- 1.1个,管理该进程的的所有页表
- 2. 管理一块连续的 Virtual Memory
- 3. 访问不在页表中的地址,或者在usermode下访问非usermode可操作的页表
- 4. 访问的虚拟地址内容不在内存中, 需要swap in

```
if (swap_init_ok) {|

struct Page *page = NULL;

swap_in(mm, addr, &page); //According to the mm AND addr, try

//to load the content of right disk pag
// into the memory which page manage

page_insert(mm->pgdir, page, addr, perm); //According to the mm,

//addr AND page, setup the
//map of phy addr <--->
//logical addr

swap_map_swappable(mm, addr, page,

1); //make the page swappable.

page->pra_vaddr = addr;
```

5. swapin: 访问的虚拟地址内容不在内存中 swapout: page塞满了需要腾出空间来