## Seminar 3 Maximum Likelihood criterion

- 1. Consider the problem of deciding between two constant signals,  $s_0(t) = -1$  and  $s_1(t) = 4$ . The signals are affected by AWGN with distribution  $\mathcal{N}$  ( $\mu = 0, \sigma^2 = 4$ ). The receiver takes one sample, at time  $t_0 = 0.75$ , and the obtained value is r = 1.8.
  - a. Write the expressions of the two conditional distributions of the sample, and sketch them
  - b. What is the decision taken with the Maximum Likelihood criterion?
  - c. What are the decision regions?
- 2. Consider the problem of deciding between two possible signals,  $s_0(t) = cos(2\pi t)$  and  $s_1(t) = sin(2\pi t)$ . The signals are affected by AWGN with distribution  $\mathcal{N}$  ( $\mu = 0, \sigma^2 = 4$ ). The receiver takes one sample, at time  $t_0 = 0.75$ , and the obtained value is r = 3.5.
  - a. Write the expressions of the two conditional distributions of the sample, and sketch them
  - b. What is the decision taken with the Maximum Likelihood criterion?
  - c. Compute the conditional probabilities for the four possible scenarios (correct rejection, false alarm, miss and correct detection) for the ML criterion
  - d. What is the **best** moment  $t_0$  for sampling, in order to best discriminate between the signals? Justify.
  - e. What is the **worst** moment  $t_0$  for sampling, in order to discriminate between the signals? Justify.
  - f. Repeat a) and b) in case the noise has uniform distribution  $\mathcal{U}[-4,4]$ . Is there a problem with the decision?
  - g. What is the maximum variance of a uniform noise, with zero-mean, in order to still be able to take a decision with the ML criterion for r = 3.5?