■ NetApp

VMware vSphere 6.7 deployment procedure

FlexPod

NetApp June 03, 2021

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/flexpod/express/express-c-series-aff220-deploy_vmware_vsphere_6.7_deployment_procedure.html on October 13, 2021. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

/Mware vSphere 6.7 deployment procedure	
Log in to CIMC interface for Cisco UCS C-Series standalone servers	
Install VMware ESXi	
Set up VMware ESXi host management networking	
Configure ESXi host	4

VMware vSphere 6.7 deployment procedure

This section provides detailed procedures for installing VMware ESXi 6.7 in a FlexPod Express configuration. The deployment procedures that follow are customized to include the environment variables described in previous sections.

Multiple methods exist for installing VMware ESXi in such an environment. This procedure uses the virtual KVM console and virtual media features of the CIMC interface for Cisco UCS C-Series servers to map remote installation media to each individual server.



This procedure must be completed for Cisco UCS server A and Cisco UCS server B.

This procedure must be completed for any additional nodes added to the cluster.

Log in to CIMC interface for Cisco UCS C-Series standalone servers

The following steps detail the method for logging in to the CIMC interface for Cisco UCS C-Series standalone servers. You must log in to the CIMC interface to run the virtual KVM, which enables the administrator to begin installation of the operating system through remote media.

All hosts

- 1. Navigate to a web browser and enter the IP address for the CIMC interface for the Cisco UCS C-Series. This step launches the CIMC GUI application.
- 2. Log in to the CIMC UI using the admin user name and credentials.
- 3. In the main menu, select the Server tab.
- 4. Click Launch KVM Console.



- 5. From the virtual KVM console, select the Virtual Media tab.
- 6. Select Map CD/DVD.



You might first need to click Activate Virtual Devices. Select Accept This Session if prompted.

- 7. Browse to the VMware ESXi 6.7 installer ISO image file and click Open. Click Map Device.
- Select the Power menu and choose Power Cycle System (Cold Boot). Click Yes.

Install VMware ESXi

The following steps describe how to install VMware ESXi on each host.

Download ESXI 6.7 Cisco custom image

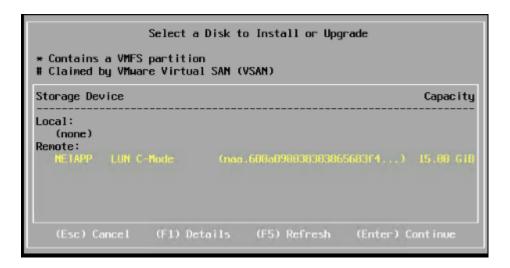
- 1. Navigate to the VMware vSphere download page for custom ISOs.
- 2. Click Go to Downloads next to the Cisco Custom Image for ESXi 6.7 GA Install CD.
- 3. Download the Cisco Custom Image for ESXi 6.7 GA Install CD (ISO).

All hosts

- 1. When the system boots, the machine detects the presence of the VMware ESXi installation media.
- Select the VMware ESXi installer from the menu that appears.

The installer loads. This takes several minutes.

- 3. After the installer has finished loading, press Enter to continue with the installation.
- 4. After reading the end-user license agreement, accept it and continue with the installation by pressing F11.
- 5. Select the NetApp LUN that was previously set up as the installation disk for ESXi, and press Enter to continue with the installation.



- 6. Select the appropriate keyboard layout and press Enter.
- 7. Enter and confirm the root password and press Enter.
- 8. The installer warns you that existing partitions are removed on the volume. Continue with the installation by pressing F11. The server reboots after the installation of ESXi.

Set up VMware ESXi host management networking

The following steps describe how to add the management network for each VMware ESXi host.

All hosts

- 1. After the server has finished rebooting, enter the option to customize the system by pressing F2.
- 2. Log in with root as the login name and the root password previously entered during the installation process.
- 3. Select the Configure Management Network option.
- Select Network Adapters and press Enter.

5. Select the desired ports for vSwitch0. Press Enter.



Select the ports that correspond to eth0 and eth1 in CIMC.

```
Network Adapters

Select the adapters for this host's default management network connection. Use two or more adapters for fault-tolerance and load-balancing.

Device Name Hardware Label (MAC Address) Status

[X] vmnic0 SlotID:MLOM... (...d0:da:2c) Connected (...)

[X] vmnic1 SlotID:MLOM... (...d0:da:3d) Connected

[] vmnic2 SlotID:MLOM... (...d0:da:31) Connected

[] vmnic3 SlotID:MLOM... (...d0:da:31) Connected
```

- 6. Select VLAN (optional) and press Enter.
- 7. Enter the VLAN ID <<mgmt vlan id>>. Press Enter.
- 8. From the Configure Management Network menu, select IPv4 Configuration to configure the IP address of the management interface. Press Enter.
- 9. Use the arrow keys to highlight Set Static IPv4 address and use the space bar to select this option.
- 10. Enter the IP address for managing the VMware ESXi host <<esxi host mgmt ip>>.
- 11. Enter the subnet mask for the VMware ESXi host <<esxi host mgmt netmask>>.
- 12. Enter the default gateway for the VMware ESXi host <<esxi host mgmt gateway>>.
- 13. Press Enter to accept the changes to the IP configuration.
- 14. Enter the IPv6 configuration menu.
- 15. Use the space bar to disable IPv6 by unselecting the Enable IPv6 (restart required) option. Press Enter.
- 16. Enter the menu to configure the DNS settings.
- 17. Because the IP address is assigned manually, the DNS information must also be entered manually.
- 18. Enter the primary DNS server's IP address [nameserver ip].
- 19. (Optional) Enter the secondary DNS server's IP address.
- 20. Enter the FQDN for the VMware ESXi host name: [esxi host fqdn].
- 21. Press Enter to accept the changes to the DNS configuration.
- 22. Exit the Configure Management Network submenu by pressing Esc.
- 23. Press Y to confirm the changes and reboot the server.
- 24. Log out of the VMware Console by pressing Esc.

Configure ESXi host

You need the information in the following table to configure each ESXi host.

Detail	Value
ESXi host name	
ESXi host management IP	
ESXi host management mask	
ESXi host management gateway	
ESXi host NFS IP	
ESXi host NFS mask	
ESXi host NFS gateway	
ESXi host vMotion IP	
ESXi host vMotion mask	
ESXi host vMotion gateway	
ESXi host iSCSI-A IP	
ESXi host iSCSI-A mask	
ESXi host iSCSI-A gateway	
ESXi host iSCSI-B IP	
ESXi host iSCSI-B mask	
ESXi host iSCSI-B gateway	

Log in to ESXi host

- 1. Open the host's management IP address in a web browser.
- 2. Log in to the ESXi host using the root account and the password you specified during the install process.
- 3. Read the statement about the VMware Customer Experience Improvement Program. After selecting the proper response, click OK.

Configure iSCSI boot

- 1. Select Networking on the left.
- 2. On the right, select the Virtual Switches tab.

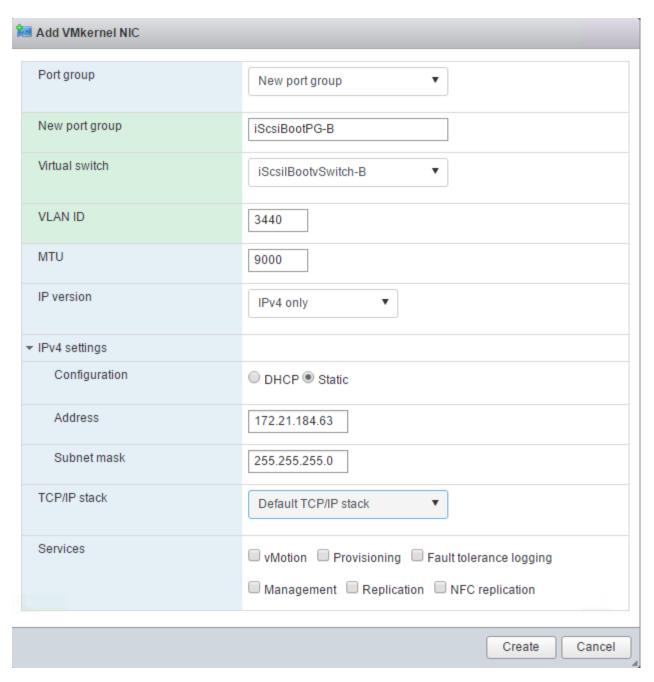


- 3. Click iScsiBootvSwitch.
- 4. Select Edit settings.
- 5. Change the MTU to 9000 and click Save.
- 6. Click Networking in the left navigation pane to return to the Virtual Switches tab.
- 7. Click Add Standard Virtual Switch.
- 8. Provide the name iScsiBootvSwitch-B for the vSwitch name.
 - Set the MTU to 9000.
 - Select vmnic3 from the Uplink 1 options.
 - · Click Add.



Vmnic2 and vmnic3 are used for iSCSI boot in this configuration. If you have additional NICs in your ESXi host, you might have different vmnic numbers. To confirm which NICs are used for iSCSI boot, match the MAC addresses on the iSCSI vNICs in CIMC to the vmnics in ESXi.

- 9. In the center pane, select the VMkernel NICs tab.
- 10. Select Add VMkernel NIC.
 - Specify a new port group name of iScsiBootPG-B.
 - Select iScsiBootvSwitch-B for the virtual switch.
 - ° Enter <<iscsib vlan id>> for the VLAN ID.
 - Change the MTU to 9000.
 - Expand IPv4 Settings.
 - Select Static Configuration.
 - o Enter <<var hosta iscsib ip>> for Address.
 - o Enter <<var hosta iscsib mask>> for Subnet Mask.
 - · Click Create.



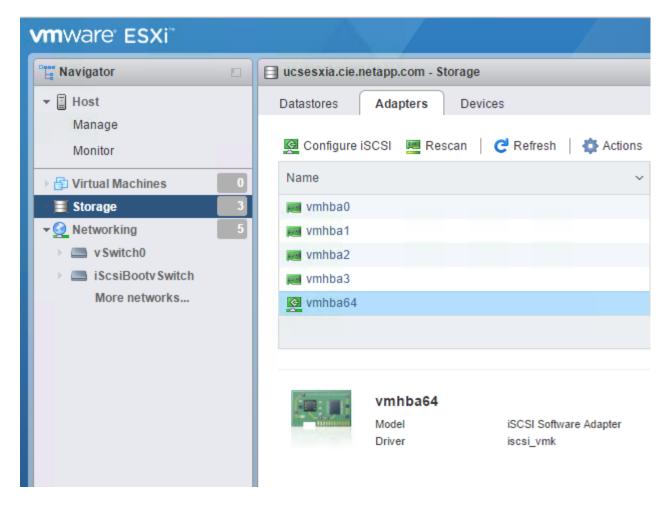
(i)

Set the MTU to 9000 on iScsiBootPG- A.

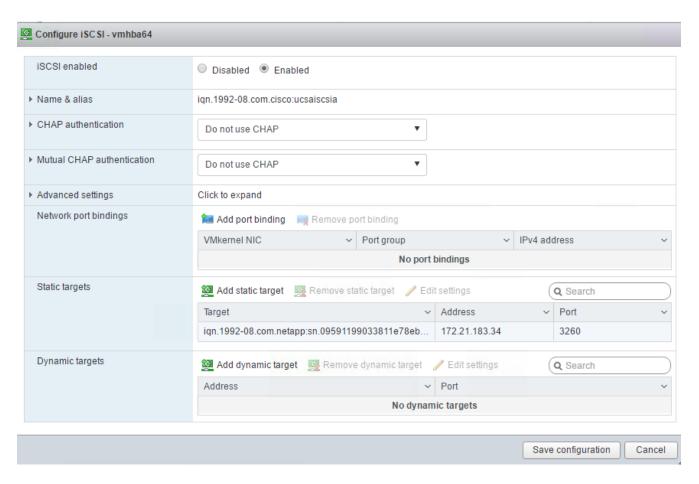
Configure iSCSI multipathing

To set up iSCSI multipathing on the ESXi hosts, complete the following steps:

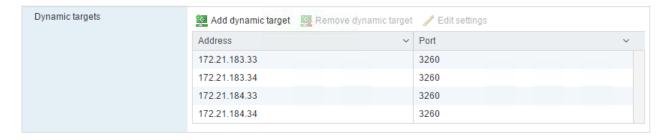
- 1. Select Storage in the left navigation pane. Click Adapters.
- 2. Select the iSCSI software adapter and click Configure iSCSI.



3. Under Dynamic Targets, click Add Dynamic Target.



- 4. Enter the IP address iscsi lif01a.
 - ° Repeat with the IP addresses iscsi lif01b, iscsi lif02a, and iscsi lif02b.
 - · Click Save Configuration.

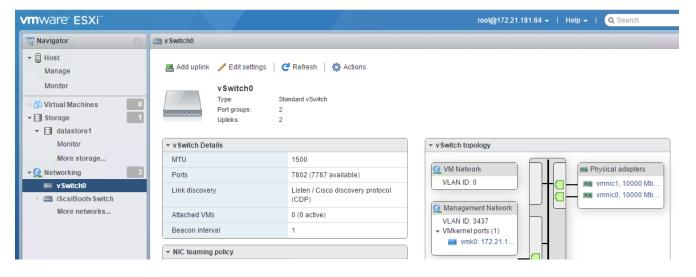




You can find the iSCSI LIF IP addresses by running the `network interface show `command on the NetApp cluster or by looking at the Network Interfaces tab in OnCommand System Manager.

Configure ESXi host

- 1. In the left navigation pane, select Networking.
- 2. Select vSwitch0.



- 3. Select Edit Settings.
- 4. Change the MTU to 9000.
- 5. Expand NIC Teaming and verify that both vmnic0 and vmnic1 are set to active.

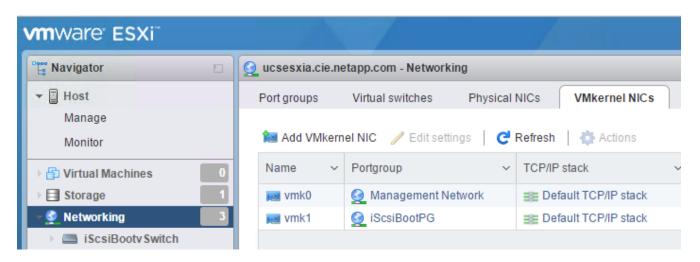
Configure port groups and VMkernel NICs

- 1. In the left navigation pane, select Networking.
- 2. Right-click the Port Groups tab.

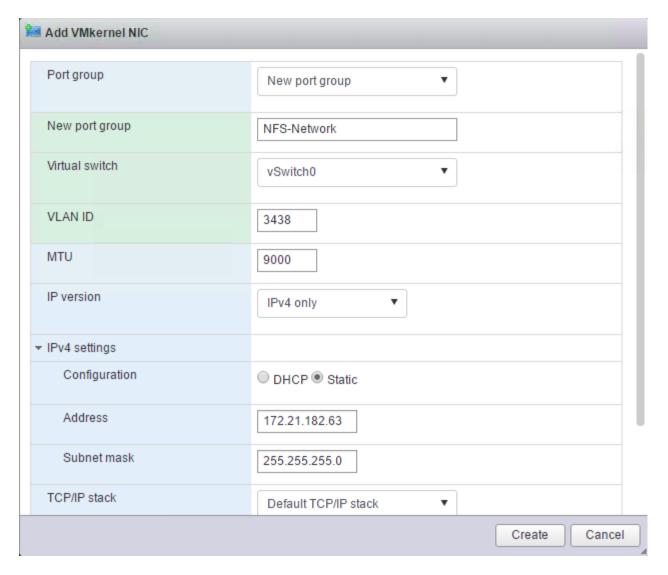


- 3. Right-click VM Network and select Edit. Change the VLAN ID to <<var vm traffic vlan>>.
- 4. Click Add Port Group.
 - Name the port group MGMT-Network.
 - o Enter <<mgmt vlan>> for the VLAN ID.
 - Make sure that vSwitch0 is selected.
 - · Click Add.

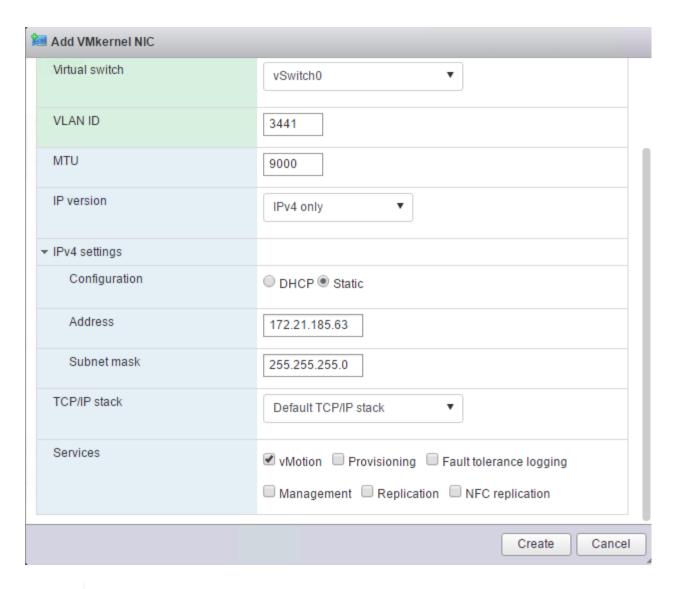
5. Click the VMkernel NICs tab.



- 6. Select Add VMkernel NIC.
 - Select New Port Group.
 - Name the port group NFS-Network.
 - $^{\circ}$ Enter <<nfs_vlan_id>> for the VLAN ID.
 - Change the MTU to 9000.
 - Expand IPv4 Settings.
 - Select Static Configuration.
 - ° Enter <<var hosta nfs ip>> for Address.
 - ° Enter <<var_hosta_nfs_mask>> for Subnet Mask.
 - Click Create.



- 7. Repeat this process to create the vMotion VMkernel port.
- 8. Select Add VMkernel NIC.
 - a. Select New Port Group.
 - b. Name the port group vMotion.
 - c. Enter <<vmotion_vlan_id>> for the VLAN ID.
 - d. Change the MTU to 9000.
 - e. Expand IPv4 Settings.
 - f. Select Static Configuration.
 - g. Enter <<var hosta vmotion ip>> for Address.
 - h. Enter <<var hosta vmotion mask>> for Subnet Mask.
 - i. Make sure that the vMotion checkbox is selected after IPv4 Settings.



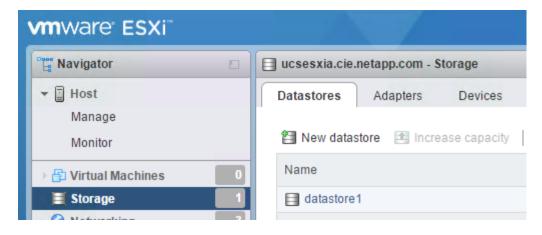


There are many ways to configure ESXi networking, including by using the VMware vSphere distributed switch if your licensing allows it. Alternative network configurations are supported in FlexPod Express if they are required to meet business requirements.

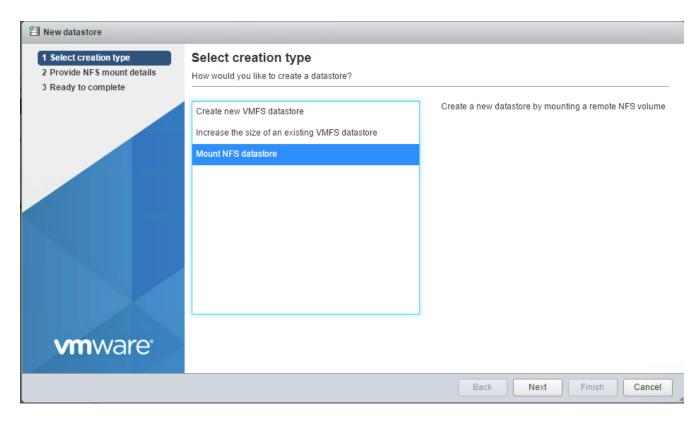
Mount first datastores

The first datastores to be mounted are the infra_datastore_1 datastore for virtual machines and the infra_swap datastore for virtual machine swap files.

1. Click Storage in the left navigation pane, and then click New Datastore.



2. Select Mount NFS Datastore.



- 3. Next, enter the following information in the Provide NFS Mount Details page:
 - ° Name: infra datastore 1
 - o NFS server: <<var nodea nfs lif>>
 - Share: /infra datastore 1
 - Make sure that NFS 3 is selected.
- 4. Click Finish. You can see the task completing in the Recent Tasks pane.
- 5. Repeat this process to mount the infra swap datastore:
 - ° Name: infra swap
 - o NFS server: <<var nodea nfs lif>>
 - ° Share: /infra swap

Make sure that NFS 3 is selected.

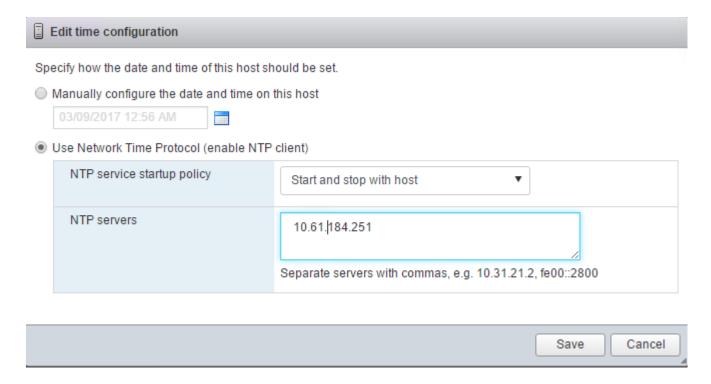
Configure NTP

To configure NTP for an ESXi host, complete the following steps:

1. Click Manage in the left navigation pane. Select System in the right pane and then click Time & Date.



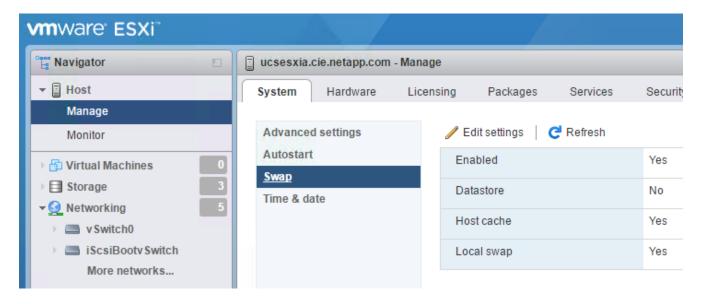
- 2. Select Use Network Time Protocol (Enable NTP Client).
- 3. Select Start and Stop with Host as the NTP service startup policy.
- 4. Enter <<var ntp>> as the NTP server. You can set multiple NTP servers.
- 5. Click Save.



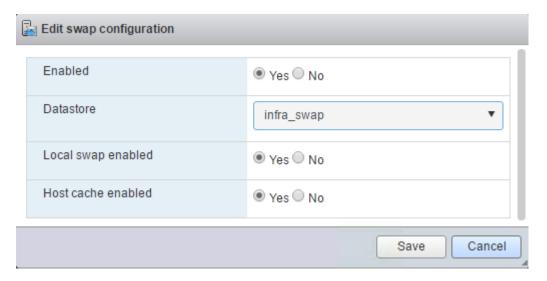
Move the virtual machine swap-file location

These steps provide details for moving the virtual machine swap-file location.

1. Click Manage in the left navigation pane. Select system in the right pane, then click Swap.



2. Click Edit Settings. Select infra_swap from the Datastore options.



3. Click Save.

Install the NetApp NFS Plug-in 1.0.20 for VMware VAAI

To install the NetApp NFS Plug-in 1.0.20 for VMware VAAI, complete the following steps.

1. Enter the following commands to verify that VAAI is enabled:

```
esxcfg-advcfg -g /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedMove esxcfg-advcfg -g /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedInit
```

If VAAI is enabled, these commands produce the following output:

```
~ # esxcfg-advcfg -g /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedMove
Value of HardwareAcceleratedMove is 1
~ # esxcfg-advcfg -g /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedInit
Value of HardwareAcceleratedInit is 1
```

2. If VAAI is not enabled, enter the following commands to enable VAAI:

```
esxcfg-advcfg -s 1 /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedInit esxcfg-advcfg -s 1 /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedMove
```

These commands produce the following output:

```
~ # esxcfg-advcfg -s 1 /Data Mover/HardwareAcceleratedInit
Value of HardwareAcceleratedInit is 1
~ # esxcfg-advcfg -s 1 /DataMover/HardwareAcceleratedMove
Value of HardwareAcceleratedMove is 1
```

- 3. Download the NetApp NFS Plug-in for VMware VAAI:
 - a. Go to the software download page.
 - b. Scroll down and click NetApp NFS Plug-in for VMware VAAI.
 - c. Select the ESXi platform.
 - d. Download either the offline bundle (.zip) or online bundle (.vib) of the most recent plug-in.
- 4. Install the plug-in on the ESXi host by using the ESX CLI.
- 5. Reboot the ESXI host.

```
[root@vm-host-infra-04:~] ls /vmfs/volumes/datastore1/NetAppNasPlugin.vib

/vmfs/volumes/datastore1/NetAppNasPlugin.vib

[root@vm-host-infra-04:~] esxcli software vib install -v /vmfs/volumes/datastore1/NetAppNasPlugin.vib

Installation Result

Message: The update completed successfully, but the system needs to be rebooted for the changes to be effective.

Reboot Required: true

VIBs Installed: NetApp_bootbank_NetAppNasPlugin_1.1.2-3

VIBs Removed:

VIBs Skipped:

[root@vm-host-infra-04:~]
```

Next: Install VMware vCenter Server 6.7

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2021 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system-without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.