

University of Toronto
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

FINAL EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER 1999

APM 384H1F – Partial Differential Equations

Year III, Program III – 5a, 5bm(c), 5env, 5p

Examiner: Professor R.A. Ross

Duration: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours

Exam Type C

All questions have EQUAL value.

1. Solve for $u(x, y)$

$$u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0, \quad 0 < x < \ell, \quad 0 < y < h$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} u(0, y) &= 0, & u(\ell, y) &= y \\ u(x, 0) &= 0, & u(x, h) &= x. \end{aligned}$$

2. In the semicircular plate of radius a , the steady state temperature $u(r, \theta)$ is a solution of

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} = 0, \quad 0 < \theta < \pi, \quad 0 < r < a$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}(r, 0) &= 0, & 0 < r < a \\ u(r, \pi) &= 0, & 0 < r < a \end{aligned}$$

and

$$u(a, \theta) = f(\theta), \quad 0 < \theta < \pi.$$

Find $u(r, \theta)$.

3. (a) Solve for $u(x, t)$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = e^{-t}, \quad 0 < x < \ell, \quad t > 0$$

where $u(x, 0) = 0$, $u(0, t) = \alpha$, $u(\ell, t) = \beta$.

(b) Find $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} u(x, t)$.

4. Find the temperature $u(r, t)$ in the annular region

$$0 < a < r < b, \quad -\pi < \theta \leq \pi$$

where

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \frac{k}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) = 0$$

and

$$u(a, t) = u(b, t) = 0, \quad u(r, 0) = f(r).$$

5. Solve for $u(x, t)$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \delta(x - a) \sin \omega t, \quad 0 < x < \infty, \quad t > 0$$

$$0 < a < \infty$$

where

$$u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 0, \quad u_t(x, 0) = 0.$$