



## Module Title: DISTRIBUTED AND CLOUD SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING

(5CS022)

**Subject Title: Workshop-03** 

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1. Change the "work" done to add up numbers. Make the actors do the work before responding to their message senders. Send back the result of the work done to their senders.

• Main:

```
Main.java 🗙 🚮 ActorA.java
                           MessageA.java
                                           ActorB.java
                                                          MessageB.java
   package com.example;
 30 import java.io.IOException;
    class Main {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
 11●
 12
            ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create();
 13
            ActorRef actorARef = system.actorOf(Props.create(ActorA.class));
             actorARef.tell(new MessageA(0,0),actorARef);
15
 17
                 System. out.println("Press ENTER twice to end program.");
 18
                System.in.read();
 19
            catch (IOException ignored) { }
 21
             finally {
 22
                system.terminate();
 23
                System.out.println("Terminated.");
 25
        }
 27
 28 }
 29
```

The message passed to the ActorA instance has been modified from a string message ("Starting") to an integer message (0, 0).

• ActorA:

```
ActorA.java × MessageA.java
                                             ActorB.java
                                                            MessageB.java
Main.java
  1 package com.example;
  30 import akka.actor.AbstractActor;□
 8 public class ActorA extends AbstractActor ₹
 10⊜
         public static Props props() {
             return Props.create(ActorA.class, ActorA::new);
 14⊜
         @Override
         public Receive createReceive() {
             return receiveBuilder()
                      .match(MessageA.class, this::onMessageA)
.match(MessageB.class, this::onMessageB)
                      .build();
         }
         private void onMessageA(MessageA msg) {
                 ActorRef actorBRef = getContext().getSystem().actorOf(Props.create(ActorB.class));
23
24
                 actorBRef.tell(new MessageA(2,3), getSelf());
 27⊜
        private void onMessageB(MessageB msg) {
28
            System.out.println("The sum is: " + msg.number);
 30 }
```

In the onMessageA method, the logic for processing the received MessageA has been simplified, and a new ActorB instance is created and sent a new MessageA with two integer arguments, 2 and 3.

In the onMessageB method, the logic for processing the received MessageB has been modified to simply print the sum of the MessageB number value.

• MessageA:

The MessageA class has been modified to have two integer fields, x and y, instead of a single String field, text. The constructor for MessageA now takes two integer arguments, x and y, instead of a single String argument.

• MessageB:

```
Main.java ActorA.java MessageA.java ActorB.java *MessageB.java ×

1 package com.example;

2

// NO CHANGE

5 public class MessageB {
 6 public final Integer number;
 7
 8 public MessageB(Integer num) {
 10 }
 11 }
```

Nothing was changed in this code.

• ActorB:

```
ActorA.java
Main.java
                           MessageA.java
                                            ActorB.java X MessageB.java
  1 package com.example;
  30 import akka.actor.AbstractActor;
    public class ActorB extends AbstractActor ₹
  90
         public static Props props() {
             return Props.create(ActorB.class, ActorB::new);
 10
 11
 12
 13●
        @Override
14
        public Receive createReceive() {
 15
             return receiveBuilder()
 16
                     .match(MessageA.class, this::onMessageA)
 17
                     .match(MessageB.class, this::onMessageB)
 18
                     .build():
 19
         }
 20
 210
         private void onMessageA(MessageA msg) {
22
             int sum = msg.x + msg.y;
             getSender().tell(new MessageB(sum), getSelf());
23
 24
        }
 25
        private void onMessageB(MessageB msg) {
 27⊜
28
             //empty
• 29
 30 }
```

ActorB now simply calculates the sum of MessageA's x and y values and sends a MessageB containing the result back to the sender (ActorA). onMessageB method is now empty because it is no longer necessary to check for a specific value in the MessageB.

## • Output:



<terminated> Main [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (Mar 20, 2023, 8:59:58 PM - 9:05:08 PM) [pid: 16212]
[2023-03-20 20:59:59,100] [INFO] [akka.event.slf4j.Slf4jLogger] [default-akka.actor.default-dispatcher-5] [] - Slf4jLogger started Press ENTER twice to end program.

The sum is: 5

Terminated.

- 2. Rewrite the "prime numbers" task from Week 1 MPI workshop to use Actors instead.
  - Main:

```
Main.java 🗙 🗐 ActorA.java 📑 ActorB.java
                                         MessageA.java
                                                          MessageB.java
    package com.example;
 30 import java.io.IOException;□
    class Main {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
11⊜
12
13
            ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create();
            ActorRef actorARef = system.actorOf(Props.create(ActorA.class));
14
            ActorRef actorBRef = system.actorOf(Props.create(ActorB.class));
15
            actorARef.tell(new MessageA(0),actorARef);
            actorBRef.tell(new MessageB(0),actorBRef);
17
19
            try {
                System. out.println("Press ENTER twice to end program.");
                System.in.read();
21
22
            catch (IOException ignored) { }
23
            finally {
25
                system.terminate();
                System.out.println("Terminated.");
26
27
        }
29
30 }
```

The code creates an ActorSystem, instantiates two actors ActorA and ActorB, and sends them each a message. It then waits for the user to press enter before terminating the ActorSystem.

• ActorA:

```
ActorA.java × ActorB.java
Main.java
                                        MessageA.java
                                                         MessageB.java
 1 package com.example;
 3⊕ import akka.actor.AbstractActor;
    public class ActorA extends AbstractActor 🛚
 80
        public static Props props() {
120
        public Receive createReceive() {
            return receiveBuilder()
                    .match(MessageA.class, this::onMessageA)
                    .build();
189
        private void onMessageA(MessageA msg) {
                System.out.println("Actor A received a number: "+ msg.number + " from " + getSender());
                for (int num = msg.number; num ≤ 5000; num++)
{
                    boolean isPrime = true;
                    for(int i=2; i ≤ num/2;i++)
                         if(num%i = 0)
                             isPrime = false;
                    if (isPrime = true)
                        System.out.println("Prime numbers from ActorA: "+num);
                getContext().getSystem().terminate();
```

The code defines an ActorA class that extends AbstractActor. The ActorA class defines a createReceive method that listens for messages of type MessageA and calls an onMessageA method when a message is received. The onMessageA method prints a message indicating that it received a number and then calculates prime numbers up to 5000. Finally, the onMessageA method terminates the ActorSystem.

• ActorB:

```
ActorA.java
Main.java
                          ActorB.java X MessageA.java
                                                        MessageB.java
  1 package com.example;
  30 import akka.actor.AbstractActor;
 80
        public static Props props() {
 120
-13
        public Receive createReceive() {
            return receiveBuilder()
                    .match(MessageB.class, this::onMessageB)
                    .build();
 190
                System.out.println("Actor B received a number: "+ msg.number + " from " + getSender());
                for (int num = msg.number; num ≤ 10000; num++)
                    boolean isPrime = true;
                    for(int i=2; i ≤ num/2; i++)
                         if(num%i = 0)
                            isPrime = false;
                    if (isPrime = true)
                         System.out.println("Prime numbers from ActorB: "+num);
                getContext().getSystem().terminate();
```

The code defines an ActorB class that extends AbstractActor. The ActorB class defines a createReceive method that listens for messages of type MessageB and calls an onMessageB method when a message is received. The onMessageB method prints a message indicating that it received a number and then calculates prime numbers up to 10000. Finally, the onMessageB method terminates the ActorSystem.

• MessageA:

This is a Java class for a message object, MessageA, which contains an integer number 0.

• MessageB:

This is a Java class for a message object, MessageB, which contains an integer number 5000.

## • Output:

```
□ Console X
Main [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (Mar 20, 2023, 10:59:08 PM) [pid: 14076]
[2023-03-20 22:59:09,118] [INFO] [akka.event.slf4j.Slf4jLogger] [default-akka.actor.default-dispatcher-4] [] - Slf4jLogger started
Press ENTER twice to end program.
Actor B received a number: 5000 from Actor[akka://default/user/$b#-991855345]
Actor A received a number: 0 from Actor[akka://default/user/$a#1458868545]
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5003
Prime numbers from ActorA: 0
Prime numbers from ActorA: 1
Prime numbers from ActorA:
Prime numbers from ActorA: 3
Prime numbers from ActorA: 5
Prime numbers from ActorA: 7
Prime numbers from ActorA: 11
Prime numbers from ActorA: 13
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5009
Prime numbers from ActorA: 17
Prime numbers from ActorA: 19
Prime numbers from ActorA: 23
Prime numbers from ActorA: 29
Prime numbers from ActorA: 31
Prime numbers from ActorA: 37
Prime numbers from ActorA: 41
Prime numbers from ActorA: 43
Prime numbers from ActorA: 47
Prime numbers from ActorA: 53
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5011
Prime numbers from ActorA: 59
Prime numbers from ActorA: 61
Prime numbers from ActorA: 67
Prime numbers from ActorA: 71
Prime numbers from ActorA: 73
Prime numbers from ActorA: 79
Prime numbers from ActorA: 83
Prime numbers from ActorA: 89
Prime numbers from ActorA: 97
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5021
Prime numbers from ActorA: 101
Prime numbers from ActorA: 103
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5023
Prime numbers from ActorA: 107
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5039
Prime numbers from ActorA: 109
Prime numbers from ActorA: 113
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5051
Prime numbers from ActorA: 127
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5059
Prime numbers from ActorA: 131
Prime numbers from ActorA: 137
Prime numbers from ActorA: 139
Prime numbers from ActorB: 5077
Prime numbers from ActorA: 149
Prime numbers from ActorA: 151
Prime numbers from ActorA: 157
```

Console X <terminated> Main [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-19\bin\javaw.exe (Mar 20, 2023, 10:59:08 PM – 11:01:36 PM) [pid: 14076] Prime numbers from ActorB: 9539 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9547 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9551 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9587 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9601 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9613 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9619 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9623 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9629 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9631 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9643 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9649 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9661 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9677 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9679 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9689 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9697 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9719 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9721 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9733 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9739 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9743 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9749 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9767 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9769 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9781 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9787 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9791 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9803 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9811 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9817 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9829 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9833 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9839 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9851 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9857 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9859 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9871 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9883 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9887 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9901 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9907 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9923 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9929 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9931 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9941 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9949 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9967 Prime numbers from ActorB: 9973

Terminated.