## Math 111 Quiz 12/1117

Name Solutions

Evaluate the following integrals.

$$\int_{1}^{4} \frac{x^{3}-2\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = \int_{1}^{4} (x^{2}-2x^{-1/2}) dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{3}x^{3}-4x^{1/2}\right]_{1}^{4}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3}\cdot64-4\cdot2\right)-\left(\frac{1}{3}\cdot1-4\cdot1\right)$$

$$= \frac{64}{3}-8-\frac{1}{3}+4$$

$$= 17.$$

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \cos(x/b) dx \qquad u = x/b du = \frac{1}{6} dx \quad ie \quad 6 du = dx$$

$$= \int_{0/b}^{\pi/b} \cos(u) \cdot 6 du$$

$$= 6 \cdot \left[ \sin u \right]_{0}^{\pi/b}$$

$$= 6 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} - 0 \right)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}.$$

$$\int_{0}^{4} \times \sqrt{x^{2}+9} dx \qquad u=x^{2}+9 
du=2xdx ie. xdx=\frac{1}{2}du 
=\int_{x=0}^{25} \sqrt{u} \du \frac{1}{2}du =\int_{q}^{25} \frac{\sqrt{u}}{2}du 
=\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot \left[ u^{3/2} \right]_{q}^{25} =\frac{1}{3} \cdot \left( 25\sqrt{25} - 9\sqrt{9} \right) 
=\frac{1}{3} \left( 123 - 27 \right) = \quad 98/3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \left( 123 - 27 \right) = \quad 98/3 \cdot$$