

Approximation of the total stopping time distribution of the Collatz problem

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Let $a := \ln \frac{3}{2}$ and $b := -\ln 2$. We approximate the total stopping time distribution by the Brownian motion with drift and a variance parameter σ . We define scaled parameters by

$$v := \frac{a+b}{2\sigma}, \quad s := \frac{a-b}{2\sigma},$$

and let

$$\alpha := \frac{9}{2}s^2 - (3s-v)\sigma, \quad \beta := 2s^2.$$

The total stopping time distribution $C(T; n_s, n_e)$ starting with $n \in [n_s, n_e]$ is approximated by

$$C(T; n_s, n_e) = \phi(T; n_e) - \phi(T; n_s), \tag{1}$$

$$\phi(T; n) := \sqrt{2}s\sigma \exp(g(x, T)) \left[\left(-\frac{s}{\sqrt{\beta}} - \frac{3s-v}{2\sqrt{\alpha}} \right) \operatorname{erfcx}(X) + \left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{\beta}} - \frac{3s-v}{2\sqrt{\alpha}} \right) \operatorname{erfcx}(Y) \right], \tag{2}$$

where

$$x := \frac{1}{\sigma} \ln n,$$

$$t := \frac{x + 2sT}{3s-v},$$

$$X := T\sqrt{\frac{\beta}{t}} + \sqrt{\alpha t}, \quad Y := T\sqrt{\frac{\beta}{t}} - \sqrt{\alpha t},$$

$$g(x, T) := (6s^2 - 2s\sigma)T - \alpha t - \frac{\beta}{t}T^2,$$

and $\operatorname{erfcx}(x)$ is the scaled complementary error function defined as $\operatorname{erfcx}(x) := \exp(x^2)\operatorname{erfc}(x)$.

In our code, we put $\sigma = \frac{a-b}{2}$. The max of the total stopping time T_{\max} starting with $n \in [n_s, n_e]$ is approximated by $C(T_{\max}; n_s, n_e) \sim 1$.