

# Milestone 1

## IS specification

<b>Group number:</b>	42
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# Conceptual Modeling

## Project Outline

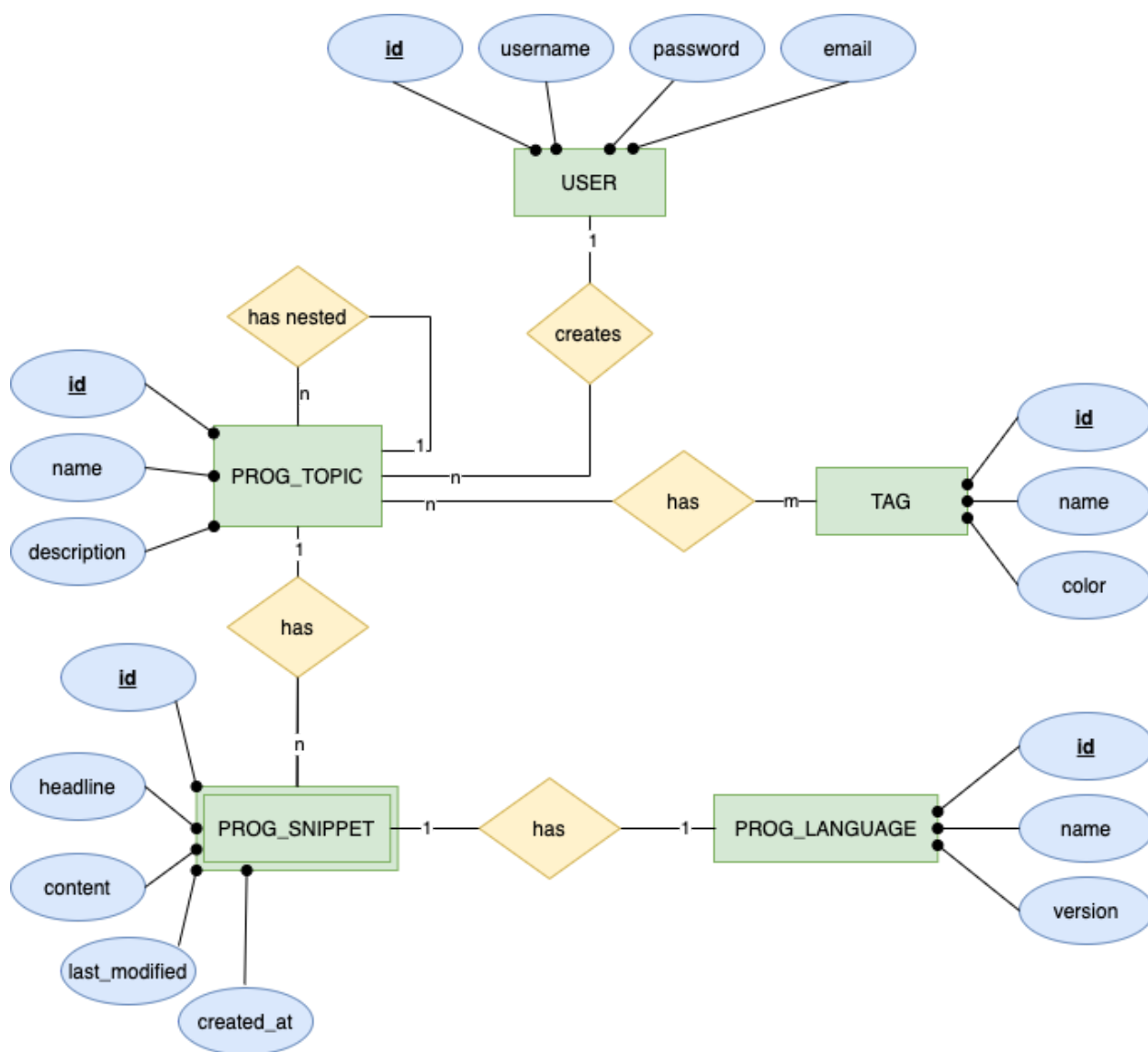
The project's main purpose is to implement a system that allows its users to manage reusable code snippets of different programming languages. They are organized into topics, which can be enriched by tags to facilitate search and filtering.

A user has a username, a password and an email address. Users have the possibility to create new programming topics as the main unit of organization for the code snippets.

A programming topic has a name and a description. Topics can have nested topics (subtopics) of an arbitrary depth level. Tags can be assigned to each topic in order to facilitate lookup for the user. A tag has a name and a color in hexadecimal representation to enhance the look & feel of the app. Subtopics inherit the tags of their parent topics automatically.

A topic can include multiple code snippets. A code snippet has a headline, the actual code content as well as the timestamp of creation and last modification. A snippet has a single programming language, which in turn has a name (e.g Java) and optionally a version (e.g 11).

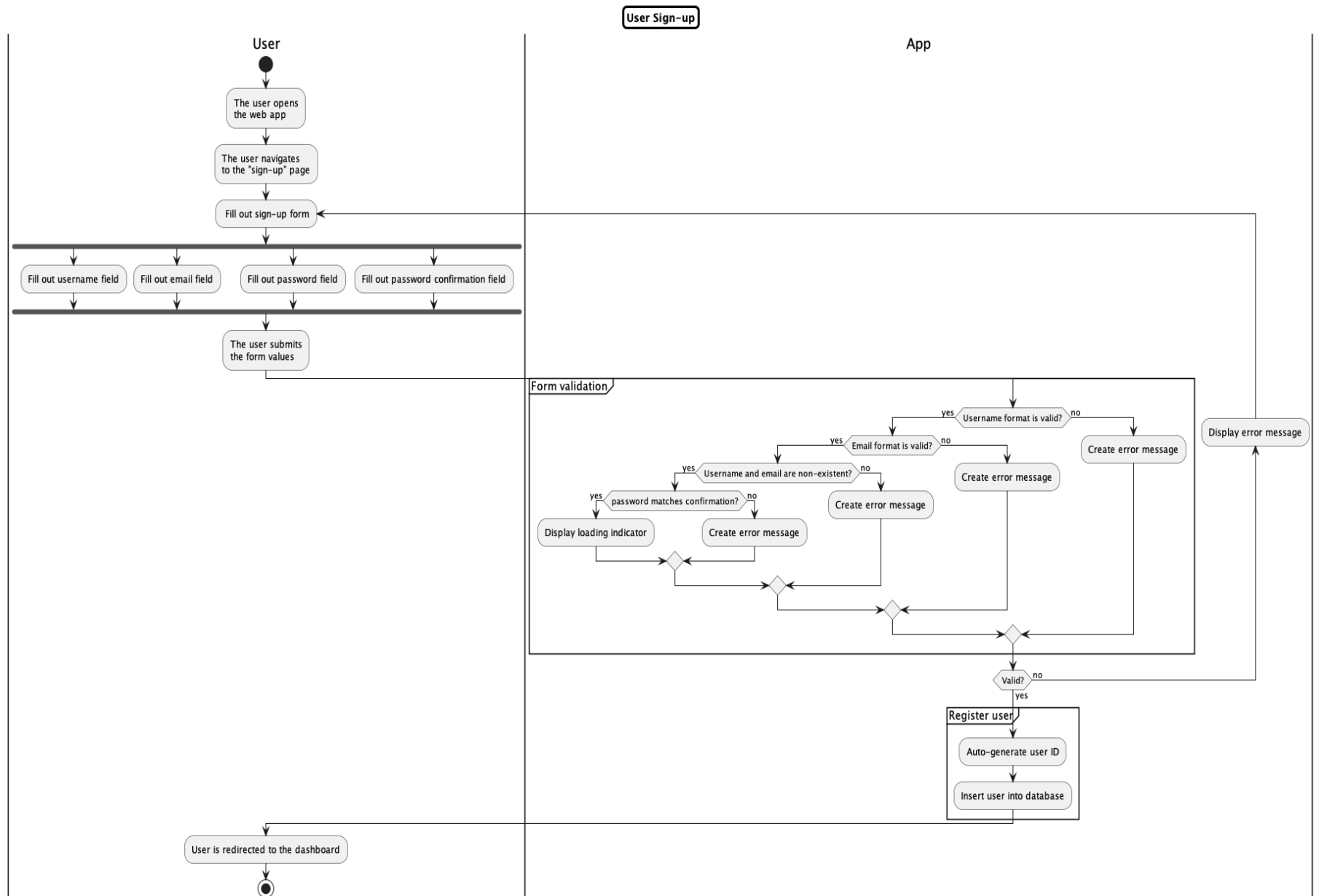
## Entity-Relationship Model



# Use-Case Design

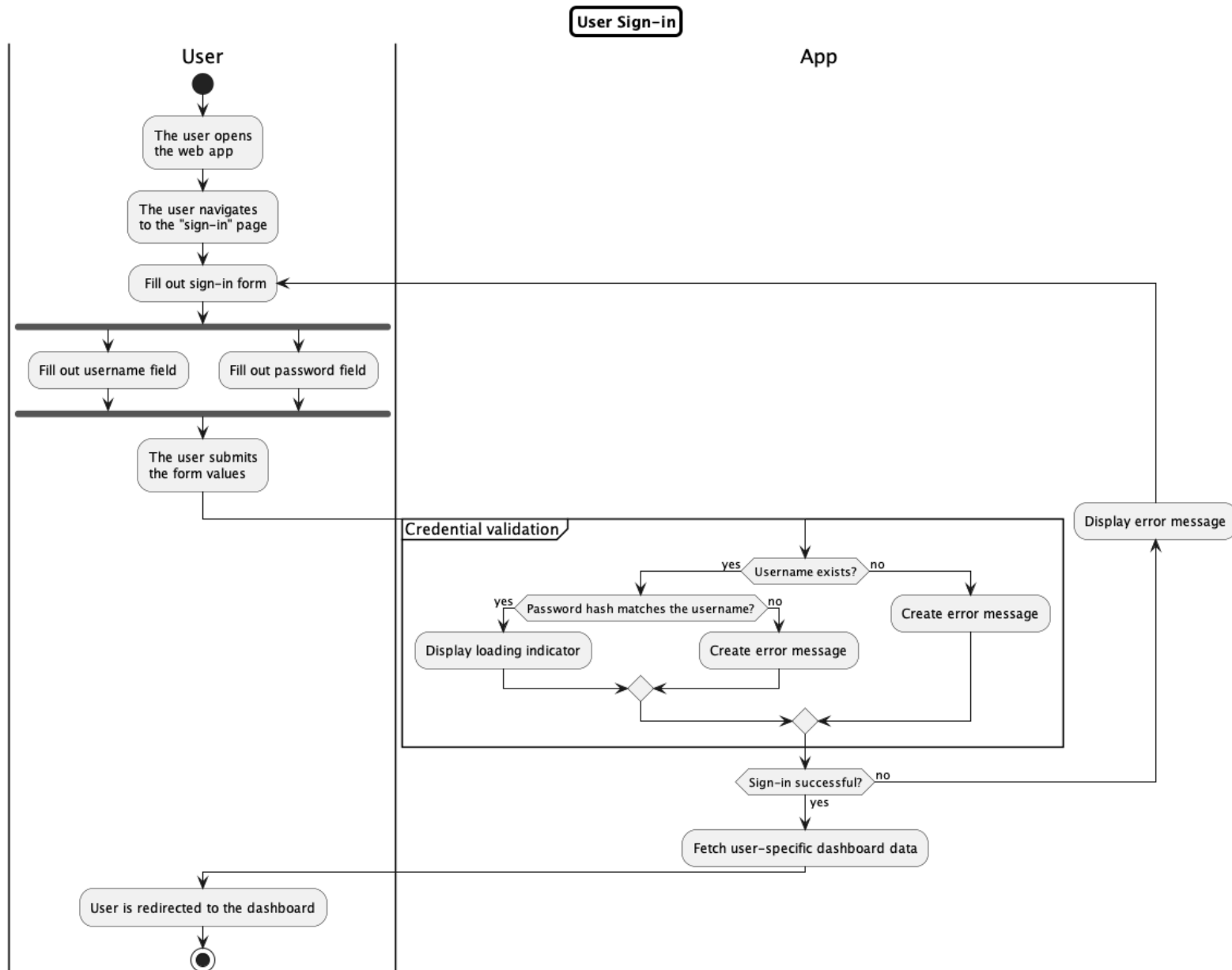
## Use-Case 1: User Sign-up

<b>Created By</b>	Péter Ferenc Gyarmati
<b>Objective</b>	Add a new user to the system.
<b>Description</b>	A site visitor signs up to the snippet manager application.
<b>Pre-condition</b>	The site-visitor accesses the application with no pre-existing account (identified by an email address and a username).
<b>Activity</b>	The user visits the sign-up page and submits data to the sign-up form. In the background the form gets validated and based on the validation result error prompts appear or a success message gets displayed. Upon successful sign-up, the new user gets redirected to the app dashboard.
<b>Post-condition</b>	<div><div><i>Success</i></div><div>A new user account gets added to the database and the user is redirected to the app dashboard where further activities are available.</div></div> <div><div><i>Error</i></div><div>In case of mal-formatted form input data or in case of an already existing record with the supplied email-username combination, an informative error message gets displayed.</div></div>



## Use-Case 2: User Sign-in

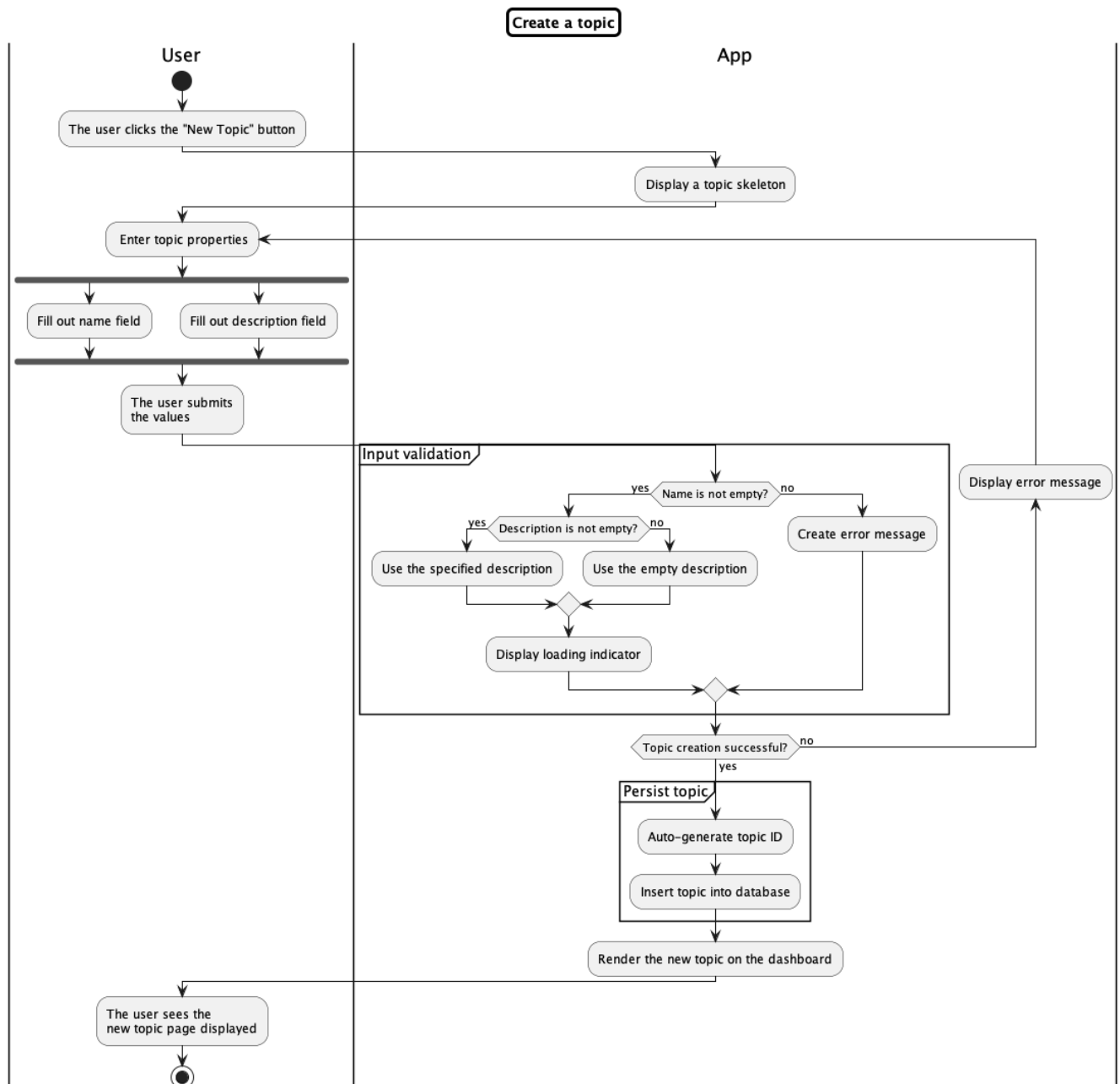
<b>Created By</b>	Péter Ferenc Gyarmati
<b>Objective</b>	Sign in to the application to access its auth-guarded features
<b>Description</b>	A user signs in using their username and password combination
<b>Pre-condition</b>	The user has already created an account and knows its credentials
<b>Activity</b>	The user visits the sign-in page and submits their username and password. In the background, it is verified that such an input combination exists in the database. If the verification succeeds, the user is redirected to the app dashboard.
<b>Post-condition</b>	<div><div><i>Success</i></div><div>The user signs in is successful and the user gets redirected to the app dashboard.</div><div><i>Error</i></div><div>If the entered username does not exist in the database, the user will be prompted to create an account first. If the entered username exists, but the password is incorrect, then an error message is displayed.</div></div>



## Use-Case 3: Create a topic (**main**)

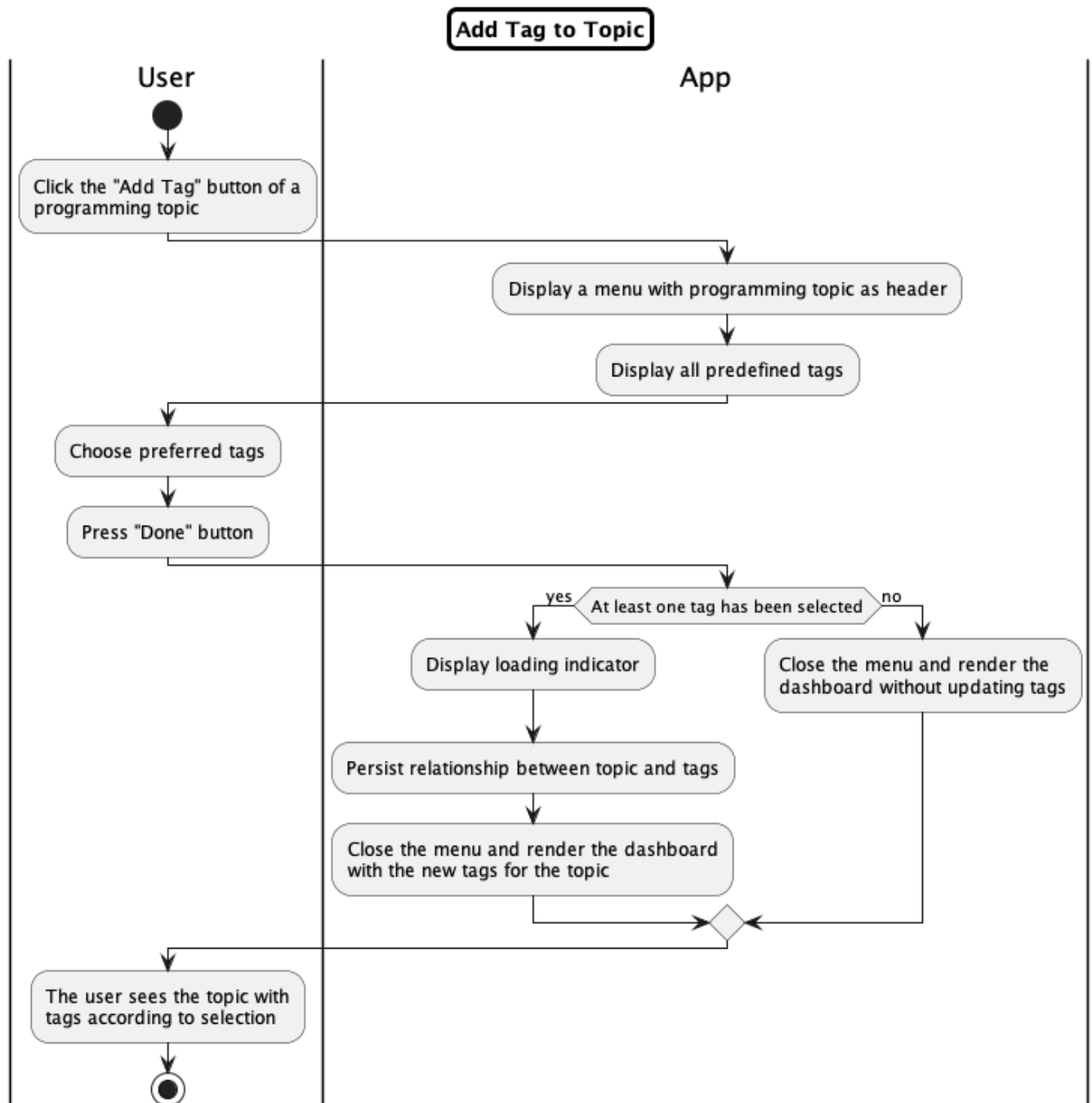
<b>Created By</b>	Péter Ferenc Gyarmati
<b>Objective</b>	Create a new topic to serve as a unit of categorization for code snippets
<b>Description</b>	A user can create a new topic with a name and description in order to better categorize code snippets. A topic can be created as a root topic as well as a subtopic inside existing topics.
<b>Pre-condition</b>	The user already has an account and is currently authenticated. The user has the dashboard page of the web app opened.
<b>Activity</b>	<p><i>Create root topic</i>     The user clicks on the “New Topic” button.</p> <p><i>Create subtopic</i>     The user right-clicks on an existing topic from the list of existing topics. And clicks the “New Topic” button.</p> <p>An empty skeleton of a topic appears in which the topic name and description can be specified. The topic can be saved by clicking the “Save Topic” button. The system checks whether the topic’s name is non-empty but it allows an empty description.</p>
<b>Post-condition</b>	<p><i>Success</i>     The new topic gets added to the database and the user has the possibility to either add new subtopics to the newly created topic and/or to create code snippets inside it.</p> <p><i>Error</i>     In case of receiving an empty topic name an error message gets displayed. The user gets the chance to complete the topic name input field.</p>





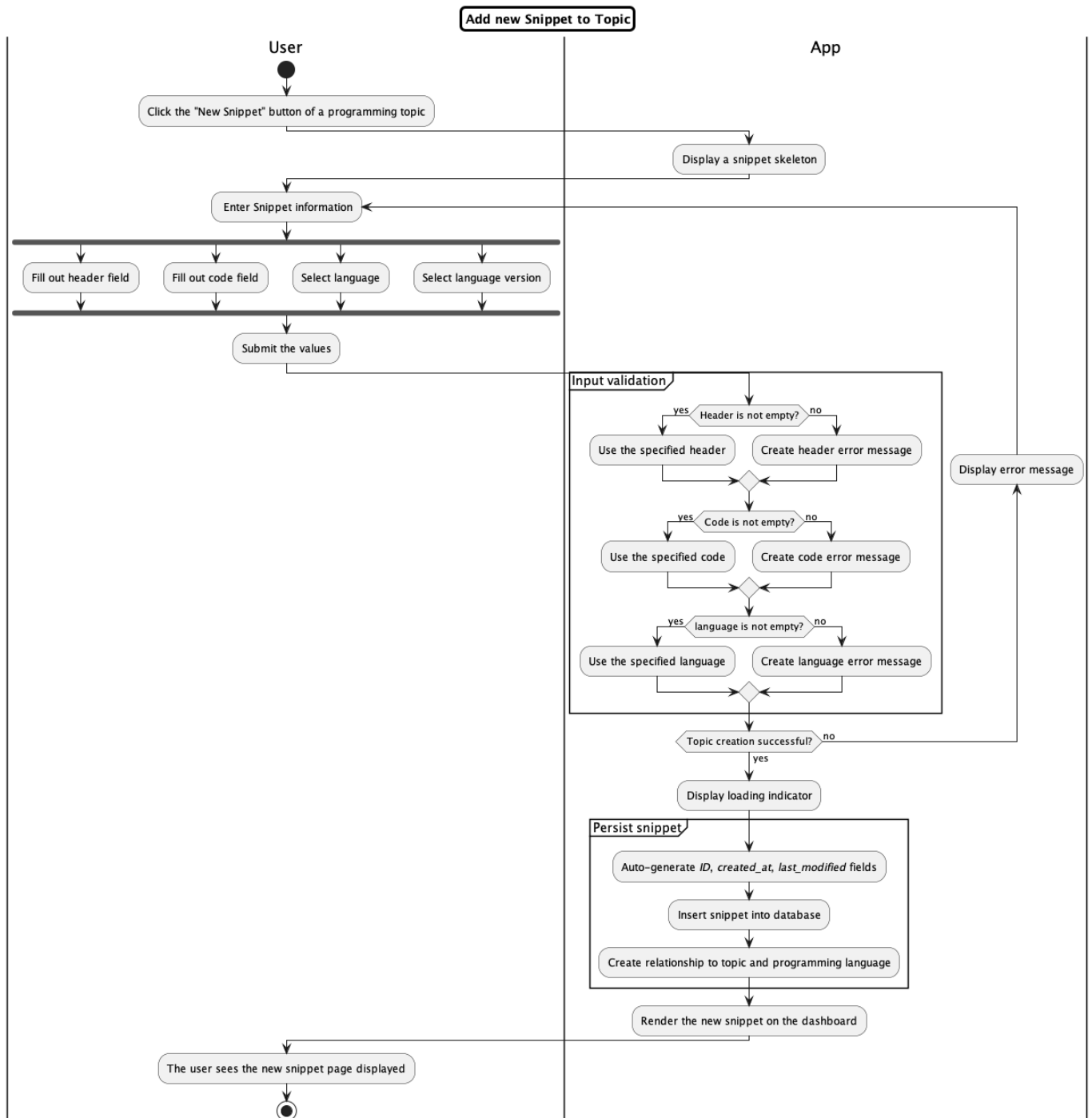
## Use-Case 4: Add a tag to a topic

<b>Created By</b>	Simon Eckerstorfer
<b>Objective</b>	Categorize a programming topic by assigning a tag to it
<b>Description</b>	A user can select one or many predefined tags to describe and categorize the domain of a programming topic in a quick to comprehend way.
<b>Pre-condition</b>	The user has already created an account and knows its credentials. The user has already created at least one programming topic. The programming topic does not have associated tags yet.
<b>Activity</b>	<p>The user clicks the “add tags” button of a programming topic. A menu with all possible tags appears, where the user can select zero to many tags by clicking on them.</p> <p>The selection is confirmed by pressing the “Done” button of the menu.</p> <p>The route is popped and all selected tags are shown for the programming topic.</p>
<b>Post-condition</b>	<p><i>Success</i>      Selected tags are shown for the correct programming topic and a relation between them is created in the database.</p> <p><i>Alternative</i>    In case zero tags are chosen, no change to the tags of the programming topic is done in the frontend or the database. This is not considered an error, but a user choice.</p>



## Use-Case 5: Add a new snippet to a topic (**main**)

<b>Created by</b>	Simon Eckerstorfer
<b>Objective</b>	Create a new reusable code snippet for a specific programming topic
<b>Description</b>	A user can create a new code snippet with a headline and content. The associated programming language has to be selected from a list of possibilities. Additionally, the version of the programming language can optionally be added by the user in case it is essential for the snippet.
<b>Pre-condition</b>	The user has already created an account and knows its credentials. The user has already created at least one programming topic.
<b>Activity</b>	<p>The user clicks the “add snippet” button of a programming topic. A menu appears where the user has to enter a headline of the snippet and the actual code. A programming language has to be selected from a dropdown field. The user can also optionally add the version of the used language in case it affects the usage of the snippet.</p> <p>By pressing the “done” button, the route is popped and the snippet is visible under the selected programming topic.</p>
<b>Post-condition</b>	<p><i>Success</i>    The dashboard is shown with the new snippet and all its information.</p> <p><i>Error</i>        If required fields are empty, an error message gets displayed and the user gets the chance to fill out said fields.</p>



# Data Analytics

## Report 1: Find users active in specific languages

This report enumerates the email addresses of all users who have created at least 3 code snippets in the last month written in a specific programming language.

Example: The language TypeScript, for which the email addresses of users with at least 3 new snippets in the last month get listed.

### Report Elements

<b>Created By</b>	Péter Ferenc Gyarmati
<b>Involved Entities</b>	USER PROG_SNIPPET PROG_LANGUAGE
<b>Involved Columns</b>	USER.email PROG_SNIPPET.created_at PROG_LANGUAGE.name
<b>Sorted by</b>	PROG_SNIPPET.created_at
<b>Filtered by</b>	PROG_LANGUAGE.name

## Report 2: Find the most dominant languages by tags

This report enumerates the programming languages in which the most lines of code snippets have been written under a specific tag.

Example: The tag “data science”, under which languages like Python or Julia get ranked.

### Report Elements

<b>Created By</b>	Simon Eckerstorfer
<b>Involved Entities</b>	TAG PROG_LANGUAGE PROG_SNIPPET
<b>Involved Columns</b>	TAG.name PROG_LANGUAGE.name PROG_SNIPPET.content
<b>Sorted by</b>	len(PROG_SNIPPET.content) //derived
<b>Filtered by</b>	TAG.name