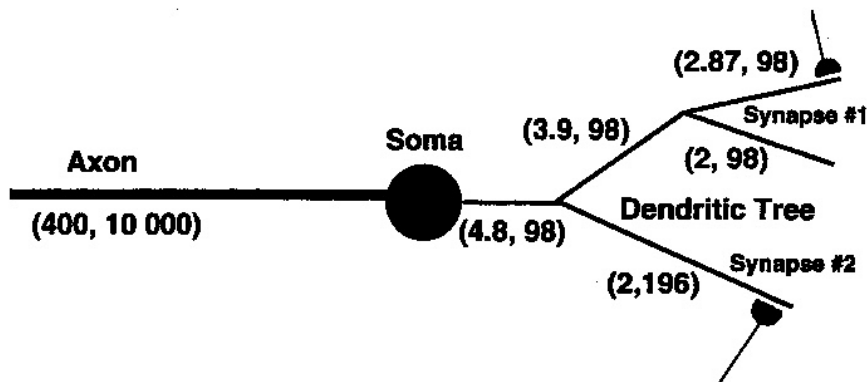


Question #3

Describe the *correction learning* in an artificial neural network represented by a *fully connected feed forward network* with two hidden neural units, and one output neural unit. How can such learning be accelerated? Give mathematical expressions. [15 Marks]

Question #4

For the shown neuron, the branches are specified in terms of (diameter in μm , length in μm) and the axon is located along the x-axis with its terminus at the origin ($x = 0$). For the two synapses, presynaptic action potentials give rise to constant synaptic conductances ($g_{s1} = g_{s2} = 0.55 \text{ mS/cm}^2$), and reversal potentials ($E_{s1} = -50 \text{ mV}$, $E_{s2} = -90 \text{ mV}$). The post-synaptic dendritic membrane has conductances ($g_{Na} = 0.01 \text{ mS/cm}^2$, $g_K = 0.367 \text{ mS/cm}^2$) and Nernst potentials ($E_{Na} = 54.2 \text{ mV}$, $E_K = -74.7 \text{ mV}$) for sodium and potassium, respectively. The dendritic intracellular resistance per unit length is $r_{id} = 8 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{cm}$. The soma does not fire an action potential in response to such presynaptic action potentials.



When *Ouabain* (whose effect is to block the sodium-potassium pump in the cell membrane) is administered to this neuron, then the soma fires an action potential which propagates on the axon with a uniform velocity of 1 mm/msec , and it is described at the soma by $v_m(t) = 20 e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$ where v_m is the transmembrane voltage in mV and t is time in msec . The intracellular and extracellular conductivities of the axon are 0.01 & 0.05 S/cm , respectively.

Compute the following:

- The effect of *Ouabain* on the post synaptic potentials, the synaptic currents, and the dendritic space constant.
- The firing threshold of the soma.
- The axonal maximum longitudinal intracellular current, maximum transmembrane current per unit length, and the maximum extracellular potential 5 mm above the axon, at $t = 5 \text{ msec}$. [35 Marks]

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Question #1

Describe the following (in point form and/or diagrams):

- The main anatomical features of the cardiovascular system, the central nervous system, and the gastrointestinal system.
- The governing mechanisms of frequency coding and decoding for information transmission in neurons.
- The *myogenic* and *neuronal* control systems in the canine small intestine, and their contributions to the control of intestinal motility. [30 Marks]

Question #2

Derive two expressions for the resting membrane voltage in terms of (i) ionic permeabilities, and (ii) ionic conductances. Start from first principles. [20 Marks]