# Codigos fuente

## Arnix

# Modo protegido con GRUB

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## 1. Codigos fuente

include

## 1.1. defs.h

```
/********************
         Defs.h
     #ifndef _defs_
#define _defs_
 6
      #define byte unsigned char
#define word short int
11
      #define dword int
12
     13
14
                                                                    /* segmento presente en ↔
     #define ACS_CSEG
#define ACS_DSEG
                                           0x18
                                                                    /* segmento de codigo */
                                           0\,\mathrm{x}\,10
                                                                    /* segmento de datos */
     #define ACS_READ
#define ACS_WRITE
#define ACS_IDT
#define ACS_INT_386
#define ACS_INT
17
                                           0 \times 02
                                                                    /* segmento de lectura */
                                          0x02
ACS_DSEG
18
                                                                    /* segmento de escritura */
19
                                           0x0E /* Interrupt GATE 32 bits */
( ACS_PRESENT | ACS_INT_386 )
20
22
23
24
25
                                            \begin{array}{c|cccc} (ACS\_PRESENT & ACS\_CSEG & ACS\_READ) \\ (ACS\_PRESENT & ACS\_DSEG & ACS\_WRITE) \\ (ACS\_PRESENT & ACS\_DSEG & ACS\_WRITE) \\ \end{array} 
     #define ACS_CODE
#define ACS_DATA
#define ACS_STACK
26
\frac{1}{27}
      #pragma pack (1)
                                           /* Alinear las siguiente estructuras a 1 byte \hookleftarrow
29
      /* Descriptor de segmento */
typedef struct {
  word limit,
30
31
32
33
                base_1;
34
         byte base_m,
35
               access,
36
37
                attribs,
                base_h;
38
      } DESCR_SEG;
39
40
      /* Descriptor de interrupcion */
typedef struct {
  word offset_1,
41
42
43
44
                        selector;
45
        byte
                        cero,
46
47
         word
                        offset_h;
48
49
50
      } DESCR_INT;
      /* IDTR */
typedef struct {
  word limit;
51
52
53
         dword base;
54
55
      } IDTR;
56
```

#### 1.2. kasm.h

```
****************
   #include "defs.h"
   unsigned int
                _{\tt read\_msw}();
10
                 _lidt (IDTR *idtr);
11
   void
12
             _mascaraPIC1 (byte mascara); /* Escribe mascara de PIC1 \hookleftarrow
   void
13
   void
             _mascaraPIC2 (byte mascara); /* Escribe mascara de PIC2 ←
14
15
             16
   void
17
   void
18
19
                              /* Timer tick */
   void
             _int_08_hand();
20
21
   void
             _debug (void);
```

## 1.3. kc.h

```
/**************
     kc.h
3
    #include "defs.h"
    #ifndef _kc_
#define _kc_
6
7
8
9
    #define WHITE TXT 0x07 // Atributo de video. Letras blancas, fondo ←
10
11
     /* Muestra la imagen de inicio */
    void showSplashScreen();
12
\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 14 \end{array}
    /* Tiempo de espera */
void wait(int time);
15
16
17
     /* Limpia la pantalla */
18
19
    void k_clear_screen();
20
     /* Inicializa la entrada del IDT */
21
    void setup_IDT_entry (DESCR_INT *item, byte selector, dword offset, \hookleftarrow
         byte access,
22
                    byte cero);
23
    \#endif
24
```

## 1.4. kernel.h

```
5
           Kernel
 6
 8
      //#ifndef _kernel_
//#define _kernel_
 9
10
11
        /#define OS_PID
12
13
14
         int (*player)(void);
15
      //
//typedef int size_t;
//typedef short int ssize_t;
//typedef enum eINT_80 {WRITE=0, READ} tINT_80;
//typedef enum eUSER {U_KERNEL=0, U_NORMAL} tUSERS;
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
      * Recibe como parametros:

* - File Descriptor
24
25
      * - Buffer del source
26
      * - Cantidad
27
28
      **/
29
30
31
      /* __read
32
      * Recibe como parametros:
      * - File Descriptor
* - Buffer a donde escribir
34
35
36
      * - Cantidad
37
38
      **/
39
40
41
      #endif
```

## 1.5. stdarg.h

```
stdarg.h
2
3
       Provides facilities for stepping through a list of function \hookleftarrow
4
         arguments of
 5
       an unknown number and type.
 6
     7
            with crtdll. If necessary I think you can replace this with \hookleftarrow
8
         the GCC
9
             stdarg.h (or is it vararg.h).
10
      Note that the type used in va\_arg is supposed to match the actual \hookleftarrow
11
     type ^- * *after default promotions*. Thus, va_arg (..., short) is not valid.
12
13
     * This file is part of the Mingw32 package.
14
15
16
       {\tt Contributors}
        Created by Colin Peters <colin@bird.fu.is.saga-u.ac.jp>
17
18
        THIS SOFTWARE IS NOT COPYRIGHTED
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20
        This source code is offered for use in the public domain. You may use, modify or distribute it freely.
^{21}
22
23
        This code is distributed in the hope that it will be useful but
```

```
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25
          HEREBY
        DISCLAMED. This includes but is not limited to warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
26
27
28
29
     * $Revision: 1.1.1.1 $
     * $Author: brandon6684 $
* $Date: 2001/12/18 22:53:51 $
30
31
32
33
34
    /* Appropriated for Reactos Crtdll by Ariadne */
35
    #ifndef STDARG_H
36
    #define STDARG_H
\frac{37}{38}
39
40
     * Don't do any of this stuff for the resource compiler.
41
42
    #ifndef RC_INVOKED
43
44
     * I was told that Win NT likes this.
45
    #ifndef _VA_LIST_DEFINED
#define _VA_LIST_DEFINED
47
48
49
    #endif
50
    #ifndef _VA_LIST
#define _VA_LIST
51
52
    typedef char* va_list;
54
    #endif
55
56
57
58
     * Amount of space required in an argument list (ie. the stack) for an
59
     * argument of type t.
60
        61
62
63
64
65
66
     * Start variable argument list processing by setting AP to point to \hookleftarrow
          the
     * argument after pN.
67
68
    #ifdef __GNUC_
69
70
71
     st In GNU the stack is not necessarily arranged very neatly in order \hookleftarrow
72
     * pack shorts and such into a smaller argument list. Fortunately a
     * neatly arranged version is available through the use of ← __builtin_next_arg.
73
75
    #define va_start(ap, pN)
    ((ap) = ((va_list) __builtin_next_arg(pN)))
#else
76
77
78
79
     * For a simple minded compiler this should work (it works in GNU too \hookleftarrow
          for
80
     * vararg lists that don't follow shorts and such).
81
    #define va_start(ap, pN)
82
    ((ap) = ((va_list) (&pN) + __va_argsiz(pN)))
#endif
83
84
85
86
87
     * End processing of variable argument list. In this case we do \hookleftarrow
88
          nothing.
89
    #define va end(ap) ((void)0)
90
92
```

```
* Increment ap to the next argument in the list while returing a
94
95
      pointer to what ap pointed to first, which is of type t.
96
      We cast to void* and then to t* because this avoids a warning about
97
98
      increasing the alignment requirement.
99
100
    101
102
103
104
    #endif /* Not RC_INVOKED */
105
106
    #endif /* not _STDARG_H_ */
107
```

## 1.6. varargs.h

```
$NetBSD: varargs.h,v 1.11 2005/12/11 12:16:16 christos Exp $ */
 1
 3
      *-
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30
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32
           ANY WAY
        OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY \hookleftarrow
33
            OF
      * SUCH DAMAGE.
34
```

```
* @(\#) varargs.h 8.2 (Berkeley) 3/22/94
36
37
38
     #ifndef VARARGS_H
#define VARARGS_H
39
40
41
     #if !__GNUC_PREREQ_
#define __va_ellipsis
42
43
     #else
44
45
     #define __va_ellipsis
46
     #endif
47
     #if __GNUC_PREREQ_
#define __va_alist_t
\frac{48}{49}
                                        \_\_builtin\_va\_alist\_t
50
51
     #define __va_alist_t
52
     #endif
53
54
55
     #define va_alist
#define va_dcl
                                  __builtin_va_alist
__va_alist_t __builtin_va_alist; __va_ellipsis
56
57
     \#endif
```

 $\operatorname{src}$ 

kernel

#### 1.7. kernel.c

```
#include "../include/kasm.h"
#include "../include/defs.h"
#include "kernel/driver/screen.h"
#include "kernel/system/idt.h"
#include "kernel/driver/keyboard.h"
#include "kernel/system/keyboardlisteners.h"
                                                    /* IDT de 80 entradas*/ /* IDTR */
       DESCR_INT idt[0x80];
 8
 9
       IDTR idtr;
10
11
12
       kmain()
       Punto de entrada de codigo C.
13
14
15
16
       kmain()
17
18
               \verb"init_descriptor_tables"()";
19
              init_int80();
              init_in_out();
init_keyboard();
init_timer_tick();
20
21
22
23
              init_screen();
^{24}
\frac{25}{26}
               {\tt shell\_start}\,(\,)\;;
```

## 1.8. lib.asm

```
1 GLOBAL _read_msw,_lidt
2 GLOBAL _int_08_hand
3 GLOBAL _mascaraPIC1,_mascaraPIC2,_Cli,_Sti
```

```
GLOBAL _debug
     EXTERN int_08
7
8
9
     SECTION .text
10
\frac{11}{12}
13
     _Cli:
14
        cli
                       ; limpia flag de interrupciones
15
16
     _Sti:
17
18
19
         sti
                      ; habilita interrupciones por flag
20
         ret
21
\frac{22}{23}
     _mascaraPIC1:
                               ; Escribe mascara del PIC 1\,
       24
25
26
^{27}
              pop
28
              retn
29
30
     _mascaraPIC2:
                                 ; Escribe mascara del PIC 2\,
         31
32
34
35
              pop
                        ebp
36
37
              retn
38
     _read_msw:
39
             smsw
                                ; Obtiene la Machine Status Word
40
41
42
     _lidt:
43
                            ; Carga el IDTR
44
                        ebp
              push
45
              mov
                        ebp, esp
46
              push
                        \mathtt{ebx}\;,\;\; [\,\mathtt{ss}\colon\; \mathtt{ebp}\;+\;6\,]\;\;;\;\; \mathtt{ds}\colon\mathtt{bx}\;=\;\mathtt{puntero}\;\;\mathtt{a}\;\;\mathtt{IDTR}
47
              mov
         \mathtt{rol}\ \mathtt{ebx}\ , 16
\frac{48}{49}
                                         ; carga IDTR
         lidt [ds: ebx]
pop ebx
50
51
              pop
                        ebp
52
              retn
53
54
55
56
    ; Debug para el BOCHS, detiene la ejecucion para continuar ; colocar \hookleftarrow en el BOCHSDBG: set ex=0
57
58
     _debug:
59
60
              push
              mov
                       bp, sp
              push
61
                      ax
62
                        \mathtt{ax}\ , \quad 1
     vuelve: mov
              \mathtt{cmp}\ \mathtt{ax}\ ,\ 0
64
         jne vuelve
65
         pop ax
                  bр
66
         pop
              retn
```

## 1.9. lib.c

```
#include "../include/kc.h"
3
           *****************
    *k_clear_screen
6
    * Borra la pantalla en modo texto color.
7
8
9
10
     void k_clear_screen()
11
12
         char * vidmem = (char *) 0xb8000;
         unsigned int i=0;
while(i < (80*25*2))
13
14
15
              vidmem[i]='';
16
17
18
              vidmem[i]=WHITE_TXT;
19
20
         };
21
    }
22
23
24
     *setup_IDT_entry
     * Inicializa un descriptor de la IDT
25
26
27
    *Recibe: Puntero a elemento de la IDT
           Selector a cargar en el descriptor de interrupcion
Puntero a rutina de atencion de interrupcion
28
29
30
           Derechos de acceso del segmento
31
32
33
     {\tt void} \ \ {\tt setup\_IDT\_entry} \ \ ({\tt DESCR\_INT} \ *{\tt item} \ , \ \ {\tt byte} \ \ {\tt selector} \ , \ \ {\tt dword} \ \ {\tt offset} \ , \ \ \hookleftarrow
34
         byte access,
35
                   byte cero) {
36
       item->selector = selector;
37
       \verb|item-> offset_1| = offset \& 0xFFFF;
38
       \verb|item-> offset_h| = offset| >> 16;
39
       item->access = access;
40
       item->cero = cero;
```

## 1.10. loader.asm

```
global _loader
global eokl
                              ; making entry point visible to linker
                       ; end of kernel land
                                ; _main is defined elsewhere
 3
     extern kmain
 4
 5
     ; setting up the Multiboot header — see GRUB docs for details MODULEALIGN equ 1{<<}0 ; align loaded module
                                                            ; align loaded modules on page \hookleftarrow
            boundaries
                     equ 1{<<}1 ; provide memory map equ MODULEALIGN | MEMINFO ; this is the Multiboot 'flag' \longleftrightarrow
 8
     MEMINFO
                  equ
 9
     FLAGS
     field
MAGIC
                            0 x 1 B A D B O O 2
                                                            ; 'magic number' lets ←
10
                     equ
          bootloader find the header CKSUM equ -(\texttt{MAGIC} + \texttt{FLAGS})
11
     CHECKSUM
                                                            ; checksum required
12
13
     section .text
14
     align 4
     MultiBootHeader:
15
          dd MAGIC
16
17
          dd FLAGS
18
          dd CHECKSUM
19
          ; reserve initial kernel stack space STACKSIZE equ 0\,\mathrm{x4000} ; that's
20
                                               ; that 's 16k.
```

```
23
          loader:
          mov esp, stack+STACKSIZE; set up the stack push eax; pass Multiboot magic number
24
25
26
                               ; pass Multiboot info structure
27
          call kmain
28
                              ; call kernel proper
29
                         ; halt machine should kernel return
          hlt
30
31
              {\tt dd} \;\; {\tt STACKSIZE} \; + \; {\tt stack}
     eokl
32
          section .bss
33
          {\tt align} \ 32
34
          stack:
          resb STACKSIZE
35
                                    ; reserve 16\mathtt{k} stack on a quadword boundary
```

driver

## 1.11. keyboard.c

```
#include "../system/isr.h"
#include "../system/in_out.h"
#include "../system/keyboardlisteners.h"
 4
     #define KEYBOARD 0x60
#define BUFFER_SIZE 100
 6
     #define LSHIFT_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE 42
#define LSHIFT_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE 170
#define RSHIFT_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE 54
#define RSHIFT_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE 182
 9
10
11
12
13
     #define BLOQ MAYUS SCAN CODE 58
14
15
     char array[BUFFER_SIZE];
16
17
     buffer_t stdin;
18
19
     char * actual_scan_code_table;
     20
21
23
24
     int shift;
25
     int bloq_mayusc;
26
27
     int bloq_mayusc_unpresed();
28
     int bloq_mayusc_presed();
29
30
     \verb|int| bloq_mayusc_presed() \{
          \verb|bloq_mayusc=0|;
31
                32
                     );
33
           return 0;
34
     }
35
36
     \verb|int| bloq_mayusc_unpresed|()|\{
          \label{eq:bloq_mayusc} \begin{split} &\texttt{bloq_mayusc} = 1; \\ &\texttt{add\_key\_listener}(-1, \texttt{BLOQ\_MAYUS\_SCAN\_CODE}\;, \;\; \texttt{bloq\_mayusc\_presed})\;; \end{split}
37
38
39
           return 0;
40
     }
41
    int shift_presed(){
```

```
43
            \mathtt{shift} \!+\!+;
            \verb|actual_scan_code_table=SHIFT_SCAN_CODE_TABLE|;
 44
 45
            return 0;
 46
      }
 47
 48
      _{\hbox{int shift\_relesed}}\left(\,\right)\{
            \mathtt{shift} --;
 49
            if(shift==0){
50
                 actual_scan_code_table=SCAN_CODE_TABLE;
51
 52
 53
            return 0;
 54
      }
 55
      {\tt void} \  \  {\tt IRQ1\_handler(registers\_t\ reg)} \, \{
 56
57
            int tmp;
int i=inb(KEYBOARD);
 58
 59
            if (activate(i)){
 60
                  tmp = (stdin.end+1)%stdin.size;
 61
                  if(tmp!=stdin.start){
62
                       char c=actual_scan_code_table[i];
                       if (blog_mayusc) {
    if (c>='a' && c<='z') {
        c=c+'A'-'a';
    } else if (c>='A' && c<='Z') {
 63
 64
 65
 66
                                   c=c+ 'a'-'A';
 67
 68
                             }
 69
                        stdin.array[stdin.end]=c;
 70
 71
                       stdin.end=tmp;
 72
                 } else {
\frac{73}{74}
                                   //TODO: beep
                 }
75
76
            }
      }
 77
 78
      static void reset(){
 79
            outb (0x64,0xFE);
 80
81
 82
      static int cnrl_alt_supr_manager(){
 83
            reset();
            return 0;
 84
 85
86
 87
 88
      void init_keyboard(){
 89
            register_interrupt_handler(IRQ1,IRQ1_handler);
            stdin.start=stdin.end=0;
 90
 91
            stdin.array=array;
 92
            \verb|stdin.size| = \verb|BUFFER_SIZE|;
93
            add_{in}_{out}(0,\&stdin);
            actual_scan_code_table=SCAN_CODE_TABLE;
bloq_mayusc=0;
 94
95
                 \begin{array}{ll} \text{anit\_key\_listeners} \; () \; ; \\ \text{add\_key\_listener} \; (-1, \text{LSHIFT\_KEY\_PRESED\_SCAN\_CODE} \; , \; \; \text{shift\_presed}) \longleftrightarrow \\ \end{array}
 96
97
98
                  \verb"add_key_listener" (-1, \verb"RSHIFT_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE" , \verb"shift_presed") \hookleftarrow \\
99
                  \verb"add_key_listener" (-1, LSHIFT_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE", \;\; \hookleftarrow \;\;
                  100
                        shift_relesed);
                  \verb"add_key_listener" (-1, \verb"BLOQ_MAYUS_SCAN_CODE" , \verb"bloq_mayusc_unpresed" \leftarrow \verb"ord_mayusc_unpresed")
101
102
103
                  add_key_listener(3, 83, cnrl_alt_supr_manager);
104
```

## 1.12. keyboard.h

```
#ifndef KEYBOARD_H
#define KEYBOARD_H

void init_keyboard();
#endif /* KEYBOARD_H */
```

#### 1.13. screen.c

```
#include "screen.h"
     #include "../system/isr.h"
#include "../system/in_out.h"
      #include "timer.h"
 5
      // The VGA framebuffer starts at 0xB8000. int16_t *video_memory = (int16_t *)0xB8000; // Stores the cursor position.
 6
 8
 9
      #define BUFFER SIZE 1000
11
12
      char array_out[BUFFER_SIZE];
13
      buffer_t stdout;
14
15
     #define ESC '\x1B'
#define BELL '\x07'
16
17
18
19
      #define DEFAULT_SETTINGS 0x07
20
      #define SCREEN_SIZE_X 80
#define SCREEN_SIZE_Y 25
21
23
      \tt uint8\_t \tt screen\_state = 0; // 0= normal, 1= scaped, 2= parameters.
^{24}
25
      #define SCREEN_MAX_PARAM_COUNT 16
26
      \label{eq:uint8_t} \begin{split} & \texttt{uint8_t} & \texttt{screen\_param\_count} = 0; \\ & \texttt{int} & \texttt{screen\_param} \big[ \texttt{SCREEN\_MAX\_PARAM\_COUNT} \big]; \end{split}
27
28
29
      uint8_t screen_cursor_x = 0;
30
      uint8_t screen_cursor_y = 0;
      {\tt uint8\_t \ screen\_settings} \ = \ {\tt DEFAULT\_SETTINGS} \ ;
31
32
      \begin{array}{lll} \mathbf{static} & \mathbf{void} & \mathbf{update\_cursor}\left(\right) & \{ & \\ & \mathbf{int16\_t} & \mathbf{cursorLocation} & = \mathbf{screen\_cursor\_y} & \mathbf{*} & \mathbf{SCREEN\_SIZE\_X} & + & \\ \end{array}
33
34
                  screen_cursor_x;
            outb(0x3D4, 14);
setting the high cursor byte.
                                                                // Tell the VGA board we are \hookleftarrow
35
            \verb"outb" (0x3D5", cursorLocation" >> "8"); // \ {\tt Send the high cursor byte} \,.
36
                                                               // Tell the VGA board we are ↔
            outb(0x3D4, 15);
    setting the low cursor byte.
outb(0x3D5, cursorLocation);
37
                                                                // Send the low cursor byte.
39
40
41
      // Scrolls the text on the screen up by one line.
      static void scroll() {

// Get a space character with the default colour attributes.
42
43
44
            uint8_t attributeByte = (0 /*black*/ << 4) | (15 /*white*/ & 0x0F) \leftrightarrow
45
            int16_t blank = 0x20 /* space */ | (attributeByte << 8);
46
                Row SCREEN\_SIZE\_Y is the end, this means we need to scroll up
47
            if (screen_cursor_y >= SCREEN_SIZE_Y)
48
49
50
                      Move the current text chunk that makes up the screen
51
                   // back in the buffer by a line
52
                  int i;
                   \mbox{for } (\mbox{i} = 0*{\tt SCREEN\_SIZE\_X}\,; \mbox{ i } < (\mbox{SCREEN\_SIZE\_Y}-1)*{\tt SCREEN\_SIZE\_X}\,; \hookleftarrow 
53
                          i++)
54
                  {
```

```
{\tt video\_memory\,[\,i\,]} \ = \ {\tt video\_memory\,[\,i+SCREEN\_SIZE\_X\,]} \, ;
 55
 56
                     int lastLine = SCREEN_SIZE_Y-1;
// The last line should now be blank. Do this by writing
// SCREEN_SIZE_X spaces to it.
for (i = (lastLine)*SCREEN_SIZE_X; i < SCREEN_SIZE_Y**
</pre>
 57
 58
 59
 60
                            SCREEN_SIZE_X; i++)
 61
 62
                            video_memory[i] = blank;
 63
 64
                     screen_cursor_y = (lastLine);
 65
              }
 66
        }
 67
        \begin{array}{lll} static & void & print(char & c) & \{ & & \\ & int16\_t & *location; & & \\ & location & = & video\_memory & + & (screen\_cursor\_y*SCREEN\_SIZE\_X & + & \hookleftarrow \end{array}
 68
 69
                     screen_cursor_x);
 71
              \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{if } (\mbox{c } != \mbox{$^{\prime}$} \backslash \mbox{$b^{\prime}$}) \ \{ \\ \mbox{*location} = (\mbox{$c$} \mid (\mbox{screen\_settings} << 8)); \\ \mbox{if } (++\mbox{screen\_cursor\_x} >= \mbox{SCREEN\_SIZE\_X}) \ \{ \\ \mbox{screen\_cursor\_x} = 0; \end{array}
 72
 73
 74
 75
 76
                            screen\_cursor\_y ++;
 77
 78
              } else {
 79
                     *location = ( ' ' | (screen\_settings << 8));
 80
 81
        }
 82
        static void do_bell() {
   // TODO
 83
 84
 85
        }
 86
 87
        static void do_backspace() {
 88
             if (screen_cursor_x) {
 89
                     screen_cursor_x -
                 else if (screen_cursor_y) {
   screen_cursor_x=SCREEN_SIZE_X -1;
 90
 91
 92
                     screen_cursor_y --;
 93
 94
              print('\b');
 95
 96
        {\tt static \ void \ do\_lineFeed()} \ \{
 97
 98
             screen\_cursor\_x = 0;
              screen_cursor_y++;
 99
100
        }
101
         \begin{array}{lll} {\bf static} & {\bf void} & {\bf do\_tab}\,(\,) & \{ & & \\ & {\bf screen\_cursor\_x} = \,(\,{\bf screen\_cursor\_x} + 8) & \& & {^\frown}(8 - 1)\,; \end{array} 
102
103
       }
104
105
106
        static void do_return() {
107
              screen\_cursor\_x = 0;
108
109
        // Clears the screen, by copying lots of spaces to the framebuffer.
110
        static void screen_clear() {

// Make an attribute byte for the default colours
111
112
              wint8_t attributeByte = (0 /*black*/ << 4) | (15 /*white*/ & 0x0F) \leftrightarrow
113
              int16_t blank = 0x20 /* space */ | (attributeByte << 8);
114
115
116
117
              for (i = 0; i < SCREEN_SIZE_X*SCREEN_SIZE_Y; i++) {
118
                     video_memory[i] = blank;
119
120
              // Move the hardware cursor back to the start.
121
122
              screen\_cursor\_x = screen\_cursor\_y = 0;
123
              update_cursor();
124
       }
125
```

```
126
127
128
                  screen_clear();
129
            }
130
131
      /* Map from ANSI colors to the attributes used by the PC */static uint8_t ansi_colors[8] = \{0,\ 4,\ 2,\ 6,\ 1,\ 5,\ 3,\ 7\};
132
133
134
135
       static void do_scape_m() {
136
            int i;
            for (i=0;i<screen_param_count;i++){
    int dec = screen_param[i]/10;
137
138
                  int u = screen_param[i]%10; if (dec == 0) {
139
140
141
                       switch (u) {
142
                             case 0:
143
                                   screen_settings = DEFAULT_SETTINGS;
144
                                   break;
145
                              case 1:
146
                                   screen_settings = 0x08;
147
                                   break;
148
                              case 4:
149
                                   \verb|screen_settings| \&= 0 \verb|xBB|;
150
                                   break;
151
                              case 5:
                                   \verb|screen_settings| = 0 x80;
152
                       }
153
154
                  } else if (dec = 3) { /* foreground */
155
                        //print('3');
156
                        screen_settings = (0 \text{ xFO } \& \text{ screen_settings}) \mid (0 \text{ xOF } \& \hookrightarrow)
                  ansi_colors[u]); } else if (dec == 4) { /* background */ screen_settings } | (0x0F & \leftrightarrow assi_colors[u]); } screen_settings = (0x0F & screen_settings) | (ansi_colors[\leftrightarrow u] << 4);
157
158
159
                  }
160
            }
161
      }
162
       static void do_scape(char c) {
163
            switch(screen_state) {
164
165
                  case 1:
166
                        if (c == '[') {
                             screen_state = 2;
167
168
                             {\tt screen\_param\_count} \ = \ 1;
169
                             int i=0;
for (;i<=SCREEN_MAX_PARAM_COUNT; i++) {</pre>
170
171
                                   screen_param[i] = 0;
172
173
                        } else {
                             screen_state = 0;
174
175
                        break;
176
177
                  case 2:
                        if (c >= '0' && c <= '9') {
178
                        screen_param [screen_param_count -1] = 10*screen_param[\hookleftarrow screen_param_count -1] + (c-'0'); } else if (c == '; ') {
179
180
181
                             screen_param_count++;
                          else {
182
                             switch (c) {
    case 'm':
183
184
                                        {\tt do\_scape\_m}\,(\,)\;;
185
186
                                   break; case 'J':
187
188
                                         do_scape_J();
189
                                         break;
190
191
                              screen_state = 0;
192
                       break;
193
            }
194
195
      }
196
```

```
197
       // Writes a single character out to the screen.
       void screen_put(char c) {
   if (screen_state > 0) {
198
199
200
                  do_scape(c);
201
                  return;
202
            } else {
                  switch (c) {
203
204
                        case ESC:
205
                             screen_state = 1;
206
                             return:
207
                        case ' \setminus 0':
                             return;
208
209
                        case BELL:
210
                             do_bell();
211
                             return;
212
                        case
213
                             do_backspace();
214
                             break;
215
216
                             do_lineFeed();
217
                             break;
218
                        case
219
                             do_tab();
220
                             break;
221
                        case
222
                             do_return();
223
                             break;
224
                        default:
225
                            print(c);
break;
226
227
228
                  scroll();
229
                  update_cursor();
230
            }
231
       }
232
233
       void screen_write(char *string) {
            int i = 0;
while (string[i]) {
234
235
236
                  screen_put(string[i++]);
237
238
       }
239
       {\color{red} \textbf{static void timer\_print(registers\_t reg)}} \{
240
241
            int i;
            for (i=0; stdout.start!=stdout.end; i++){
    screen_put(stdout.array[stdout.start]);
    stdout.start=(stdout.start+1) %stdout.size;
242
243
244
245
246
      }
247
248
       void init_screen(){
            register_tick_subhandler(timer_print);
249
250
            stdout.start=stdout.end=0;
251
            stdout.array=array_out;
252
            \verb|stdout.size| = \verb|BUFFER_SIZE|;
            \begin{array}{c} {\tt add\_in\_out(1,\&stdout);} \\ {\tt screen\_write("\x1B[2J");} \\ {\tt //screen\_write("\x1B[34;47m");} \end{array}
253
254
255
256
```

## 1.14. screen.h

```
1  /**
2  * screen.h | Interfaz para manejo de pantalla.
3  */
4  #include "../system/common.h"
5  
6  #ifndef SCREEN_H
```

```
#define SCREEN_H
8
     * Escribe un caracter en pantalla.
* @param char c: el caracter a escribir.
9
10
         Scape Characters implementados:
11
                                            Erase Display: Clears the screen and \hookleftarrow
12
             Esc [2J
           moves the cursor to the home position (line 0, column 0).
13
                                  Set Graphics Mode: Calls the graphics ←
14
             \operatorname{Esc}\left[\#;\#;\ldots\right]
           functions specified by the following values. These specified ←
           functions remain active until the next occurrence of this escape ← sequence. Graphics mode changes the colors and attributes of text←
            (such as bold and underline) displayed on the screen.
15
     * Text attributes
16
              All attributes off
Bold on
     * 0
17
19
     * 4
               Underscore (on monochrome display adapter only)
\frac{20}{21}
     * 5
              Blink on
22
     * Foreground colors
                                  Background colors
                                  40 Black
23
              Black
     * 30
               Red
                                       Red
25
      * 32
                                  42
26
     * 33
               Yellow
                                  43
                                        Yellow
27
     * 34
              Blue
                                  44
                                             Blue
28
     * 35
               Magenta
                                  45
                                             Magenta
29
     * 36
                                  46
               Cvan
                                             Cvan
               White
                                             White
30
     * 37
                                  47
31
32
     * Ej: Esc[34;47m (azul en fondo blanco)
33
34
35
     void screen_put(char c);
36
    #endif
```

#### 1.15. timer.c

```
#include "../system/isr.h"
#include "../system/int80.h"
 3
     #define SUB FUNC VEC SIZE 10
 4
 6
     int80_t sub_handler_vec[SUB_FUNC_VEC_SIZE];
     int ticks;
9
     int count_ticks;
10
     int sub_func_count;
11
     void register_tick_subhandler(int80_t func) {
12
          if (sub_func_count < SUB_FUNC_VEC_SIZE -1) {
13
14
                    sub_handler_vec[sub_func_count] = func;
15
                \verb"sub_func_count++;
          }
16
17
     }
18
19
20
     void IRQO_handler(registers_t regs){
^{21}
22
          _{\hbox{\scriptsize if}}\,(\,\hbox{\tt count\_ticks}\,)\,\{
23
               ticks++;
24
          for (i=0;i<sub_func_count;i++){
    sub_handler_vec[i](regs);</pre>
25
26
27
28
     }
29
     void cpu_speed(registers_t regs){
```

```
unsigned long k,t;
          count_ticks=1;
ticks=0;
32
33
34
          _Sti();
35
          k=getRDTSC();
36
          while (ticks < 30);
37
          \mathtt{k} {=} \mathtt{getRDTSC} \; ( \, ) {-} \mathtt{k} \; ;
          _Cli();
count_ticks=0;
38
39
          *((unsigned long*)regs.ebx)=(k/ticks)*18+k/(ticks*5);
40
41
     }
42
43
     void init_timer_tick(){
\frac{44}{45}
          \verb"sub_func_count"=0;
          count_ticks = 0;
46
          register_interrupt_handler(IRQ0,IRQ0_handler);
47
          register_functionality(5,cpu_speed);
48
```

#### 1.16. timer.h

```
#include "../system/int80.h"

#ifndef TIMER_H

#define TIMER_H

void register_tick_subhandler(int80_t func);

void init_timer_tick();

void start_ticks();

void stop_ticks();

int get_ticks();

#endif /* TIMER_H */
```

system

## 1.17. common.h

```
#ifndef COMMON H
     #define COMMON_H
 3
      // Exact-width integer types
 4
     typedef signed char
typedef unsigned char
 5
                                       int8_t;
                                       uint8_t;
 6
      typedef
                   signed short int16_t;
      typedef unsigned short uint16_t;
 9
      typedef
                    signed int
                                       int32_t;
10
     typedef unsigned int
                                       uint32_t;
11
12
     #define NULL ((void*)0)
13
14
     #define PORT_PIC1 0x20
#define PORT_PIC2 0xA0
15
16
     #define SIGNAL_EOI 0x20
17
18
     extern void outw(uint16_t port, uint16_t value);
extern void outb(uint16_t port, uint8_t value);
extern uint8_t inb(uint16_t port);
extern uint16_t inw(uint16_t port);
19
20
22
     extern uint32_t getRDTSC();
```

```
24 |
25 | #endif // COMMON_H
```

#### 1.18. idt.c

```
descriptor_tables.c - Initialises the GDT and IDT, and defines the
 2
 3
                                     default ISR and IRQ handler.
 4
                                     Based on code from Bran's kernel development ←
          tutorials.
                                     Rewritten for JamesM's kernel development \hookleftarrow
 5
          tutorials.
 6
    #include "common.h"
#include "idt.h"
#include "isr.h"
 9
10
11
     // Lets us access our ASM functions from our C code.
extern void idt_flush(uint32_t);
12
13
14
15
     // Internal function prototypes.
     static void init_idt();
static void idt_set_gate(uint8_t, uint32_t, uint16_t, uint8_t);
16
17
18
19
     \verb|idt_entry_t idt_entries[256];|
20
     idt_ptr_t idt_ptr;
21
22
     //\ {\rm Extern} the ISR handler array so we can nullify them on startup.
23
     extern isr_t interrupt_handlers[];
24
25
        Initialisation routine - zeroes all the interrupt service routines,
        initialises the GDT and IDT.
26
27
     void init_descriptor_tables()
\frac{28}{29}
          /* Habilito interrupcion de timer tick*/
30
          _Cli();
          \verb|_mascaraPIC1(0xFE);
31
          _mascaraPIC2(0xFF);
32
33
          _Sti();
34
35
             Initialise the interrupt descriptor table.
36
          init_idt();
37
    }
38
39
40
     static void init_idt()
41
          \mathtt{idt\_ptr.limit} \ = \ \underline{\mathtt{sizeof}} \, (\, \mathtt{idt\_entry\_t} \,) \ * \ 256 \ -1;
42
43
          \verb|idt_ptr.base| = (\verb|uint32_t|) \& \verb|idt_entries|;
44
45
             Remap the irq table.
         outb(0x20, 0x11);
outb(0xA0, 0x11);
46
47
48
          outb(0x21, 0x20);
49
          outb (0xA1, 0x28);
          outb(0x21, 0x04);
50
          outb(0xA1, 0x02);
outb(0x21, 0x01);
51
52
          outb(0xA1, 0x01);
outb(0x21, 0x0);
53
54
55
          outb(0xA1, 0x0);
56
          idt_set_gate( 0, (uint32_t)isr0
                                                   , 0x08, 0x8E);
57
58
          idt_set_gate( 1, (uint32_t)isr1
                                                   , 0x08, 0x8E);
59
          idt_set_gate(2, (uint32_t)isr2
                                                     0x08, 0x8E);
60
          idt_set_gate(3, (uint32_t)isr3
                                                   , 0x08, 0x8E);
          idt_set_gate( 4, (uint32_t)isr4 , 0x08, 0x8E);
idt_set_gate( 5, (uint32_t)isr5 , 0x08, 0x8E);
                                                   , 0x08, 0x8E);
61
62
```

```
63
          idt_set_gate(6,
                             (uint32_t)isr6
                                                 0x08, 0x8E);
64
          idt_set_gate( 7,
                              (uint32_t)isr7
                                                 0x08.
                                                        0x8E):
65
                              (uint32_t)isr8
          idt_set_gate(8,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E);
66
          idt_set_gate( 9,
                              (uint32_t)isr9
                                                        0x8E);
                                                 0x08,
          idt_set_gate(10,
67
                             (uint32_t)isr10
                                                 0x08.
68
          idt_set_gate(11,
                              (uint32_t)isr11
                                                 0x08.
                                                        0x8E
69
          idt_set_gate(12,
                              (uint32_t)isr12
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E)
70
                                                 0x08,
          idt_set_gate(13,
                              (uint32_t)isr13
                                                        0x8E)
71
                              (uint32 t)isr14
                                                 0x08.
                                                        0x8E):
          idt_set_gate(14,
72
          idt_set_gate(15,
                              (uint32_t)isr15
                                                 0x08.
                                                        0x8E)
 73
          idt_set_gate(16,
                              (uint32_t)isr16
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E)
\frac{74}{75}
                              (uint32_t)isr17
                                                         0x8E)
          idt_set_gate(17,
                                                 0x08,
          idt_set_gate(18,
                              (uint32_t)isr18
                                                 0x08.
                                                        0x8E)
76
77
                                                 0x08,
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \ (19 \ ,
                              (uint32_t)isr19
                                                        0x8E)
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \, \big( \, 20 \, , \,
                              (uint32_t)isr20
                                                 0x08.
                                                        0x8E)
78
          {\tt idt\_set\_gate}\,(\,21\,,
                              (uint32_t)isr21,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E)
79
          idt_set_gate(22,
                              (uint32_t)isr22
                              (uint32_t)isr23,
80
          idt_set_gate(23,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E)
81
          idt_set_gate(24)
                              (uint32_t)isr24
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E)
                                                 0x08,
82
          idt_set_gate(25,
                              (uint32_t)isr25
                                                        0 x 8 E )
83
                              (uint32_t)isr26
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \ (26 \ ,
                                                        0x8E):
                                                 0x08.
84
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \, (\, 2\, 7\, ,
                              (uint32_t)isr27,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E):
85
          idt_set_gate(28,
                              (uint32_t)isr28,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E):
86
          idt_set_gate(29,
                             (uint32_t)isr29,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E
                                                 0x08,
87
          idt_set_gate(30,
                              (uint32_t)isr30,
                                                        0x8E)
88
          idt_set_gate(31, (uint32_t)isr31, 0x08, 0x8E);
89
90
          idt_set_gate(32, (uint32_t)irq0, 0x08, 0x8E);
91
          idt_set_gate(33, (uint32_t)irq1, 0x08, 0x8E);
          idt_set_gate(34,
                              (uint32_t)irq2,
                                                0x08,
93
          idt_set_gate(35,
                              (uint32_t)irq3,
                                                80x0
                                                       0x8E)
                                                0\,\mathrm{x}\,\mathrm{08} ,
94
          idt_set_gate(36,
                              (uint32_t)irq4,
                                                       0x8E);
                                                0 x 08,
95
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \, (\, 3\, 7\, ,
                              (\,\mathtt{uint32\_t}\,)\,\mathtt{irq5}\;,
                                                       0x8E);
96
          {\tt idt\_set\_gate} \, (\, 38 \, , \,
                              (uint32_t)irq6,
                                                0x08,
                                                       0x8E):
97
          idt_set_gate(39)
                              (uint32_t)irq7,
                                                0x08,
                                                       0x8E);
98
          idt_set_gate(40,
                              (uint32_t)irq8,
                              (uint32_t) irq9,
99
          idt_set_gate(41,
                                                80x0
                                                       0x8E);
100
          idt_set_gate(42,
                               \verb"uint32_t") \verb"irq10", 0x08", 0x8E")
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E):
101
          idt_set_gate(43,
                              (uint32_t)irq11,
                              (uint32_t) irq12,
102
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \ (44 \, ,
                                                 0x08,
                                                        0x8E);
103
          \mathtt{idt\_set\_gate} \ (45 \ ,
                              (uint32_t)irq13, 0x08, 0x8E);
104
          idt_set_gate (46,
                              (uint32_t)irq14, 0x08,
                                                        0x8E);
105
          idt_set_gate(47, (uint32_t)irq15, 0x08, 0x8E);
106
107
          \verb"idt_set_gate" (0 \texttt{X80} \;,\;\; (\verb"uint32_t")" is \texttt{r80h} \;,\;\; 0 \texttt{x08} \;,\;\; 0 \texttt{x8E}) \;;
108
109
110
111
          idt_flush((uint32_t)&idt_ptr);
112
113
114
     uint8 t flags)
115
     {
116
          idt_entries[num].base_lo = base & 0xFFFF;
117
          idt_entries[num].base_hi = (base >> 16) & 0xFFFF;
118
119
          idt_entries[num].sel
                                       = sel:
120
          idt_entries[num].always0 = 0;
          121
122
123
124
```

## 1.19. idt.h

```
#include "common.h"

// Initialisation function is publicly accessible.
```

```
void init_descriptor_tables();
 6
     // A struct describing an interrupt gate.
     struct idt_entry_struct
                                               // The lower 16 bits of the address \hookleftarrow
9
         uint16_t base_lo;
              to jump to when this interrupt fires.
                                              // Kernel segment selector.
// This must always be zero.
// More flags. See documentation.
// The upper 16 bits of the address ←
10
         uint16_t sel;
         uint8_t always0;
uint8_t flags;
11
12
         uint16_t base_hi;
               to jump to.
14
    \label{eq:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} $\_\_$ attribute\_\_ ((packed)); \end{tabular}
15
     typedef struct idt_entry_struct idt_entry_t;
16
17
       A struct describing a pointer to an array of interrupt handlers.
19
        This is in a format suitable for giving to 'lidt'
\frac{20}{21}
     struct idt_ptr_struct
22
         uint16 t limit:
    uint32_t base;
    in our idt_entry_t array.
} __attribute__((packed));
                                              // The address of the first element \hookleftarrow
23
24
25
26
    typedef struct idt_ptr_struct idt_ptr_t;
27
28
     #define IDT SIZE 256
29
30
    // These extern directives let us access the addresses of our ASM ISR \hookleftarrow
          handlers.
31
     extern void isro ();
32
     extern void isr1
33
     extern void isr2
34
     extern void isr3
35
     extern void
                   isr4
36
     extern void
                   isr5
37
     extern void
                   isr6
38
     extern void
                   isr7
39
     extern void
                   isr8
40
     extern void
                   isr9
     extern void
                   isr10
42
     extern void
43
     extern
             void
                   isr12
44
     extern void isr13 (
45
     extern void
                   isr14(
46
     extern void
                   isr15()
47
     extern void
                   isr16 (
     extern void
                   isr17
49
     extern void
                   isr18
50
     extern void
                   isr19
51
     extern void
                   isr20()
52
     extern void
                   isr21(
53
     extern void
                   isr22
54
     extern void
55
     extern void
                   isr24(
56
     extern void
                   isr25(
57
     extern void
                   isr26
58
     extern void
                   isr27(
59
     extern void
                   isr28()
     extern void
                   isr29
61
     extern void
                   isr30
62
     extern void
                   isr31(
63
     extern void irq0 ()
64
     extern void
                   irq1
65
     extern void irq2 ();
66
     extern void
                   irq3
67
     extern void
                   irq4
68
     extern void irq5
69
     extern void irq6
    extern void irq7 ();
extern void irq8 ();
70
71
     extern void irq9
    extern void irq10();
```

```
74 | extern void irq11();
75 | extern void irq12();
76 | extern void irq13();
77 | extern void irq14();
78 | extern void irq15();
79 |
80 | extern void isr80h();
```

## 1.20. in out.c

```
#include "int80.h"
#include "in_out.h"
 3
       {\tt buffer\_t * in\_out\_vector[10];}
 5
6
7
       {\tt void} \  \  {\tt READ\_INTERRUPT\_handler(registers\_t\ regs)} \, \{
 8
              buffer_t * buff=in_out_vector[regs.ebx];
               \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ \text{for } (i=0; i < \text{regs.edx \&\& buff} -> \text{start!} = \text{buff} -> \text{end}; i++) \\ \end{array} 
10
                              *((char*)(regs.ecx+i))=buff->array[buff->start];
                             \texttt{buff-}\!\!>\!\!\texttt{start}\!=\!\!\!(\texttt{buff-}\!\!>\!\!\texttt{start}+1)\,\%\!\texttt{buff-}\!\!>\!\!\texttt{size}\,;
11
12
               \inf_{\mathbf{if}} (\mathbf{i} < \mathtt{regs.edx}) \{ \\ *((\mathtt{char}*)(\mathtt{regs.ecx} + \mathbf{i})) = ' \setminus 0';
13
14
15
16
17
       {\tt void} \  \  {\tt WRITE\_INTERRUPT\_handler(registers\_t\ regs)} \, \{
18
              int i;
int tmp;
19
20
              the cmp,
buffer_t * buff=in_out_vector[regs.ebx];
tmp=(buff->end+1)%buff->size;
21
22
23
               \begin{array}{lll} & \texttt{for} \ ( \ \mathbf{i} = 0; \mathbf{i} < \texttt{regs.edx} \  \  \&\& \  \  \, \texttt{tmp!} = \texttt{buff-} > \texttt{start} \ ; \ \mathbf{i} + +, \texttt{tmp} = (\texttt{buff-} > \texttt{end} + 1) \ \% \texttt{buff} \\ & \leftarrow \\ & \end{array}
                       ->size){
                      buff->end]=*((char*)(regs.ecx+i)); buff->end=tmp;
24
25
26
              }
27
       }
28
29
       30
              in_out_vector[n]=buff;
31
       }
32
33
34
       \verb"init_in_out"()" \{
35
              {\tt register\_functionality} \; (3 \; , {\tt READ\_INTERRUPT\_handler} \; ) \; ;
              {\tt register\_functionality} \ (4\ , {\tt WRITE\_INTERRUPT\_handler'})\ ;
36
37
```

## 1.21. in out.h

```
#ifndef IN_H
#define IN_H

struct buffer_struct

function

int size;
char * array;
int start;
int end;
};
```

```
13 | typedef struct buffer_struct buffer_t;
14 |
15 | #endif // IN_H
```

## 1.22. int80.c

```
#include "isr.h"
#include "int80.h"
 2
3
       #define SUB_FUNC_VEC_SIZE 10
 4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
       int80_t sub_funcs_vec[SUB_FUNC_VEC_SIZE];
       void register_functionality(uint8_t n, int80_t func) {
   if(n<SUB_FUNC_VEC_SIZE){</pre>
12
13
                    sub_funcs_vec[n] = func;
14
15
16
       void int80_handler(registers_t regs){
   if(regs.eax<SUB_FUNC_VEC_SIZE){</pre>
17
18
19
                     sub_funcs_vec[regs.eax](regs);
20
21
22
23
       void nofunc(registers_t regs){
\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 24 \\ 25 \end{array}
       }
26
27
28
29
       \textcolor{red}{\texttt{void}} \hspace{0.2cm} \texttt{init\_int80()} \hspace{0.1cm} \{
              \begin{array}{ll} & \texttt{int i;} \\ & \texttt{for (i=0;i} < \texttt{SUB\_FUNC\_VEC\_SIZE;i++}) \{ \end{array}
30
31
                     sub_funcs_vec[i]=nofunc;
32
33
              \verb"register_interrupt_handler" (0 X80 , int80_handler");
34
```

## 1.23. int80.h

```
#include "isr.h"

#ifndef INT80_H

#define INT80_H

typedef void (*int80_t)(registers_t);
void register_functionality(uint8_t n, int80_t func);

void init_int80();

#endif /* INT80_H */
```

## 1.24. isr.c

```
1 #include "common.h"
```

```
#include "isr.h"
#include "idt.h"
3
 4
     isr_t interrupt_handlers[IDT_SIZE];
     void register_interrupt_handler(uint8_t n, isr_t handler) {
 8
          interrupt_handlers[n] = handler;
9
10
11
     void isr_handler(registers_t regs) {
12
          if (regs.int_no==-128){//cableo orrendo, pero por alguna razon me ↔
                lo pone negativo
13
                \verb"regs.int_no*=-1";
14
           if (interrupt_handlers[regs.int_no] != NULL) {
   isr_t handler = interrupt_handlers[regs.int_no];
   handler(regs);
15
16
17
18
19
     }
20
21
     void irq_handler(registers_t regs) {
   if (regs.int_no >= IRQ8) {
      outb(PORT_PIC2, SIGNAL_EOI);
22
23
24
25
           outb(PORT_PIC1 , SIGNAL_EOI);
26
          isr_handler(regs);
27
```

## 1.25. isr.h

```
#include "common.h'
      #ifndef ISR H
      #define ISR_H
     // A few defines to make life a little easier \# \mathbf{define} IRQ0 32 \# \mathbf{define} IRQ1 33
 6
      #define IRQ2
10
      #define IRQ3 35
      #define IRQ4 36
     #define IRQ5 37
#define IRQ6 38
#define IRQ7 39
12
13
14
      #define IRQ8 40
15
      #define IRQ9 41
16
17
      #define IRQ10 42
18
      #define IRQ11 43
     #define IRQ12 44
#define IRQ13 45
#define IRQ14 46
19
20
\frac{1}{21}
      #define IRQ15 47
23
24
      typedef struct registers
25
                                                           // Data segment selector
26
            uint32_t ds;
27
            \verb"uint32_t" edi\;, \; \verb"esi", \; \verb"ebp", \; \verb"esp", \; \verb"ebx", \; \verb"edx", \; \verb"ecx", \; \verb"eax"; \; // \; \; \mathrm{Pushed} \; \; \mathrm{by} \; \hookleftarrow
                  pusha.
28
                                                          // Interrupt number and error code (\hookleftarrow
            uint32_t int_no , err_code;
                  if applicable)
            uint32_t eip, cs, eflags, useresp, ss; // Pushed by the processor \hookleftarrow automatically.
29
30
      } registers_t;
31
       / Enables registration of callbacks for interrupts or IRQs.
33
          For IRQs, to ease confusion, use the #defines above as the
     // For news, we call
// first parameter.
typedef void (*isr_t)(registers_t);
void register_interrupt_handler(uint8_t n, isr_t handler);
34
35
```

```
37 |
38 | #endif //ISR_H
```

## 1.26. keyboardlisteners.c

```
#ifndef KEYBOARDLISTENER H
     #define KEYBOARDLISTENER H
 3
     #define MAX_SCAN_CODE 300
 4
 5
    #define CTRL_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE 29
#define CTRL_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE 157
 6
    #define ALT_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE 56
#define ALT_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE 184
10
\frac{11}{12}
     typedef int (*key_listener)();
13
14
     int activate(int scan_code);
15
     void add_key_listener(int mode, int scan_code, key_listener listener);
16
     void init_key_listeners();
17
     #endif //KEYBOARDLISTENER H
```

## 1.27. keyboardlisteners.h

```
#ifndef KEYBOARDLISTENER_H
    #define KEYBOARDLISTENER_H
3
4
    #define MAX_SCAN_CODE 300
5
    #define CTRL_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE 29
#define CTRL_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE 157
6
    #define ALT_KEY_PRESED_SCAN_CODE 56
#define ALT_KEY_RELESED_SCAN_CODE 184
9
10
11
12
    typedef int (*key_listener)();
13
14
    int activate(int scan_code);
15
    void add_key_listener(int mode, int scan_code, key_listener listener);
16
    void init_key_listeners();
17
    #endif //KEYBOARDLISTENER H
18
```

#### 1.28. idt.asm

asm

```
[GLOBAL idt_flush] ; Allows the C code to call idt_flush().

idt_flush:

mov eax, [esp+4] ; Get the pointer to the IDT, passed as a 
parameter.

lidt [eax] ; Load the IDT pointer.

ret
```

```
{\tt \%macro\ ISR\_NOERRCODE\ 1}
9
       {\tt global \ isr \%1}
       isr %1:
10
11
         cli
                                               ; Disable interrupts firstly.
                                                ; Push a dummy error code.
12
          {\tt push \ byte} \ 0
13
          push byte %1
                                                ; Push the interrupt number.
14
          jmp isr_common_stub
                                               ; Go to our common handler code.
     %endmacro
15
16
     ; This macro creates a stub for an ISR which passes it's own
17
18
       error code.
19
     %macro ISR_ERRCODE 1
       {\tt global \ isr \%1}
20
21
       isr %1:
22
                                                ; Disable interrupts.
         cli
          push byte \%1
23
                                                ; Push the interrupt number
24
          jmp isr_common_stub
25
     %endmacro
\frac{26}{27}
     ; This macro creates a stub for an IRQ — the first parameter is ; the IRQ number , the second is the ISR number it is remapped to . \% \text{macro} IRQ 2
28
29
30
       global irq %1
31
       irq %1:
32
          cli
         \begin{array}{cccc} \text{push} & \text{byte} & 0 \\ \text{push} & \text{byte} & \% 2 \end{array}
33
34
35
          jmp irq_common_stub
     %endmacro
36
37
38
     {\tt ISR\_NOERRCODE} \ \ 0
39
     {\tt ISR\_NOERRCODE} \ 1
40
     {\tt ISR\_NOERRCODE} \ \ 2
41
     ISR_NOERRCODE
42
     ISR_NOERRCODE
43
     ISR_NOERRCODE
44
     ISR_NOERRCODE
45
     ISR_NOERRCODE
                       7
46
     ISR ERRCODE
     ISR_NOERRCODE 9
47
48
     ISR_ERRCODE 10
     ISR_ERRCODE
50
     ISR_ERRCODE
51
     ISR_ERRCODE
                       13
52
     ISR_ERRCODE
                       14
     ISR_NOERRCODE 15
53
     ISR_NOERRCODE 16
54
     ISR_NOERRCODE 17
55
     ISR_NOERRCODE
57
     {\tt ISR\_NOERRCODE} \ 19
58
     ISR_NOERRCODE 20
59
     ISR_NOERRCODE 21
     ISR_NOERRCODE
60
     ISR_NOERRCODE 23
61
62
     ISR_NOERRCODE 24
63
     ISR_NOERRCODE
\frac{64}{65}
     {\tt ISR\_NOERRCODE} \ 26
     ISR_NOERRCODE 27
     ISR_NOERRCODE 28
66
67
     ISR_NOERRCODE
68
     ISR_NOERRCODE 30
69
     ISR_NOERRCODE 31
70
\frac{71}{72}
     TRO
             0.
                     32
                     33
     ΙRΩ
             1,
73
             2,
     IRQ
                     34
74
             3,
     IRQ
                     35
75
76
77
     IRQ
     IRO
             5,
                     37
     IRO
             6,
                     38
78
     IRO
             7,
                     39
79
             8,
     IRO
                     40
     IRQ
                     41
     IRQ
            10,
```

```
82
                   TRO
                                      11,
                                                                 43
   83
                                      12,
                   I R.O
                                                                 44
                                   13,
    84
                   IRQ
                                                                 45
    85
                   IRQ
                                      14,
                                                                  46
    86
                                    15,
   87
                          global isr80h
   88
   89
                          isr80h:
                                                                                                                                               ; Disable interrupts firstly.
   90
                                 cli
                                                                                                                                               ; Push a dummy error code.
   91
                                 push byte 0
                                 push byte 128
                                                                                                                                                ; Push the interrupt number.
   93
                                 jmp isr_common_stub
                                                                                                                                              ; Go to our common handler code.
   94
   95
   96
                   ; In isr.c
   97
                   extern isr_handler
   98
   99
                   ; This is our common ISR stub. It saves the processor state, sets
 100
                   ; up for kernel mode segments, calls the C-level fault handler,
                  ; and finally restores the stack frame. isr_common_stub:
 101
 102
 103
                                pusha
                                                                                                                                    ; Pushes edi, esi, ebp, esp, ebx, edx, ecx, eax
 104
 105
                                 \mathtt{mov} ax, ds
                                                                                                                                    ; Lower 16-{\tt bits} of eax ={\tt ds} .
106
                                 push eax
                                                                                                                                     ; save the data segment descriptor
107
                                 mov ax, 0 \times 10 ; load the kernel data segment descriptor
108
109
                                 \verb"mov ds", \verb"ax"
                                 \verb"mov" es , \verb"ax"
110
 111
                                 mov fs, ax
 112
                                 mov gs, ax
113
114
                                  call isr_handler
115
 116
                                                                                          ; reload the original data segment descriptor
                                 pop ebx
 117
                                  mov ds, bx
 118
                                  mov es, bx
 119
                                  \verb"mov fs", bx"
120
                                 \verb"mov gs", bx"
121
122
                                                                                                                                   ; Pops edi, esi, ebp...
                                 popa
123
                                  add esp, 8
                                                                                          ; Cleans up the pushed error code and pushed ISR \hookleftarrow
                                              number
                                  sti
124
125
                                  iret
                                                                                            ; pops 5 things at once: CS, EIP, EFLAGS, SS, and \hookleftarrow
126
127
                   ; In isr.c
 128
                   extern irq_handler
 129
                   ; This is our common IRQ stub. It saves the processor state, sets % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left
 130
 131
                   ; up for kernel mode segments, calls the C-level fault handler,
 132
                        and finally restores the stack frame.
                   irq_common_stub:
 133
 134
                                 pusha
                                                                                                                                    ; Pushes edi, esi, ebp, esp, ebx, edx, ecx, eax
 135
 136
                                 \mathtt{mov}\ \mathtt{ax}\ ,\ \mathtt{ds}
                                                                                                                                    ; Lower 16-{\tt bits} of {\tt eax}={\tt ds} .
                                                                                                                                    ; save the data segment descriptor
137
                                 push eax
 138
                                 mov ax, 0x10 ; load the kernel data segment descriptor
139
 140
                                 \verb"mov ds", \verb"ax"
 141
                                  mov es, ax
142
                                  {\tt mov} fs, {\tt ax}
143
                                 \verb"mov gs", \verb"ax"
144
145
                                 call irq_handler
 146
 147
                                                                                            ; reload the original data segment descriptor
                                 pop ebx
 148
                                  mov ds, bx
 149
                                 \verb"mov" es \,, \>\> \verb"bx"
 150
                                 \verb"mov" fs \,, \>\> \verb"bx"
 151
                                 mov gs, bx
 152
 153
                                 popa
                                                                                                                                   ; Pops edi, esi, ebp...
```

## 1.29. common.asm

```
global outb
       global outw
 3
4
5
       global inb
       global inw
       global getRDTSC
 6
7
8
9
       getRDTSC:
            rdtsc
             ret
10
11
            12
13
14
15
             ret
16
17
       outw:
           18
19
20
             \operatorname{out} \operatorname{dx}, \operatorname{ax}
21
             ret
22
23
            24
25
26
27
             ret
28
             \begin{array}{c} \texttt{mov} \ \texttt{dx} \ , \ \ [\ \texttt{esp} + 4] \\ \texttt{in} \ \texttt{ax} \ , \ \ \texttt{dx} \end{array}
29
30
31
```

 $\operatorname{std}$ 

## 1.30. getchar.c

```
#include "stdio.h"
                                                        #define STREAM_SIZE 500
                                                          typedef int (*flusher)(char * streampointer);
        5
6
7
8
                                                        char stream[STREAM_SIZE];
                                                        char * streamout=stream;
        9
  10
                                                        \begin{array}{lll} & \texttt{int} & \texttt{intro\_flush} \, (\texttt{char} \, * \, \texttt{streampointer}) \, \{ & \texttt{if} \, (*\texttt{streampointer} = ! \setminus n \, ! \mid 1 > = \texttt{STREAM\_SIZE} \, - (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{stream}) \, \hookleftarrow \, \\ & & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{stream}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer} - \texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise} \, (\texttt{streampointer}) \, \longleftrightarrow \, \\ & \texttt{otherwise
  11
12
                                                                                                                                                                        -1)\{
  13
                                                                                                                                                                        return 1;
14
15
  16
                                                                                                                return 0;
                                                     }
17
18
```

```
19
20
21
22
                     streamout=stream;
23
                     char * streamin=stream;
24
                     int i,j;
                     \begin{array}{l} \textbf{for} \; (\; \textbf{i} = \! 0; \textbf{i} \! < \! \textbf{STREAM\_SIZE} \; ; \; \textbf{i} \! + \! + \! ) \{ \end{array}
25
26
                            stream[i]='\setminus 0';
27
                      \frac{1}{\text{while}} (!intro_flush(streamin)){
28
29
                            if(*streamin!='\setminus 0')
30
                                    \mathtt{streamin} ++;
                             31
\frac{32}{33}
                                   printf(streamin);
34
35
                             else if (*streamin = ' \b')
                                     \begin{array}{c} \text{if} (\texttt{streamin} > \texttt{stream}) \{ \\ \text{printf} (\texttt{"} \backslash \texttt{b"}) ; \\ * \texttt{streamin} \texttt{=} \texttt{'} \backslash \texttt{0} \texttt{'}; \end{array} 
36
37
38
39
                                           streamin --;
40
                                    *streamin='\0';
} else if(*streamin=='\t'){
41
42
43
                                                         *streamin='\setminus 0';
44
45
46
                     c=*streamout:
47
48
              streamout++;
49
50
51
```

## 1.31. printf.c

```
#include "stdio.h"
      3
                                 static void prints(char * string);
       4
      5
                                 static \ char * number Base Nto String (unsigned \ int \ number \,, \ int \ base \,, \ char \hookleftarrow
                                                                 * out);
      6
                                 void putchar(char c){
       7
                                                                \_write(1,&c,1);
      8
      9
 10
 11
                                 void printf( char * formatString, ...) {
                                                            int integer;
unsigned int unsigenedInteger;
char * string;
 12
 13
 14
                                                              char out [40];
 15
 16
 17
                                                                va_list args;
 18
 19
                                                                {\tt va\_start} \, (\, {\tt args} \, \, , \, \, \, {\tt formatString} \, ) \, ;
 20
 21
                                                                 while ( *formatString != ' \setminus 0 ' )
22
\frac{23}{24}
\frac{25}{25}
                                                                                                  \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace
                                                                                                                                {\tt formatString}++;
 26
 27
                                                                                                                                 switch(*formatString){
 28
 29
                                                                                                                                                                               integer = va_arg(args, char);
30
                                                                                                                                                                         putchar(integer);
                                                                                                                              break;
31
 32
```

```
\begin{array}{lll} \mathtt{string} \; = \; \mathtt{va\_arg} \, (\, \mathtt{args} \; , \, \mathtt{char} \; \; *) \; ; \\ \mathtt{prints} \, (\, \mathtt{string} \, ) \; ; \end{array}
 33
 34
 35
                                                    break;
 36
                                                 'd'
                                      case
                                                   integer = va_arg(args,int);
if(integer < 0){
   integer = -integer;
   putchar('-');</pre>
 37
 38
 39
 40
 41
 42
                                                    prints (numberBaseNtoString (integer, 10, out));
 43
                                                    break;
 44
 45
                                                    {\tt unsigenedInteger} \ = \ {\tt va\_arg} \, (\, {\tt args} \, , \ {\tt unsigned} \ int \, ) \, ;
                                                    \texttt{prints} \, (\, \texttt{numberBaseNtoString} \, (\, \texttt{unsigenedInteger} \,\, , 10 \,\, , \texttt{out} \,) ) \! \hookleftarrow \!
 46
 47
                                                    break;
 48
 49
                                                    integer = va_arg(args, unsigned int);
 50
                                                    {\tt prints} \, (\, {\tt numberBaseNtoString} \, (\, {\tt integer} \, , 8 \, , {\tt out} \, ) \, ) \, ;
 51
                                                    break;
                                      case 'x':
 52
                                                   unsigenedInteger = va_arg( args, unsigned int);
prints(numberBaseNtoString(unsigenedInteger,16,out))↔
 53
 54
 55
                                                    break;
 56
                                      case ' %':
                                                    putchar('%');
 57
 58
                                                    break:
 59
 60
                            } else{
 61
                                     putchar(*formatString);
 62
 63
                             formatString++;
 64
 65
                    va_end(args);
 66
          }
 67
           \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{static} \ \ \mathbf{void} \ \ \mathbf{prints} \, (\, \mathbf{char} \, * \, \mathbf{string} \, ) \, \{ \\ \mathbf{while} \, (* \, \mathbf{string} \, != \, \, |\, \, \, \, \, \, ) \, \{ \\ \mathbf{putchar} \, (* \, \mathbf{string} \, ) \, ; \end{array} 
 68
 69
 70
 71
                            string++;
 72
 73
          }
 74
 75
 76
          static char * numberBaseNtoString(unsigned int number, int base, char \leftrightarrow
                    * out){
 77
 78
                    int digits [40];
                   int position = 0;
char * numbers = "0123456789ABCDEF";
 79
 80
 81
                   int index = 0;
 82
                    \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{if} \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mbox{number} & != & 0 \end{array} \right) \left\{ \\ \mbox{while} \left( \begin{array}{cc} \mbox{number} > & 0 \end{array} \right) \left\{ \end{array} \right. \end{array}
 83
 84
                                     if (number < base) {
 85
                                                    {\tt digits[position]} \; = \; {\tt number} \; ;
 86
 87
                                                   number = 0:
 88
                                      } else {
 89
                                                    \label{eq:digits_position} \begin{split} \tilde{\text{digits}} \, [\, \tilde{\text{position}} \,] \, &= \, \text{number} \, \, \, \% \, \, \text{base} \,; \end{split}
 90
                                                    number /= base;
 91
 92
                                      position++;
 93
                            }
 94
                            \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{for} ( \mbox{ index} = 0 \ ; \mbox{ position} > 0 \ ; \mbox{ position} --, \mbox{ index} ++ ) \{ & \mbox{ out} [\mbox{ index}] = \mbox{ numbers} [\mbox{ digits} [\mbox{ position} -1] \ \% \mbox{ base}]; \end{array}
 95
 96
 97
                             out[index] = ' \setminus 0';
 98
 99
                   } else
                            out[0] = '0';
out[1] = '\0';
100
101
102
                   }
103
```

```
104 | return out;
105 | }
```

#### 1.32. scanf.c

```
#include "../../include/varargs.h"
#include "../../include/stdarg.h"
     #include "string.h"
 3
 4
 5
     \verb|int( readFromStr)(char *formatString, char *format, ...)| \{
 6
           va_list ap;
va_start ( ap, format );
float *f;
 7
 8
           int conv = 0, *integer, index, resp = 0,j; char *a, *fp, *sp = formatString, buf [256] = { '\0'};
 9
10
11
           for (fp = formatString; *fp != '\0'; fp++) { for (index = 0; *sp != '\0' && *sp != ' '; index++) { buf[index] = *sp++;
12
13
14
15
                 buf[index] = ' \setminus 0';
while (*sp == ' ') {
16
17
18
                      sp++;
19
20
                 while (*fp != '%') {
21
                      fp++;
                }
if (*fp == '%') {
    '*ah (*++fp
\frac{22}{23}
                      switch (*++fp) {
case 'd':
24
25
                            26
27
28
29
30
                            stinteger = resp;
31
                            break;
32
                      case 's':
                            a = va_arg ( ap, char * );
strcpy(buf, a);
33
34
35
36
                            break;
37
                      conv++;
38
                }
39
40
           va_end ( ap );
41
           return conv;
42
```

## 1.33. stdio.h

```
#include "../../include/varargs.h"
#include "../../include/stdarg.h"

#ifndef STDIO_H
#define STDIO_H

char getchar();
void putchar(char c);
void printf( char * formatString, ...);

#endif //STDIO_H
```

## 1.34. string.c

```
int strcmp(char* str1, char * str2){
            int i;
for(i=0;str1[i]!='\0' && str1[i]!='\0' ;i++){
    if(str1[i]!=str2[i]){
        return str1[i]-str2[i];
}
 3
 4
5
6
7
 8
            }
if(str1[i]=='\0' && str2[i]=='\0'){
                 return str1[i]-str2[i];
10
11
            return 1;
12
      }
13
14
15
16
      void strcpy(char * str_des,char * str_ori){
17
            for (i=0; str_ori[i]!= '\0'; i++){
    str_des[i]=str_ori[i];
18
19
20
21
            str_des[i] = ' \setminus 0';
22
      }
23
24
25
      _{\hbox{int strlen}\,(\,\hbox{char}\ast\ \hbox{str}\,)\,\{}
            int i;
for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++);
return i;
26
27
28
```

## 1.35. string.h

```
#ifndef STRING_H

#define STRING_H

int strcmp(char* str1, char * str2);
void strcpy(char * str_des, char * str_ori);
int strlen(char* str);

#endif /* STRING_H */
```

## 1.36. systemcall.asm

```
global __read
     global __write
global __cpuspeed
4
5
6
7
8
     SECTION .text
     __read:
              mov ecx, [\mathtt{esp} + 8]
 9
          \verb"mov" eax", 3
          10
11
12
13
          ret
14
15
16
              mov ecx, [\mathtt{esp} + 8]
```

```
\verb"mov" eax", 4
18
          \verb"mov" ebx", \quad [\verb"esp+4"]
19
          \verb"mov" edx", [esp+12]
20
          int 80h
^{21}
22
23
     __cpuspeed:
24
           25
26
           int 80h
```

## 1.37. systemcall.h

```
#ifndef SYSTEMCALL H
#define SYSTEMCALL_H

void __read(int fd, void* buffer, int count);
void __write(int fd, const void* buffer, int count);
void __cpuspeed(void * ips);

#endif /* SYSTEMCALL_H */
```

user

#### 1.38. commands.c

```
#include "commands.h"
 3
      #include "../std/string.h"
      #define NULL 0
#define COMMAND_MAX_CANT 20
 5
 6
      command_t command_list[COMMAND_MAX_CANT];
 9
      int commands_added=0;
10
      char** get_command_list() {
   char* commands[COMMAND_MAX_CANT];
   int i;
11
12
13
             \begin{array}{l} \text{for} \; (\, \mathtt{i} \! = \! 0; \mathtt{i} \! < \! \mathtt{commands\_added} \; ; \, \mathtt{i} \! + \! +) \; \; \{ \end{array}
14
15
                   commands[i] = command_list[i].name;
16
             commands[i] = NULL;
17
18
19
             return commands;
      }
20
21
      void add_command(char * name, main function){
22
             if ( {\tt commands\_added} \!<\! {\tt COMMAND\_MAX\_CANT} \, ) \, \{
\frac{23}{24}
                   command_list [commands_added].name=name;
command_list [commands_added].start=function;
25
                   commands_added++;
26
             }
27
      }
28
29
      \mathtt{main get\_command} \, (\, \mathtt{char} \, \, * \, \, \mathtt{name} \, ) \, \{ \,
             int i;
for(i=0;i<commands_added;i++){
   if(!strcmp(command_list[i].name,name)){</pre>
\frac{30}{31}
32
33
                         return command_list[i].start;
34
35
             return NULL;
36
```

37 | }

#### 1.39. commands.h

```
#ifndef COMMANDS H
     #define COMMANDS H
 3
\frac{4}{5}
     typedef int (*main)(int argc,char * argv[]);
 6
7
     {\color{red} {\bf struct}} command_struct {
 8
          char * name;
 9
           main start;
10
     };
11
     typedef struct command_struct command_t;
12
13
     void add_command(char * name, main function);
main get_command(char * name);
14
15
16
17
     {\tt char} \; * \; {\tt autocomplete} \, (\, {\tt char} \; * \; {\tt name} \, ) \; ;
18
     #endif //COMMANDS H
19
```

## 1.40. shell.c

```
#include "shell.h"
    #include "../std/stdio.h"
#include "../std/string.h"
 3
 5
 6
7
     #include "commands.h"
     #define NULL 0
9
     #define COMAND_LINE_MAX 1000
10
     #define HISTORY_MAX 20
char* history[HISTORY_MAX][COMAND_LINE_MAX];
int history_current = 0;
11
12
13
14
     int history_count = 0;
15
     char * name="user";
char * pcname="thispc";
16
17
18
19
20
     char * strnormalise(char * str){
               21
22
23
24
25
26
27
                // elimina espacios del principio
while(str[0]==' '){
    str=str+1;
\frac{28}{29}
30
31
32
                 //elimina espacios del final
                for(i=strlen(str)-1;i>0 && str[i]==' ';i--){
    str[i]='\0';
33
34
35
                //elimina espacios repetidos en el medio for (j=0; str[j]!= '\0'; j++){
36
37
```

```
if(str[j]==' '&& str[j+1]==' '){
 38
 39
                                                strcpy(str + j, str + j + 1);
 40
                                                j--;
 41
                                  }
 42
 43
                     return str;
 44
 45
       void printuser() {  printf(" \ x1B \ [3\,2m\%@\,\%: \ x1B \ [0m", name, pcname); 
 46
 47
 48
 49
       int execute(char* comand, int argcant, char * argvec[]) {    if(comand[0]== '\0'){
 50
 51
                    return 0;
 52
 53
 54
              main start=get_command(comand);
 55
              if (start==NULL){
 56
                   printf("invalid comand: % \n", comand);
return -1;
 57
 58
 59
              return start(argcant, argvec);
 60
       }
 61
 62
        _{\hbox{int}} \ \ \hbox{parseline} \, (\,) \, \{ \,
              char c;
int i=0;
char comand_line[COMAND_LINE_MAX];
 63
 64
 65
              while ((c=getchar())!='\n' && i < COMAND_LINE_MAX - 3) {
    comand_line[i]=c;
 66
 67
 68
 69
              \label{eq:comand_line_max} \begin{array}{l} \text{if (i)}{=}\text{comand\_Line\_max} - 3) \{ \\ & \text{while (getchar ()!}{=} \ | \ \setminus \text{n'}); \\ & \text{printf ("\n");} \end{array}
 70
 71
 72
 73
 74
              comand_line[i] = ' \setminus 0';
 75
76
              char* command=strnormalise(comand_line);
             char* command=strhormalise(comand_line
int argcant=0;
char * argvec[50];
    int in_quotes = 0;
for(i=0;command[i]!='\0';i++){
    if(command[i]==' '&& !in_quotes){
        command[i]='\0';
    }
}
 77
 78
 79
 80
 81
                            \verb|argvec[argcant|| = & \verb|command[i+1]|;
 82
83
                            84
 85
                                         in_quotes = !in_quotes;
 86
 87
              return execute (command, argcant, argvec) ==-15;
 88
 89
       }
 90
 91
        int exit_shell(int argc, char* argv[]){
 92
                 return -15;
 93
 94
 95
        int echo_shell(int argc, char* argv[]){
              for (i=0;i<argc;i++){
    printf("%\n",argv[i]);</pre>
 96
 97
 98
 99
100
              return 0;
101
       }
102
103
        int getCPUspeed_shell(){
              unsigned long ips;
104
105
                _cpuspeed(&ips);
              __cpuspecu(alps),

//printf("Su procesador esta ejecutando %l instrucciones por ⇔

segudo.\n",ips);

printf("La velocidad en MHz es:%d.%d MHz\n",(ips)/(1024*1024)↔

,((10*ips)/(1024*1024))%10);

return 0;
106
107
108
109
```

```
110
          \begin{array}{ll} \text{int clear\_shell()} \{ & \text{printf("} \backslash x1B[2\,J"); \\ & \text{return 0}; \\ \end{array}
111
112
113
114
115
          int help_shell(){
    printf("These are the commands available: \n");
    char** commands = get_command_list();
    int i = 0;
116
117
118
119
                   120
121
122
123
                    return 0;
124
          }
125
           void shell_start(){
126
127
                   int exit = 0;
                   int exit=0;
add_command("echo", echo_shell);
add_command("exit", exit_shell);
add_command("getCPUspeed", getCPUspeed_shell);
add_command("clear", clear_shell);
add_command("help", help_shell);
128
129
130
131
132
                    \underline{\mathbf{while}} \; (\, ! \; \underline{\mathbf{exit}} \,)
133
134
                             \begin{array}{l} {\tt printuser}\,(\,)\;;\\ {\tt exit=parseline}\,(\,)\;; \end{array}
135
136
137
                   }
138
           }
```

## 1.41. shell.h

```
#ifndef SHELL_H
#define SHELL_H

void shell_start();
#endif /* SHELL_H */
```