Package 'pedMermaid'

April 3, 2024

Mermaid syntax is commonly used to generate plots, charts, diagrams, and flowcharts. It is a tex-

tax from a pedigree data frame to visualize a pedigree flowchart. The Mermaid syntax can be em-

tual syntax for creating reproducible illustrations. This package generates Mermaid syn-

Description Generate Mermaid syntax for a pedigree flowchart from a pedigree data frame.

Title Pedigree Mermaid Syntax

Version 0.0.0.9

bedded in a Markdown or R Markdown file, or viewed on Mermaid editors and renderers. Links' shape, style, and orientation can be customized via function arguments, and nodes' shapes and styles can be customized via optional columns in the pedigree data frame.	
License GPL (>= 3)	
Encoding UTF-8	
Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)	
RoxygenNote 7.3.1	
Imports grDevices, stats	
Suggests DiagrammeR, knitr, rmarkdown	
VignetteBuilder knitr	
<pre>URL https://github.com/nilforooshan/pedMermaid</pre>	
BugReports https://github.com/nilforooshan/pedMermaid/issues	
NeedsCompilation no	
Author Mohammad Ali Nilforooshan [aut, cre] (https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0339-5442)	
Maintainer Mohammad Ali Nilforooshan <m.a.nilforooshan@gmail.com></m.a.nilforooshan@gmail.com>	
mermaid_md	2 2
mermaid_rmd	4
Index	7

2 mermaid_md

pedMermaid-package

pedMermaid: Pedigree Mermaid Syntax

Description

Generate Mermaid syntax for a pedigree flowchart from a pedigree data frame. Mermaid syntax is commonly used to generate plots, charts, diagrams, and flowcharts. It is a textual syntax for creating reproducible illustrations. This package generates Mermaid syntax from a pedigree data frame to visualize a pedigree flowchart. The Mermaid syntax can be embedded in a Markdown or R Markdown file, or viewed on Mermaid editors and renderers. Links' shape, style, and orientation can be customized via function arguments, and nodes' shapes and styles can be customized via optional columns in the pedigree data frame.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Mohammad Ali Nilforooshan <m.a.nilforooshan@gmail.com> (ORCID)

See Also

Useful links:

- https://github.com/nilforooshan/pedMermaid
- Report bugs at https://github.com/nilforooshan/pedMermaid/issues

mermaid_md

Generate Mermaid syntax for a pedigree flowchart in Markdown

Description

Generate Mermaid syntax for a pedigree flowchart in Markdown

Usage

```
mermaid_md(
  ped,
  orient = "TB",
  type = "arrow",
  curve = "basis",
  dash = "N",
  lwd = 2,
  color = "black",
  outfile = ""
)
```

mermaid_md 3

Arguments

ped

: A data frame with the mandatory columns ID, SIRE, and DAM, and the optional columns TextColor, BgColor, BorderColor, RoundBorder, DashBorder, and lwd. The optional columns define (child) node-specific shape and style (corresponding to the ID column). The order of columns does not matter, but column names do matter and case-sensitive.

ped columns:

ID: Numeric or alphanumeric individual identifications.

SIRE: Sire identifications. Missing sires are denoted as 0.

DAM: Dam identifications. Missing dams are denoted as 0.

TextColor: Child (corresponding to ID) node's text color (valid color names and valid hex color codes). If this column is missing, the default color ("black" or "#000000") is used. Also, NA enforces the default color.

BgColor: Child (corresponding to ID) node's background color (valid color names and valid hex color codes). If this column is missing, the default color ("#ECECFF") is used. Also, NA enforces the default color.

BorderColor: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border color (valid color names and valid hex color codes). If this column is missing, the default color ("#9370DB") is used. Also, NA enforces the default color.

RoundBorder: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border shape ($90\circ$ vs rounded edges). This column receives "Y" (rounded edges), "N" ($90\circ$ edges), and NA (equivalent to the default value). If this column is missing, the default border shape ("N") is used.

DashBorder: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border line style (dashed vs solid). This column receives "Y" (solid line), "N" (dashed line), and NA (equivalent to the default value). If this column is missing, the default border line style ("N") is used.

lwd: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border line width. This column receives values $> 0, \le 5$, and NA (equivalent to the default value). If this column is missing, the default value (1) is used.

orient

: Defines the orientation of the flowchart ("TB" for top-to-bottom vs "LR" for left-to-right). If no input is provided, the default orientation ("TB") is used.

type

: Defines the type of links in the flowchart ("arrow" vs "line"). If no input is provided, the default link type ("arrow") is used.

curve

: Defines the shape of links in the flowchart ("basis", "bumpX", "bumpY", "cardinal", "catmullRom", "linear", "monotoneX", "monotoneY", "natural", "step", "stepAfter", and "stepBefore"). If no input is provided, the default link shape ("basis") is used.

4 mermaid_rmd

dash : Defines the style of links in the flowchart ("N" for solid line vs "Y" for dashed

line). If no input is provided, the default link style ("N") is used.

1 befines the width of links in the flowchart (> 0 and \leq 5). If no input is

provided, the default value (2) is used.

color : Defines the color of links in the flowchart (a valid color name or a valid hex

color code). If no input is provided, the default color ("black" or "#000000")

is used.

outfile : The name of the output file, should the user want to pipe the output to an

external file. If no filename is provided, the output will be printed on the console.

Value

: Mermaid syntax for the pedigree flowchart.

Examples

```
# A sample pedigree data frame with only the three mandatory columns.
ped <- data.frame(ID = 1:7, SIRE = c(0, 0, 1, 0, 3, 0, 5), DAM = c(0, 0, 2, 2, 4, 0, 6))
# Example 1: A pedigree Mermaid syntax without customizations.
mermaid_md(ped)
# Example 2: Repeat example 1. Change arrow links to lines and the orientation to horizontal.
mermaid_md(ped, orient = "LR", type = "line")
# Example 3: Repeat example 1. Pink background and round border edges for females (2, 4, 6).
ped$BgColor <- c(NA, "pink", NA, "pink", NA, "pink", NA)</pre>
ped$RoundBorder <- c(NA, "Y", NA, "Y", NA, "Y", NA)
mermaid_md(ped)
# Example 4: Repeat example 3. Ticker border line for individuals in the control group (2, 5, 7).
ped$lwd <- c(1, 3, 1, 1, 3, 1, 3)
mermaid_md(ped)
# Example 5: Use the default value and NA alternatively. This is not different from example 4.
ped$lwd <- c(NA, 3, NA, NA, 3, NA, 3)
mermaid_md(ped)
# Example 6: Repeat example 1. Change link curve to "step" and dashed.
mermaid_md(ped, curve = "step", dash = "Y")
```

mermaid_rmd

Generate Mermaid syntax for a pedigree flowchart in Markdown & R Markdown

Description

Generate Mermaid syntax for a pedigree flowchart in Markdown & R Markdown

Usage

```
mermaid_rmd(ped, orient = "TB", type = "arrow", outfile = "")
```

mermaid_rmd 5

Arguments

ped

: A data frame with the mandatory columns ID, SIRE, and DAM, and the optional columns TextColor, BgColor, BorderColor, RoundBorder, DashBorder, and lwd. The optional columns define (child) node-specific shape and style (corresponding to the ID column). The order of columns does not matter, but column names do matter and case-sensitive.

ped columns:

ID: Numeric or alphanumeric individual identifications.

SIRE: Sire identifications. Missing sires are denoted as 0.

DAM: Dam identifications. Missing dams are denoted as 0.

TextColor: Child (corresponding to ID) node's text color (valid color names and valid hex color codes). If this column is missing, the default color ("black" or "#000000") is used. Also, NA enforces the default color.

BgColor: Child (corresponding to ID) node's background color (valid color names and valid hex color codes). If this column is missing, the default color ("#ECECFF") is used. Also, NA enforces the default color.

BorderColor: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border color (valid color names and valid hex color codes). If this column is missing, the default color ("#9370DB") is used. Also, NA enforces the default color.

RoundBorder: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border shape (90° vs rounded edges). This column receives "Y" (rounded edges), "N" (90° edges), and NA (equivalent to the default value). If this column is missing, the default border shape ("N") is used.

DashBorder: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border line style (dashed vs solid). This column receives "Y" (solid line), "N" (dashed line), and NA (equivalent to the default value). If this column is missing, the default border line style ("N") is used.

lwd: Child (corresponding to ID) node's border line width. This column receives values $> 0, \le 5$, and NA (equivalent to the default value). If this column is missing, the default value (1) is used.

orient

: Defines the orientation of the flowchart ("TB" for top-to-bottom vs "LR" for left-to-right). If no input is provided, the default orientation ("TB") is used.

type

: Defines the type of links in the flowchart ("arrow" vs "line"). If no input is provided, the default link type ("arrow") is used.

outfile

: The name of the output file, should the user want to pipe the output to an external file. If no filename is provided, the output will be printed on the console.

6 mermaid_rmd

Details

The Mermaid syntax generated by the mermaid_md function can be embeded in Markdown files and Markdown renderes such as GitHub, but not in R Markdown. Currently, Mermaid flowcharts in R Markdown have limitations in terms of the link shape and style customizations, and the required syntax is less compact. Note that the generated syntax by this functions can be embeded in both R Markdown and Markdown.

Value

: Mermaid syntax for the pedigree flowchart.

Examples

```
# A sample pedigree data frame with only the three mandatory columns.
ped <- data.frame(ID = 1:7, SIRE = c(0, 0, 1, 0, 3, 0, 5), DAM = c(0, 0, 2, 2, 4, 0, 6))
# Example 1: A pedigree Mermaid syntax without customizations.
mermaid_rmd(ped)
# Example 2: Repeat example 1. Change arrow links to lines and the orientation to horizontal.
mermaid_rmd(ped, orient = "LR", type = "line")
# Example 3: Repeat example 1. Pink background and round border edges for females (2, 4, 6).
ped$BgColor <- c(NA, "pink", NA, "pink", NA, "pink", NA)</pre>
ped$RoundBorder <- c(NA, "Y", NA, "Y", NA, "Y", NA)</pre>
mermaid_rmd(ped)
# Example 4: Repeat example 3. Ticker border line for individuals in the control group (2, 5, 7).
ped$lwd <- c(1, 3, 1, 1, 3, 1, 3)
mermaid_rmd(ped)
# Example 5: Use the default value and NA alternatively. This is not different from example 4.
ped$1wd <- c(NA, 3, NA, NA, 3, NA, 3)
mermaid_rmd(ped)
```

Index

```
* internal
    pedMermaid-package, 2

mermaid_md, 2, 6
mermaid_rmd, 4

pedMermaid (pedMermaid-package), 2
pedMermaid-package, 2
```