


BACK

Maximum Sum

177,554

▼

<DESCRIPTIONMY SOLUTIONSLEADERBOARDCOMMENTSREADME>

CODEWRITINGSCORE: 300/300

You are given an array of integers `a` . A *range sum query* is defined by a pair of non-negative integers `l` and `r` ($l \leq r$). The output to a *range sum query* on the given array `a` is the sum of all the elements of `a` that have indices from `l` to `r` , inclusive.

You have the array `a` and a list of *range sum queries* `q` . Find an algorithm that can rearrange the array `a` in such a way that the total sum of all of the query outputs is maximized, and return this total sum.

Example

For `a = [9, 7, 2, 4, 4]` and `q = [[1, 3], [1, 4], [0, 2]]` , the output should be `maximumSum(a, q) = 62` .

You can get this sum if the array `a` is rearranged to be `[2, 9, 7, 4, 4]` . In that case, the first *range sum query* `[1, 3]` returns the sum $9 + 7 + 4 = 20$, the second query `[1, 4]` returns the sum $9 + 7 + 4 + 4 = 24$, and the third query `[0, 2]` returns the sum $2 + 9 + 7 = 18$. The total sum will be $20 + 24 + 18 = 62$.

Input/Output

- **[execution time limit] 4 seconds (js)**
- **[input] array.integer a**

An initial array.

Guaranteed constraints:
 $2 \leq a.length \leq 10$,
 $1 \leq a[i] \leq 10$.
- **[input] array.array.integer q**

An array of *range sum queries*, where each query is an array of two non-negative integers.

Guaranteed constraints:
 $1 \leq q.length \leq 10$,
 $0 \leq q[i][0] \leq q[i][1] < a.length$.
- **[output] integer**

Return the maximum possible total sum of the given *range sum query* outputs.

[JavaScript (ES6)] Syntax Tips

```
// Prints help message to the console
// Returns a string
function helloWorld(name) {
  console.log("This prints to the console when you Run Tests");
  return "Hello, " + name;
}
```