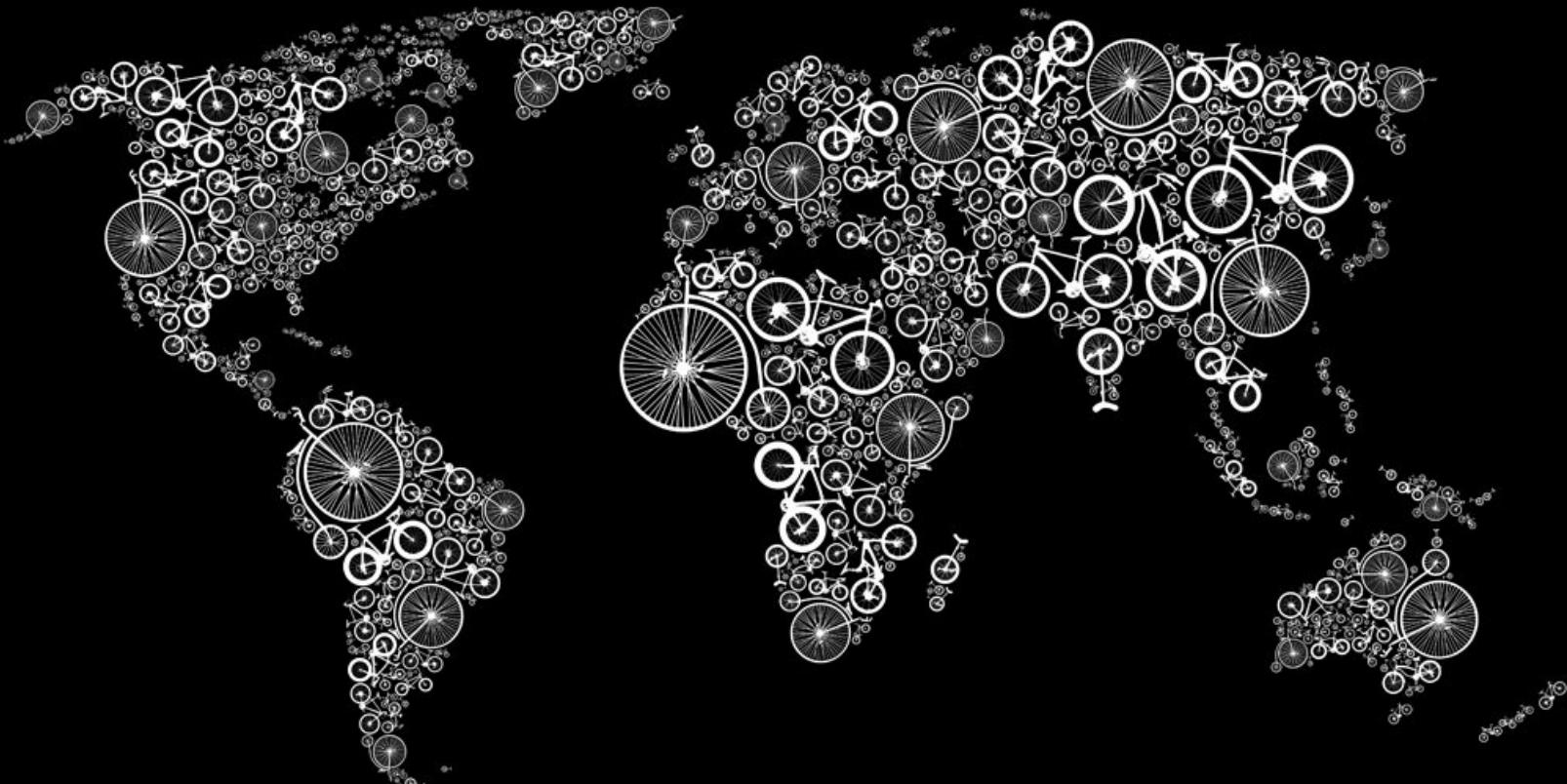


Собираем свой Google Static Maps

Миша Баранов, PiterJS #24



Михаил Баранов

Старший разработчик
в ARRIVAL Software
DevOPS в Веб-стандартах



Михаил Барапов (@_h4_) | Twitter

The latest Tweets from Михаил Барапов (@_h4_). Сказочный долбоёб. Sankt-Peterburg

[twitter.com](https://twitter.com/_h4_)



ARRIVAL





Постановка задачи

- Мониторинг грузовиков
- Оперативный мониторинг грузовиков
- Чтобы само всё рассказывало

Решение

- Телеграм-бот
 - (Сервис, пока ещё не запрещенный на территории Российской Федерации)

Инструменты

- GeoJSON
- Headless Chrome
- Puppeteer
- Docker



DEV - ARRIVAL Technical Bot

Daily Report 09 Apr 2018

Vehicle: D2.2 (Royal Mail)

Number of Trips: 1

Distance Driven: 5.83 km

Driving Duration: 00:18

Driving Cons: 708 Wh/km

Total Energy: 9.5 kWh

Total Cost: 1.15 £

Trip: 1

Number of Stops: 0

Distance Driven: 5.83 km

Driving Duration: 00:18

Driving Cons: 708 Wh/km

Total Energy: 5.7 kWh

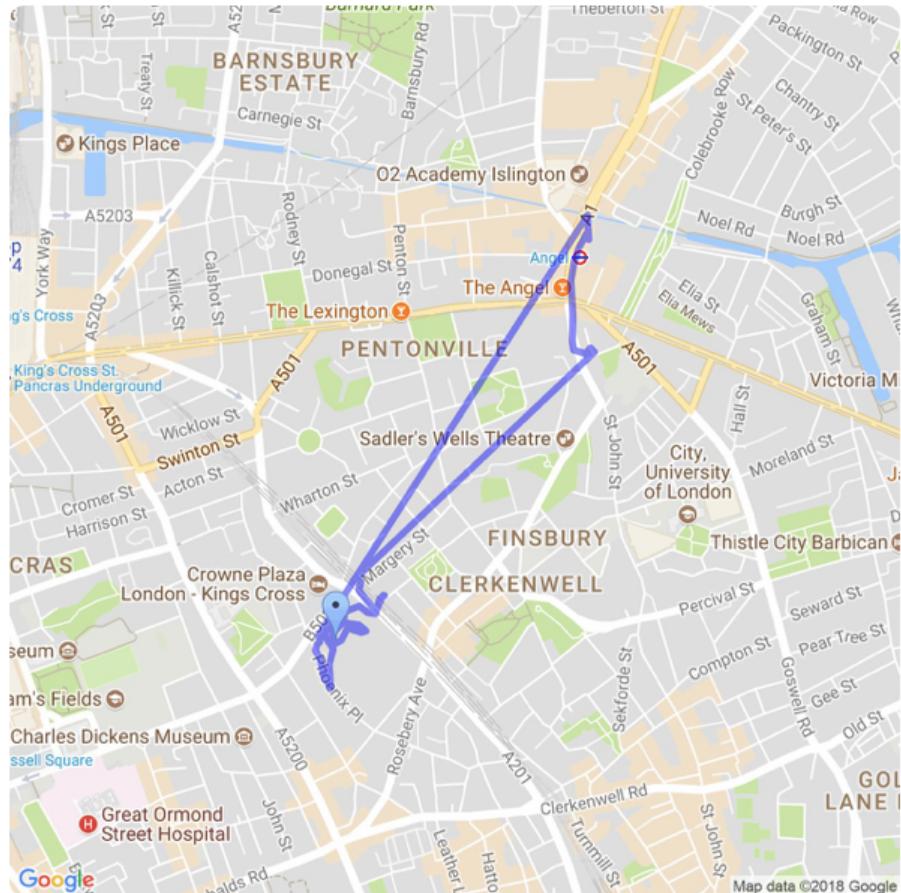
Total Cost: 0.69 £

Errors:

- BMS error (x15)

Details in Cloud:

- Daily Tracks
- Charts & Errors



2/3

Distance

15.7 km

Duration

0:55

Stops

3

London

COVENT GARDEN

CITY OF
LONDON

WHITECHAPEL

Waterloo
Bridge

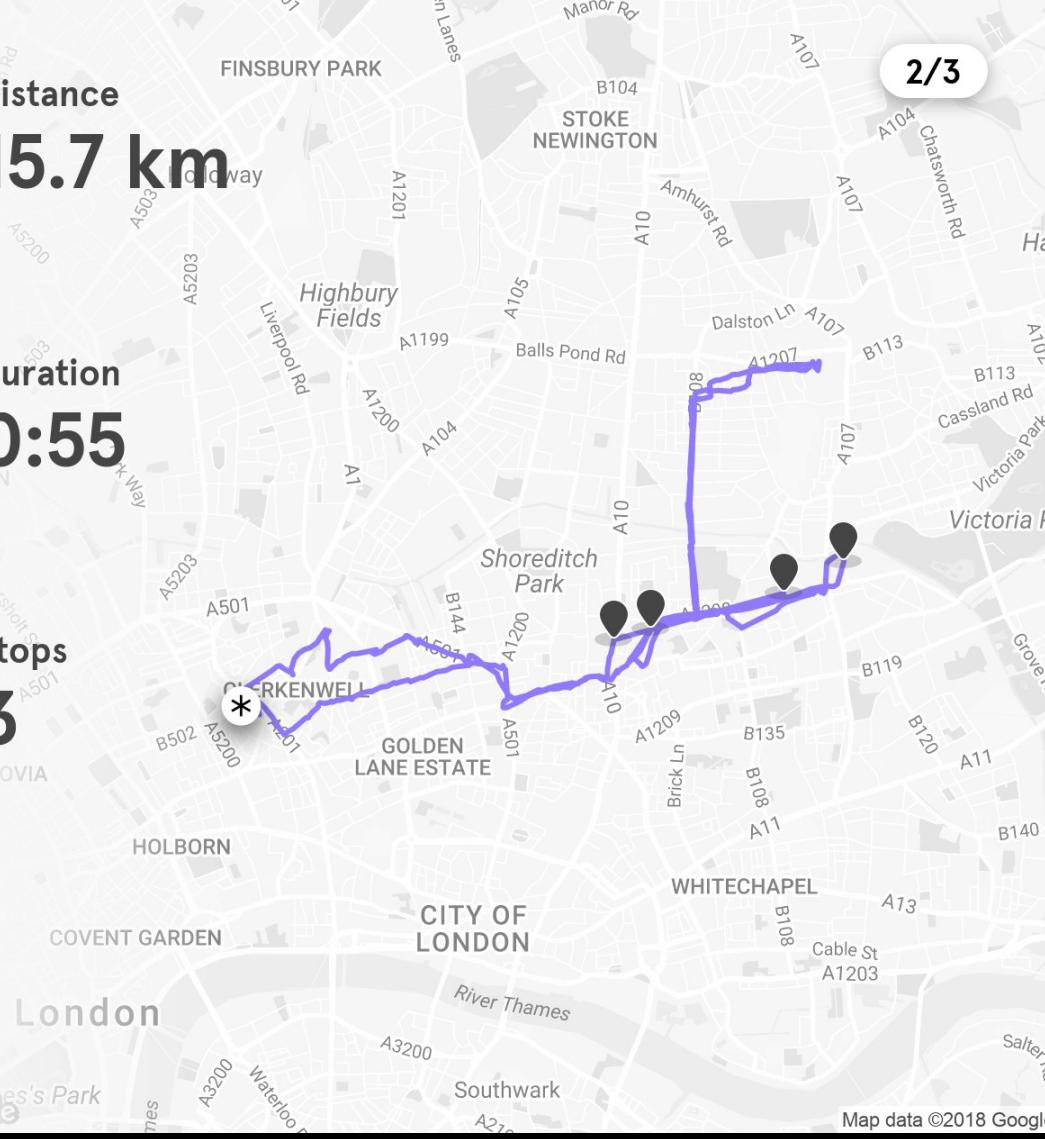
Southwark

Rd

Salter

Rd

Map data ©2018 Google



1/1

Distance

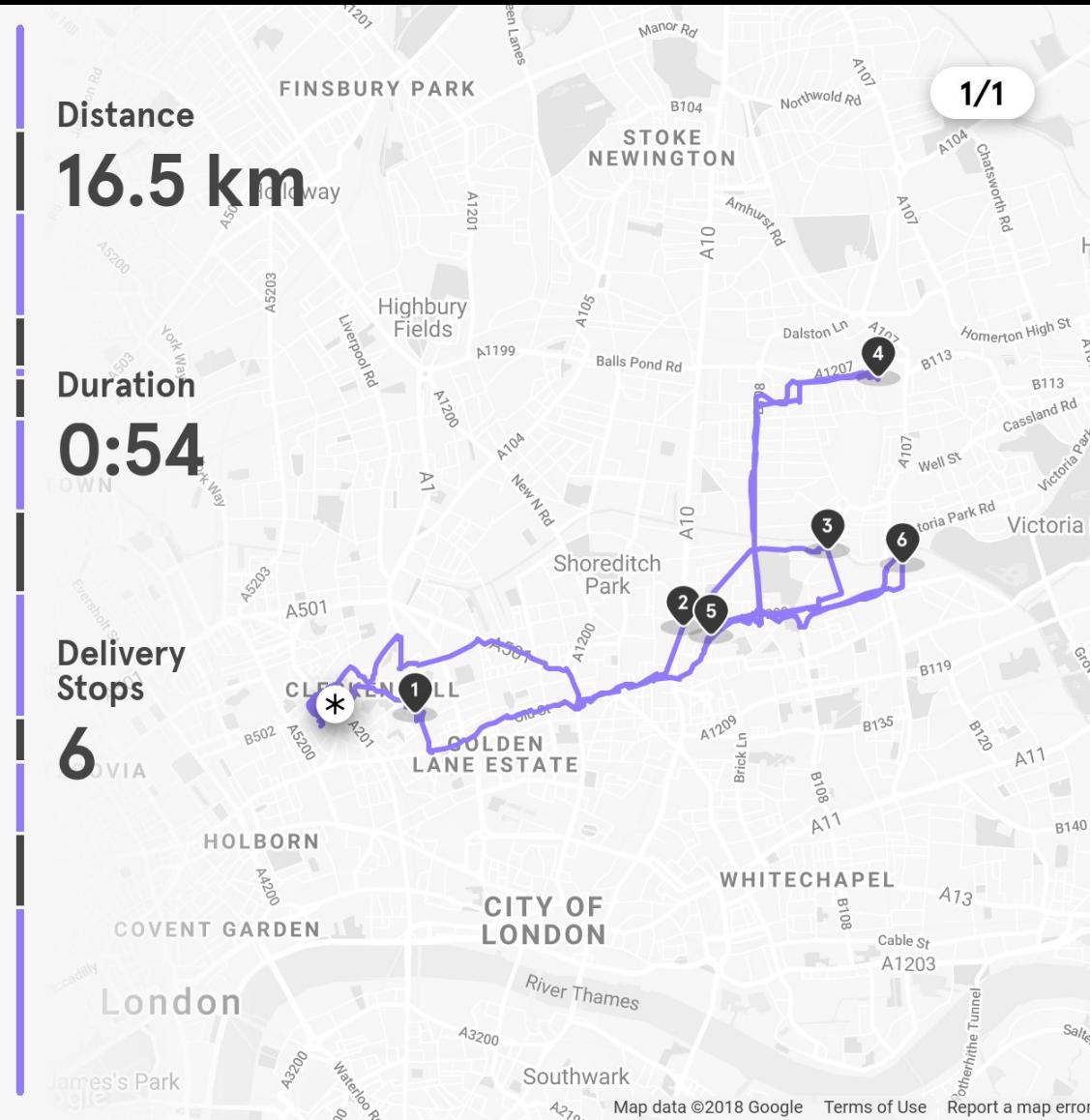
16.5 km

Duration

0:54

Delivery
Stops

6



1/2

Distance

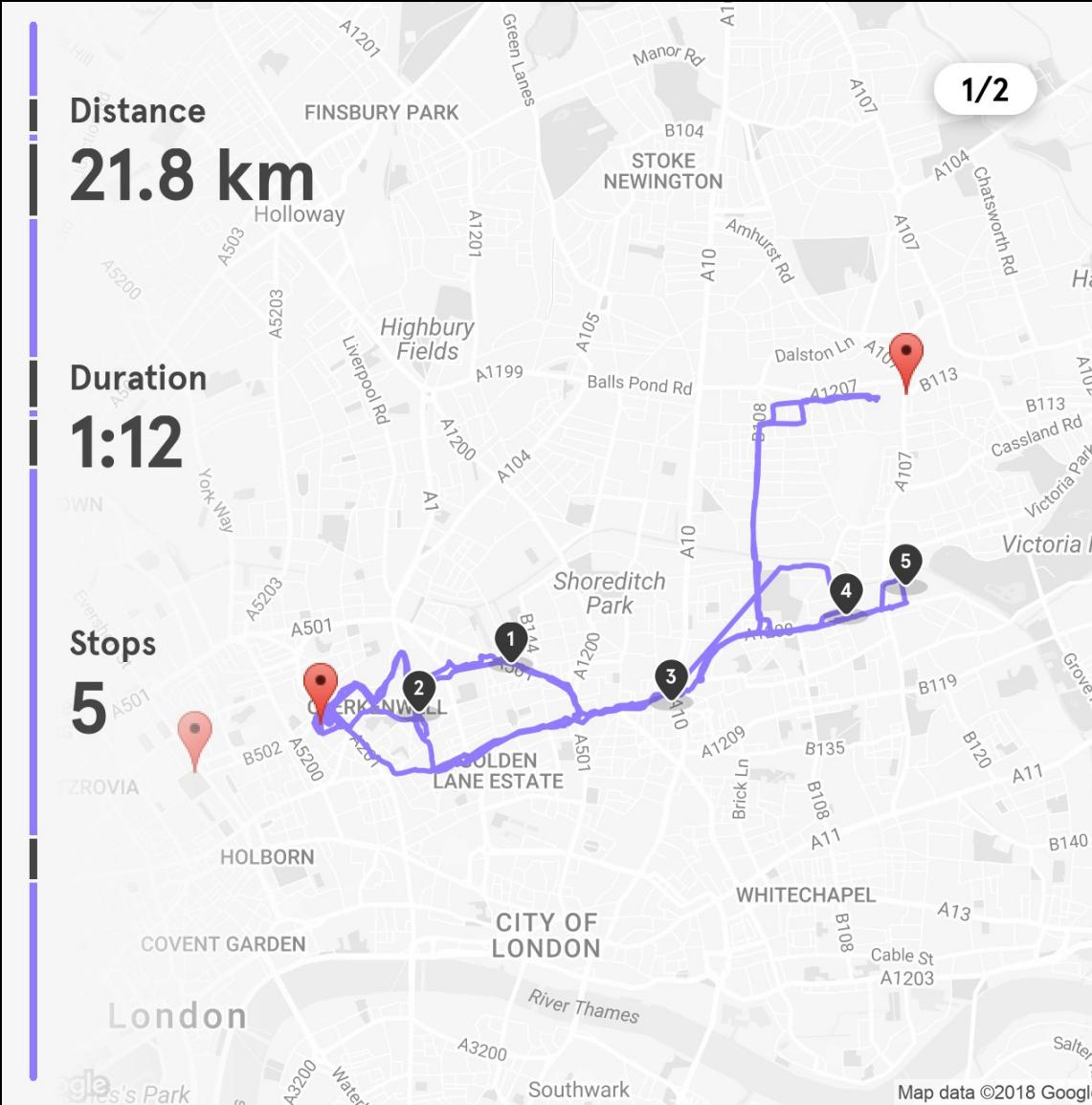
21.8 km

Duration

1:12

Stops

5



Map data ©2018 Google

OVERVIEW **GUIDES** **SUPPORT** **SEND FEEDBACK**

[Overview](#)
[Get API Key and Signature](#)
[Styled Maps](#)

[Policies and Terms](#)
[Usage Limits](#)

[Other APIs](#)
[Embed API](#)
[JavaScript API](#)
[Street View Image API](#)
[Places API JavaScript Library](#)

Custom Icons

Rather than use Google's marker icons, you are free to use your own custom icons instead. Custom icons are specified using the `icon` descriptor in the `markers` parameter. For example:

```
markers=icon:URLofIcon|markerLocation
```

Specify the `icon` using a URL (which should be [URL-encoded](#)). You can use URLs created by URL-shortening services such as <https://goo.gl>. Most URL-shortening services have the advantage of automatically encoding URLs.

You may specify an anchor point for the custom icon. The anchor point sets how the icon is placed in relation to the specified `markerLocation`s. By default, the anchor point of a custom icon is the bottom center of the icon image. You can specify a different anchor point using the `anchor` descriptor in conjunction with your `icon`. Set the `anchor` as an x,y point of the icon (such as `10,5`), or as a predefined alignment using one of the following values: `top`, `bottom`, `left`, `right`, `center`, `topleft`, `topright`, `bottomleft`, or `bottomright`. For example:

```
markers=anchor:bottomright|icon:URLofIcon|markerLocation1|markerLocation2
```

You can use up to five unique custom icons per request. This limitation does not mean that you are limited to only 5 marked locations on your map. Each unique icon may be used with more than one `markerLocation` on your map.

Icon format:

- Icon images may be in PNG, JPEG or GIF formats, though PNG is recommended.
- Icons may be up to 4096 pixels maximum size (64x64 for square images).

Custom Icon Examples

Example 1 creates custom icons and positions the icons using anchors.

```
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/staticmap?&size=600x400&style=visibility:on
```

Contents

- A Quick Example
- Audience
- Overview
- URL Parameters
 - URL Size Restriction
- Parameter Usage
- Specifying Locations
- Zoom Levels
- Image Sizes
- Scale Values
- Image Formats
- Map Types
- Styled Maps
- Markers**
- Google Static Maps
- API Paths
- Viewports
- Implicit Positioning of the Map
- Troubleshooting and support

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Custom Icon Examples

[Example 1](#) creates custom icons and positions the icons using anchors.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

You can use up to five unique custom icons per request. This limitation does not mean that you are limited to only 5 marked locations on your map. Each unique icon may be used with more than one `markers` location on your map.

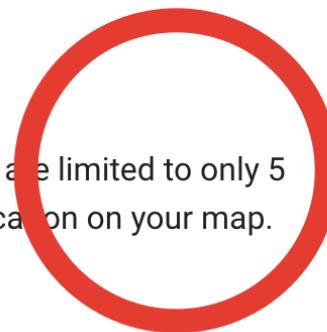
[REDACTED]

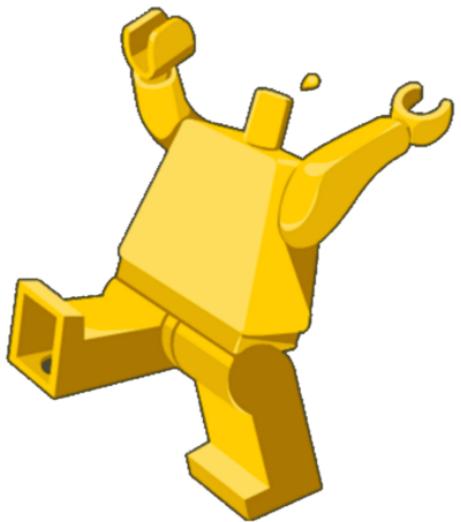
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]





Алгоритм

- Отправляем geojson
- Рисуем карту через Google Maps JS API
- Делаем скриншот
- Отправляем байты обратно

GeoJSON

- Стандартный формат представления геоданных
- [RFC 7946](#) (2016)
- Легко стилизуется в GoogleMaps API

```
01. {  
02.   "type": "FeatureCollection",  
03.   "features": [ {  
04.     "type": "Feature",  
05.     "geometry": {  
06.       "type": "Point", "coordinates": [ 0.0719, 51.5347 ] },  
07.     "properties": {  
08.       "type": "vehicleMarker",  
09.       "url": "https://goo.gl/W194zv",  
10.       "size": [ 128, 128 ]  
11.     } ] }  
12. }
```

```
01. function setFeatureStyle(feature) {  
02.     const type = feature.getProperty('type');  
03.     switch (type) {  
04.         case 'vehicleMarker':  
05.             const image = {  
06.                 url: feature.getProperty('url'),  
07.                 size: new google.maps.Size(...feature.getProperty('size'))  
08.             };  
09.             return {icon: image, optimized: false};  
10.     }  
11. }
```

```
01. function initMap(root) {  
02.   const map = new google.maps.Map(root);  
03.   fetch(`http://localhost:8080/map_data?id=${resourceId}`)  
04.     .then((response) => response.json())  
05.     .then((data) => {  
06.       const features = map.data.addGeoJson(data);  
07.       map.data.setStyle(setFeatureStyle);  
08.     );  
09. }
```

Headless Chrome

```
alias chrome="/Applications/Google\
```

```
Chrome.app/Contents/MacOS/Google\ Chrome"
```

Headless Chrome

```
01. chrome \
02.   --headless \
03.   --disable-gpu \
04.   --window-size=1200,800 \
05.   --hide-scrollbars \
06.   --screenshot \
07.   https://piterjs.org/
```



JS

Подать заявку на доклад



Headless Chrome

- [Быстрый старт](#)
- [«Документация» к API](#)

Peter Beverloo

[Home](#)[About](#)[Experiments](#)[Contact](#)

List of Chromium Command Line Switches

There are lots of command lines which can be used with the Google Chrome browser. Some change behavior of features, others are for debugging or experimenting. This page lists the available switches including their conditions and descriptions. Last automated update occurred on **2018-04-09**.

Condition	Explanation
--	Report pseudo allocation traces. Pseudo traces are derived from currently active trace events.
--prefetch:1 ^[1]	/prefetch:# arguments to use when launching various process types. It has been observed that when file reads are consistent for 3 process launches with the same /prefetch:# argument, the Windows prefetcher starts issuing reads in batch at process launch. Because reads depend on the process type, the prefetcher wouldn't be able to observe consistent reads if no /prefetch:# arguments were used. Note that the browser process has no /prefetch:# argument; as such all other processes must have one in order to avoid polluting its profile. Note: # must always be in [1, 8]; otherwise it is ignored by the Windows prefetcher.
--prefetch:2 ^[1]	No description
--prefetch:3 ^[1]	No description
--prefetch:4 ^[1]	No description

Retina

Settings

Preferences

Workspace

Blackboxing

Devices

Throttling

Shortcuts

Emulated Devices

Add custom device...

Awesome HiDPI

800

800

2

User agent string

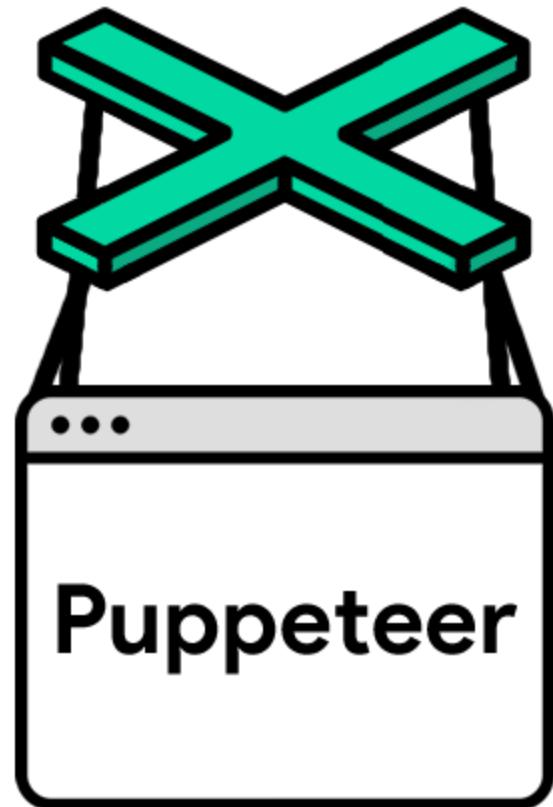
Mobile



Add

Cancel



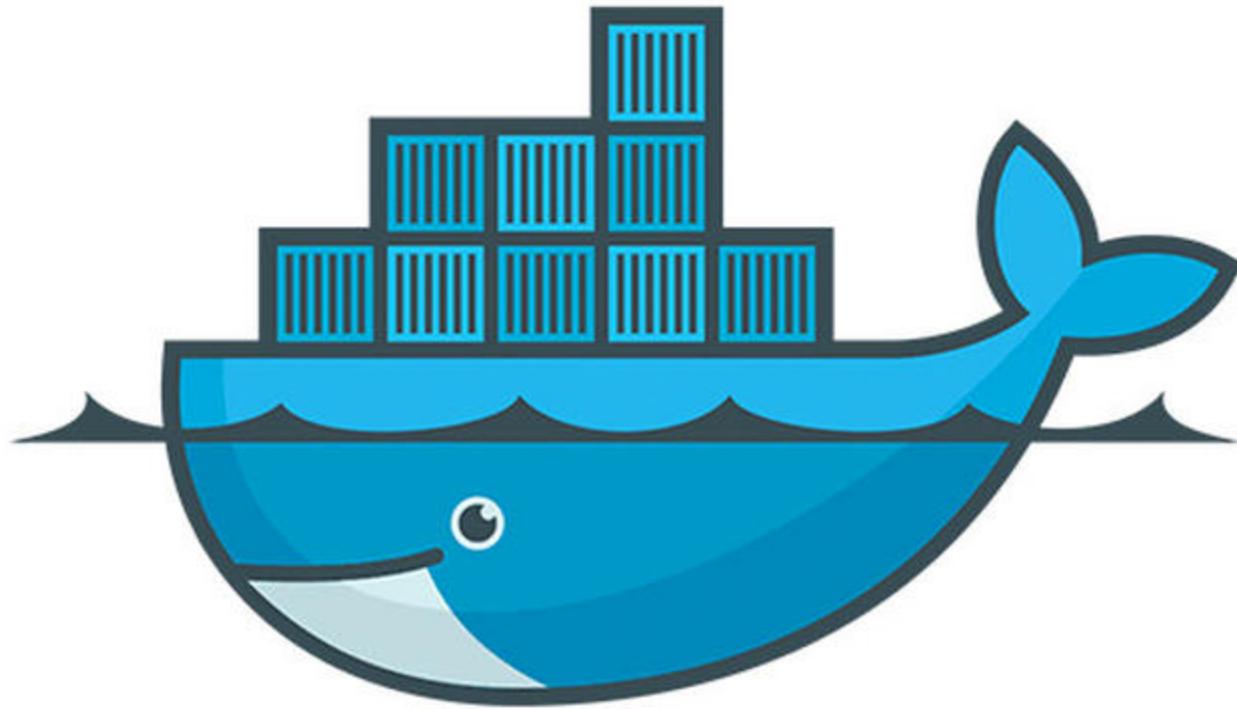


Puppeeter

- `npm i puppeteer`
- Developed by the Chrome team
- `pyppeteer`

```
01. page = await browser.newPage()  
02. await page.setViewport({  
03.     "width": width,  
04.     "height": height,  
05.     "deviceScaleFactor": 2 if hidpi else 1,  
06. })
```

```
01. await page.goto(url, {  
02.     "waitUntil": "networkidle0",  
03. })  
04. with tempfile.TemporaryDirectory() as tmpdirname:  
05.     image = await page.screenshot({  
06.         "path": f'{tmpdirname}/image.png'  
07.     })  
08. await page.close()
```



docker

Зачем вообще Docker

- Однаковое окружение у разработчиков, тестировщиков и на проде
- Работает на всех платформах
- Минимальный оверхед
 - Linux – стандартные пакеты
 - Mac – xhyve
 - Win – Hyper V / VirtualBox
- Изоляция процессов

Контейнер

- Изолированный процесс
- Умирает после остановки контейнера
- Можно примонтировать каталоги с хоста
- Можно открыть порты
- ~~Можно грабить коровы~~

Образ

- Код приложения
- Зависимости приложения
- Операционная система
- Контейнер запускается из образа

Официальные образы всего

Dockerfile

- Описание, как собрать образ
- Базовый образ
- Как ставить зависимости
- Откуда брать код

[Документация](#)

Docker Compose

- Запуск нескольких связанных контейнеров
- Контейнеры используют общую сеть
- Контейнеры получают имена

```
01. FROM python:alpine3.7
02. ADD requirements /opt/requirements
03. COPY apk/chromium-64.0.3282.168-r0.apk /
04. COPY src /opt/app
05. RUN apk add --no-cache chromium && \
06.     apk add --allow-untrusted /chromium-64.0.3282.168-r0.apk
07.     rm /chromium-64.0.3282.168-r0.apk && \
08.     pip install --no-cache-dir -r /opt/requirements/base.txt
09. CMD ["python3", "/opt/app/main.py"]
```

Сборка образа

01. docker build -t maps-generator .

02. docker images

03. docker push maps-generator

Запуск контейнера

01. docker run --rm -p 8080:8080 maps-generator

02. docker run -d -p 8080:8080 maps-generator

03. docker run -v \$(pwd)/src:/opt/app maps-generator

04. docker run --name my-maps maps-generator

05. docker ps

06. docker ps -a

07. docker exec -it my-maps bash

08. docker kill my-maps

Итого

- Число объектов на карте $\longrightarrow \infty$
- Большой контроль за результатом
- Сделали всё за два дня

Демка

- [Сайтшот-бот](#)
- [Репозиторий с кодом](#)

Спасибо!

Миша Баранов

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