#### Kruskal's Algorithm

# There are two MST algorithms based on the same greedy choice F Kruskal's Rigorithm (Input: a connected, weighted graph G = (V, E)

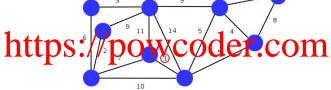
- Sort all edges in G by weight
- Put hartypes in/9 into we coder.com
- - If u and v are in different sets

# Add (u, v) to the MST with a fet powcoder

- Gradually join |V| components
- Add next lowest weight edge if it joins two components

#### Kruskal's Algorithm

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### • The set of edges is iterated over in weight order

- If the next edge connects two distinct components it is added

### Implementing Kruskal's Algorithm

Kruskal's Algorithm (Input: a connected, weighted graph G = (V, E)) Assignment Project Exam Help
Put each vertex in G into a separate set

- For  $(u, v) \in E$  (in order)
  - · http://different.com
    - Combine u's set with v's set

### Question Add WeChat powcoder How can the basic algorithm be implemented?

- What is returned?
- What data structures could be used?
- What would be the performance?

### Kruskal's Algorithm: Implementation

```
Kruskal's Algorithm (Input: a connected, weighted graph G = (V, E))
     ignment Project Exam He
Adeall edges in E to a quode Q prioritised by min weigh
     for v in V
            ps://powcoder.com
5
       if x in Si and y in Sj and i != j
         T.add_edge(x,y)
                   WeChat powcoder
10
11
      return T
```

- T is a new graph, initialise with V (line 1), then add edges (line 8)
- Sorting or using priority queue are equivalent

### Kruskal's Algorithm: Performance

```
Kruskal's Algorithm (Input: a connected, weighted graph G = (V, E))
 SSignment Project Exam Help
    for v in V
         ps://powcoder.com
     if x in Si and y in Sj and i != j
       T.add_edge(x,y)
              WeChat powcoder
10
11
     return T
```

#### Question

What is the time complexity?

### Kruskal's Algorithm: Performance

```
Kruskal's Algorithm (Input: a connected, weighted graph G = (V, E))
       enment Project Exam H
    Ad all edges in E to a queue Q prioritised by min weight
    for v in V
                        // use "disjoint sets" structure
             s://powcoder.com
      \{x,y\} = 0.remove(
      if x in Si and y in Sj and i != j
        T.add_edge(x,y)
                 VeChat powcoder
10
11
     return T
```

- The disjoint set data structure is  $O(\log |V|)$  for all operations
- See books for details

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### Performance of Kruskal's Algorithm

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- Sorting the edges is  $O(E \log_2 E)$
- Remainder depends on set operations

### Operation of the Sets DOW COOK In COM time

• See disjoint set (Cormen), union-find (Sedgewick) data structure

# So, the look to build where $E < V^2$ , so $\log_2 E < 2\log_2 V$ and $E\log_2 E = O(E\log_2 V)$

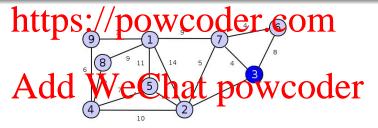
- So, overall time is  $O(E \log_2 V)$

#### Prim's Algorithm

Prim's Algorithm (Input: connected, weighted graph G = (V, E), vertex r)

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Add least weight edge that connects MST to new vertex



- Focus on one component
- Only consider edges from that component

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### Prim's Algorithm: Implementation

```
Prim's Algorithm (Input: connected, weighted graph G, vertex r)
   signment Project Exam Help
   tree_vertex[r] = true
   Q = new MinPriorityQueue()
                                   // by weight
   for hittpadj [r]/pladd((rv))der.com
     (x,y) = Q.remove()
                             // tree_vertex[x] is true
    if not tree_vertex[y]
      Add Wethat powcoder
      for v in G.adj[y] { Q.add((y, v)) }
   return T
```

- Just one set of vertices to track
- No new data structures needed

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#### Prim's Algorithm

#### Discussion

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Prim's Algorithm (Input: connected, weighted graph G, vertex r)

```
T = new Graph(G.num_vertices)
tree verten Snew bookwood Cest COM
tree vertex[r] = tree
Q = new MinPriorityQueue()
                                      // by weight
for v in G.adj[r] \{ Q.add((r,v)) \}
  (x,y) = Q.remove()
  if not tree_vertex[y]
   tree_vertex[y] = true
   T.add_edge(x,y)
   for v in G.adj[y] \{ Q.add((y,v)) \}
return T
```

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### Performance of Prim's Algorithm

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Prim's Algorithm also executes in  $O(E \log_2 V)$  time assuming a queue implemented as a binary heap

- The httep sations provide dortion
- All edges are added to the queue
- Worst case: all edges removed from queue
- Elogated We Chat powcoder

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