Reading Stewart  $\S 1.5$  and  $\S 1.6$ .

Use the given graph to state the value of each quantity, if it exists. If it does not exist, briefly explain why.



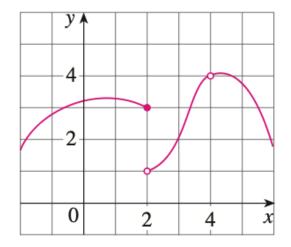
b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} f(x)$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} f(x)$$
 d)  $f(2)$ 



e) 
$$\lim_{x\to 4} f(x)$$





Use the given graph to state the value of each quantity, if it exists. If it does not exist, briefly explain why.

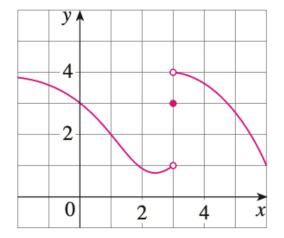


b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 3^-} f(x)$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} f(x)$$
 d)  $\lim_{x \to 3} f(x)$ 







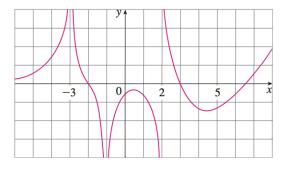
For the function A whose graph is shown, state the following.



b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^-} A(x)$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} A(x)$$
 d)  $\lim_{x \to -1} A(x)$ 

d) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} A(x)$$



4. Sketch the graph of a function f that satisfies the following properties:

$$\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = 3, \quad \lim_{x \to 3^{-}} f(x) = 1, \quad \lim_{x \to 3^{+}} f(x) = -2, \quad f(0) = -1, \quad f(3) = 0$$

5. Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+1}-2}{x-3}$$
.

(a) Use a calculator to compute the values of f at x = 3.1, x = 3.01, x = 3.001.

- (b) Use a calculator to compute the values of f at x = 2.9, x = 2.99, x = 2.999.
- (c) Having done parts (a) and (b), make a guess above the value of the limit  $\lim_{x\to 3} f(x)$ .
- 6. Determine the following infinite limits. Briefly explain your answers.

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{x+2}{x-3}$$

b) 
$$\lim_{x \to -2^+} \frac{x-3}{x+2}$$

7. Suppose that f and g are functions such that

$$\lim_{x\to 2} f(x) = 5 \qquad \text{and} \qquad \lim_{x\to 2} g(x) = -3.$$

Use the Limit Laws to compute the following limits. As always, show and briefly explain your steps.

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} [2f(x) + 4g(x)]$$
 b)  $\lim_{x \to 2} x^3 [f(x)]^2$ 

b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} x^3 [f(x)]^2$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

8. Use the Direct Substitution Property to compute the following limits.

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} (x^4 - 3x)(x^2 + 7x - 2)$$

b) 
$$\lim_{t \to 2} \frac{t^3 - 5t}{t^2 - 3t + 5}$$