

Apollo Building Herikerbergweg 25 1101 CN Amsterdam The Netherlands

EMS e-Commerce Gateway

HPP* Integration manual *(Hosted Payment Pages)

Version: 2017-03



Integration manual HPP

Version 2017-03

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Getting Support

There are different manuals available for EMS's eCommerce solutions. This Integration Guide will be the most helpful for integrating the HPP solution

For information about settings, customization, reports and how to process transactions manually (by keying in the information) please refer to the User manual EMS e-Commerce Gateway back office.

If you have read the documentation and cannot find the answer to your question, please contact our support team.

1. Introduction

The HPP solution provides a Swift and easy way to add payment capabilities to your website.

The HPP solution manages the customer redirections that are required in the checkout process of many payment methods or authentication mechanisms and gives you the option to use secure hosted payment pages which significantly reduces the burden of compliance with the Data Security Standard of the Payment Card Industry (PCI DSS)

This document describes how to integrate your webshop using HPP and provides step by step instructions on how to quickly start accepting payments from your webshop.

When making decisions on your way of integration, please consider that some Alternative Payment methods (e.g. iDEAL) do not allow displaying their screens within an iFrame.

Depending on your business processes, it can also make sense to additionally integrate our Web Service API solution (see the Integration guide EMS e-Commerce Gateway API).

2. Payment process options

2.1. Hosted payment page or using your own payment form

The HPP solution basically provides two options for integration with your website:

- With the easiest option you use ready-made form pages for the payment process that we provide and host on our servers. In this case your customer will be forwarded to EMS when it comes to the payment steps and can enter the sensitive cardholder data on our SSL-encrypted page. This option makes compliance with the Data Security Standard of the Payment Card Industry (PCI DSS) much easier, as the payment processing is completely hosted by EMS. However, there are still other risks, such as a fake payment page being put on your website before the real payment page. And you still need to obtain PCI DSS certification. Afterwards the customer will be redirected to your shop again. Your shop system will be notified about the payment result. We offer several options to customize the payment pages to your corporate design.
- If you prefer your customer notr to leave your webshop, you can create own payment forms in your individual corporate design. You could offer the payment method selection in your webshop and in case of iDEAL the selection of the issuing bank of the customer.



Please note that if you store or process cardholder data within your own application, you must ensure
that your system components are compliant with the Data Security Standard of the Payment Card
Industry (PCI DSS). To display a secured website (lock symbol in the browser) to your customer, your
website needs to provide a SSL-connection via a HTTPS-Server.

Also, there are three different modes you can choose from that define the range of data that shall be captured by the payment gateway. Depending on your individual business process, you can choose a mode that only collects payment data or decide to additionally transmit details for the invoice or shipping address.

2.2. Shopping Cart Support

If your webshop runs on a shopping cart like Magento, WooCommerce you can also consider to use a shoppingcart plugin provided by Customweb:

https://www.customweb.com/emsonline/ems_en/extensions.html. These plugins offer an easy connection and will ensure that the shopping cart upgrades and EMS e-Commerce Gateway upgrades remain synchronized.

For information about settings, customization, reports and how to process transactions manually (by keying in the information) please refer to the User manual EMS e-Commerce Gateway back office.

2.3. Checkout option 'classic'

The checkout option 'classic' splits the payment process into multiple pages where you can easily decide, what kind of information you want to get collected by one of the gateway's hosted forms or what you want to collect yourself within your webshop environment.

You can e.g. let customers select their preferred payment method within your webshop and submit that payment method in your request to the EMS e-Commerce Gateway – or if you should prefer not to send the payment method, the HPP solution will automatically show a payment method selection page to your customer where they can choose from all payment methods that are activated for your store.

With three different modes, you can define the range of data that shall be captured by the payment gateway:

- payonly: shows a hosted page to collect the minimum set of information for the transaction (e. g. cardholder name, card number, expiry date and card code for a credit card transaction)
- payplus: in addition to the above, the payment gateway collects a full set of billing information on an additional page
- fullpay: in addition to the above, the payment gateway displays a third page to also collect shipping information

The most important aspect around the usage of hosted payment pages is the security of sensitive cardholder data. When you decide to let your customers enter their credit card details on the page that we provide and host on our servers for this purpose, it will make it much easier for you to comply with the Data Security Standard of the Payment Card Industry (PCI DSS) as the payment processing is hosted by EMS. However, there are still other risks, such as a fake payment page being put on your website before the real payment page. And you still need to obtain PCI DSS certification.

The hosted pages can be customized with your own logo, colours, and font types in order to make them fit to the look and feel of your webshop. Please refer to the EMS handleiding e-Commerce Gateway to learn about how to make such customizations'.



2.4. Checkout option 'combinedpage'

For the case where you decide to let your customers select the payment method on a hosted page, the checkout option 'combinedpage' consolidates the payment method choice and the typical next step (e.g. entry of card details or selection of bank) in a single page which gets automatically optimized for different kinds of user devices, e.g. PC, smartphone, tablet, etc.

This hosted page also shows your merchant name at the top and allows you to display a summary of the purchased items to your customer.

Please note that this checkout option has some functional limitations in comparison to the 'classic' option:

- Supported payment methods are currently limited to: credit cards, Maestro, PayPal, iDEAL, SOFORT, Klarna and MasterPass
- There is no option to customize the colors or the font types/sizes.
- It makes use of technical mechanisms that may not work with out-dated browser versions

3. Getting Started

This section provides a simple example on how to integrate your website using the "classic" checkout option in payonly Mode. Examples are provided using ASP and PHP. This section assumes that the developer has a basic understanding of his chosen scripting language.

3.1. Checklist

In order to integrate with the payment gateway, you must have the following items:

• Store Name

This is the ID of the store that was provided to you by EMS.

For example: 10123456789

• Shared Secret

This is the shared secret provided to you by EMS.

This is used when constructing the hash value (see below).

3.2. ASP Example

The following ASP example demonstrates a simple page that will communicate with the payment gateway in payonly mode.



When the cardholder clicks *Submit*, they are redirected to the EMS secure page to enter the card details. After payment has been completed, the user will be redirected to the merchants receipt page. The location of the receipt page can be configured.

```
<!-- #include file="ipg-util.asp"-->
<html>
 <head><title>IPG Connect Sample for ASP</title></head>
 <body>
  <h1>Order Form</h1>
 <form method="post" action=" https://test.ipg-online.com/connect/gateway/processing ">
   <input type="hidden" name="txntype" value="sale">
<input type="hidden" name="timezone" value="Europe/Berlin"/>
<input type="hidden" name="txndatetime" value="<% getDateTime() %>"/>
<input type="hidden" name="hash_algorithm" value="SHA256"/>
<input type="hidden" name="hash" value="<% call createHash("13.00","978") %>"/>
<input type="hidden" name="storename" value="10123456789" />
   <input type="hidden" name="mode" value="payonly"/>
<input type="hidden" name="paymentMethod" value="M"/>
   <input type="text" name="chargetotal" value="13.00" />
   <input type="hidden" name="currency" value="978"/>
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
  </form>
 </body>
</html>
```

The code presented in Appendix I – How to generate a SHA-256 Hash, represents the included file ipg-util.asp. It includes code for generating a SHA-256 hash as is required by EMS. The provision of a hash in the example ensures that this merchant is the only merchant that can send in transactions for this store.

Note, the POST URL used is for integration testing only. When you are ready to go into production, please contact EMS and you will be provided with the live production URL.

Note, the included file, ipg-util.asp uses a server side JavaScript file to build the SHA-256 hash. This file can be provided on request. To prevent fraudulent transactions, it is recommended that the 'hash' is calculated within your server and JavaScript is not used like shown in the samples mentioned.

3.3. PHP Example

The following PHP example demonstrates a simple page that will communicate with the payment gateway in payonly mode.

When the cardholder clicks *Submit*, they are redirected to the EMS secure page to enter the card details. After payment has been completed, the user will be redirected to the merchants receipt page. The location of the receipt page can be configured.



Note that the POST URL used in this example is for integration testing only. When you are ready to go into production, please contact EMS and you will be provided with the live production URL.

The code presented in Appendix II – ipg-util.asp represents the included file ipg-util.php. It includes code for generating a SHA-256 hash as is required by EMS. The provision of a hash in the example ensures that this merchant is the only merchant that can send in transactions for this store.

3.4. Amounts for test transactions

When using our test system for integration, odd amounts (e. g. 13.01 EUR or 13.99 EUR) can cause the transaction to decline as these amounts are sometimes used to simulate unsuccessful authorisations.

We therefore recommend using even amounts for testing purpose, e. g. 13.00 EUR like in the example above.

4. Mandatory Fields

Depending on the transaction type, the following form fields must be present in the form being submitted to the payment gateway (X = mandatory field). Please refer to this Integration Guide's Appendixes for implementation details in relation to alternative payment methods.

Field name	Description, possible values and format				
		"Sale" transaction	PreAuth*	PostAuth*	Void
txntype	'sale', 'preauth', 'postauth' or 'void'	X	X	Χ	Χ
		(sale)	(preauth)	(postauth)	(void)



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	(the transaction type – please note the descriptions of transaction types in the EMS handleiding eCom Gateway & Manager) The possibility to send a 'void' using the HPP interface is restricted. Please contact your local support team if you want to enable this feature.				
timezone	Timezone of the transaction in Area/Location format, e.g. Africa/Johannesburg America/New_York America/Sao_Paulo Asia/Calcutta Australia/Sydney Europe/Amsterdam Europe/Berlin Europe/Dublin Europe/London Europe/Rome	X	X	X	X
txndatetime	YYYY:MM:DD-hh:mm:ss (exact time of the transaction)	X	X	X	X
hash_algorithm	This is to indicate the algorithm that you use for hash calculation. The only possible value at this point is SHA256.	X	X	X	X
hash	This is a SHA hash of the following fields: storename + txndatetime + chargetotal + currency + sharedsecret. Note, that it is important to have the hash generated in this exact order. An example of how to generate a SHA-256 hash is given in Appendix I – How to generate a SHA-256 Hash	X	X	X	X
storename	This is the ID of the store provided by EMS.	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ
mode	'fullpay', 'payonly' or 'payplus' (the chosen mode for the transaction when using the 'classic' checkout option)	X	X		
chargetotal	This is the total amount of the transaction using a dot or comma as decimal separator, e. g. 12.34 for an amount of 12 Euro and 34 Cent. Group separators like1,000.01 / 1.000,01 are not allowed.	X	X	X	X
currency	The numeric ISO code of the transaction currency, e. g. 978 for Euro (see examples below)	X	X	Х	
oid	The order ID of the initial action a PostAuth or Void shall be initiated for			X	X
ipgTransactionId	Exact identification of a transaction that shall be voided. You receive this value as result parameter, ipgTransactionId' of the corresponding transaction. Alternatively merchantTransactionId can be used for the Void in case the merchant has assigned one.				X

 $^{^{\}star}$ The transaction types 'preauth' and 'postauth' only apply to the payment methods credit card, PayPal and Klarna.



Currency code list:

Australian Dollar AUD 036 Brazilian Real BRL 986 Euro EUR 978 Indian Rupee INR 356 Pound Sterling GBP 826 US Dollar USD 840 South African Rand ZAR 710 South African Rand ZAR 710 Swiss Franc CHF 776 Aruban Florin AWG 533 Cayman Islands Dollar KYD 136 Dominican Peso DOP 214 Bahamian Dollar BSD 004 Bahrain Dinar BHD 048 Barbados Dollar BBD 052 Belize Dollar BBD 052 Belize Dollar BBD 052 Belize Dollar CAD 124 Chinese Renmimbi CNY 156 Croatian Kuna HRK 191 Czech Koruna CZK 203 Danish Krone DKK 208 <t< th=""><th>Currency code list:</th><th>Cumanayaya</th><th>Cumanayanahan</th></t<>	Currency code list:	Cumanayaya	Cumanayanahan
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Croatian Kuna HRK 191 Czech Koruna CZK 203 Danish Krone DKK 208 East Caribbean Dollar XCD 951 Guyanese Dollar GYD 328 Hong Kong Dollar HKD 344 Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Canadian Dollar	CAD	124
Czech Koruna CZK 203 Danish Krone DKK 208 East Caribbean Dollar XCD 951 Guyanese Dollar GYD 328 Hong Kong Dollar HKD 344 Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Chinese Renmimbi	CNY	156
Danish Krone DKK 208 East Caribbean Dollar XCD 951 Guyanese Dollar GYD 328 Hong Kong Dollar HKD 344 Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Croatian Kuna	HRK	191
East Caribbean Dollar XCD 951 Guyanese Dollar GYD 328 Hong Kong Dollar HKD 344 Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Czech Koruna	CZK	203
Guyanese Dollar GYD 328 Hong Kong Dollar HKD 344 Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Danish Krone	DKK	208
Hong Kong Dollar HKD 344 Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	East Caribbean Dollar	XCD	951
Hungarian Forint HUF 348 Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Guyanese Dollar	GYD	328
Israeli New Shekel ISL 376 Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	344
Jamaican Dollar JMD 388 Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Hungarian Forint	HUF	348
Japanese Yen JPY 392 Kuwaiti Dinar KWD 414 Lithuanian Litas LTL 440 Mexican Peso MXN 484 New Zealand Dollar NZD 554 Netherlands Antillean Guilder ANG 532 Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Israeli New Shekel	ISL	376
Kuwaiti DinarKWD414Lithuanian LitasLTL440Mexican PesoMXN484New Zealand DollarNZD554Netherlands Antillean GuilderANG532Norwegian KroneNOK578	Jamaican Dollar	JMD	388
Lithuanian LitasLTL440Mexican PesoMXN484New Zealand DollarNZD554Netherlands Antillean GuilderANG532Norwegian KroneNOK578	Japanese Yen	JPY	392
Mexican PesoMXN484New Zealand DollarNZD554Netherlands Antillean GuilderANG532Norwegian KroneNOK578	Kuwaiti Dinar	KWD	414
New Zealand DollarNZD554Netherlands Antillean GuilderANG532Norwegian KroneNOK578	Lithuanian Litas	LTL	440
Netherlands Antillean GuilderANG532Norwegian KroneNOK578	Mexican Peso	MXN	484
Norwegian Krone NOK 578	New Zealand Dollar	NZD	554
Norwegian Krone NOK 578	Netherlands Antillean Guilder	ANG	532
Umani kiai UMR 512	Omani Rial	OMR	512
Polish Zloty PLN 985			985
Romanian New Leu RON 946	Romanian New Leu	RON	946
Saudi Rihal SAR 682			
Serbian Dinar RSD 941			
Singapore Dollar SGD 702			
South Korean Won KRW 410			
Surinamese Dollar SRD 968			
Swedish Krona SEK 752			
Trinidad and Tobago Dollar TTD 780			
Turkish Lira TRY 949	-		
UAE Dirham AED 784			



5. Optional Form Fields

Field name	Description, possible values and format		
cardFunction	provide credit and debit functionality or 'debit'. The field can also be used to validate the where the submitted card function does	The field can also be used to validate the card type in a way that transactions where the submitted card function does not match the card's capabilities will be declined. If you e.g. submit "cardFunction=debit" and the card is a credit card, the transaction will be declined.	
checkoutoption	that is split into multiple pages or to 'co the payment method choice and the typ	This field allows you to set the checkout option to 'classic' for a payment process that is split into multiple pages or to 'combinedpage' for a payment process where the payment method choice and the typical next step (e.g. entry of card details or selection of bank) in consolidated in a single page.	
comments	Place any comments here about the tra	nsaction.	
customerid	This field allows you to transmit any value Please note that for Direct Debit transact the bank, depending on the length of the characters that can be submitted to the	etions, the Customer ID can be submitted to e Order ID. The maximum amount of	
dccInquiryId	obtained via a Web Service API call (Req	Inquiry ID for a Dynamic Pricing request. Used to send the Inquiry ID you have obtained via a Web Service API call (RequestMerchantRateForDynamicPricing). This value will be used to retrieve the currency conversion information (exchange rate,	
ideallssuerID	customers select the issuer within your s value for an iDEAL transaction, a hosted customer.	This parameter can be used to submit the iDEAL issuing bank in case you let your customers select the issuer within your shop environment. If you do not pass this value for an iDEAL transaction, a hosted selection form will be displayed to your customer.	
	iDEAL issuer	Value	
	ABN AMRO	ABNANL2A	
	ING	INGBNL2A	
	SNS Bank	SNSBNL2A	
	van Lanschot	FVLBNL22	
	Triodos Bank	TRIONL2U	
	Knab	KNABNL2H	
	Rabobank	RABONL2U	
	RegioBank	RBRBNL21	
	ASN Bank	ASNBNL21	
	Bunq	BUNQNL2A	
invoicenumber	This field allows you to transmit any value	_	
la colo Toraccio di col		ength for this parameter is 48 characters.	
hashExtended	parameters of the transaction request. I	The extended hash is an optional security feature that allows you to include all parameters of the transaction request. It needs to be calculated using all request parameters in ascending order of the parameter names.	
item1 <i>up to</i> item999		The 'item1' to 'item999' parameters allow you to send basket information in the	
	id;description;quantity;item_total_price		
		'shipping' always has to be set to '0' for single line items. If you want to include a shipping fee for an order, please use the predefined <i>id</i> IPG_SHIPPING.	



For other fees that you may want to add to the total order, you can use the predefined id IPG_HANDLING. When you want to apply a discount, you should include an item with a negative amount and change accordingly the total amount of the order. Do not forget to regard the 'quantity' when calculating the values e.g.: subtotal and VAT since the are fixed by items. Examples: A;Product A;1;5;3;2;0 B;Product B;5;10;7;3;0 C;Product C;2;12;10;2;0
D;Product D;1;-1.0;-0.9;-0.1;0 IPG_SHIPPING;Shipping costs;1;6;5;1;0 IPG_HANDLING;Transaction fee;1;6.0;6.0;0;0
language This parameter can be used to override the default payment page language
configured for your merchant store.
The following values are currently possible:
Language Value
Chinese (simplified) zh_CN
Chinese (traditional) zh_TW
Czech cs_CZ
Dutch nl_NL
English (USA) en_US
English (UK) en_GB
Finnish fi_FI
French fr_FR
German de_DE
Greek el_GR
Italian it_IT
Polish pl_PL
Portuguese (Brazil) pt_BR
Serbian sr_RS
Slovak sk_SK
Spanish es_ES
merchantTransactionId Allows you to assign a unique ID for the transaction. This ID can be used to
reference to this transactions in a PostAuth or Void request
(referencedMerchantTransactionId).
mobileMode If your customer uses a mobile device for shopping at your online store you can
submit this parameter with the value 'true'. This will lead your customer to a
payment page flow that has been specifically designed for mobile devices.
oid This field allows you to assign a unique ID for your order. If you choose not to ass
an order ID, the EMS system will automatically generate one for you.
Please note that for Direct Debit transactions, a maximum of 78 characters can be
submitted to the bank.
paymentMethod If you let the customer select the payment method (e. g. MasterCard, Visa, Direct
Debit) in your shop environment or want to define the payment type yourself,
transmit the parameter 'paymentMethod' along with your Sale or PreAuth
transaction.



	If you do not submit this parameter, the payment	gateway will display a drop-down	
menu to the customer to choose from the payment methods availal			
	shop.		
	Valid values are:		
	Payment Method	Value	
	MasterCard	M	
	Visa (Credit/Debit/Electron/Delta)	V	
	Diners Club	С	
	iDEAL	ideal	
	Klarna	klarna	
	Maestro	MA	
	Maestro UK	maestroUK	
	MasterPass	masterpass	
	PayPal	paypal	
	SOFORT Banking (Überweisung)	sofort	
	Bancontact	BCMC	
ponumber	This field allows you to submit a Purchase Order N		
refer	This field describes who referred the customer to	·	
referencedMerchantTransactionID	This field allows to reference to a merchantTransa	•	
	transaction when performing a Void. This can be		
	ipgTransactionId if you assigned a merchantTransactionId in the original		
	transaction request.		
responseFailURL	The URL where you wish to direct customers after a declined or uns		
- 100 p	transaction (your Sorry URL) – only needed if not setup in Virtual terminal		
	Customisation.		
responseSuccessURL	The URL where you wish to direct customers after	a successful transaction (your	
'	Thank You URL) – only needed if not setup in Virtu		
reviewOrder	MasterPass-specific parameter for scenarios wher		
	confirmed by the customer after returning from the Wallet. Set the value for this		
	parameter to 'true' in order to indicate that the final transaction amount needs to		
	be reviewed by the cardholder.		
reviewURL	MasterPass-specific parameter for scenarios when	re the final amount needs to be	
	confirmed by the customer after returning from the MasterPass environment. Use		
	this parameter to indicate where the customer shall be redirected to in order to		
	review and complete the transaction after having clicked on "Finish shopping"		
	within the Wallet.		
shipping	This parameter can be used to submit the shipping fee, in the same format as		
	'chargetotal'. If you submit 'shipping', the parameters 'subtotal' and 'vattax' have to		
	be submitted as well. Note that the 'chargetotal' has to be equal to 'subtotal' plus		
'shipping' plus 'vattax'.			
trxOrigin	This parameter allows you to use the secure and I	nosted payment form capabilities	
	within your own application for Mail/Telephone Order (MOTO) payments. Possible		
	values are 'MOTO' (for transactions where you have received the order over the		
	phone or by mail and enter the payment details yourself) and 'ECI' (for standard		
	usage in an eCommerce environment where your customer enters the payment		
	details).		
vattax	This field allows you to submit an amount for Valu		
	Please ensure the sub total amount plus shipping	plus tax equals the charge total.	



6. Using your own forms to capture the data

If you decide to create your own forms, i. e. not to use the ones provided and hosted by EMS, there are additional mandatory fields that you need to include. These fields are listed in the following sections, depending on the mode you choose.

In addition, you should check if JavaScript is activated in your customer's browser and if necessary, inform your customer that JavaScript needs to be activated for the payment process.

6.1. payonly Mode

After your customer has decided how to pay, you present a corresponding HTML-page with a form to enter the payment data as well as hidden parameters with additional transaction information.

In addition to the mandatory fields listed above, your form needs to contain the following fields (part of them can be hidden):

Field name	Description, possible values and format	Credit Card (+ Visa Debit/Electron/Delta)	Maestro	PayPal, SOFORT, iDEAL, Klarna, MasterPass	Bancontact
cardnumber	Your customer's card number. 12-24 digits.	Х	Х		Х
expmonth	The expiry month of the card (2 digits)	X	X		X
expyear	The expiry year of the card (4 digits)	Х	Х		X
cvm	The card code, in most cases on the backside of the card (3 to 4 digits)	X	X as an optional field "if on card"		

6.2. payplus Mode

Using payplus mode, it is possible to additionally transfer billing information to the payment gateway. The following table describes the format of these additional fields:

Field Name	Possible Values	Description
bcompany	Alphanumeric	Customers Company
	characters,	
	spaces, and	



	dashes	
bname	Alphanumeric	Customers Name
	characters,	
	spaces, and	
	dashes	
baddr1	Limit of 30	Customers Billing Address 1
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
baddr2	Limit of 30	Customers Billing Address 2
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
bcity	Limit of 30	Billing City
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
bstate	Limit of 30	State, Province or Territory
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
bcountry	2 Letter Country Code	Country of Billing Address
bzip	International Postal Code	Zip or Postal Code
phone	Limit of 20 Characters	Customers Phone Number
fax	Limit of 20 Characters	Customers Fax Number
email	Limit of 254 Characters	Customers Email Address

6.3. Fullpay Mode

Using Fullpay mode, it is possible to additionally transfer shipping information to the payment gateway. The billing information is as specified above. The following table describes the format of the shipping fields:

Field Name	Possible Values	Description
sname	Alphanumeric	Ship-to Name
	characters,	
	spaces, and	
	dashes	
saddr1	Limit of 30	Shipping Address Line 1
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
saddr2	Limit of 30	Shipping Address Line 2
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
scity	Limit of 30	Shipping City
	characters,	
	including	



	spaces	
sstate	Limit of 30	State, Province or Territory
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	
scountry	2 letter country code	Country of Shipping Address
szip	International Postal Code	Zip or Postal Code

6.4. Validity checks

Prior to the authorisation request for a transaction, the payment gateway performs the following validation checks:

- The expiry date of cards needs to be in the future
- The Card Security Code field must contain 3 or 4 digits
- The structure of a card number must be correct (LUHN check)

If the submitted data should not be valid, the payment gateway presents a corresponding data entry page to the customer.

To avoid this hosted page when using your own input forms for the payment process, you can transmit the following additional parameter along with the transaction data:

full_bypass=true

In that case you get the result of the validity check back in the transaction response and can display your own error page based on this.

Note, if you implement the payment method Klarna in (Full-)ByPass mode, you will need to follow certain rules for allowing item handling in your request. For more information please refer to Appendix V – Klarna.

7. Additional Custom Fields

You may want to use further fields to gather additional customer data geared toward your business specialty, or to gather additional customer demographic data which you can then store in your own database for future analysis. You can send as many custom fields to the payment gateway as you wish and they will get returned along with all other fields to the response URL.

Up to ten custom fields can be submitted in a way that they will be stored within the gateway so that they appear in the Virtual Terminal's Order Detail View as well as in the response to Inquiry Actions that you send through our Web Service API. If you want to use this feature, please send the custom fields in the format customParam_key=value.

Example:

<input type="hidden" name="customParam_color" value="green"/>



8. 3D Secure

The HPP solution includes the ability to authenticate transactions using Verified by Visa, MasterCard SecureCode. If your credit card agreement includes 3D Secure and your Merchant ID has been activated to use this service, you do not need to modify your payment page.

If you are enabled to submit 3D Secure transactions but for any reason want to submit specific transactions without using the 3D Secure protocol, you can use the additional parameter authenticateTransaction and set it to either "true" or "false".

Example for a transaction without 3D Secure:

```
<input type="hidden" name="authenticateTransaction" value="false"/>
```

In principle, it may occur that 3D Secure authentications cannot be processed successfully for technical reasons. If one of the systems involved in the authentication process is temporarily not responding, the payment transaction will be processed as a "regular" eCommerce transaction (ECI 7). A liability shift to the card issuer for possible chargebacks is not warranted in this case. If you prefer that such transactions shall not be processed at all, our technical support team can block them for your Store on request.

Credit card transactions with 3D Secure hold in a pending status while cardholders search for their password or need to activate their card for 3D Secure during their shopping experience. During this time when the final transaction result of the transaction is not yet determined, the payment gateway sets the Approval Code to "?:waiting 3dsecure". If the session expires before the cardholder returns from the 3D Secure dialogue with his bank, the transaction will be shown as "N:-5103:Cardholder did not return from ACS".

Please note that the technical process of 3D Secure transactions differs in some points compared to a normal transaction flow. If you already have an existing shop integration and plan to activate 3D Secure subsequently, we recommend performing some test transactions on our test environment.

8.1. 3DSecure Split Authentication

If your business or technical processes require the cardholder authentication to be separated from the payment transaction (authorization), you can use the transaction type 'payer_auth'. This transaction type only performs the authentication (and stores the authentication results).

Example of a 'payer_auth' request:



```
<input type="hidden" name="txndatetime" value="<%</pre>
getDateTime() %>"/>
                <input type="hidden" name="hash algorithm"</pre>
value="SHA256"/>
                <input type="hidden" name="hash" value="<% call</pre>
createHash( "13.00", "978" ) %>"/>
                <input type="hidden" name="storename"</pre>
value="10123456789" />
    <input type="hidden" name="mode" value="payonly"/>
                <input type="hidden" name="paymentMethod" value="M"/>
    <input type="text" name="chargetotal" value="13.00" />
    <input type="hidden" name="currency" value="978"/>
                 <input type="hidden" name="authenticateTransaction"</pre>
value="true"/>
<input type="submit" value="Submit">
</form>
</body>
</html>
Example of a 'payer_auth' response:
{txndate processed=10/04/17 13:37:33,
ccbin=542606,
timezone=CET,
oid=C-2101f68a-45e9-4f3c-a6da-1337d5574717,
cccountry=N/A,
expmonth=12,
currency=978,
chargetotal=13.99,
approval code=Y:ECI2/5:Authenticated,
hiddenSharedsecret=sharedsecret,
hiddenTxndatetime=2017:04:10-13:37:08,
expyear=2024,
response hash=927d3c3108d596c593f74fd79184ece7c33103fe,
response code 3dsecure=1,
hiddenStorename=120995000,
transactionNotificationURL=https://test.ipg-
online.com/webshop/transactionNotification,
tdate=1491824253,
ignore refreshTime=on,
ccbrand=MASTERCARD,
txntype=payer auth,
paymentMethod=M,
txndatetime=2017:04:10-13:37:08,
cardnumber=(MASTERCARD) ... 4979,
ipgTransactionId=84120276797,
status=APPROVED}
```

In a second step, you need to submit a payment transaction ('sale' or 'preauth') via the IPG Web Service API and reference it to the prior authentication. To review an example of a 'sale' transaction that refers to a



previous 'payer_auth' transaction, please review the 3DSecure Split Authentication section, in the Web Service API integration guide.

9. Data Vault

With the Data Vault product option you can store sensitive cardholder data in an encrypted database in EMS's data centre to use it for subsequent transactions without the need to store this data within your own systems.

If you have ordered this product, the HPP solution offers you the following functions:

• Store or update payment information when performing a transaction

Additionally send the parameter 'hosteddataid' together with the transaction data as a unique identification for the payment information in this transaction. Depending on the payment type, credit card number and expiry date or IBAN and BIC will be stored under this ID if the transaction has been successful. In cases where the submitted 'hosteddataid' already exists for your store, the stored payment information will be updated.

If you want to assign multiple IDs to the same payment information record, you can submit the parameter 'hosteddataid' several times with different values in the same transaction.

If you prefer not to assign a token yourself but want to let the gateway do this for you, send the parameter 'assignToken' and set it to 'true'. The gateway will then assign a token and include it in the transaction response as 'hosteddataid'.

If you have use cases where you need some of the tokens for single transactions only (e.g. for consumers that check out as a "guest", use the additional parameter 'tokenType' with the values 'ONETIME' (card details will only be stored for a short period of time) or 'MULTIPAY' (card details will be stored for use in future transactions).

Initiate payment transactions using stored data

If you stored cardholder information using the Data Vault option, you can perform transactions using the 'hosteddataid' without the need to pass the credit card or bank account data again. Please note that it is not allowed to store the card code (in most cases on the back of the card) so that for credit card transactions, the cardholder still needs to enter this value. If you use EMS's hosted payment forms, the cardholder will see the last four digits of the stored credit card number, the expiry date and a field to enter the card code.

When using multiple Store IDs, it is possible to access stored card data records of a different Store ID then the one that has been used when storing the record. In that way you can for example use a shared data pool for different distributive channels. To use this feature, submit the Store ID that has been used when storing the record as the additional parameter 'hosteddatastoreid'.

• Avoid duplicate cardholder data for multiple records

To avoid customers using the same cardholder data for multiple user accounts, the additional parameter 'declineHostedDataDuplicates' can be sent along with the request. The valid values for this parameter are 'true'/'false'. If the value for this parameter is set to 'true' and the cardholder data in the request is already found to be associated with another 'hosteddataid', the transaction will be declined.

See further possibilities with the Data Vault product in the Integration Guide for the Web Service API.



10. Recurring Payments

For credit card and PayPal transactions, it is possible to install recurring payments using the HPP solution. To use this feature, the following additional parameters will have to be submitted in the request:

Field Name	Possible Values	Description
recurringInstallmentCount	Number between 1 and	Number of installments to be made including the
	999	initial transaction submitted
recurringInstallmentPeriod	day	The periodicity of the recurring payment
	week	
	month	
	year	
recurringInstallmentFrequency	Number between 1 and 99	The time period between installments
recurringComments	Limit of 100	Any comments about the recurring transaction
	characters,	
	including	
	spaces	

Note that the start date of the recurring payments will be the current date and will be automatically calculated by the system.

The recurring payments installed using the HPP solution can be modified or cancelled using the Gateway back office or Web Service API.

11. Transaction Response

11.1. Response to your Success/Failure URLs

Upon completion, the transaction details will be sent back to the defined 'responseSuccessURL' or 'responseFailURL' as hidden fields:

Field name	Description
approval_code	Approval code for the transaction. The first character of this parameter is the most helpful indicator for verification of the transaction result.
	'Y' indicates that the transaction has been successful
	'N' indicates that the transaction has not been successful
	"?" indicates that the transaction has been successfully initialised, but a final result is not yet available since the transaction is now in a waiting status. The transaction
	status will be updated at a later stage.
oid	Order ID



, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
refnumber	Reference number
status	Transaction status, e.g. 'APPROVED', 'DECLINED' (by authorisation endpoint or due to
	fraud prevention settings), 'FAILED' (wrong transaction message content/parameters,
	etc.) or 'WAITING' (asynchronous Alternative Payment Methods)
txndate_processed	Time of transaction processing
ipgTransactionId	Transaction identifier assigned by the gateway, e.g. to be used for a Void
tdate	Identification for the specific transaction
fail_reason	Reason the transaction failed
response_hash	Hash-Value to protect the communication (see note below)
processor_response_code	The response code provided by the backend system.
	Please note that response codes can be different depending on the used payment
	type and backend system. While for credit card payments, the response code '00' is
	the most common response for an approval, the backend for giropay transactions
	for example returns the response code '4000' for succesful transactions.
fail_rc	Internal processing code for failed transactions
terminal_id	Terminal ID used for transaction processing
ccbin	6 digit identifier of the card issuing bank
cccountry	3 letter alphanumeric ISO code of the cardholder's country (e.g. USA, DEU, ITA, etc.)
	Filled with "N/A" if the cardholder's country cannot be determined or the payment
	type is not credit card
ccbrand	Brand of the credit or debit card:
	MC
	VISA
	DINERS/DISCOVER
	MAESTRO
	BCMC
	Filled with "N/A" for any payment method which is not a credit card or debit card



For 3D Secure transactions only:

response_code_3dsecure	Return code indicating the classification of the transaction:
	 1 - Successful authentication (VISA ECI 05, MasterCard ECI 02) 2 - Successful authentication without AVV (VISA ECI 05, MasterCard ECI 02) 3 - Authentication failed / incorrect password (transaction declined) 4 - Authentication attempt (VISA ECI 06, MasterCard ECI 01) 5 - Unable to authenticate / Directory Server not responding (VISA ECI 07) 6 - Unable to authenticate / Access Control Server not responding (VISA ECI 07) 7 - Cardholder not enrolled for 3D Secure (VISA ECI 06) 8 - Invalid 3D Secure values received, most likely by the credit card issuing bank's Access Control Server (ACS)
	Please see note about blocking ECI 7 transactions in the 3D Secure section of this document.

For iDEAL transactions only:

accountOwnerName	Name of the owner of the bank account that has been used for the iDEAL transaction
iban	IBAN of the bank account that has been used for the iDEAL transaction
bic	BIC of the bank account that has been used for the iDEAL transaction

For MasterPass transactions only:

redirectURL	When reviewOrder has been set to 'true', the response contains the URL that you
	need to finalize the transaction

Additionally when using your own error page for negative validity checks (full_bypass=true):

fail_reason_details	Comma separated list of missing or invalid variables. Note that 'fail_reason_details' will not be supported in case of payplus and fullpay mode.
invalid_cardholder_data	true – if validation of card holder data was negative false – if validation of card holder data was positive but transaction has been declined due to other reasons

In addition, your custom fields and billing/shipping fields will also be sent back to the specific URL.

Please consider when integrating that new response parameters may be added from time to time in relation to product enhancements or new functionality.

The parameter 'response_hash' allows you to recheck if the received transaction response has really been sent by EMS and can therefore protect you from fraudulent manipulations. The value is created with a SHA Hash using the following parameter string:

sharedsecret + approval_code + chargetotal + currency + txndatetime + storename

The hash algorithm is the same as the one that you have set in the transaction request.



Please note that if you want to use this feature, you have to store the 'txndatetime' that you have submitted with the transaction request in order to be able to validate the response hash.

11.2. Server-to-Server Notification

In addition to the response you receive in hidden fields to your 'responseSuccessURL' or 'responseFailURL', the payment gateway can send server-to-server notifications with the above result parameters to a defined URL. This is especially useful to keep your systems in sync with the status of a transaction. To use this notification method, you can specify an URL in the Customisation section of the Gateway back office or submit the URL in the following additional transaction parameter 'transactionNotificationURL'.

Please note that:

- The Transaction URL is sent as received therefore please don't add additional escaping (e.g. using %2f for a Slash (/).
- No SSL handshake, verification of SSL certificates will be done in this process.
- The Notification URL needs to listen either on port 80 (http) or port 443 (https) other ports are not supported.
- The response hash parameter for validation (using the same algorithm that you have set in the transaction request) 'notification_hash' is calculated as follows:

chargetotal + sharedsecret + currency + txndatetime + storename + approval_code.

Such notifications can also be set up for Recurring Payments that get automatically triggered by the gateway. Please contact your local support team to get a Shared Secret agreed for these notifications. You can configure your Recurring Transaction Notification URL in the Gateway back office (Customisation/ Store URL Settings).

Appendix I – How to generate a SHA-256 Hash

Example

- storename = 98765432101
- txndatetime = 2013:07:16-09:57:08
- chargetotal = 1.00
- currency = 826
- sharedsecret = TopSecret

Step 1. Collect selected parameters: storename, txndatetime, chargetotal, currency and sharedsecret and join the parameters' values to one string (use only parameters' values and not the parameters' names).

987654321012013:07:16-09:57:081.00826TopSecret

Step 2. Convert the created string to its ascii hexadecimal representation.

3938373635343332313031323031333a30373a31362d30393a35373a3038312e3030383236546f705365637 26574

Step 3. Pass the ascii hexadecimal representation of the created string to the SHA-256 algorithm.



SHA256(3938373635343332313031323031333a30373a31362d30393a35373a3038312e3030383236546f70 536563726574)

Step 4. Use the value returned by the SHA-256 algorithm and submit it to our payment gateway in the given form.

3d7e75aa0b4e0e1d4a7ac87e451e64692cced46f4358ef35a69d96721341243c

<input type="hidden" name="hash"
value="3d7e75aa0b4e0e1d4a7ac87e451e64692cced46f4358ef35a69d96721341243c
"/>



Appendix II – ipg-util.asp

```
<Script LANGUAGE=JScript RUNAT=Server src="sha256.js">
</SCRIPT>
<Script LANGUAGE=JScript RUNAT=Server>
           var today = new Date();
           var formattedDate = today.formatDate("Y:m:d-H:i:s");
Function that calculates the hash of the following parameters:
                      - Store Id
                      - Date/Time(see $dateTime above)
                       - chargetotal
                       - shared secret
                      - currency (numeric ISO value)
           function createHash(chargetotal, currency) {
                      //Please change the store Id to your individual Store ID
                      Var storename = "10123456789";
                      //NOTE: Please DO NOT hardcode the secret in that script.For example read it from a
database.
                      var sharedSecret = "sharedsecret";
                      var stringToHash = storename + formattedDate + chargetotal + currency + sharedSecret;
                      var ascii = getHexFromChars(stringToHash);
                      var hash = calcSHA256(ascii);
                      Response.Write(hash);
           function getHexFromChars(value) {
                      var char str = value;
                      var hex_str = "";
                      vari, n;
                      for(i=0; i < char_str.length; i++) {</pre>
                                  n = charToByte(char_str.charAt(i));
                                 if(n != 0) {
                                             hex_str += byteToHex(n);
                      return hex_str.toLowerCase();
           function getDateTime() {
                      Response.Write(formattedDate);
</SCRIPT>
```



Appendix III – ipg-util.php



Appendix IV - PayPal

Refer to the following information when integrating PayPal as a payment method.

Transaction types mapping

HPP Transaction Type (txntype)	PayPal operation
sale	SetExpressCheckoutPayment
	(sets <i>PaymentAction</i> to <i>Authorization</i> in <i>SetExpressCheckout</i>
	and <i>DoExpressCheckoutPayment</i> requests)
preauth	GetExpressCheckoutDetails
sale – with additional parameters	DoExpressCheckoutPayment*
for installing a Recurring Payment	
postauth	DoCapture (,DoReauthorization)
void	DoVoid

Address handling

If you pass a complete set of address values within your request to the HPP solution (name, address1, zip, city and country within billing and/or shipping address), these values will be forwarded to PayPal, setting the PayPal parameter 'addressOverride' to '1'.

Please note that it is an eligibility requirement for PayPal's Seller Protection that the shipping address will be submitted to PayPal.

If you submit no or incomplete address data within the HPP request, no address data will be forwarded to PayPal and the PayPal parameter 'addressOverride' will not be set.

Regardless of that logic, the payment gateway will always store the shipTo address fields received from PayPal in the GetDetails request in the ShippingAddress fields, possibly overwriting values passed in the request to the HPP solution (such overwriting depends on the above logic).

^{*} If you want to use PayPal's Reference Transactions feature for recurring payments, please contact PayPal upfront to verify if your PayPal account meets their requirements for this feature.



Appendix V - Klarna

Refer to the following information when integrating Klarna Invoice and Part Pay as payment methods.

Prepare your website

You can choose to integrate your website in such a way that your customers will be redirected to hosted payment forms for the Klarna checkout process. Using this integration method, the HPP solution is providing all required input forms for you.

For Klarna, all of HPP's payment modes (payonly, payplus, Fullpay) behave in the same way. Since Klarna does not allow the shipping address to be different from the billing address, no separate entry form for a shipping address will be displayed to your customer. Instead, Klarna's specific billing form (customer details form) will be shown to your customers in order to capture their details.

If you prefer your customers never to leave your website, you can create your own specific payment forms for Klarna by modifying your website accordingly to the guidelines presented on Klarna's website (http://developers.klarna.com/en). In that case you will be able to collect all data required for the transaction on your side and send it over to the payment gateway as a part of the transaction request. You could also decide to send a subset of the data needed for the transaction. In that case the HPP solution will only display selected hosted forms to your customers in order to collect the mandatory data that has not been submitted by you.

Activate Klarna for your test store

- Make sure your payment gateway test Store ID has been enabled for Klarna
- Activate Klarna as a payment method in your test store, via the *Klarna Setup* page in the Gateway back office Customisation section.
- Use the following test credentials
 - o EID = 7773
 - o Shared Secret: 5q7PFydUAFcq3BW
- Here you can find information to do test transactions: https://developers.klarna.com/en/de/kpm/test-credentials

Order Process with Klarna

The process begins with the customer selecting the goods in your web shop and placing the order. To allow your customers to pay by Klarna you have to submit a PreAuth transaction, which is used to create the order. If it is more suitable for your processes, you can alternatively use the Sale transaction type which will then be automatically translated into a PreAuth transaction. Klarna PreAuth transaction requires a number of mandatory and additional parameters which are described in more detail below.

When the order is submitted, Klarna will run fraud and credit checks on the consumer and tell in return if the purchase is approved. Once the purchase is approved, you should start preparing the goods for shipment.

When the goods are ready for shipment, a Completion needs to be submitted by you to the gateway since it activates the order on Klarna side and allows you to provide the customer with the invoice.

Required parameters for Klarna PreAuth transactions

Basket information (Line items) - Klarna requires the list of items in order to approve the purchase. Therefore it is mandatory to send line items with all PreAuth transactions. The basket information has to be sent in request



parameters: 'item1', 'item2' up to 'item999', in the following format: id;description;quantity;item_total_price;sub_total;vat_tax;shipping. Transactions without line items will be declined.

Customer information details - Depending on the country selection (please refer to http://developers.klarna.com/en), Klarna requires different consumer information details in order to approve the purchase such as e.g.:

klarnaPersonalNumber	Required for Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden
klarnaBirthDate	Required for Austria, Netherlands and Germany. Possible values: yyyy-MM-dd.
klarnaClientGender	Required for Austria, Netherlands and Germany. Possible values: MALE, FEMALE, UNKNOWN.
klarnaFirstname	Required for all countries. Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 48 characters.
klarnaLastname	Required for all countries. Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 48 characters.
klarnaStreetName	Required for all countries. Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 84 characters.
klarnaHouseNumber	Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 6 characters.
klarnaHouseNumberExtension	Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 6 characters.
klarnaCellPhoneNumber	Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 32 characters
klarnaPClassID	Possible values: whole numbers. The pclasses ID for Invoice: -1. For Part Pay please refer to the table Klarna cost calculation values (pclasses) on the Klarna Setup page in the Gateway back office Customisation section.
klarnaCity	Required for all countries. Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 96 characters
klarnaCountry	ISO 3166-1 Alpha 3 format (e.g. DEU, SWE).
klarnaZip	Required for all countries. Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 24 characters
klarnaPhone	Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 32 characters (same as API).
klarnaEmail	Required for all countries. Possible values: alphanumeric characters, spaces and dashes. Maximum length: 64 characters

Note that Klarna requires that at least one phone will be filled in. The payment gateway does not validate nor explicitly support any special characters like ä,ö,ü ect. or the format of the personal number, it simply passes the data through to Klarna.

For more information please refer to http://developers.klarna.com/en.

Taking into account the country selection as well as the chosen integration mode, you can send all customer information details in your transaction request or only a subset of it.



If you send billing information (general parameters starting with "b" e.g.: bname, bcity, bcountry, etc.), the Klarna customer details form, displayed to the customer, will already be prefilled with the details based on the following fields:

- bcity -> klarnaCity
- bcountry -> klarnaCountry
- bzip -> klarnaZip
- phone -> klarnaPhone
- email -> klarnaEmail

Currency – The currency of a PreAuth transaction for Klarna has to correspond to the currency of the customer's country (the buyer's country). You should submit currency in the parameter 'currency' as a numeric ISO code. See examples below.

Country name	Currency name	Currency code	Currency number
Austria	Euro	EUR	978
Germany			
Netherlands			
Norway			
Denmark	Danish Krone	DKK	208
Norway	Norwegian Krone	NOK	578
Sweden	Swedish Krona	SEK	752

Additional data - As part of the order, you may provide additional data such as:

- Shipping fee. This data is not mandatory for Klarna. There are several options to specify it:
 - 1. The preferred option is to include the shipping fee to the parameter 'shipping', in the same format as 'chargetotal'. 'subtotal' and 'vaxtax' have to be submitted as well in this case. Note that the 'chargetotal' has to be equal to 'subtotal' plus 'shipping' plus 'vattax'. At the same time, the sum of the 'item_total_price' has to be equal to 'chargetotal' without 'shipping'. Do not forget to regard the 'quantity' when calculating the values. See examples below:

chargetotal=89.00 subtotal=58.00 shipping=10.00 vattax=21.00 A;Product A;1;5.0;3.0;2.0;0 B;Product B;5;10.0;7.0;3.0;0 C;Product C;2;12.0;10.0;2.0;0

2. The second option is to include the shipping fee as a separate line item with a specific id: 'IPG_SHIPPING'. Note that the sum of the 'item_total_price' has to be equal to the 'chargetotal'. Do not forget to regard the 'quantity' when calculating the values. See examples below:

chargetotal=85.00 subtotal=63.00 shipping=0.0 vattax=22.00 A;Product A;1;5.0;3.0;2.0;0 B;Product B;5;10.0;7.0;3.0;0 C;Product C;2;12.0;10.0;2.0;0 IPG SHIPPING;Shipping costs;1;6.0;5.0;1.0;0



• Discounts. This data is not mandatory for Klarna.

You can define the discount by submitting the item with a negative amount. See examples below:

chargetotal=84.00

subtotal=62.10

shipping=0.0

vattax=21.90

A:Product A:1:5.0:3.0:2.0:0

B;Product B;5;10.0;7.0;3.0;0

C;Product C;2;12.0;10.0;2.0;0

D;Basic clipboard;1;-1;-0.9;-0.1;0

IPG_SHIPPING;Shipping costs;1;6.0;5.0;1.0;0

■ Handling fee (Charge fee=Invoice fee).

This data is required only for Klarna Invoice and is set to '0' by default it. You can however decide to set the invoice fee to a different extend, via the *Klarna Setup* page in the Gateway office Customisation section.

Note that when a customer will select Invoice as a payment method in the normal HPP flow, the handling fee is automatically added to the order as an additional item with the specific id: 'IPG_HANDLING'.

In case you use (Full)ByPass mode you have to follow certain rules to allow the handling item in your request by submitting:

- an item with id: 'IPG_HANDLING'
 Example: IPG_HANDLING; Transaction fee; 1; 6.0; 6.0; 0; 0
- klarnaPClassID = -1
- klarnaCountry filled in

All other transactions containing 'IPG_HANDLING' item will be declined.

Transaction types mapping

HPP Transaction Type (txntype)	Klarna operation
sale	Not applicable / will be translated into preauth
preauth	reserveAmount
postauth (full and partial)	Activate
void	Cancel_Reservation
	Credit_Invoice

The basket information is required for all PreAuth transactions. PreAuth transactions without items will be declined. The full PostAuth transaction can be submitted without items but the order amount has to be the same as the remaining value of the original transaction.

Void can be used for PreAuth and PostAuth transactions with the restriction that PostAuth transactions can only be voided during the same day.

Note that a PreAuth transaction for Klarna could return the transaction result: WAITING. This status indicates that the transaction is being reviewed by Klarna and will be updated at a later point.



Appendix VI - MasterPass

Refer to the following information when integrating MasterPass as a payment method.

MasterPass is a digital wallet solution provided by participating banks and supported by MasterCard. When purchasing online, customers log in to their MasterPass account and select a stored card for the payment. MasterPass allows users to store MasterCard, Maestro, VISA, American Express and Diners cards. Please note that your customers will however only be able to select the card brands that your Store has been set up for in general.

To learn more about MasterPass, please visit www.masterpass.com.

Checkout Process with MasterPass

The checkout process with MasterPass can be initiated with a "BUY WITH MasterPass" button that you place on your website either as a specifically alternative checkout option or next to other payment methods that you offer.

When consumers click this button, you construct a 'sale' or 'preauth' request with the parameter 'paymentMethod' set to 'masterpass'.

This will take your customer to the MasterPass login screen, from there to the subsequent pages of the digital wallet and finally back to your web shop (responseSuccessURL, responseFailURL or reviewURL).

Alternatively you can let your customers select the payment method on the gateway's hosted payment method selection page. If you prefer that option, simply do not submit the parameter 'paymentMethod'.

Good to know prior the integration

- The Billing Address for a MasterPass transaction is associated with the card stored inside the wallet thus even if you should use the payment gateway's 'payplus' or 'Fullpay' mode, there will be no additional entry form for the Billing Address when a customer uses MasterPass. The Billing Address stored in the wallet will also automatically override any billing address data you may send within your transaction request to the gateway. You will always receive the Billing Address from the wallet in the transaction response even in 'payonly' mode, which is different compared to other payment methods.
- If you use the gateway's 'Fullpay' mode, the **Shipping Address** can be selected by the customer inside the wallet (no additional page for that from the gateway). If you use the 'payonly' or 'payplus' mode, the Shipping Address selection in the wallet gets omitted as a non-required step. Thus you can send the Shipping Address with your request and your customers will not have to select/provide it again inside the wallet (it reduces the number of steps in the transaction flow when purchasing e.g. software products available as downloads where no shipping address is really required).
- For the cases where the shipping address and thus **Shipping Fee** is not clear yet when your customer enters the wallet process by clicking the 'BUY WITH Masterpass' button, you can send additional parameters in your transaction request which allow you to present a final confirmation page with the final amount to your customers when they return from the wallet. The parameter 'reviewOrder' needs to be set to 'true' in order to indicate that the final transaction amount needs to be reviewed by your customer before completion. In addition you will need to provide the URL for your confirmation page in the parameter 'reviewURL'. When your customer confirms the final amount on this page, you will need to send a request to finalise the transaction to the 'redirectURL' that you received in your response from



the gateway. This final request needs to include: oid, ipgTransactionId, subtotal, shipping, vattax, chargetotal, currency and hashExtended.

Note that you can also set a static 'reviewURL' via the Gateway back office (in Customisation/Online store integration/Define the URLs for the integration with your online store section).

• When your Store is activated for 3D Secure, these settings will also apply to your MasterPass transactions. In the specific case of MasterPass, the authentication process will however be handled by MasterCard inside the wallet (MasterPass Advanced Checkout), where supported programmes are limited to MasterCard SecureCode and Verified by Visa (no American Express SafeKey). However, the parameter 'authenticateTransaction' can also be used to dynamically steer the behaviour for MasterPass e.g. depending on the purchase amount. If you submit the parameter 'authenticateTransaction' and set it to 'false', the MasterPass transaction will be initiated using the MasterPass Basic Checkout which doesn't include 3D Secure authentication.

Note that merchants requesting liability shift for MasterPass transactions should use the MasterPass Advanced Checkout/3D Secure and must enable 3D Secure service such that it is invoked within the MasterPass wallet.

- The Card Code (CVV2/CVC2/4DBC) is not required for MasterPass transactions. At the time when a customer adds a card to the wallet, the Card Code gets entered and checked once. No further Card Code entry is required from your customers.
- Address Verification Service (AVS) is handled for MasterPass transactions in the same way as for any
 other card transaction, however as the billing address is associated with a card and stored inside the
 wallet, the AVS result is based on the address stored inside the wallet and not the billing address
 provided by your customer in your web shop.
- MasterPass is not available for **Betting/Casino Gambling** merchants (MCC 7995).

Activate MasterPass for your Test Store

- Obtain the credentials for the sandbox consumer accounts listed in the <u>online documentation</u> provided by MasterCard.
- Make sure your payment gateway test Store ID has been enabled for MasterPass.