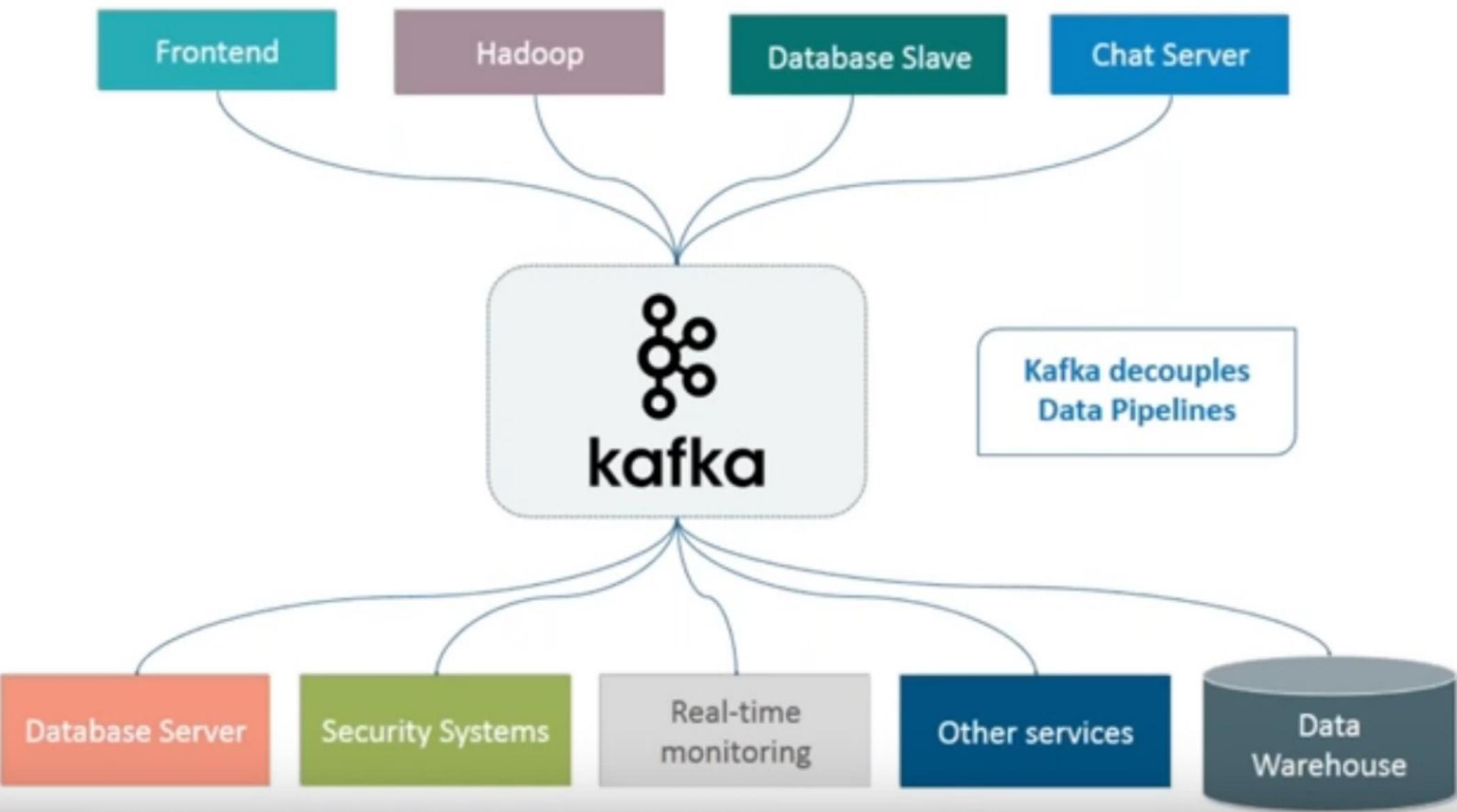
ing Systems helps
the complexity
e pipelines



Kafka Decouples Data Pipelines



Kafka Decouples Data Pipelines



Kafka Terminologies

Producer

A **producer** can be any application who can publish messages to a topic

Consumer

A **consumer** can be any application that subscribes to a topic and consume the messages

Partition

Topics are broken up into ordered commit logs called **partitions**

Broker

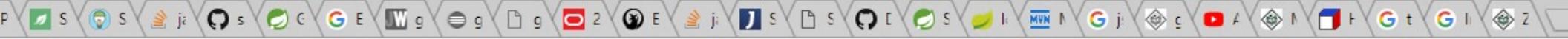
Kafka cluster is a set of servers, each of which is called a **broker**

Topic

A **topic** is a category or feed name to which records are published

Zookeeper

ZooKeeper is used for managing and coordinating Kafka brokers



Search...



13556



ED

MANDATORY

INTELECTUAL

REST API

HBS-SIS

AEM



BASICS OF EDUCATION DOMAIN

What are different Levels in education?

- A. Primary, Secondary, Higher education
- B. Primary, Secondary, Higher, Technical education
- C. Primary, Secondary, Higher, Technical and non-technical education
- D. Primary, Secondary, Higher, Technical, Open & distance Learning education

You have scored

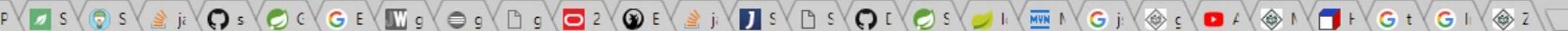
55%

EXIT QUIZ



What are essential components of a successful education?





What are essential components of a successful education?

- A. Better standard, Accountability, Parents involvement, low cost
- B. Better standard, Accountability, Parents involvement, proper structure, updated curriculum
- C. Better standard, Parents involvement, custom structure, fixed curriculum
- D. Parents involvement, proper structure, fixed curriculum, no assessments

How many types of higher education are there ?

You have scored

55%

EXIT QUIZ



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/pgi.billdesk.com/pgidsk/pgmerc/hdfccard/HDFC_cardResponse.jsp

payment request is being processed...

s a secure payment gateway using 128 bit SSL encryption.

n you submit the transaction, the server will take about 1 to 5 seconds to process, but it may take longer at certain times.

e do not press "Submit" button once again or the "Back" or "Refresh" buttons.





Now pay HDFC Bank Credit Card bills online
from any bank account!

lagement

ccessfully received with the following details. Please quote your transaction
ng to this request.

account within 3 working days

Success

NRBL6414082342

22-06-2018 11:52:48

XXXX XXXX XXXX 4400

kishansingh.x@gmail.com

3337.00

RBL Bank Limited

[MAKE ANOTHER PAYMENT](#)

Powered by:



a secure 128 bit https internet connection based on secure socket layer
ur IP address 112.121.55.5 and access time Jun 22 11:54:54 IST 2018 have



Selenium Core

- **Selenium Core** is a test tool for web applications. Selenium Core tests run directly in a browser.
- Selenium Core works on all the major browsers on all the platforms.
- Selenium Core is a simpler form of Selenium and it is suitable for non-developers
- **Disadvantages:** Must have write access on web server, because directly writes core tests in web applications. It is extremely complicated for first time users.



Introduction

- Selenium is the most powerful open source automation tool for web application testing.
- It is robust set of tools that supports rapid development of test automation for web-based applications.
- Primarily developed in Java Script and browser technologies such as DHTML and Frames and hence supports all the major browsers on all the platforms. e.g., you can have your automation scripts written for Firefox on Windows and run them on Firefox in Mac.

To Be Contd...

- Selenium provides a record/playback tool for authoring tests without learning a test scripting language.
- User can customize the selenium tool based on their requirement (code is available for the user).

Selenium Tool Suite

- Selenium Core
- Selenium IDE
- Selenium 1 (Selenium RC or Remote Control)
- Selenium Grid
- Selenium 2 (Selenium WebDriver)

Selenium Core

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- **Disadvantages:** Must have write access on web server, because directly writes core tests in web applications. It is extremely complicated for first time users.

Selenium Core

- Selenium Core is pure DHTML/JavaScript, to use Selenium Core you need to make it available from the *same web server* as the application you want to test. That means that you can't use Selenium Core (pure DHTML/JavaScript) to write a test of google.com this is because Selenium Core is pure DHTML/JavaScript, and so it is bound by JavaScript's security restrictions.
- If you can't/won't modify the web server you want to test, Selenium Core may not be the right tool for you; you may just want to use Selenium IDE or Selenium RC instead.
- If this is your first time using a Selenium tool, you may not want to just use Selenium Core directly; one good way to get introduced to Selenium's features is to use Selenium IDE , which embeds Selenium Core internally.

Selenium IDE

- It is integrated development environment for Selenium scripts.
- It is implemented as a Firefox extension, and allows you to record, edit, and debug tests.
- Selenium IDE includes the entire Selenium Core, allowing you to easily and quickly record and play back tests in the actual environment that they will run in.

Selenium RC

- It is a test tool that allows user to write automated web application UI tests in few programming languages against any HTTP website using any mainstream JavaScript-enabled browser.
- User can write the tests in Java, DotNet, Perl, Ruby and PHP.

Selenium Grid

- Selenium Grid allows you to run multiple tests in parallel, on multiple machines, in a heterogeneous environment by cutting down the time required for test execution.
- Using this, user can run multiple instances of Selenium Remote Control in parallel.

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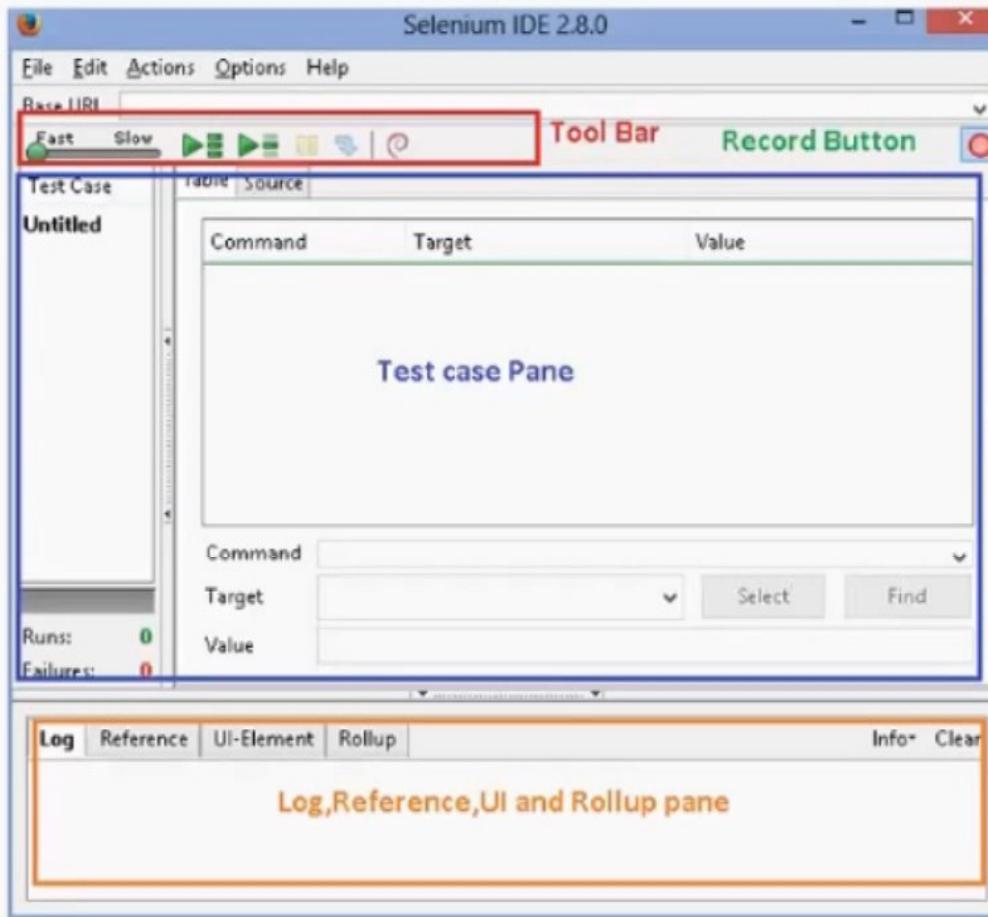
Selenium WebDriver

- WebDriver is designed to provide a simpler, more concise programming interface in addition to addressing some limitations in the Selenium-RC API.
- Selenium-WebDriver was developed to better support dynamic web pages where elements of a page may change without the page itself being reloaded.
- WebDriver's goal is to supply a well-designed object-oriented API that provides improved support for modern advanced web-app testing problems.

Introduction- Selenium IDE

- Selenium IDE (Integrated Development Environment) is a tool used to develop selenium test cases.
- It is implemented as a **Firefox plug-in** and is most efficient way to develop test cases.
- Allows users to record, playback, edit and debug tests in a browser.
- Keep account of user actions as they are performed and store them as a reusable script to playback.
- Records user actions in most of the popular languages like Java, C#, Perl, Ruby etc.
- Eliminates the need of learning new scripting language.

First Look of IDE



Selenium IDE Concepts

Test case pane has two tabs :

1. Table

It has three columns

- **Command:** A command is what tells Selenium what to do. It is often called as *Selenese*. The Command column has a list of all the commands that are needed to create a test.
- **Target:** Element Locators tell Selenium which HTML element a command refers to.

The Target textbox at the end of the pane allows user to input the location of the element that user wants to work against.

- **Value:** This column displays the actual value that is present in the UI element.

Using Value textbox user can change the value.

Selenium IDE Concepts

2. Source Pane

- Displays the test case in the native format in which the file will be stored.
- By default, this is HTML although it can be changed to a programming language such as Java or C#, or a scripting language like Python.
- The Source view also allows one to edit the test case in its raw form, including copy, cut and paste operations.

Selenium IDE Concepts

Log/Reference/UI-Element/Rollup Pane

- Log: It displays current execution status for all steps. It is useful for debugging.
- Reference: Displays information about the current command such as which parameters are required for current command and all
- UI-Element
- Rollup

Recording first Test Case using IDE

- Open Firefox that has Selenium IDE installed.
- Open the URL of the application to record.
- Go To Tools → Selenium IDE and IDE will be opened.

Commonly Used Selenium Commands

- `Open`- opens a page using URL.
- `click/clickAndWait`- performs a click operation, and optionally waits for a new page to load.
- `verifyTitle/assertTitle`- verifies an expected page title.
- `verifyTextPresent`- verifies expected text is somewhere on the page.

Commonly Used Selenium Commands

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Commonly Used Selenium Commands

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- `verifyTitle/assertTitle`- verifies an expected page title.
- `verifyTextPresent`- verifies expected text is somewhere on the page.
- `verifyElementPresent`- verifies an expected UI element, as defined by its HTML tag, is present on the page.
- `verifyText`- verifies expected text and its corresponding HTML tag are present on the page.
- `verifyTable`- verifies a table's expected contents.
- `waitForPageToLoad`- pauses execution until an expected new page loads.
Called automatically when `clickAndWait` is used.



Verifying page elements

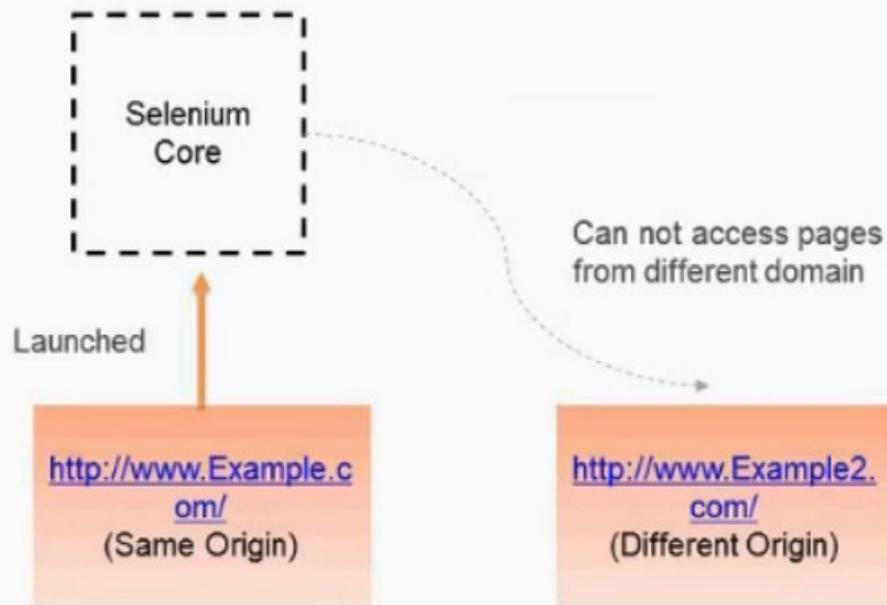
- Selenese allows multiple ways of verifying UI elements.
- All Selenium Assertions can be used in 3 modes:
 - ✓ **Assert** – Upon failure test is aborted
 - ✓ **Verify** – Upon failure error is logged and test continues
 - ✓ **WaitFor** – Waits for a conditions truth lines for given timeout
- Verifications and assertions are used to check if
 - an element is present somewhere on the page?
 - specific text is at a specific location on the page?
- If an assertion fails, the script will be aborted but if a verification fails the script will continue.

Limitations of Selenium IDE

- Can run Tests only on Firefox browser.
- Silverlight and Flex/Flash applications cannot be recorded with Selenium IDE.
- No Programming logic (like loops, conditional statements) can be applied.
- Selenium IDE can execute scripts created in Selenese only.
- It is difficult to use Selenium IDE for checking complex test cases involving dynamic contents

Selenium RC

- Same origin policy

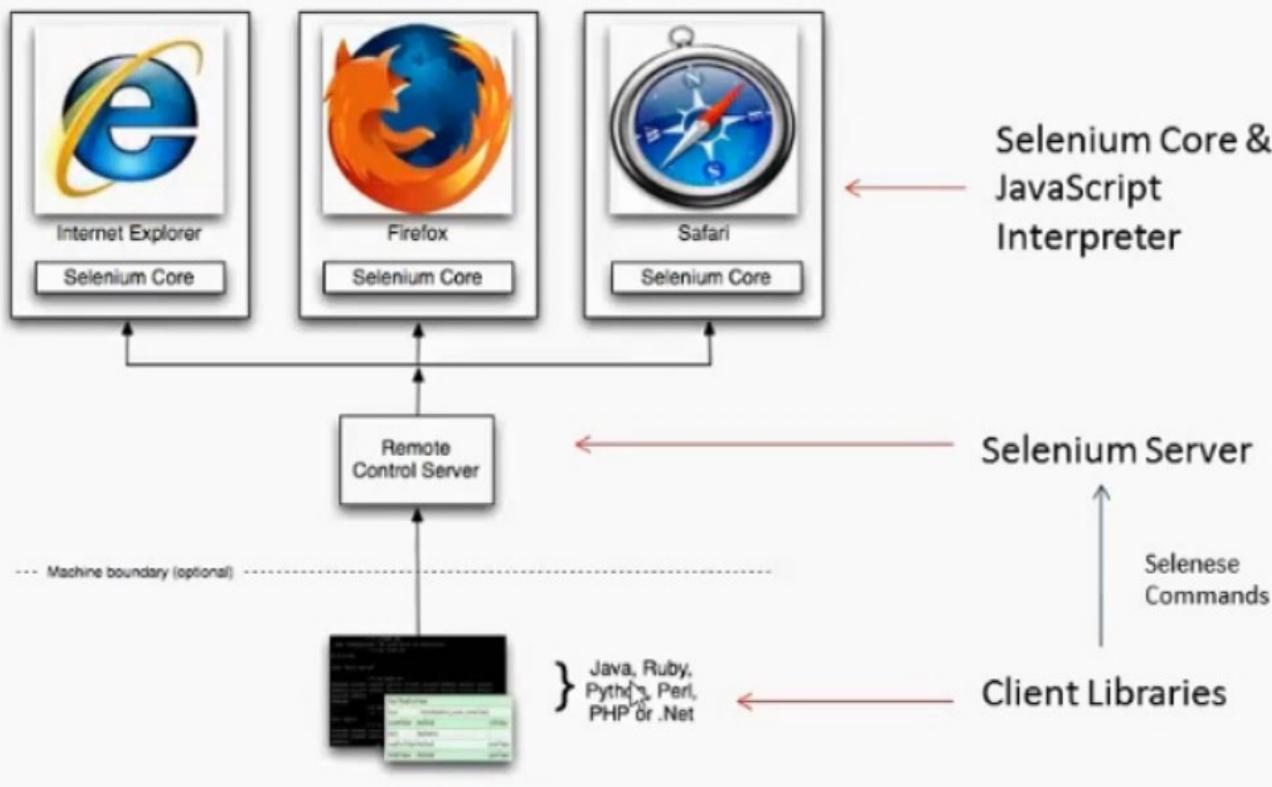


Selenium RC

- Selenium Remote Control is a test tool that allows users to write automated web application in any programming language (Java, .NET, Perl, Python, and Ruby, PHP)
- Selenium Remote Control provides a Selenium Server, which can automatically start/stop/control, any supported browser.
- The Selenium Server communicates directly with the browser.
- You can send commands directly to the Server using simple HTTP GET/POST requests
- Selenium Server acts as a client-configured HTTP proxy, to stand in between the browser and your website.

Selenium RC

Windows, Linux, or Mac (as appropriate)...



Installing & Running Selenium Server

- **Installing Selenium Server**

- Selenium RC server is simply a Java *jar* file (*selenium-server-standalone-<version-number>.jar*)
- Doesn't require any special installation. Just downloading the zip file and extracting the server in the desired directory is sufficient.

- **Running Selenium Server**

- Before starting any tests you must start the server.
- Go to the directory where Selenium RC's server is located and run the following from a command-line console.
- `java -jar selenium-server-standalone-<version-number>.jar`



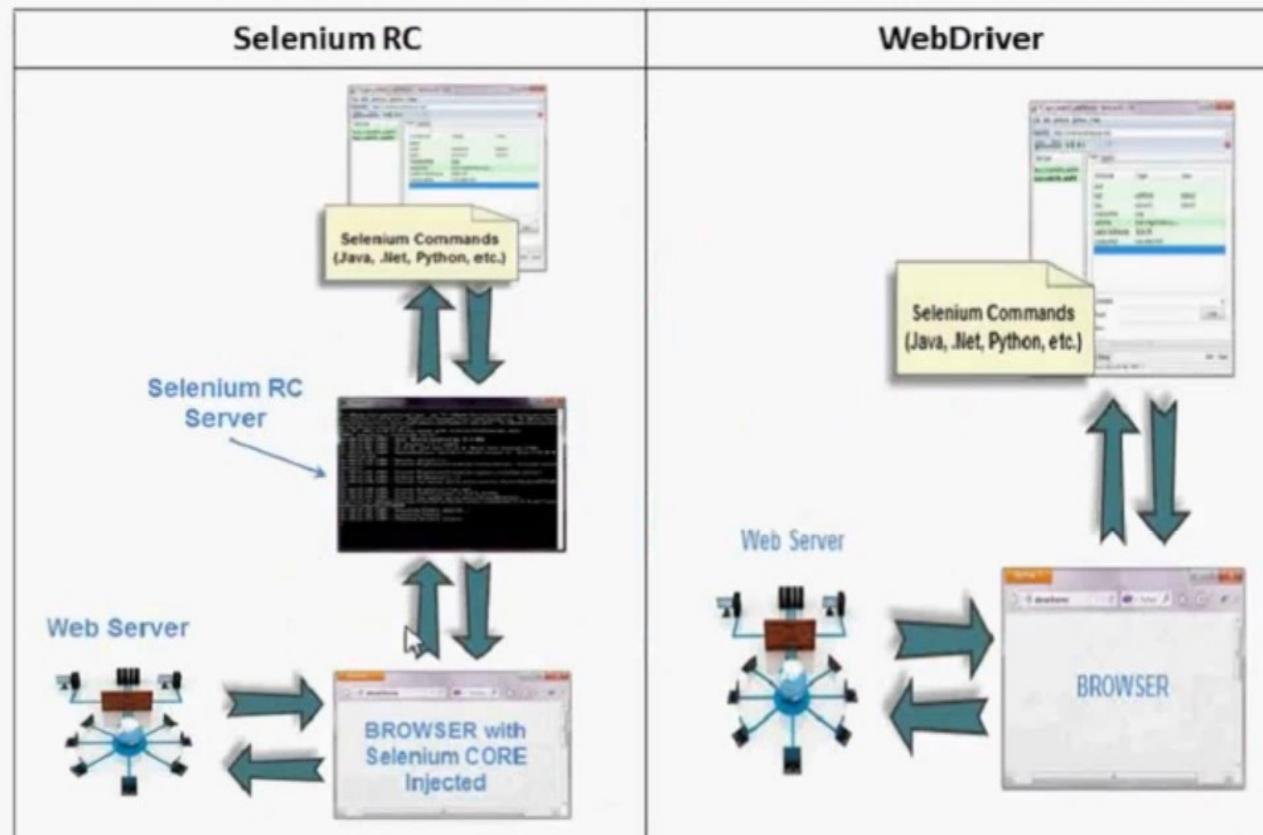
Disadvantages

- Test scripts do not communicate with browser directly. We need to start RC server before executing scripts.
- Speed of execution is slow as RC server acts as middleware
- Knowledge of programming language is must
- API's are less object oriented
- It does not support to test iPhone/android applications

Introduction to WebDriver

- WebDriver is a tool for automating web applications across different browsers using different programming languages(Java, ruby, C#, etc.)
- WebDriver refers to both, the language bindings and the implementations of the individual browser controlling code. This is commonly referred to as just "WebDriver".
- Selenium 1.0 + WebDriver = Selenium 2.0
- The WebDriver API is defined by a set of interfaces to discover and manipulate DOM elements on a page
- A platform and language-neutral interface
- Selenium-WebDriver was developed to better support dynamic web pages where elements of a page may change without the page itself being reloaded (Ajax calls).
- WebDriver is a compact Object Oriented API

Difference between Selenium RC and WebDriver



5

Difference between Selenium RC and WebDriver

Selenium RC	Selenium WebDriver
Required to start server before executing the test script.	Doesn't require server before executing the test script.
RC is fully written in Javascript and Javascript's security policy (same origin policy) allows running the code only from the domain you're on. So you can't easily switch between domains or work with some websites that redirect or use frames with content from many domains.	WebDriver uses browser's native support for automation
Selenium RC is slower since it uses a Javascript program called Selenium Core.	WebDriver is faster than Selenium RC since it speaks directly to the browser
Because of another security policy in Javascript, you can't fill in <input type='file' /> inputs (file upload) and have to use several workarounds	WebDriver drives the browser much more effectively and overcomes the limitations of Selenium 1.x which affected handling of file upload or download



Difference between Selenium RC and WebDriver

Selenium RC	Selenium WebDriver
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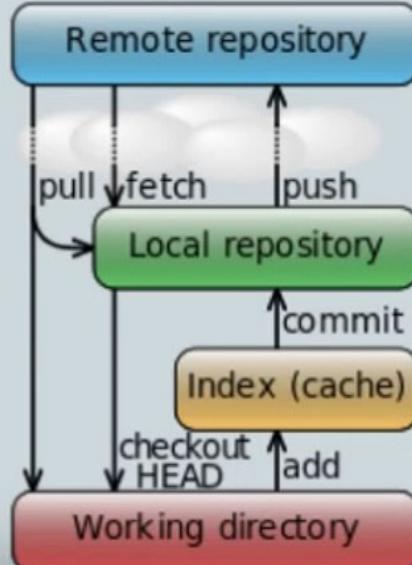


Limitations

- Can't automate desktop applications
- It's an open source tool so in case of any technical issues you need to rely on the selenium community forums to get your issue resolved.
- No inbuilt reporting capability so you need plugins like JUnit and TestNG for test reports.
- Lot of challenges with IE browser.



Recap Part 1



- Git version control
- Git Bash
 - git init <project>
 - git add <file or .>
 - git commit -m "msg"
 - git status
 - git log
 - git diff
 - git diff --cached



Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...

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03.04.

GIT AND GITHUB VERSION CONTROL O...



Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...
Part 2

Source : YouTube
00.39.09



Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...
Part 3

Source : YouTube
01.05.07



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Part 4

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GitHub Version Control Tutorial - Part 2

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Profile Account Settings Emails Notification Center Billing Payment History SSH Keys Security History Applications Repositories Organizations PRIVATE REPOS 0 OF 0

Need help? Check out our guide to generating SSH keys or troubleshoot common SSH Problems

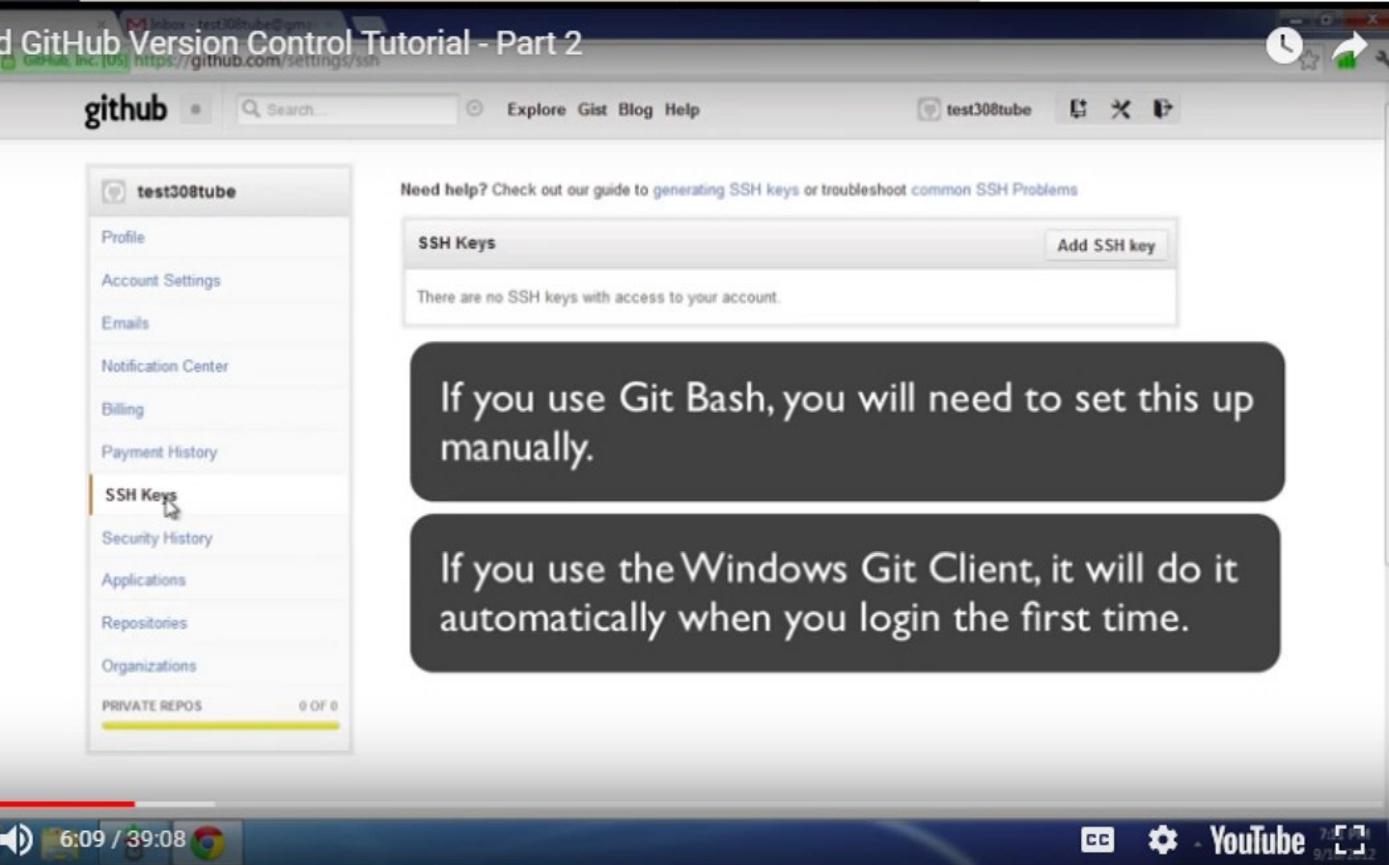
SSH Keys Add SSH key

There are no SSH keys with access to your account.

If you use Git Bash, you will need to set this up manually.

If you use the Windows Git Client, it will do it automatically when you login the first time.

6:09 / 39:08 YouTube 9/15/2012



Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...

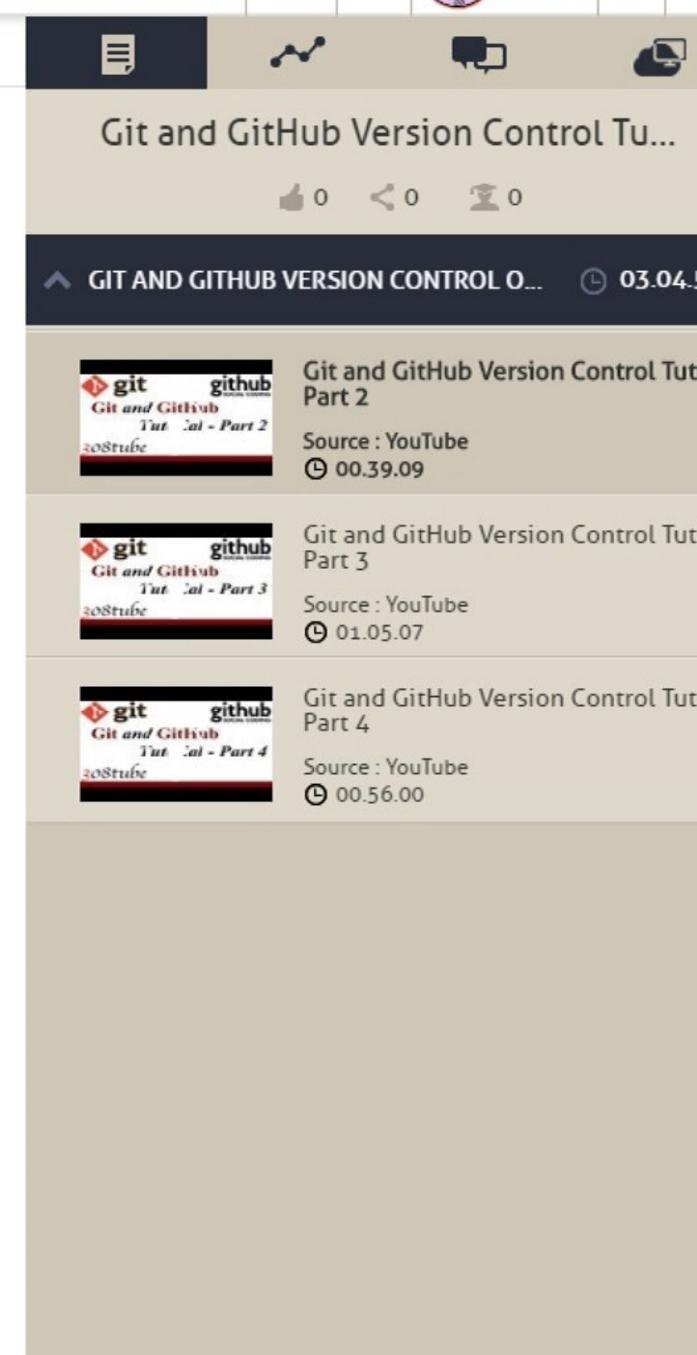
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Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...
Part 2
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Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...
Part 3
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Git and GitHub Version Control Tu...
Part 4
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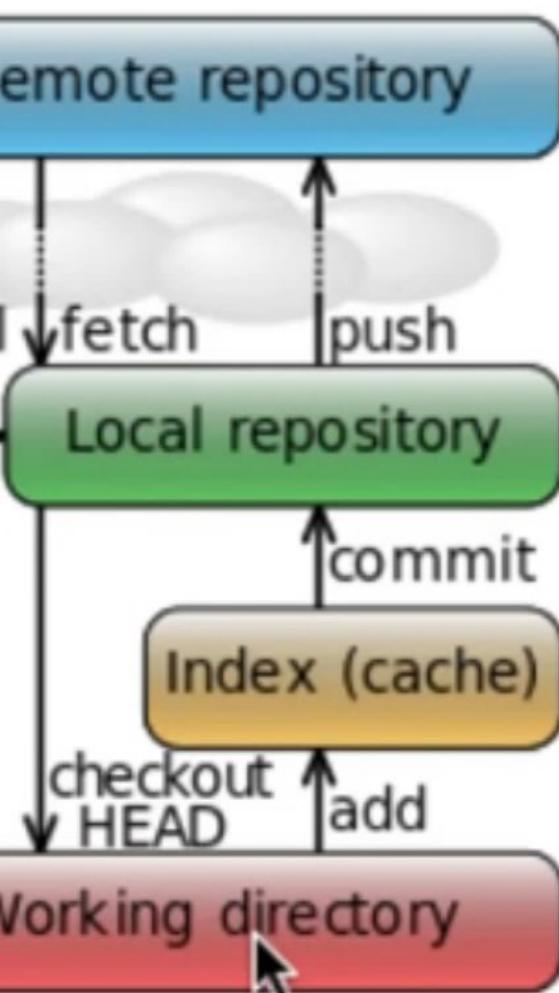


Why use Version Control



- Made a change to code and need to revert back to a known good state
- Have to maintain multiple versions of the software
- Wanted to see the difference between two revisions
- Wanted to test if a particular a version is broken or fixed
- Wanted to see how long a bug existed for
- Wanted to experiment without interfering with working code

Data Flow



from Wikipedia

Explanation

A project is the files/source code a developer is currently working on and making changes to the project.

Remote repository

A centralize Git server to host all your git-projects. A centralize Git server allows you to store your projects and share (share) your git-projects to different user/developers. Most of the time, keeping your project up-to-date is highly recommended. In our case, GitHub would be a good choice.

Ok, a couple of important things to know before talking about the remote repo... that is because you will have the git software installed on your computer. The commands you will be using like making your project a git-project, committing changes and pushing changes to the remote repo. Working directory and Index (cache) are all contained in your git-project.

A commit is a snapshot that you can refer back to.

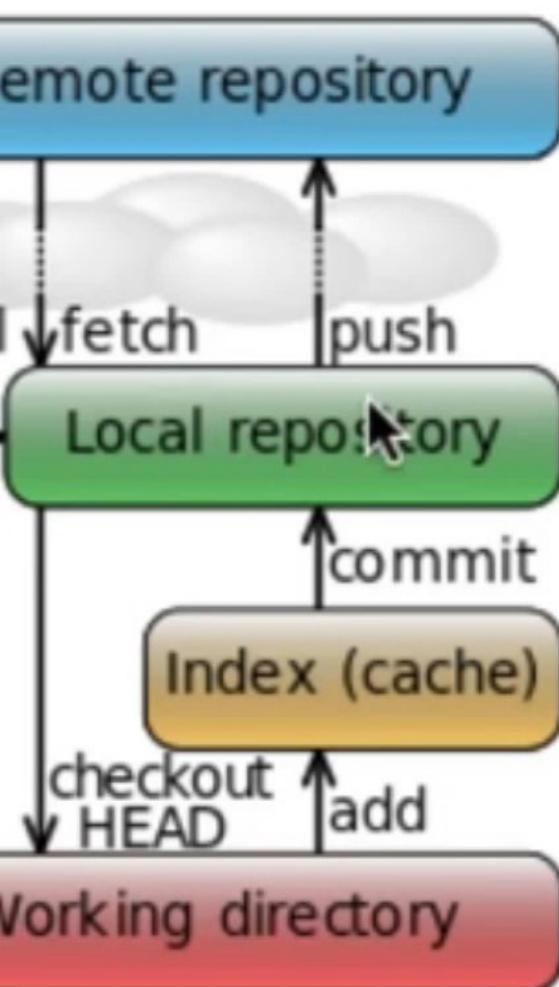
A local repo is a git-project on your computer. If you were to clone (exact copy) of the remote git-project. When you make changes to your local repo, you can update (push) the git-project to remote repo.

Index (cache) - Staging



the Git technology.

Data Flow



from Wikipedia

Explanation

A project is the files/source code a developer is currently working on.

A commit or snapshot will be saved in your local repository. Once that is done, the staging area is wiped clean.

Remote repository
A centralized Git server to host all your git projects. A central place to store and share your git-projects to different user/developers. Most up-to-date is highly recommended. In our case, GitHub would be a good choice.

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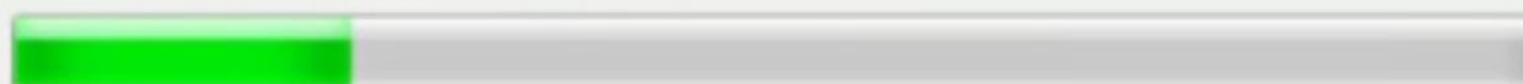


Installing

Please wait while Setup installs Git on your computer.

Extracting files...

C:\Program Files (x86)\Git\bin\libsvn_wc-1-0.dll



Git Client is necessary because everything is done on you PC. You get to choose what you want to and you are not dependent on a centralize server.

<http://msysgit.googlecode.com/>

Cancel

```
MINGW32~  
Welcome to Git (version 1.7.11-preview20120620)  
  
'git help git' to display the help index.  
'git help <command>' to display help for specific commands.  
cube@308TUBE-PC ~
```

ls = list all file in the directory

GitHub Tutorial Series

Step 1: git init <project>

project now repository

tion

Definitions

FAQ

Step 2: git add .

add all files to staging

version control and source code management system. Distributed meaning every user gets his/her own copy of the repository. A repository is a place for revision control to store data like directories, files, instructions and comments about projects.

General Public License (GNU) version 2. Meaning its free to use. So what is important to understand is that GitHub does not own Git, they are just a technology.

Step 3: git commit -m "message" snapshot

Explanation

A project is the files/source code a developer is currently writing. A git-project is a project that is using git to track/manage changes to the project.

git status

status of files

A centralize Git server to host all your git-projects. A central repository (repo) is not required but it is the best way to distribute (share) your projects to different user/developers. Most would call the remote repository (repo) the GitHub repo. It is highly recommended. In our case, GitHub would be our remote repo. They all work together and it all one thing.

commit history

git log

view differences

Ok important things to know before talking about the rest of the diagram. One, we have a local repository and a remote repo... that is because you will have the git software on your computer, which means you can use all of the git features like cloning, pushing, pulling, committing changes and using branching. The second, the local repository and the working directory are all contained in your git-project.

differences in staging

git diff --cached

Local repository

A local repo is a git-project on your computer. If you were to have a Remote repository (GitHub), then the local repo would be a clone (exact copy) of the remote git-project. When you make changes to your local repo like adding code, you will need to update (push) the git-project to remote repo.

Index (cache) - Staging

Preparation for Part 3



- **Quick Overview**
- **Branching**
 - Allows you to create a separate working copy of your code without having to duplicate the project.
- **Merging**
 - Allows you to merge branches together
- **Cloning**
 - Other developers can get a copy of your code from a remote repository
- **Forking**
 - Forking is not a git term, it's a term GitHub uses to promote social coding



modified and unstaged files)

ectoy and file formats to add)

l the files in the directory)

the files in the whole project)

y staged difference)

name> (unstage the files ,HEAD refers to last commit,current branch)

name> (blow away all changes since last commit)

mmit message" (-a add changes from all tracked files,doesn't add new untracked files)

ont do these after push)

^ (soft -reset into staging.^ move to
i.e last commit)

D^ (undo last commit and all changes .. only if something went horribly)

D^^ (undo last 2 commits and all changes)

e> <address>

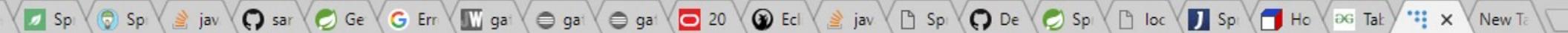
<https://address> (add:new remote,origin: our name for this remote(can be any name))

emote reps)

commit

m "message" (amend adds to the last commit)





/coderwall.com/p/0c7a9a/some-git-basic-commands

nands trying to explain in single line ..

modified and unstaged files)

ectoy and file formats to add)

l the files in the directory)

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5

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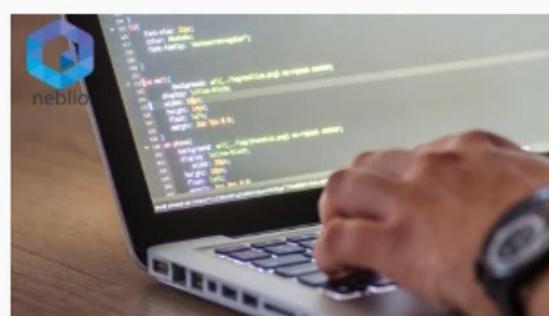
remote reps)

commit



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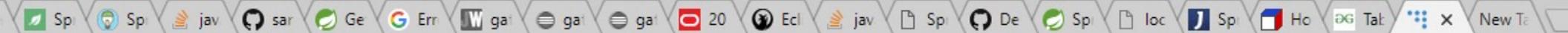
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<https://address> (add:new remote,origin: our name for this remote(can be any name))

remote reps)

commit

m "message" (amend adds to the last commit)

ster(origin: remote rep name, master:local branch to push)

> (remove remotes)

master

me

ar

Say Thanks

Update Notifications Off

Respond

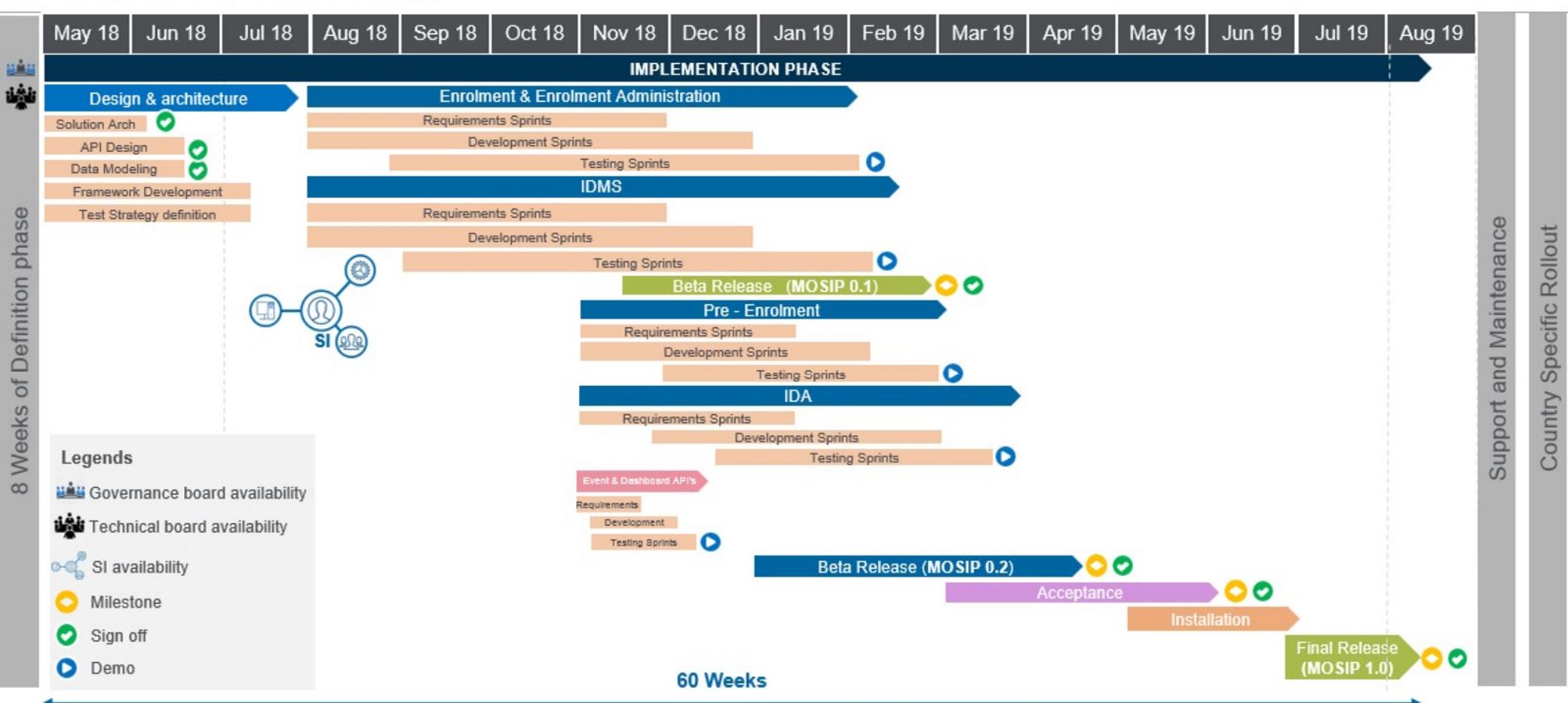


SHARE

START SLIDE SHOW

COMMENTS

MOSIP1.0 Roadmap





ARE FIND COMMENTS

[1]	Mindtree Response Modular Open Source Identity System (MOSIS 1.0) (Mindtree Response - MOSIS Kernel Implementation.docx)	Shared over e-mail
[2]	ISO/IEC/IEEE42010: International standard for architecture descriptions of systems and software	http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/6129467/

Glossary

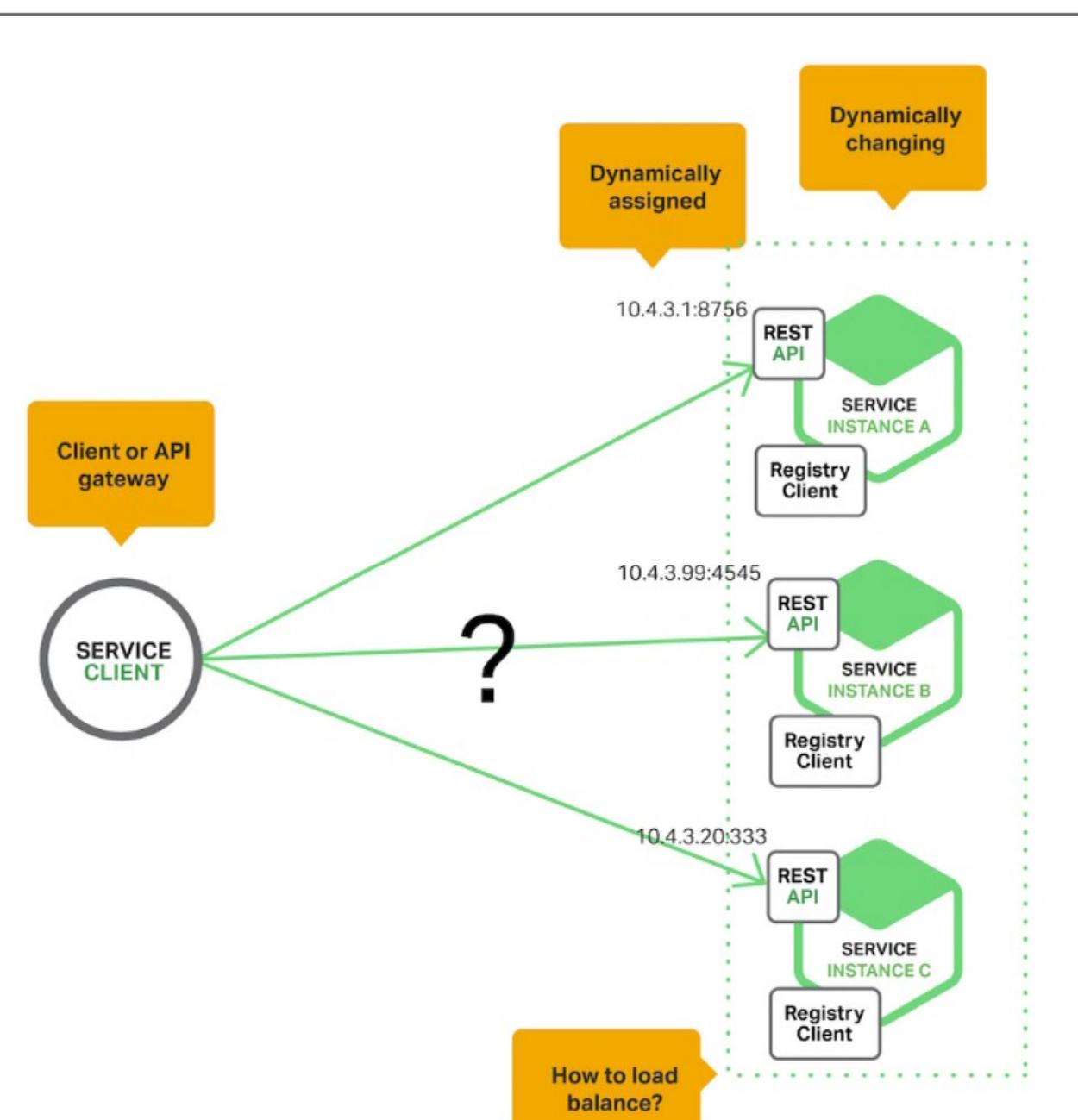
Terminology	Definition	Remarks
ABIS	Automated Biometric Identification System	
ara	Arabic	Language code
BPOs	Business Process Outsourcing	
CK	Core Kernel	
DMS	Document Management System	
fra	French	Language code
HSM	Hardware Security Module	
IDMS	Identity Management System	
IDP	Identity Platforms	
IND	India	Country code
MA	Morocco	State/Province/Sub-division code
MAR	Morocco	Country code
MDM	Master Data Management	
MN	Myanmar	State/Province/Sub-division code
NFR	Non-functional requirements	
OSI	Open Source Initiative	
PKI	Public Key Infrastructure	
RFC	Request For Comments	



COMPUTE AND NETWORKING

- Amazon EC2
 - RHEL
 - CentOS
 - Ubuntu
 - Debian
 - Fedora
 - Amazon Linux
 - Oracle Linux
 - Microsoft Windows Servers
- Amazon Route53
- Amazon VPC





of these entities in the app will use for storing and retrieving data.

Monolithic architectures can be horizontally scaled by deploying the same huge chunk of code over and over again on multiple servers. So every time we scale the app, we're scaling all of these components all together so it's one unique piece.

1:45 Monolithic Application Pros and Cons

Monolithic Application Pros/Cons

Simplicity, for small codebases	Faster early development speed	Easy testing	IDE support
Not ideal for growing codebases	Slower iterations in the long term	Harder to innovate	Steep code learning curve

With every approach, there are pros and cons. Monolithic applications can be very easy to build and start with smaller codebases. We can build and bake everything in the same code base, which means we don't



can create a new order and then instead of the client creating a new order and a new invoice, you can create a new order and the Orders component will then push an invoice event, and something else can listen to this event and create an invoice automatically for it.

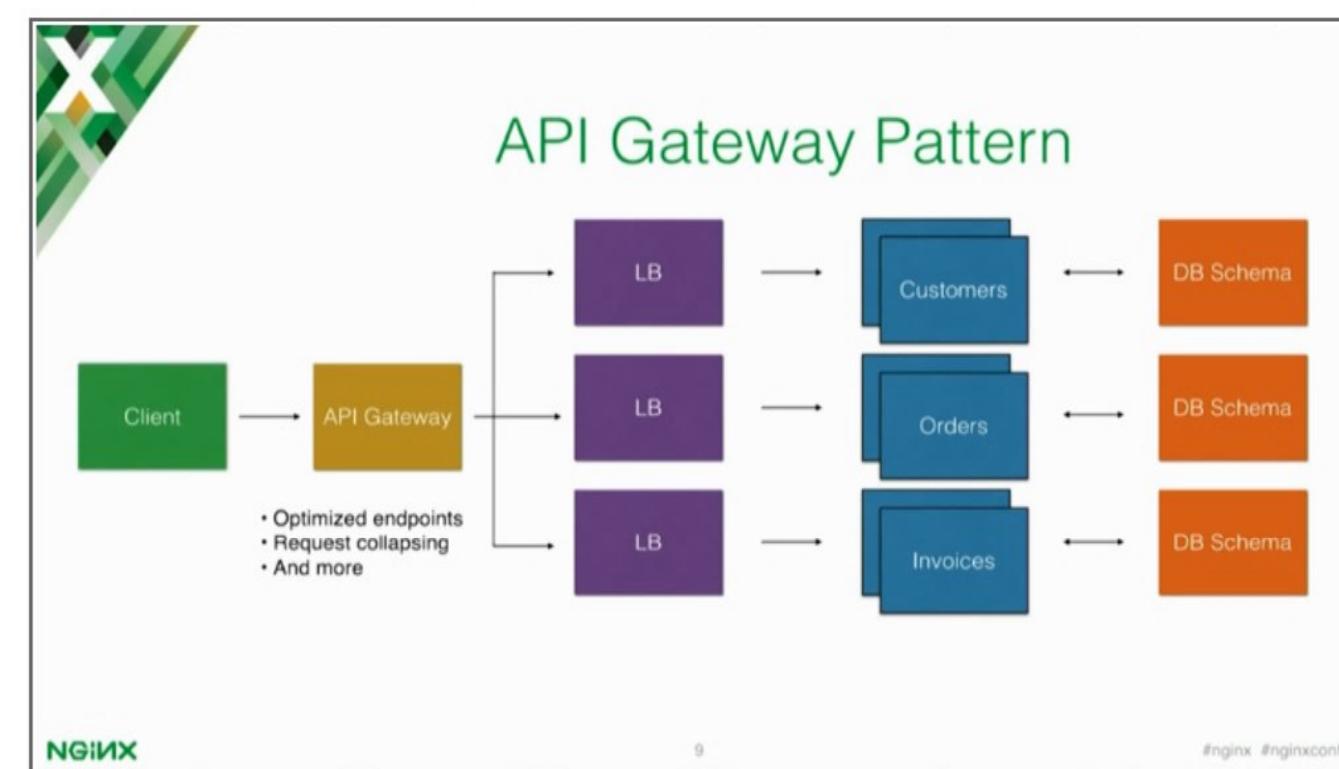
So you can build an asynchronous application that does not depend on the client and it can work autonomously. This also means that, for example, if the Invoices component isn't running, you can retry that operation later.

5:47 Microservice-Oriented Application Pros and Cons

Microservice-oriented Application Pros/Cons

Better architecture for large applications	Better agility in the long term	Microservices: easy to learn	Isolation for scalability and damage control
More moving parts	Complex infrastructure requirements	Consistency and availability	Harder to test

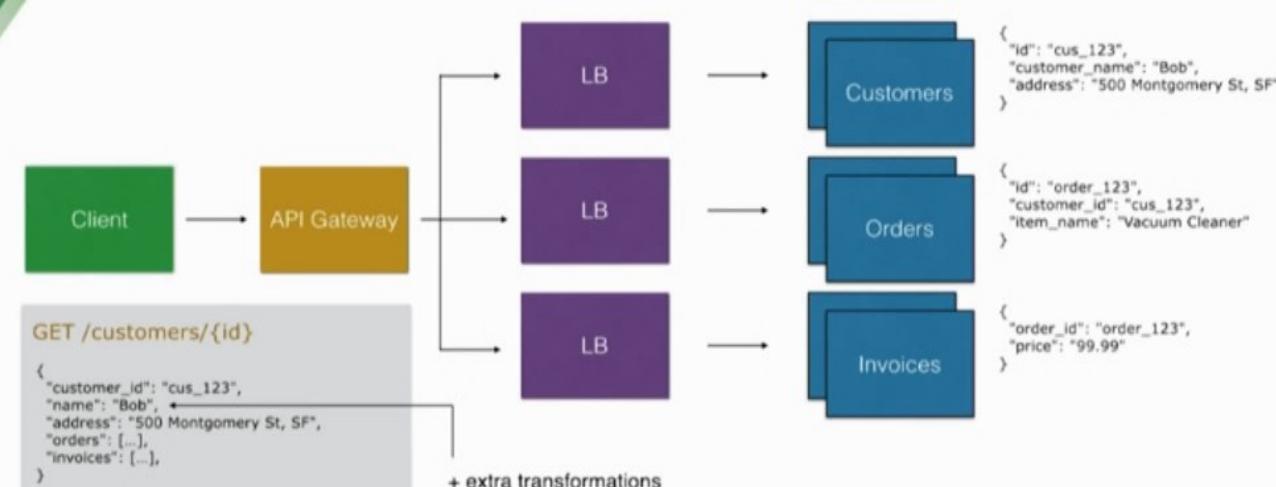
11:54 API Gateway Pattern



The API gateway pattern means that you put an API gateway in front of your microservices and make the API gateway become the entry point for every new request that's being executed by the app. This can simplify significantly both the client implementations and the microservices app.

Before, the Client had to make a request to Customers, then to Orders, then to Invoices. The Client needed to understand how to consume these different services together. With an API gateway, we can abstract all this complexity and create, for example, optimized endpoints that the Client can use and that under the

Optimized Endpoints



NGINX

10

#nginx #nginxconf

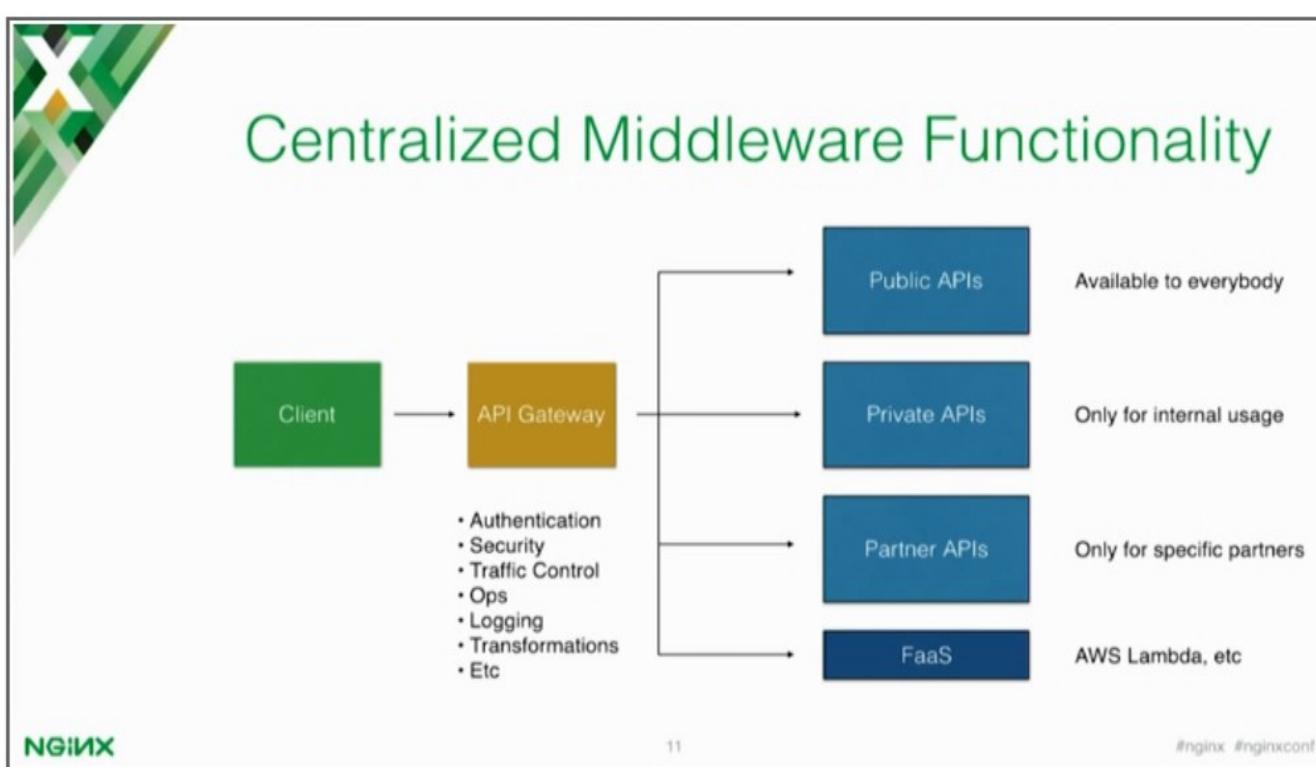
For example, optimized endpoints. If we assume that each component returns different JSON responses for Customers, Orders, and Invoices, and let's say the Client wants to retrieve this information. There are two ways. In the first way, it's making a GET request to the Customers component to retrieve the customer, then to Orders and then to Invoices for a specific order.

Or we can abstract this client implementation complexity by using an API gateway. The API gateway can then expose a specific endpoint that under the hood will make those requests and then return to the client one unique response after it [the gateway] has consumed the microservices.

This means, for example, we can collapse all of those responses into one response and one request. This helps a lot and is very beneficial especially for mobile clients. You can speed up the mobile implementations and you can also do things like transformations.

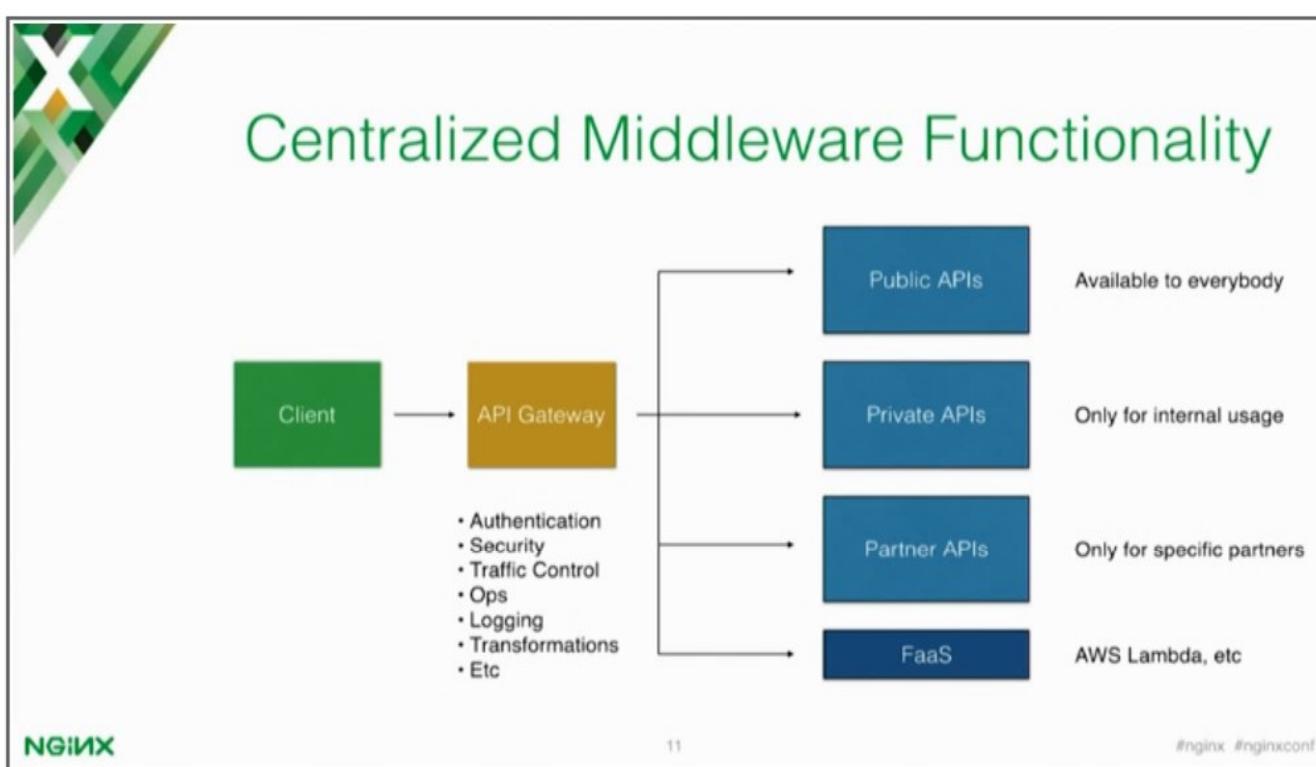
The API gate will over time implement and consume the underlying upstream services while keeping the client working. Having an API gateway can help this transition.

15:28 Centralized Middleware Functionality



Of course creating optimized endpoints is just one of the benefits of having an API gateway. You can also centralize middleware functionality. As you start creating more and more services, you'll find yourself in a tough spot – you'll need authentication and traffic control for the services.

15:28 Centralized Middleware Functionality



Of course creating optimized endpoints is just one of the benefits of having an API gateway. You can also centralize middleware functionality. As you start creating more and more services, you'll find yourself in a tough spot – you'll need authentication and traffic control for the services.

Some of them will be public, some will be private, and some will be partners' APIs that you want to make available to just some specific users. Sooner or later you will be finding yourself in a place where you're implementing the same middleware functionality over and over again inside of the microservice.

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Standards Track

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OAuth 2.0

October 2012



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Request 1

Method	Endpoint	Resource	Parameters
GET	http://localhost:8080/api/journal		

Request

Name	Value	Style	Level

Raw

Required: Sets if parameter is required

Type: **Get Access Token from the authorization server**

OAuth 2 Flow: **Implicit Grant**

Client Identification: **trustedclient**

Authorization URI: **http://localhost:8080/oauth/authorize**

Redirect URI: **http://localhost:8080/api**

Scope: **read**

Get Access Token **Automation...**

How to get an access token from an authorization server
▲ Get Token **Advanced...**

Learn about OAuth 2

Auth (OAuth2.0) Headers (0) Attachments (0) Representations (1) JMS Headers JMS Property (0)

Headers (11) Attachments (0) SSL Info Representations (7) Schema (conflicts) JMS (0)

```

    "self": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/1"},  

    "journalEntry": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/1"},  

},  

    [  

        {  

            "title": "Simple Spring Boot Project",  

            "summary": "I will do my first Spring Boot project",  

            "created": "03-01-2016",  

            "_links": {  

                "self": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/2"},  

                "journalEntry": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/2"},  

            },  

            [  

                {  

                    "title": "Spring Boot Reading",  

                    "summary": "Read more about Spring Boot",  

                    "created": "02-02-2016",  

                    "_links": {  

                        "self": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/3"},  

                        "journalEntry": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/3"},  

                    },  

                    [  

                        {  

                            "title": "Spring Boot in the Cloud",  

                            "summary": "Learn Spring Boot using Cloud Foundry",  

                            "created": "06-02-2016",  

                            "_links": {  

                                "self": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/4"},  

                                "journalEntry": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/4"},  

                            },  

                            [  

                                {  

                                    "self": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/?page,size,sort"},  

                                    "templated": true,  

                                },  

                                {  

                                    "profile": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/profile/journal"},  

                                    "search": {"href": "http://localhost:8080/api/journal/search"},  

                                },  

                                {  

                                    "page": {  

                                        "size": 20,  

                                        "totalElements": 4,  

                                        "totalPages": 1,  

                                        "number": 0  

                                    }  

                                }  

                            ]  

                        }  

                    ]  

                }  

            ]  

        }  

    ]  

}
  
```

response time: 29ms (1900 bytes)

[SoapUI log](#) [http log](#) [jetty log](#) [error log](#) [wsrm log](#) [memory log](#)
