

Estimating allele frequencies in non-model polyploids using high throughput sequencing data

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ABBA-BABA statistics

$$D = \frac{\sum c_{ABBA} - c_{BABA}}{\sum c_{ABBA} + c_{BABA}}$$

$$f = \frac{\sum C_{ABBA} - C_{BABA}}{\sum C_{ABBA} + C_{BABA}}$$

Penstemon attenuatus

The *Penstemon attenuatus* Doug. ex Lindl. species complex ...

Posterior distribution of allele frequencies

$$P(p_l, g_{li} | R_{li}^b, \epsilon) \propto \prod_l \prod_i P(R_{li}^b | g_{li}, \epsilon) P(g_{li} | p_l) P(p_l). \quad (1)$$

Notation

Symbol	Description
L	The number of loci.
l	Index for loci ($l \in \{1, \dots, L\}$).
N_k	The number of individuals sampled from population k .
k	Index for populations ($k \in \{P_1, P_{poly}, P_2, O\}$).
i	Index for individuals in a population k ($i \in \{1, \dots, N_k\}$).
N_{lk}	The number of individuals sampled at locus l in population k .
N_{lk}^a	The number of individuals homozygous for A at locus l in population k .
N_{lk}^b	The number of individuals homozygous for B at locus l in population k .
N_{lk}^{ab}	The number of heterozygous individuals at locus l in population k .
\hat{p}_{lk}	Frequency of the derived allele (B) at locus l in population k .
P_k	The ploidy of individuals in population k .
R_{li}	The number of reads for individual i at locus l .
R_{li}^a	The number of reads with allele A for individual i at locus l .
R_{li}^b	The number of reads with allele B for individual i at locus l .
r_{li}^a	Proportion of reads with allele A (R_{li}^a/R_{li}).