R-package tmap

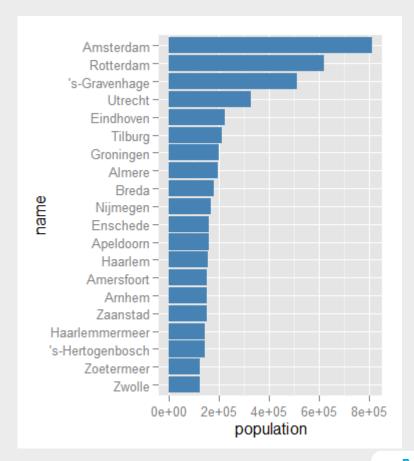
Creating thematic maps in a flexible way

Martijn Tennekes



Thematic map

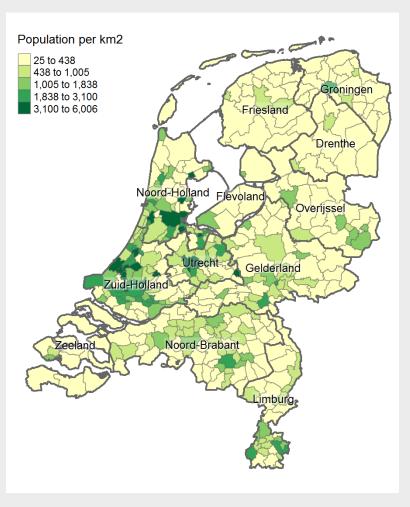


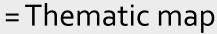


Geographic map

Theme

Thematic map







Layered approach

A Layered Grammar of Graphics (Wickham, 2010) Implemented in **qqplot2**

Defaults

- Data
- Aesthetics

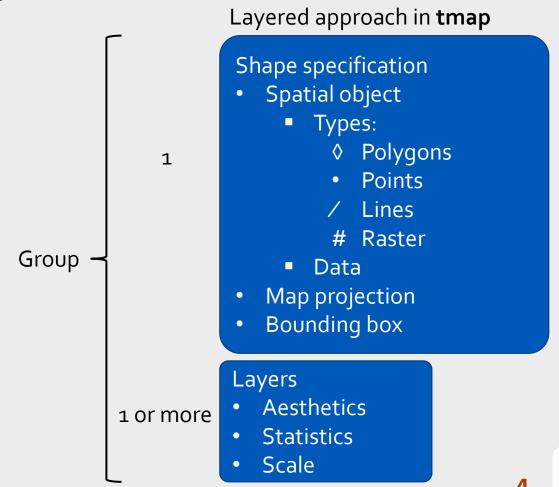
Layers

- Data
- Aesthetics
- Geometry
- Statistics
- Position

Scales

Coordinates

Facets



Facets

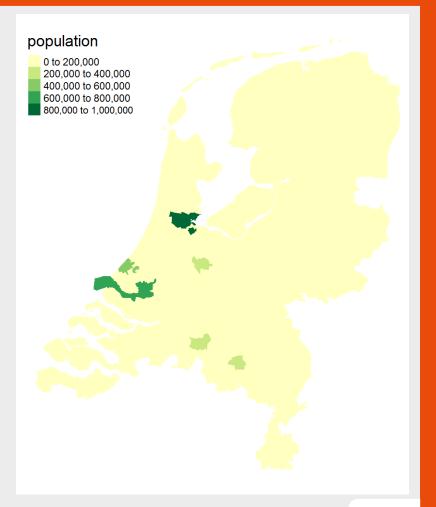
tm_fill()

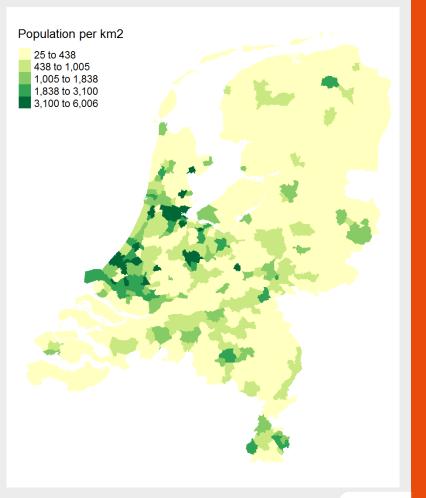


```
tm_fill("blue")
```



tm_fill("population")

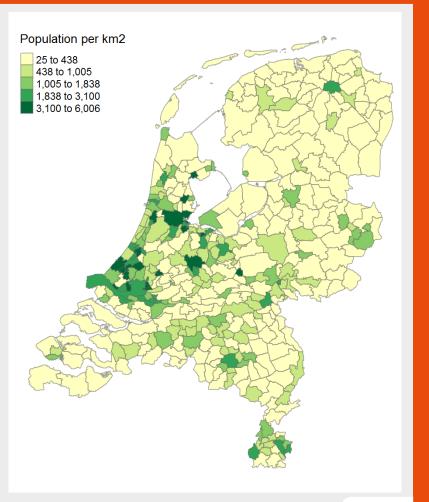






```
tm_shape(NLD_muni,
projection="rd") +
```

tm_borders(alpha=.5) +



```
25 to 438
438 to 1.005
1.005 to 1.838
                                                        Groningen
1.838 to 3.100
3 100 to 6 006
                                        Friesland
                                                       Drenthe
                   Noord-Holland Flevoland
                                                   Overijssel
                             Utrecht Gelderland
             Zuid-Holland
                         Noord-Brabant
                                          Limburg
```

Population per km2

```
tm_shape(NLD_prov) +

tm_borders(1wd=2) +
```

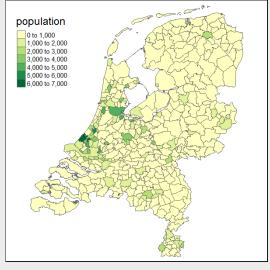
```
tm_text("name", size=.8, shadow=TRUE,
bg.color="white", bg.alpha=.25)
```

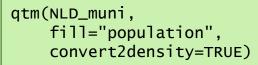


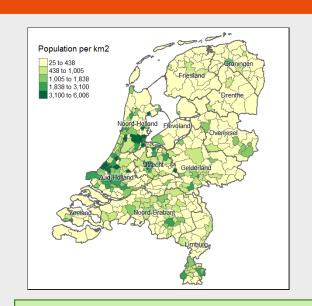
Quick thematic map

- Quick thematic map: qtm
- Wrapper for the main plotting method







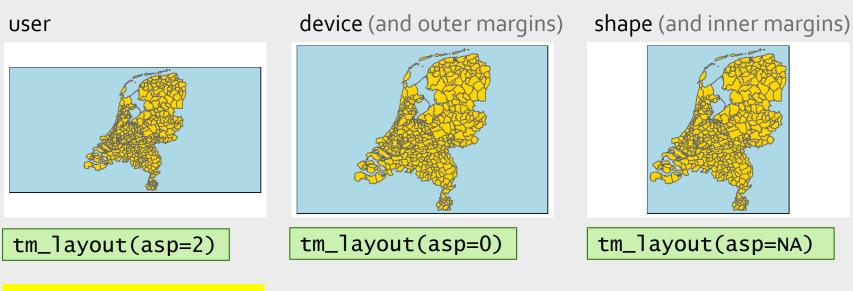


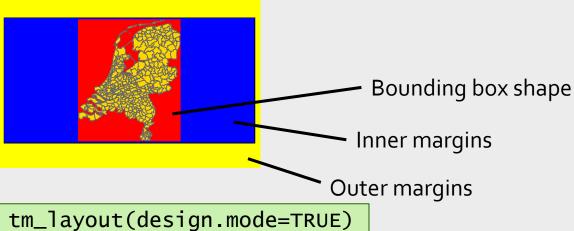
```
qtm(NLD_muni,
  fill="population",
  convert2density=TRUE,
  fill.style="kmeans",
  fill.title="Population per km2") +
qtm(NLD_prov, fill=NULL,
  text="name", text.size=.7,
  borders.lwd=2,
  text.bg.color="white",
  text.bg.alpha=.25, shadow=TRUE)
```



Aspect ratio and margins

Aspect ratio (=width/height) of the frame determined by:





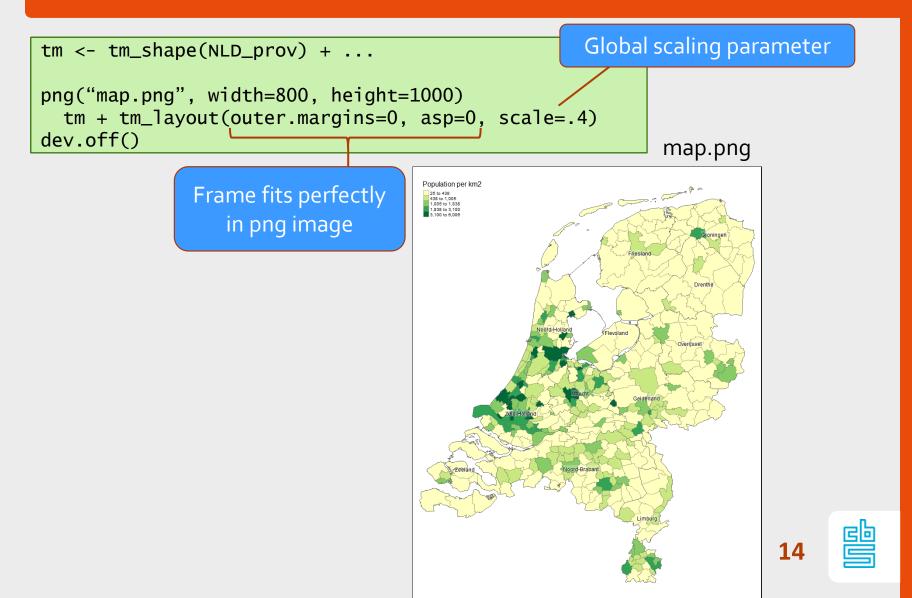


Exporting thematic maps

```
Global scaling parameter
tm <- tm_shape(NLD_prov) + ...</pre>
png("map.png", width=800, height=1000)
   tm + tm_layout(outer.margins=0, asp=0, scale=.8)
dev.off()
                                                                                   map.png
                    Frame fits perfectly
                                                   Population per km2
                                                     25 to 438
                        in png image
                                                     438 to 1,005
                                                     1,005 to 1,838
                                                                                      Groningen
                                                     1,838 to 3,100
                                                     3,100 to 6,006
                                                                             Friesland
                                                                                      Drenthe
                                                                Noord-Holland Flevoland
                                                                                   Overijssel
                                                                     Utrecht Gelderland
                                                            Zuid-Holland
                                                                   Noord-Brabant
                                                                              Limburg
                                                                                                  13
```

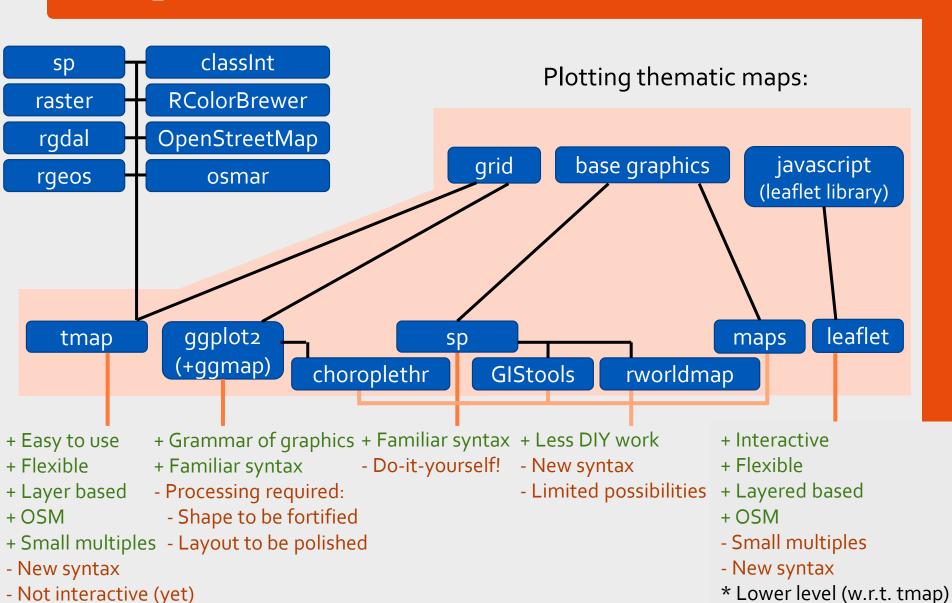


Exporting thematic maps



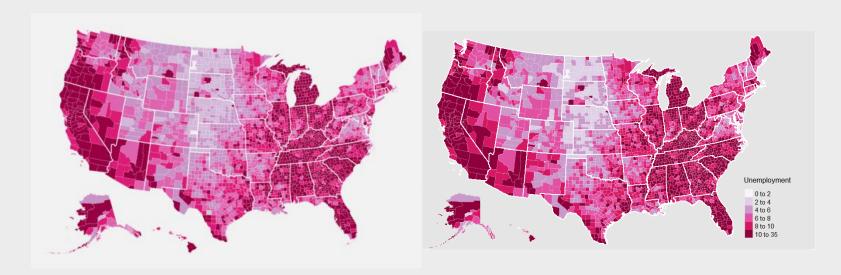
tmap and the field

- Not interactive (yet)



Choropleth 2009 challenge

http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2009/11/choropleth-map-r-challenge.html http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2009/11/choropleth-challenge-result.html



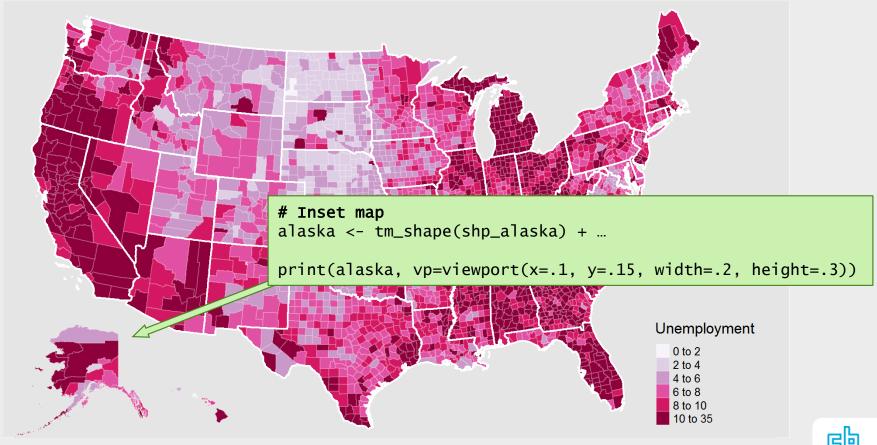
Goal: recreate this map

Result made with tmap

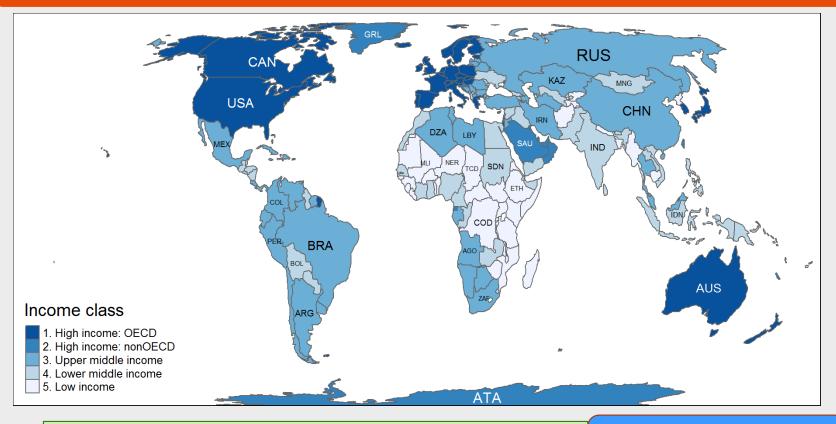


Choropleth 2009 challenge

http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2009/11/choropleth-map-r-challenge.html http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2009/11/choropleth-challenge-result.html



Example: choropleth

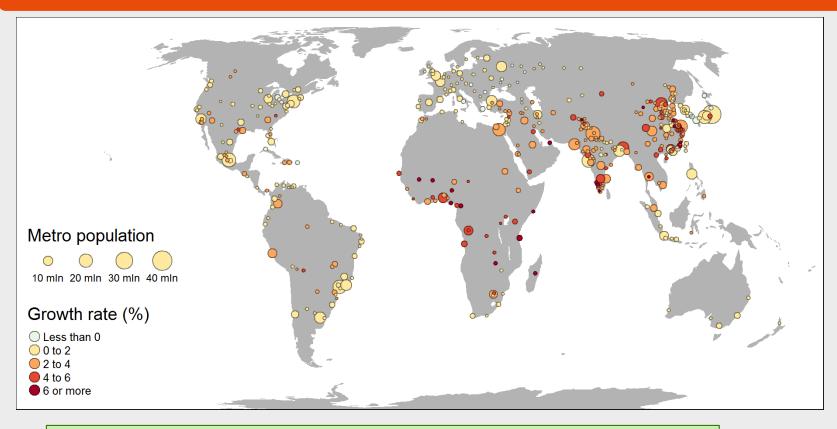


```
tm_shape(World) +
  tm_polygons("income_grp", palette="-Blues",
    title="Income classification") +
  tm_text("iso_a3", size="AREA") +
  tm_layout_World()
Predefine
```

RColorBrewer palette "Blues" reversed.



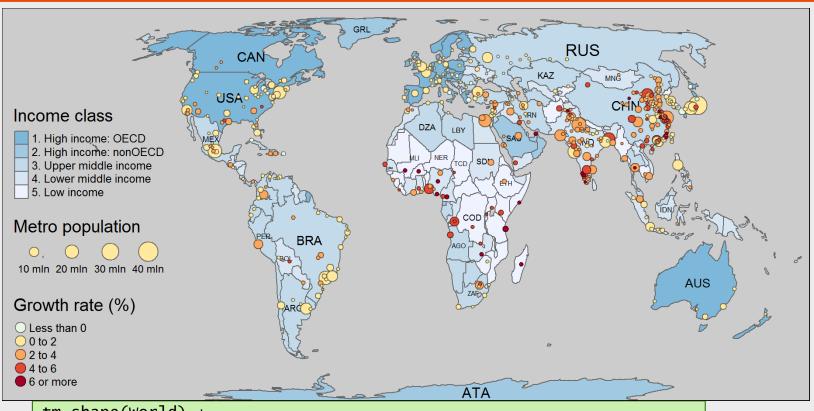
Example: bubble map



```
tm_shape(World) +
  tm_fill("grey70") +
tm_shape(metro) +
  tm_bubbles("pop2010", col = "growth",
    border.col = "black", border.alpha = .5, style="fixed",
    breaks=c(-Inf, 0, 2, 4, 6, Inf), palette="-RdYlBu",
    title.size="Metro population", title.col="Growth rate (%)") +
tm_layout_World()
```



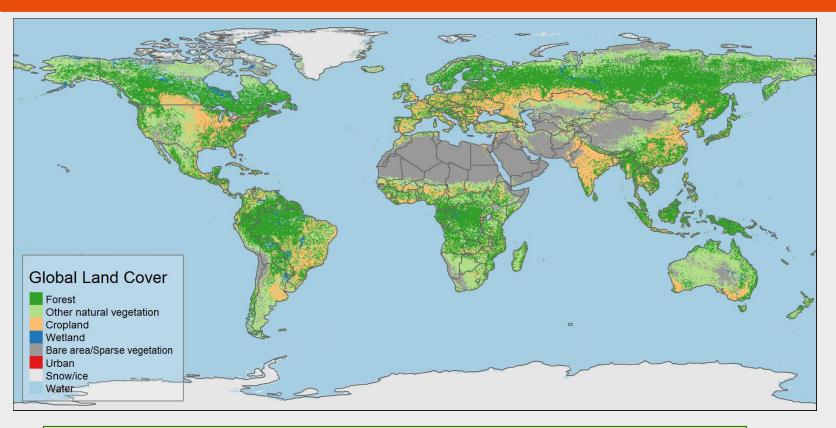
Example: choropleth + bubble map



```
tm_shape(World) +
  tm_polygons("income_grp", palette="-Blues", contrast = .5,
    title="Income class",) +
  tm_text("iso_a3", size="AREA") +
  tm_shape(metro) +
  tm_bubbles("pop2010", col = "growth",
    border.col = "black", border.alpha = .5, style="fixed",
    breaks=c(-Inf, 0, 2, 4, 6, Inf), palette="-RdYlBu",
    title.size="Metro population", title.col="Growth rate (%)") +
  tm_layout_World(bg.color = "gray80")
```

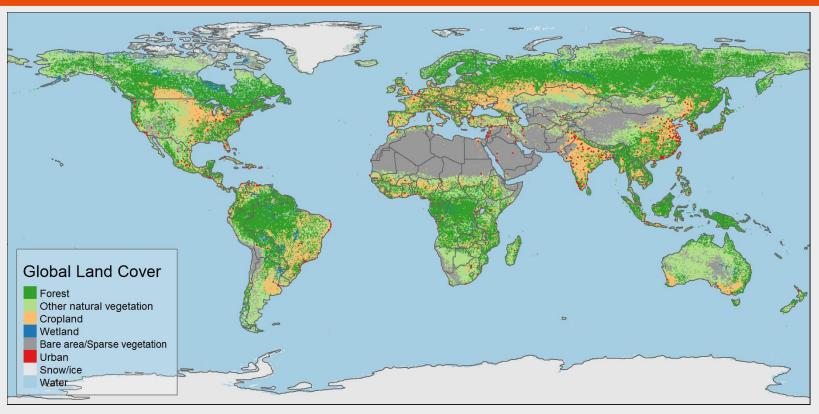


Example: raster map



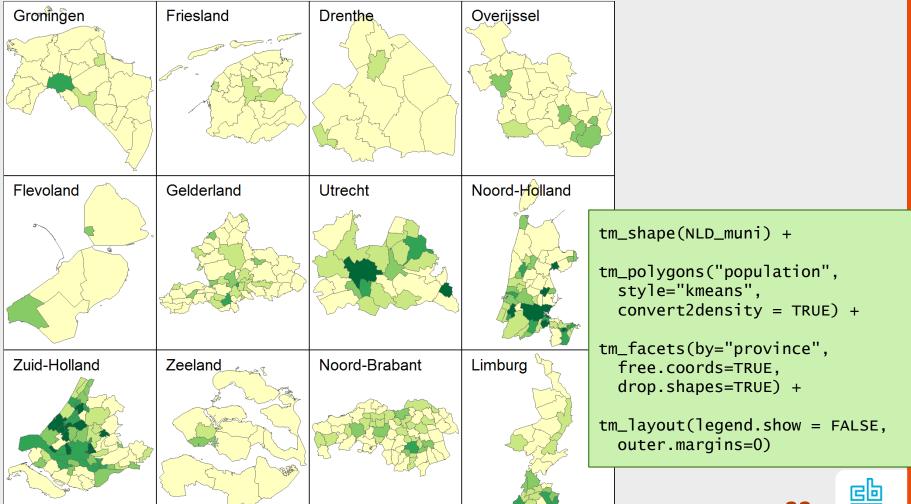


Example: raster map (with dotmap)

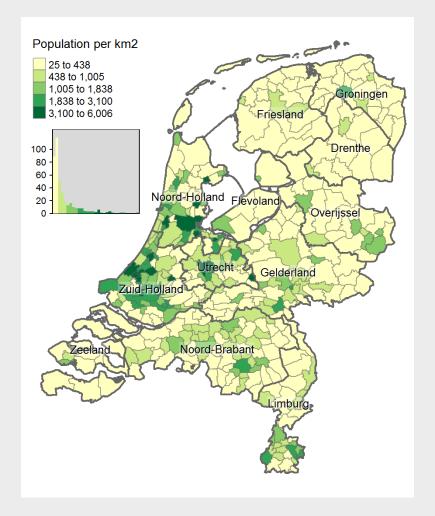




Small multiples



Histogram



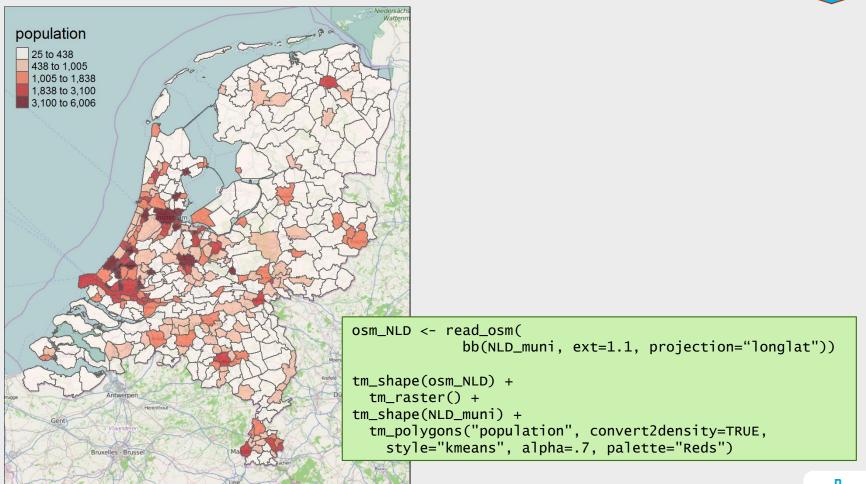
```
tm_shape(NLD_muni, projection="rd") +
  tm\_borders(alpha = .5) +
  tm_fill("population",
    convert2density = TRUE,
    style= "kmeans",
    title="Population per km2",
    legend.hist = TRUE) +
tm_shape(NLD_prov) +
  tm_borders(1wd=2) +
  tm_text("name", size=0.8,
    shadow=TRUE, bg.color="white",
    bq.alpha=.25) +
tm_layout(draw.frame=FALSE,
  bg.color="white",
  inner.margins=c(.02, .05, .02, .02),
  legend.hist.bg.color = "grey85")
```

Some convenient functions

```
NLD_muni <- read_shape("NLD_2014_municipality.shp")</pre>
Read ESRI shape file:
                     NLD_muni <- set_projection(NLD_muni, "rd")</pre>
Set map projection:
                     NLD_muni <- append_data(NLD_muni, NLD_data,</pre>
Append data:
                                      key.shp="code", key.data="muni_code")
                     NLD_muni_list <- split(NLD_muni, "name")</pre>
Split shapes:
                     NLD_muni2 <- do.call("sbind", NLD_muni_list)</pre>
Combine shapes:
                     get_asp_ratio(NLD_muni)
Get aspect ratio:
                                                              New!
                       bb(NLD_muni, ext=1.25)
                       bb(NLD_muni, projection="longlat")
Create bounding box:
                       bb(q="Aalborg, Denmark")
```

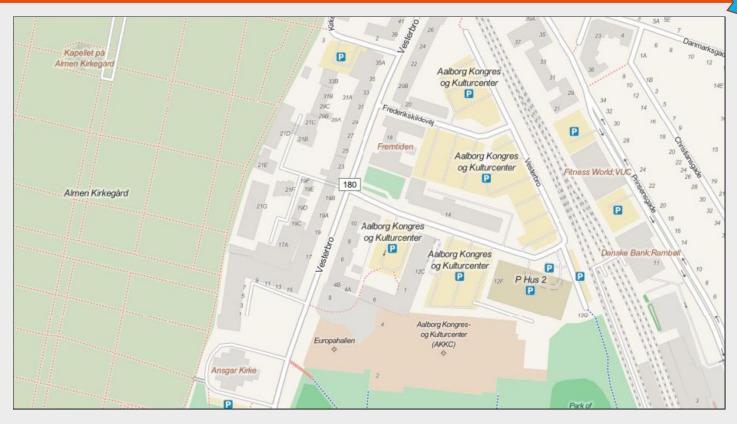
Open Street Map

New!



Open Street Map





```
# define bounding box:
bb_Aal <- bb(q="Kongres og Kulturcenter, Aalborg, Denmark")
# read OSM raster data
rast_Aal <- read_osm(bb_Aal, type="mapquest")
# plot
qtm(rast_Aal)</pre>
```



Open Street Map





```
tm_shape(vec_Aal$park, bbox=bb_Aal) +
  tm_polygons(col = "darkolivegreen3") +
tm_shape(vec_Aal$cemetery) +
  tm_polygons(col="darkolivegreen3") +
tm_shape(vec_Aal$parking) +
  tm_polygons(col="grey85") +
tm_shape(vec_Aal$building) +
  tm_polygons(col = "gold") +
tm_shape(vec_Aal$roads) +
  tm_lines("grey40", lwd = 3) +
tm_shape(vec_Aal$trees) +
  tm_bubbles(size=.25, col="forestgreen") +
tm_shape(vec_Aal$railway) +
  tm_lines(col = "grey40", lwd = 3, lty =
"longdash") +
tm_layout(inner.margins=0, bg.color="grey95")
```

Future ideas

- Cartogram
- Flow maps
- Interactive maps (with **htmlwidgets** or **shiny**)

Any other ideas, or suggestions? Bugs found?

https://github.com/mtennekes/tmap
Developers are welcome!

