$$I_x = \frac{bh^3}{12} \quad I_y = \frac{b^3h}{12} \quad I_{xy} = 0$$

$$W_x = \frac{bh^2}{6} \quad W_y = \frac{b^2h}{6}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
I_{x} = \frac{bh^{3}}{12} \\
I_{y} = \frac{b^{3}h}{12}
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
I_{xy} = 0
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
I_{xy} = \frac{\pi d^{4}}{64} \\
I_{xy} = 0
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
I_{p} = \frac{\pi d^{4}}{32}
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$W_{x} = \frac{bh^{2}}{6}$$

$$W_{y} = \frac{b^{2}h}{6}$$

$$W_{y} = \frac{\pi d^{3}}{32}$$

$$W_{p} = \frac{\pi d^{3}}{16}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
I_{x} = I_{y} = \frac{\pi(d_{i\breve{s}or}^{4} - d_{vid}^{4})}{64} \\
I_{xy} = 0
\end{bmatrix}
I_{p} = \frac{\pi(d_{i\breve{s}or}^{4} - d_{vid}^{4})}{32}$$

$$W_{x} = W_{y} = \frac{\pi(d_{i\breve{s}or}^{4} - d_{vid}^{4})}{32d_{i\breve{s}or}}
W_{p} = \frac{\pi(d_{i\breve{s}or}^{4} - d_{vid}^{4})}{16d_{i\breve{s}or}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{x1} = I_x + a^2 A \\ I_{y1} = I_y + b^2 A \end{bmatrix} W_x = \frac{I_x}{|y_{\text{max}}|} W_y = \frac{I_y}{|x_{\text{max}}|}$$

$$U_y = \frac{I_y}{|x_{\text{max}}|}$$

$$W_p = \frac{I_p}{\rho_{\text{max}}}$$

$$\sigma_{\theta} = \frac{F_n}{A_{\theta}} \quad \tau_{\theta} = \frac{F_t}{A_{\theta}}.$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{N}{EA} \left[ \varepsilon_s = -v \cdot \varepsilon \right] \left[ \varepsilon = \frac{N}{EA} + \alpha_t \cdot \Delta T \right]$$

$$w_k = \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta L_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \varepsilon_i L_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\sigma_i L_i}{E_i} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{N_i L_i}{E_i A_i}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} F \Delta L \quad U = \frac{N^2 L}{2EA}$$

$$A = A_{\theta} \cos \theta$$

$$\sigma_{\theta} = \sigma \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\tau_{\theta} = \frac{\sigma}{2} \sin 2\theta$$

 $y = \frac{q \cdot L^2}{8H} \qquad H = \frac{q \cdot L^2}{8y}$ 

 $\sigma = \frac{qL^2}{8 vA} \le \sigma_{all} \qquad q_g = \rho Ag$ 

$$\varepsilon_1 = \frac{1}{E} \left( \sigma_1 - \upsilon \left( \sigma_2 + \sigma_3 \right) \right)$$

$$\varepsilon_2 = \frac{1}{F} (\sigma_2 - \upsilon (\sigma_1 + \sigma_3))$$

$$\varepsilon_3 = \frac{1}{E} (\sigma_3 - \upsilon (\sigma_1 + \sigma_2))$$

$$F_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_{\min}}{(\mu L)^2}$$

$$\begin{split} \varepsilon_{1} &= \frac{1}{E} \left( \sigma_{1} - \upsilon (\sigma_{2} + \sigma_{3}) \right) \\ \varepsilon_{2} &= \frac{1}{E} \left( \sigma_{2} - \upsilon (\sigma_{1} + \sigma_{3}) \right) \\ \varepsilon_{3} &= \frac{1}{E} \left( \sigma_{3} - \upsilon (\sigma_{1} + \sigma_{2}) \right) \end{split} \qquad \begin{aligned} F_{cr} &= \frac{\pi^{2} E I_{\min}}{(\mu L)^{2}} \\ \sigma_{cr} &= \frac{\pi^{2} E}{\lambda^{2}} \end{aligned} \qquad \lambda = \frac{\mu L}{i_{\min}} \end{split}$$

$$T = \frac{P}{\omega} = \frac{30P}{\pi \cdot n} \left[ T = G\theta I_p \right] \tau_k = \frac{T\rho_k}{I_p}$$

$$\varphi = \theta L = \frac{T}{GI_p} L \qquad \theta = \frac{T}{GI_p}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{M_x}{I_x} y \left[ \tau_k = \frac{Q|S_k|}{Ib_k} \right]$$